"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair, warmer to-day; fair to-morrow; fresh south winds.

VOL. LVII...NO. 18,382. * * * * NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1908.—SIXTEEN PAGES and Section Devoted to Review of Books. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark, ONE CENT Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

KILL OFF STRAY DOGS TO END HYDROPHOBIA

Health Board Says That Must Be Done and Will Begin Work at Once.

150,000 OF THEM IN CITY

And They Are a Menace—Staten Island, Where Such a Crusade Was Carried On, Now Has No Rabies.

A co-operative plan to stamp out rabies in this city is being arranged between the Health Department and the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and officials of the Health Department say there is no reason why all danger from hydrophobia in New York should not be done away with in a few months.

The public alarm caused by the tragic death of William H. Marsh has aroused the Department of Health to action. It intends to wage war on the stray curs which run loose in the streets of Manhattan and Brooklyn, and to enforce more rigidly the laws regulating dogs. Within a short time it is proposed to send agents of the Health Department through the city, accompanied by the S. P. C. A. wagons, to gather in all stray dogs. These dogs will be done away with, probably by asphyxiation, if the present plans are carried out. This was done last Fall in Richmond Borough, and, according to the statistics in the Department of Health, rabies seem to have been practically exterminated there. Not a single case of rabies has been reported from Staten Island since the early part of the Winter, and there are practically no stray dogs there now.

Health Department officials wish meantime to reassure the public as to danger from rabies. They say that the percentage of deaths from rabies is less than one out of 200 cases treated by the Department or the Pasteur Institute. They admit, however, that hydrophobia has increased in New York City in the last three years, and is likely to increase still more in the Summer unless strong measures such as are now under consideration are adopted.

It is estimated that there are 150,000 stray dogs now in New York City, and 50,000 in Brooklyn alone. These dogs are the real menace to the community, and in the opinion of the Health Department they should be got rid of before the danger from hydrophobia can be eliminated.

Scare from Marsh's Death.

The scare resulting from the death of Mr. Marsh has led to a great increase in the number of persons who call daily at the Health Department laboratories at the foot of East Sixteenth Street, fearing that they may have rabies germs in their systems. Eight hundred men, women, and children have been treated there in the last year, and since Jan. 1 196 cases from out of town have been treated by Dr. William H. Park and his assistants.

In the last five days there have been on an average ten new patients a day, but none of them are in danger, for the treatment were begun in time. At the Pasteur Institute twenty-two persons called on Thursday for examination and thirty-five called yesterday. Most of these probably have no hydrophobia germs in their systems at all, but they are subjecting themselves to treatment just the same. Many charity patients are treated by the Pasteur Institute, although the regular charge for treatment ranges from $100 to $150. The Health Department exacts no charge for the treatment of persons who have been bitten by dogs.

Three dogs were taken yesterday to the Health Department laboratories and put to death. Their brains are now being analyzed for traces of the hydrophobia germ.

Dr. Ira Van Giesen, who accidentally cut his wrist with a scalpel he was using to remove the brain of Mr. Marsh, said yesterday that he was not a bit uneasy about himself, as he had cauterized the wound and was taking the regular treatment, which consists of a daily injection of antitoxin for twenty-one days.

How to Avoid All Risk.

That the public itself should help in the war of extermination against the hydrophobia danger is the opinion of Dr. Park, who is in charge of the Health Department laboratories.

"The public should understand the necessity for a prompt investigation in every case of a dog bite," said Dr. Park yesterday. "The dog should be tied up to see if it develops symptoms of hydrophobia, which are certain to develop in a few days if the animal really has the disease in its system. If it does not develop hydrophobia and die, it is useless for a person to take the treatment, for there is no danger. But if the dog does die, the Pasteur treatment should be taken at once.

"What is needed just now to effect the best results in wiping out hydrophobia danger is money. The Police Department should have an appropriation to establish a branch which would keep stray dogs off the streets. The work of doing this now all devolves upon the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals."

Precautions if You Are Bitten.

The precautions to be taken by a person when bitten by a dog are given by the Health Department as follows:

When bitten, send at once a veternarian to examine the dog. If he reports that the dog has symptoms of rabies notify the department or the Pasteur Institute at once.

If the dog cannot be found it is safe to undergo treatment, anyhow.

To insure absolutely sure results from the treatment it is wise that the antitoxin should be injected daily for three weeks. From two to seventeen days is the usual period in which the disease manifests itself. But cases have been recorded when the disease lingered in the human body for six months, and one even for a year before making itself manifest. Such instances are rare, however.

Dr. William I. Wheeler, acting head of the Pasteur Institute, is an advocate of muzzling dogs in the warm months. "There is a law here compelling owners of dogs to have them muzzled when unleashed in the streets, but it is not en-

Continued on Page 2.

BROOKLYN SUBWAY AWARDS.

Lowest Bidders Get Contracts for Five Sections—Action on Sec. 1 Deferred.

On five of the six sections of the Fourth Avenue Subway in Brooklyn the Public Service Commission awarded the contracts yesterday. The largest section, from Nassau Street to Willoughby Street, was reserved for further consideration.

The successful bidders are William Bradley, who bid upon the whole subway and gets Sections 2 and 3; the E. F. Smith Contracting Company, which gets Sections 4 and 6, and the Tidewater Building Company and Thomas E. Bryson, who have been awarded Contract 5.

The contracts were let as follows:

Contract No. 2, extending from Willoughby Street to Ashland Place, William Bradley—railroad work, $3,436,019; pipe galleries, $58,695; total, $3,494,714.

Contract No. 3, extending from Ashland Place to Sackett Street, William Bradley—railroad work, $3,392,091.50; pipe galleries, $208,135; total, $3,600,226.50.

Contract No. 4, extending from Sackett Street to Tenth Street, E. E. Smith Contracting Company—railroad work, $2,285,553.80; pipe galleries, $206,672; total, $2,490,205.30.

Contract No. 5, extending from Tenth Street to Twenty-seventh Street, The Tide Water Building Company, and Thomas B. Bryson—railroad work, $1,945,640.50; pipe galleries, $251,076; total, $2,196,716.50.

Contract No. 6, extending from Twenty-seventh Street to Forty-third Street, E. E. Smith Contracting Company—railroad work, $2,808,982.80; pipe galleries, $173,665; total, $2,982,647.80.

This brings the amount the city will have to spend for railroad work to $13,866,267, and for pipe galleries to $898,243, or, on the whole work, $14,764,510.

In every case the contracts went to the lowest bidder. In the case of the sections of the work awarded yesterday, a bond for $150,000 on each must be deposited. For the first division, which will be awarded later, a bond of $200,000 is necessary.

For the first section James P. Graham is the lowest bidder, with Rogers & Haggerty the next. Mr. Graham has, however, asked permission to withdraw his bid on the ground that he omitted certain important factors in figuring on the work, and that he bid far too low.

The decision of the Public Service Commission will be submitted to the Board of Estimate and must be approved by them. The board, however, can get bids of its own in competition with those sent in to the Public Service Commission.

CITY HAS $59,000,000 CASH.

Coler Angers Metz by Giving the Figures at Board Meeting.

Borough President Bird S. Coler introduced into the Board of Estimate yesterday a resolution calling for the appearance before the board of a certain accountant from the Controller's office who he asserts holds a different opinion as to the debt limit from Mr. Metz. Mr. Coler had endeavored to bring it in last week, but certain assertions concerning "contradictory statements" by the Controller caused Mr. Metz to object.

The resolution was purged of these offensive statements yesterday, but for all that it did not please the Controller. He interrupted:

"I'm not going to allow any office boy in my department to give out information without my permission."

"Am I to accept that as an objection?" asked the Mayor.

"Absolutely," said Mr. Metz.

Mr. Coler smiled, and a few minutes later, when asked if he had anything to bring before the board, said quietly:

"I would like to point out that, although the Controller said last week that the debt limit on May 15 was only $1,443,734.71, there is now, according to the City Chamberlain, actually in the bank to the credit of the city $49,761,411.95, and to the sinking fund accounts another $9,929,249.81, making a total of cash actually in the possession of the city at the present moment $59,690,661.86."

"Why, that $49,000,000 is from the sale of revenue bonds, and has nothing to do with the debt limit. You know that as well as I do," said the Controller, angrily.

The Borough President only smiled. He had achieved publicity for the figures which had puzzled many people besides Mr. Coler.

In a letter from Frank Smith, chief bookkeeper of the Finance Department, to the Controller the explanation of the $49,000,000 is given. It appears that $25,500,000 remains from the last sale of bonds and that $2,000,000 is needed for warrants now outstanding. Then $22,500,000 will go for purposes connected with the budget.

With regard to the $9,000,000 in the Sinking Fund account, Mr. Smith points out that $11,000,000 will be needed to meet the bonds soon falling due, and another $15,000,000 or $16,000,000 will be required for the reduction of the taxes according to the law of 1903.

BRINGS NESTORIAN STONE.

Noted Chinese Monolith May Be Given to Metropolitan Museum.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., May 22.—After traveling 15,000 miles by sea and land with almost constant danger on the first part of the trip, and after having worked by day and worried by night for nearly two years, Count Fritz Von Holm, a relative of the Danish King, drew a long breath of relief to-day when the steamer Kennebec, from Shanghai, on which he was the only passenger, arrived in Boston with the precious replica of the world-renowned Nestorian stone, which he has succeeded in bringing from Northern China.

When the vessel arrived at Quarantine Count Von Holm received a telegraphic warning from a companion in New York to keep his mouth shut about his two-ton monolith and come as soon as possible to that city.

The Count, who is a scientific investigator, started about two years ago on his quest for the Nestorian stone, no copies of which had ever left the Celestial Empire. The original is dated 781 A. D., and is the first mark of Christianity in China. The tablet will be given either to the Metropolitan Museum in New York or the British Museum.

HALT IN STRIKE SETTLEMENT.

Refusal of Third Cleveland Arbitration to Serve Makes Delay.

CLEVELAND, May 22.—After laboring all day and agreeing upon the one important obstacle which stood between peace and war in the street railway strike situation, the work was all undone late to-night when Glen K. Shurtliff declined to act as a third arbitrator.

Aside from selecting the third arbitrator the only other point in the controversy was an agreement as to the position the strikers should have after returning to work under an armistice pending the final decision of the Board of Arbitration.

Mecklenburg Lithia Water is Nature's certain relief for Gout, Uric Acid poisoning, and Indigestion. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

SHAW CRITICISES ROOSEVELT'S WAYS

Ex-Secretary of Treasury Points to Supposed Sanction of Steel Trust's Big Merger.

COULD BE DONE ONLY HERE

He Fears That a Demagogue May Use the President's Power to Make Himself Dictator.

CHICAGO, May 22.—Leslie M. Shaw, ex-Secretary of the Treasury, delivered an address to-day before the convention of the National Electric Light Association.

"The trend of the times is toward political bossism," he said. "He who, through love of power reaches out his hand to crush a business opponent is universally considered worthy of the penitentiary, while they who through love of power reach out both hands to crush political opponents are recipients of the highest praise from the press, the pulpit, and the people.

"Until recently we have had the benefit of a progressive and a conservative party. But now both political parties have become progressive, if not radical. For the first time in human history a great English-speaking people is without conservative leadership.

"A few months ago the largest capitalized corporation on the globe sent its representative to the Chief Executive of the United States asking permission to take over its principal competitor. It is currently reported that permission was granted, and, so far as I know, the American people approve. I have no hesitancy in saying that this is the only first-class country in the world where permission could have been obtained from the Executive Department of the Government. Anywhere else such a request would have been answered, 'Go consult your lawyer.'

"I am expressing no opinion as to the wisdom or want of wisdom of such procedure. I am simply citing instances to illustrate the operation of the law of evolution which carries us onward, and, undoubtedly, in the main, toward better things.

"Every condition, however, is fraught with danger. I am an optimist, but I want to emphasize the fact that a designing, unscrupulous, and ambitious Executive, clothed with authority to fix rates, to determine the life tenure of corporations and business combinations, and to grant or withhold franchises would be in a position to perpetuate himself and his friends in office as long as he was willing to accept political support as the price of immunity. I want to suggest that it is wise to protect against the day when the unmitigated demagogue shall be exalted."

SUES BRIARCLIFF WINNER.

Tyson's Car Attached in Action for $10,000 on Eve of His Wedding.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., May 22.—On the eve of the marriage of John H. Tyson, the young millionaire motor car enthusiast, whose Isotta won the Briarcliff trophy, comes the announcement that a suit for damages has been instituted against him by Daniel Rohrer of New York, a former chauffeur.

Rohrer worked for Tyson two years. Two months ago he ceased to be an employe. It is understood he claims that his heart and nerves have been affected by driving young Mr. Tyson's big cars, and that he claims $10,000 damages in an accident in Harrison, N. Y., in October last, when one of Tyson's cars, with Tyson at the wheel, ran into a herd of cows. All of the occupants, including Rohrer, were thrown out and bruised.

Mr. Tyson is to be married to Miss Grace E. Starr, the daughter of Dr. Alfred R. Starr of 10 East Ninety-second Street, New York, at her Summer home, in Greenwich, to-morrow. At his home, Riverside, to-night he declined to talk about the suit.

Dr. Starr, father of the bride-elect, said he had heard of the chauffeur's efforts to collect damages, but did not know anything definite about a suit.

Last evening Tyson's car was held up by process servers near the New York State line. Tyson was not in the car. His aunt and the chauffeur were frightened, and thought the process servers were highwaymen.

ITALIAN BANKER VANISHES.

Russo's Place in the Bronx Closed and Depositors Clamor Around It.

The Italian colony in the neighborhood of Arthur Avenue, the Bronx, was greatly excited yesterday by the news that Antonio Russo, an Italian banker at 2,380 Arthur Avenue, had disappeared and that the bank was closed. The street was packed with excited depositors.

Detectives obtained a description of the missing banker, and a general alarm was sent out for him.

Russo was said later to have been seen about 11 o'clock in the morning, with his wife and two children, walking rapidly down Arthur Avenue.

Russo had been in business for several years, and was believed to be prosperous. He handled many accounts, and for a bank of the description of his, did a large business. It was recalled yesterday that he had paid out a large sum of money on Thursday, something like a run on the bank having occurred.

The news of Russo's disappearance occasioned alarm in three other Italian banks, which shared business with Russo. The managers of these banks hurried messengers downtown to other Italian banks to raise money and prepared to meet runs to-day.

FAMOUS CHURCH STRUCK.

Spire of Old Christ in Philadelphia Is Damaged by Lightning.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.—In one of the most severe storms that have visited this city in years, the spire of the historic old Christ Church, on Second Street, above Market, was struck by lightning to-day and damaged by fire to the extent of $15,000. The church was erected under a provincial charter granted by King Charles II. to William Penn in 1695. Firemen trampled the graves of Revolutionary heroes in fighting the fire.

In the belfry are eight chimes that were rung with the Liberty Bell to announce the signing of the Declaration of Independence. The spire was surmounted by a mitre. This was destroyed and fell with the spire, tearing a great hole in the roof.

The storm lasted for fifteen minutes, during which time the Government Weather Observer says there was the heaviest fall of rain recorded in ten years for a like time.

MAY CORN TAKES A DROP.

James A. Patten In Complete Control of the Chicago Market.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 22.—May corn today dropped to 75½ cents, with James A. Patten still in perfect control of the market and many of his opponents selling at prices less than those at which they had bought. Patten remained inactive throughout the day. The market opened at 77¾ cents and sold down to 75 cents. It closed at 75½ cents.

Much of the destructive influence was traced to the leading longs, and the break gave rise to active guess and discussion. Those quick but not particular in jumping at conclusions decided that the big campaign had reached an end through private settlement with shorts, but traders in general figured that the decline was only part of the holders' plan, brought about for the purpose of discouraging shipments of grain from the country to deliver on contracts.

The activity of Western railroads in rushing the grain in from the country was a relief to the shorts, some of whom went so far as to say that Patten and his followers were worried over the possibility of bringing their deal to a successful conclusion. Advices from Nebraska were that corn is being loaded into cars as rapidly as possible, and that the middle of next week would find a great deal of the grain in Chicago.

Despite the energetic efforts of interior holders to get the corn herein time to deliver on contracts, it is not believed that dealers in the more remote regions will be able to make the deliveries in time. Some of them are said to be selling for June shipment.

The day's receipts were only 182 cars, of which 61 were grade contract, against 187 expected, and 182 received the corresponding day last year. The local estimate for to-morrow was 239 cars.

ROOSEVELT FOR SUNDAY BALL.

So New Rochelle Team Is to Play Soldiers at Fort Slocum.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., May 22.—It was learned to-day that to escape the ban which has been put on Sunday baseball in Westchester County, the New Rochelle team will go to Fort Slocum on Sunday and play with a team organized by the soldiers there. The fort, although it is in Westchester County, is a Government reservation. It is said that the ball players decided to take refuge on the Government property when they learned from the Rev. Thomas P. McLoughlin, a Catholic priest of New Rochelle, that President Roosevelt fully approved of Sunday baseball and would no doubt sustain the officers of the fort in allowing it there.

Father McLoughlin, when asked to-day about the President's attitude on the Sunday baseball question, said that he was in Washington last Fall and had an interview with him in which the subject was brought up.

"I told the President," said Father McLoughlin, "that I did not see how there could be any harm in persons playing baseball or attending the National game on Sunday, after their religious duties had been discharged. The President replied, 'That is the kind of talk I like to hear from a clergyman.'"

Father McLoughlin says the President told him that after he had attended services in his church in Washington he often came back to the White House and played a game of tennis in the afternoon.

H. K. McHARG INJURED.

Struck in the Forehead by a Hard Driven Golf Ball on Wee Burn Links.

STAMFORD, Conn., May 22.—Henry K. McHarg, a prominent figure in Wall Street and New York financial circles, had a narrow escape from being killed on the Wee Burn golf links recently. Mr. McHarg was playing in a match game, and as he was putting on the third hole James Hoyt Knapp, a New York business man drove off the fourth tee. Knapp pulled his drive and the ball flew against Mr. McHarg's forehead. So great was the force of the blow the ball bounded thirty or forty feet off his forehead. Mr. McHarg fell like a log.

There were three or four physicians on the links, and they went to his assistance. He rallied after a while, and, displaying remarkable nerve, played on for a hole or two. Next day he was ill. The entire upper portion of his face was discolored by the blow, and the physicians who saw him said it was remarkable there was no fracture of the skull. The injury has kept Mr. McHarg away from business.

DRYS AND WETS IN STRIFE.

North Carolina's Campaign Has Broken Up Several Churches.

Special to The New York Times.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., May 22.—The final week of the Prohibition campaign in North Carolina is being ushered out in a whirlwind of speechmaking which is marked by much political discord, church strife, and party dissension. Five thousand speakers, which are about evenly divided on both sides, are engaged in stumping the State.

Wets have closed schoolhouses and other public buildings to the drys and drys have made the wets "move on." In a number of instances in wet communities preachers have been "waited on" by their congregations and asked not to say anything against Prohibition. Preachers have abandoned their pulpits and congregations are broken up.

Big rallies on both sides have been the order of the day, in which schools have closed up and women and children have taken part. Women who have gone on the stump for Prohibition have been threatened, as well as men, and driven out of communities, and Anti-Prohibition speakers have shared the same fate.

WAITED 20 YEARS FOR BRIDE.

Connecticut Judge to Marry Girl He Has Courted Twenty Years.

Special to The New York Times.

GUILFORD, Conn., May 22.—Judge Charles Post to-night announced his engagement to Miss Fanny M. Biel of Norwich, whom he has courted for more than twenty years. Each year the Judge has proposed marriage and regularly Miss Biel's answer has been, according to the Judge, "I shall not marry as long as my father and mother are alive. They need my care."

Her parents have both died within a year, and when the Judge last week went to the funeral of the last to die, he again proposed and was accepted. It will be a June wedding. Miss Biel has resigned her position as principal of the Norwich High School. Judge Post will take his bride for a European tour.

THOMAS CAR STARTS FROM VLADIVOSTOK

Though Mud Is Deep and Weather Is Threatening American Crew Push On.

RUSSIANS WILL AID THEM

Governor General Sends His Own Adjutant as Guide—Cossacks Are Ordered to Give Assistance.

Special Cable from THE NEW YORK TIMES Staff Correspondent with the Racers.

VLADIVOSTOK, May 22. — With "Paris or Bust" as the motto of the crew, the American Thomas car immediately after this dispatch is filed, will leave the Russian capital in the Far East on the long journey to Paris. The streets of this city are deep with mud, reports from the interior about the condition of the roads are pessimistic, and the weather is exceedingly threatening, but George Schuster determined to push on at once and take chances.

Capt. Hans Hansen has arranged with the Governor General to give us every assistance on the way. The Russian Government has shown great interest in the contest from the first, and Capt. Hansen, who does the talking in Russian for the party, has found no difficulty in forwarding our plans. The difficulty in getting a gasoline supply for the start and for stations along the way, after the corner engineered by St. Chaffray, was overcome largely through official friendship.

We will carry papers with us which will direct the commanders of all the Cossack outposts and the chiefs of villages on the route to assist us. In order to make certain that we shall have a chance for a good start, the Governor General has sent his own Adjutant to be our guide for the first 100 miles. After that we will doubtless have hard-riding Cossacks to pilot us. Besides the military authorities have furnished us with their best maps and all the information they have about the roads and supply stations.

CHANLER WANTS NEW NAME.

John Armstrong Would Be Called Chaloner in the Future.

Special to The New York Times.

RALEIGH, N. C., May 22.—John Armstrong Chanler, former husband of Amelie Rives, the authoress, now Princess Troubetskoi, who is legally insane under the laws of New York, while pronounced sane and capable of conducting his own affairs by the courts of Virginia, has filed a characteristic petition with the Supreme Court of North Carolina for permission to change his name from Chanler to Chaloner, the ancient form of the patronymic. Chanler is a legal resident of Roanoke Rapids, N. C., which township he was instrumental in founding.

Regarding changing his name Chanler says in his petition: "Since changing one's name is done every day, with universal approval, provided it is done for the sole purpose of obtaining money, by the same token a like change should meet with like approbation when same is done to protect property."

CURTISS FLIES 339 YARDS.

Aeronaut Has Baldwin's Machine Under Perfect Control.

HAMMONDSPORT, N. Y., May 22.—G. H. Curtiss made a flight of 339 yards—1,017 feet—in Baldwin's "White Wing" late this afternoon. In the first jump he covered 205 yards, then touched the ground, rose immediately, and flew 134 yards further, when the flight ended on the edge of a plowed field.

The machine was under perfect control at all times and was steered first to the right and then to the left before landing. The 339 yards were covered in 19 seconds, or at the rate of 37 miles per hour.

A previous trial was made earlier in the day, but resulted in no flight. The motor is a duplicate of the one used by Curtiss when he made his record of a mile in 26 2-5 seconds, 136.4 miles an hour.

The "Helicopter," an entirely new kind of flying machine, built like a revolving fan, with long, wide inclined planes, propelled by a motor at the foot of a mast, to-day was tested successfully to prove the principle a success. The curious looking machine, loaded down with ballast equal to the weight of a man, rose eighteen inches from its resting place.

With increased power, J. Newell Williams, the inventor, believes he can soar to any height.

ODD MISHAP KILLS WOMAN.

Stabbed to Heart in Collision with Sister with a Carving Knife.

While preparing breakfast yesterday morning in their home at 304 Webster Avenue, Flatbush, two sisters, Mrs. Kate Harding, a widow, 33 years old, and Miss Rose Logomasin, aged 26 years, accidentally ran into each other. Rose was carrying a number of plates and a large carving knife with the blade projecting outward at the time of the collision. The sisters laughed over the incident and then sat down at the table with their mother, Mrs. May Logomasin.

The meal was half finished when Mrs. Logomasin saw a red spot on Mrs. Harding's waist.

"Why, Katie, you're bleeding!" she exclaimed.

Mrs. Harding glanced down at the stain on her wrist, and instantly fell forward on the table dead.

When Mrs. Harding's waist was cut open a small wound in her breast was discovered. Dr. John Desseldorf, who was summoned, said that the woman's subclavicle artery had been cut, and that death had been hastened by shock. Until she saw the blood Mrs. Harding did not even know she had been injured, he said.

Detectives Cunningham and Coleman of the Parkville Station arrested Miss Logomasin. When arraigned before Magistrate Higginbotham in the Flatbush Court the prisoner was assured by the court that he believed the case an accident and paroled her.

The VACATION and OUTING SEASON here. Hudson River DAY LINE open. Music.—Adv.

NINE ANTI-BRYAN IN FLORIDA.

Nebraskan Gets Only One of the State's Ten Delegates.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 22.—The count of votes for delegates to the National Democratic Convention has been completed.

It shows the selection of one Bryan and nine anti-Bryan delegates.

$10,000 GIVEN TO PEARY.

Senator Crane's Brother Helps to Finance Proposed Arctic Expedition.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Commander Peary, the arctic explorer, sent this telegram to President Roosevelt to-day: "Ten-thousand-dollar check just received from Zenas Crane, Dalton, Mass."

President Roosevelt replied: "I heartily congratulate you on the magnificent gift of Mr. Crane. It will be a real misfortune from a National standpoint if there should be any failure to equip your expedition."

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 22.—Zenas Crane, who has come to the rescue of the Peary expedition, is a brother of Senator W. Murray Crane and a partner in the great paper business at Dalton. It is not known that Mr. Crane has any special zeal in arctic research.

PLATT NOTIFIES ALTERNATE

That He Will Have to Act as Delegate to Republican Convention.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., May 22.—United States Senator T. C. Platt has notified State Senator Jotham P. Allds of Norwich that the Norwich man will have to act as delegate from the Thirtieth Congressional District at the National Republican Convention in Chicago next month.

Senator Platt and Col. George W. Dunn were named at the Congressional District Convention as delegates to the convention, and Senator Allds was selected as alternate for Mr. Platt.

Senator Platt has notified Senator Allds that his physical condition will not permit him to attend the convention.

NIGHT RIDER KILLED.

Body of Tobacco Association Sympathizer Found on Kentucky Road.

Special to The New York Times.

SHELBYVILLE, Ky., May 22.—Dead in the road, with a revolver clasped tightly in one hand and a pair of wire clippers in his pocket, the body of Newton Hazlett, an association sympathizer and supposed night rider, was discovered at a crossroads near Jacksonville, a small village in this county, to-day.

It is supposed that he was shot in a clash between the riders and the independent growers. Near Hazlett's body was a blanket, also an empty shotgun cartridge.

In his charge to the Grand Jury today, Judge C. C. Marshall of the Shelby Circuit Court, laid special stress upon the acts of violence which had culminated in the death of Hazlett, and said that the full extent of the law would be invoked to discover the manner of his coming to death.

FOOD HIGH AT OYSTER BAY.

Boarding House Keepers on Strike—Presidential Force Put Out.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., May 22.—The White House clerical force and others who expect to obtain boarding places here this Summer may find difficulty in doing so. Many residents who have heretofore taken boarders have announced they will not do so this Sumer.

Many of them announce their willingness to rent rooms at from $6 to $8 a week, but they will not take boarders. They assert that food products are too high to make table boarders profitable at the prevailing prices.

The Thompson cottage, where the White House force boarded last year, will take no boarders this year. It is said that the Secret Service men sought to obtain board there without success, and that they may live at Huntington.

ONLY SIXTEEN CHANGE FAITH.

Episcopal Church Again Denies Large Loss of Clergymen to Catholic Church.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, May 22.—The Living Church, the leading organ of the American Episcopal Church, denies the reports of wholesale desertions from the Episcopal Church to the Roman Catholic Church. The editorial says:

"Since the last general convention eight of our clergy have formally renounced their orders with the intention of seeking admission in the Roman Communion. Six others are reported to have done so, two others are reported to be about to do so. Thus we count sixteen active or deposed priests in the movement. But if the number of secessions due to this movement greatly exceeds the sixteen we have already counted we shall be much surprised."

RACE TIPS ON NEWS STANDS.

Dealers Do a Thriving Business in and About City Hall Park.

Race-track tipsters are using the newsstands in and about City Hall Park in their business. On several of the stands are displayed for sale pink envelopes containing the "three best bets" of the day. The selections of one expert are purveyed at 25 cents apiece and those of another for $1.

"I sell about forty copies a day of the quarter envelopes and about ten of the dollar ones," said a newsdealer yesterday.

The city gets no rent for the newsstands, but a permit is issued to the users by Commissioner Smith of the Department of Parks. These permits have been twice revoked and renewed within the last few months.

WIVES BALK AT OVERALLS.

Milking Edict of Board of Health Puts Farmers in a Predicament.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, May 22.—The orders issued by the Board of Health of New York City, requiring that all persons who milk cows must wear white duck overalls and jackets, otherwise the milk will not be allowed to enter New York, has placed the majority of the milk producers in a predicament.

Much of the milking has heretofore been done by the wives and daughters of farmers, all of whom declare they will never don the overalls. The farmers think they cannot afford to dispense with their female help, and they are at a loss to know what to do.

To Relieve Headache and Insomnia caused by Summer heat, nervousness, or impaired digestion, take Horsford's Acid Phosphate.—Adv.

GOVERNMENT SUES NEW HAVEN ROAD

Charges Violation of the Sherman Law in Merger with the Boston & Maine.

TROLLEY MONOPOLY A CAUSE

Bonaparte's Action a Great Surprise to New Haven's Officials—Report That Roosevelt Has Political Purpose.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Just when the charge is beginning to be circulated that the Administration has reached an agreement with "the interests" that shall tide the Republicans over the campaign, the Department of Justice filed to-day a bill in equity in the United States Circuit Court at Boston against the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, under the first and second sections of the Sherman anti-trust law.

There was a little mix-up over issuing the announcement this morning which led to a report that there was a difference of opinion between the President and Attorney General Bonaparte as to whether the suit should be brought or not. But it was explained at the White House that there was no such difference. Before the Cabinet meeting the Department of Justice notified the newspapers of its intention to file the suit.

When the matter was brought up in the Cabinet the question was raised as to whether the recent decision in the Massachusetts courts adverse to the railroad would have any effect on the Government suit. Pending the decision of this question the White House telephoned the Department of Justice to hold up the announcement. But the Cabinet concluded that the Massachusetts decision did not affect the Federal case, and so the announcement was permitted to stand.

Road's Representatives Surprised.

It came as a great surprise to the representatives of the railroad here. All the information here which has been obtained recently has been to the effect that not only had no conclusion been reached as to the filing of any suit, but that it would not be reached until the determination of the suit to dissolve the Harriman merger, which is now pending in Salt Lake.

Vice President Buckland of the New Haven had had the same information. The matter has been under consideration for months, and last Winter, Mr. Purdy, the chief trust buster of the Department of Justice, went to Boston to consult with United States District Attorney French about it. Mr. French has been here several times on the same business. Always it has been announced that nothing was likely to be done, at least for some time.

President Mellen of the New Haven is a close friend of President Roosevelt, and has been in frequent consultation with him this Winter. Mr. Roosevelt has always had the advice of Mr. Mellen in questions affecting the railroads. It was talked openly here this afternoon that there was a double-barreled political purpose in the filing of this suit just now, one being to let the country know there was to be no let-up in the campaign against corporations, and the other to let the corporations get an inkling of the same thing.

Vice President Buckland of the New Haven has been at Washington this week and called yesterday at the White House. It was declared, however, that he went merely to call on the President, and that the subject of a possible suit by the Government against his road was not mentioned. The Department of Justice gave out this announcement regarding the suit:

Object of the Suit.

The suit has the object of preventing the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company from exercising any control over the Boston & Maine Railroad and to separate the New Haven Road from the extensive trolley system which it has acquired.

The petition alleges that the New Haven Company has acquired control over approximately 500 out of 600 miles of electric railway in Connecticut, 400 out of 500 miles in Rhode Island, and about 600 miles in Massachusetts, which roads, prior to such control, were engaged in active competition with the New Haven Company. Also, that in acquiring about 30 per cent. of the capital stock of the Boston & Maine Railroad it has secured practical control over that railroad, and that by the acquisition of the electric lines and this control of the Boston & Maine, it has established a virtual monopoly of all of the transportation facilities by land in the New England States, the Boston & Albany Railroad being practically the only line of any consequence in the New England States, with the exception of the State of Vermont, not now under the control in some form of the New Haven Company.

The petition relates the history of these various acquisitions and shows how "the New Haven Company has persistently pursued the policy of suppressing all competition with it until now, with the exception aforesaid, it dominates practically all land transportation facilities between and among the New England States, and between those States and the rest of the United States."

The petition prays that the "combination and monopoly" be declared a violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust act.

NEW HAVEN OFFICIALS SILENT.

Action Taken by the Government Came with Brief Warning.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 22.—The action of the Government taken against the New Haven Road came with only a brief warning. The railroad officials had received but a few days ago intimation from Edward G. Buckland, their general Washington counsel, word that it would be brought.

Formal filing of the papers instituting the suit found the officials of the road unprepared with any statement, and repeated calls for one brought forth the statement from the press bureau that "no official of the road would discuss the action taken by the Government in Washington to-day."

President Mellen cannot be found, and officials of the road refuse to discus his whereabouts. Mr. Mellen went yesterday to his Summer home in Stockbridge, Mass to remain until Monday.

NEW HAVEN TROLLEY MERGER.

Through an Exchange of Stock with Railway Company.

The merger of the New Haven steam road with the trolley lines in Connecticut was accomplished last year through the consolidation of the Consolidated Railway Company, which held the Connecticut trolley lines, with the New York, New

Haven & Hartford Railroad, through the New Haven issuing its own stock for the Consolidated Company's stock. Inasmuch as the Consolidated Company's stock was in the New Haven's treasury this operation did not increase the outstanding stock of the New York, New Haven & Hartford.

In the case of the Boston & Maine acquisition, which was also effected through an exchange of New Haven stock, there was an increase in the New Haven stock by the amount of Boston & Maine acquired. Through the formation of the New England Investment and Security Company the New Haven gave up formal ownership of many of its Massachusetts lines two years ago, but continued to be interested in these properties as the guarantor of the new company's dividend.

One phase of the suit against the New Haven which greatly interested Wall Street yesterday was the fact that Mr. Mellen has been regarded as one of President Roosevelt's close friends among railroad men. He was one of the four railroad Presidents who was picked out a year ago to confer with the President about the railroad situation. The others were President Newman of the New York Central, President Hughitt of the Chicago Northwestern, and President McCrea of the Pennsylvania.

Stops New Haven's Use of Soft Coal.

The use of soft coal by the engines of the New Haven Railroad at the Harlem River terminal yard has been prohibited by the Public Service Commission.

FREIGHTER BURNS AT SEA.

The Apache Sights the George Weems Ablaze Off Carolina Coast.

Word of the loss by fire at sea of the freight steamer George Weems was brought here yesterday by the Clyde liner Apache, from Jacksonville, Fla. She reports that on May 20, at 7:40 P. M., when eight miles northwest of Frying Pan Shoals Lightship No. 1, off the coast of North Carolina, she passed the Weems on fire and burned to the water's edge. There were no signs of life on board, the crew evidently having been taken off by some passing vessel.

GULF FREIGHT MEN MEET.

Southern Railroad and Steamship Representatives Here to Adjust Rates.

The regular bi-monthly meeting of the Gulf Foreign Freight Committee, which represents in freight rate settlements the railroads running into Gulf of Mexico ports and the steamship lines running to South and Central America from those ports, began yesterday at the Hotel Astor, to continue for two days. W. H. Hosmer, Chairman of the committee, presides, and there are twenty-five other members present. About the same number of lines, steamship and rail, were represented at the opening meeting.

Ten representatives of Southwestern railroads, members of the Southwestern Tariff Committee, are also meeting at the Hotel Astor to go over their rates and bring them within the regulations laid down by the Inter-State Commerce Commission. F. A. Leland of St. Louis, Chairman of the committee, is presiding.

POLICE ON GUARD AT INQUEST.

Feared Trouble at Hearing on "Kid Twist's" Murder—Louis Poger Held.

The inquest into the shooting of Max Zweibach, alias "Kid Twist," leader of the Monk Eastman gang, and "Bat" Lewis, the wrestler, who were killed a week ago Thursday in Ocean Walk, Coney Island, was held last night in the Coroners' Court, Brooklyn. The verdict was that Louis Pogel, known as "Louie the Lump," of 19 City Hall Place, Manhattan, now under arrest, killed the two men.

When Coroner Brewer arrived at the courtroom he found a crowd of young men near the entrance and the little room was suspiciously crowded. It was freely reported about the Municipal Building that the gang would avenge their leader. Fearing violence the Coroner had Sergt. Thurston, six court officers and six detectives clear the room. This done, the inquest was held in an ante-room under guard as an extra precaution.

Policeman Lloyd testified that Carroll Terry, the music hall singer who was shot at the time "Kid Twist" and "Bat" Lewis were killed, said it was Louis Pogel who did the shooting.

Shoplifting Arrest Called a "Mistake."

An elderly woman giving the name of Caroline Favier and address as 102 West Eighty-first Street was taken to Police Headquarters last night on the charge of stealing from an upper Broadway department store. She was bailed out by Clark H. Abbott, a lawyer, of 122 West Eighty-second Street, who said that a "terrible mistake" had been made and that the truth would come out in the police court in the morning. The City Directory shows no Favier at the address given.

Finds Many Bakeries Unsanitary.

General Organizer Bernard Weckstein of the Journeymen Bakers and Confectioners' International Union, who came here two months ago to inspect conditions in the bakeries, made an affidavit yesterday stating that in the 400 bakeries he visited on the east side he found 1,500 bakers working under conditions which were a menace to health. Some of the bakeries were without any floor but the earth. Others, he said, used chemicals as a substitute for eggs in making cake.

Fished Out of Sewer with a Hook.

Seven-year-old Jacob Chedkosky of 8 Allen Street, while playing in the William H. Seward Park last night, inadvertently stepped on a sewer manhole. He disappeared like a magician down a trap door. One side of the sewer cap had toppled under his weight and the lad went screaming into the slime and slush six feet below. One of the park attendants, with a policeman, fished the boy out with a hook. He was taken to Gouverneur Hospital, where the doctors said he was none the worse for his adventure.

Woman Gets Guilford Prize.

ITHACA, May 22.—Miss Alice Benham of McLean, N. Y., a Cornell co-ed in the senior class, has been awarded the Guilford Prize of $150, left by and founded by the late James B. Guilford for excellence in literary work. She won over seven competitors.

PASTOR WHO STIRRED UP MOB FORCED OUT

Mother's Charges End Pastorate of Ellwood, Who Condemned Delaware Negro in 1903.

MAN WAS BURNED TO DEATH

Letters Written by Married Preacher to Choir Girl Fall Into the Hands of Others.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., May 22.—A sensation was caused here to-day when it was announced that the Rev. R. A. Ellwood, formerly of Wilmington, Del., had resigned as pastor of the Leavenworth Presbyterian Church, following charges preferred against him by the mother of one of the young girls in the church choir. The resignation was accepted.

Mr. Ellwood has a wife and child. His church here was one of the oldest and most conservative in the city. Since coming here three years ago the pastor has been the leader in many reforms.

Mr. Ellwood, when confronted with letters alleged to have been written by him to the young choir girl, admitted that he had written them, and offered to resign.

The elders agreed to accept the resignation and let the matter drop with that action. One of the elders later declared that there was nothing criminal in the letters.

WILMINGTON, Del., May 22.—The Rev. Robert A. Ellwood, who has resigned his pastorate at Leavenworth, Kan., was brought into prominence here by a sensational sermon shortly before the burning at a stake near here of George White, a negro, on June 23, 1903, for an attack on Helen Bishop, a young white girl, who died from her injuries.

Mr. Ellwood came to Wilmington from Absecon, N. J., about 1899, to assume the pastorate of the Olivet Presbyterian Church, which was his second charge in the Presbyterian ministry. Prior to entering the ministry he had served in the Spanish-American war and had also engaged in newspaper work.

Mr. Ellwood displayed sensational methods, including the advertising of special features of his services in the newspapers. He was active in church and temperance work and built up his church from a feeble body to a large and flourishing congregation. He also introduced the innovation here of holding religious services in the Opera House. At one time he became involved in charges of doing violence to Church law, but was acquitted on trial before the New Castle Presbytery. He left a good record for work in the cause of morality and religion when he departed two years ago in response to a call from the church in Leavenworth.

The sermon which attracted the attention of the country to Ellwood in 1903 was provoked by the attacks on Miss Helen Bishop, who was 13 yqears old and the daughter of a preacher.

George F. White, the negro, was taken from his cell by a mob and burned at the stake. The lynching was attributed to the sermon which aroused the inhabitants of the town.

AFTER THE BRIDGE WRECKERS

Erectors' Association Getting Evidence Against Disgruntled Union Workmen.

Walter Drew, Commissioner of the National Erectors' Association, announced yesterday that the association had started an investigation of the dynamiting of the bridge over the tracks of the New Haven Railroad in Bay Chester, the Bronx, early Thursday morning. The contractor for the work is a member of the association, and had had trouble with the unions. Drew made this statement:

"Since the open shop was declared nationally and locally in the housesmiths' trade by the association threats have been made by union members at open-shop contracts of our members in different cities, which have been followed by wrecking or attempts at wrecking.

"We are trying all we can to protect our members, and will soon be able to throw a good deal of light on the outrages. There is no doubt in my mind that union men are connected with them, and that men who made threats at different times followed by wrecking or attempted wrecking can be identified. That the old wrecking crew of the days of Sam Parks or some similar body of men is now operating throughout the country I am quite certain."

FULLERTON GETS LIBERTY.

Court Releases Young Man Charged with Wronging New York Girl.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22.—Robert W. Fullerton of St. Louis, who was arrested in Seattle on complaint of a young woman of New York, brought to this city by two detectives and released yesterday by Superior Judge Sewall on a writ of habeas corpus, was before Police Judge Shortall to-day, charged with being a fugitive from justice.

After hearing arguments the Judge dismissed the charges. The New York detectives were prepared to re-arrest Fullerton on another complaint, but before they could do so he was taken from the courtroom by his attorney, and is now at liberty.

Fire Next Door to Harper's.

Fire in the building at 323 Pearl Street, next door to the Harper publishing house, caused two alarms to be sent out at 12:07 o'clock this morning. The fire was in a five-story building occupied by J. Goldstein, a manufacturer of washboards and ash cans. The South Ferry elevated trains were cut off by the flames and ceased running immediately after the fire was discovered. Later the power was turned off.

RAVED OF MANY MURDERS.

Brinningstall's Arrest on Murder Suspicion Caused Reports of Confessions.

Special to The New York Times.

DOWAGIAC, Mich., May 22.—With details of the Gunness murders at Laporte, Ind., only fifty miles from here, still fresh in their minds, residents of this town were excited to-day by exaggerated reports that a prisoner in the county jail had confessed to several murders.

When the gossip had been weeded out of the story it was found that James Brinningstall, 41 years old, a mechanic, arrested on the suspicion that he had killed David Y. Huff, an aged invalid, a year ago, had admitted that he had a criminal record.

There was no confession of crimes for which he had not been called to account, and, in addition, proof against him of the murder with which he is charged was not discovered.

The whole trouble was started by a man named Claus, who had roomed at the Brinningstall home, but who had been ordered to leave. He told the Prosecuting Attorney that Mrs. Brinningstall knew that her husband had murdered Huff.

Brinningstall was arrested, and in his cell raved of other crimes like a madman. He told of throwing a railroad conductor, Patrick Turner, under the wheels of a train at Greenville, Mo., twenty years ago. He was acquitted of the charge of murder a few years later, and was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment for killing a man named Johnson.

There is no evidence so far that Brinningstall committed the crimes except his own ravings. The only testimony against him in connection with Huff's death is that of his wife, and under the laws of the State this cannot be used against him.

EXPERTS KILLED HOLMES.

Chicago Police Working on This Theory in Search for His Murderers.

CHICAGO, May 22.—Solution of the mystery surrounding the murder of Robert C. P. Holmes, purchasing agent for the Commonwealth Edison Electric Company, whose dead body was found in a downtown alley early yesterday, will disclose, it is thought, the operations of experts in crime.

The police declare to-day that they were informed that Major A. J. Gifford, Traffic Manager of the General Electric Company, of Schenectady, and R. T. Clarke of this city met Holmes and a stranger on the street at about 10:30 o'clock and went with them to the Victoria Hotel, where five bottles of wine were disposed of. Later Gifford and Clarke went to the Auditorium Annex, leaving Holmes at the Victoria.

James Fraser and John Mack, two cabmen, whose stands are at Wabash Avenue and Van Buren Street, informed the police to-day that they saw Holmes leave the saloon of A. E. Austin, 282 Wabash Avenue, at 2 o'clock Thursday morning.

HELD FOR GAS STOCK THEFT.

H. J. Gardner Is Accused of Stealing Valise with 13,200 Shares of Bay State.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 22.—Hadley J. Gardner, 40 years old, was arrested to-day, charged with the larceny of a valise containing 13,200 shares of Bay State Gas stock from the South Station in Boston on Wednesday last. The valise was the property of Harry P. Tappin of 51 State Street, Boston. Harold B. Driver, who carried it to the station, set it down for a moment and it was stolen.

Gardner's home is said to be in Toronto, Ontario, where he has a family. He is said to have been at one time Auditor of the Royal Bank of Canada in Toronto.

RAY LAMPHERE INDICTED.

Charged with Four Murders and Arson at the Gunness Farm.

LAPORTE, Ind., May 22.—The Grand Jury this afternoon returned seven indictments against Ray Lamphere—one each for the murder of Mrs. Belle Gunness, Philip Gunness, Lucy Sorenson, and Myrtle Sorenson by destroying the Gunness house; one for arson, one for the murder of Andrew Helgelein on Jan. 14, and one for being accessory to Mrs. Gunness in the murder of Helgelein.

A human skull was found this afternoon in a cesspool on the Gunness farm. Search for the remainder of the body is now being made. Search for more bodies was resumed to-day.

Jewelry belonging to May O'Reilly, who lived in Troup Street, Rochester, N. Y., was found by Sheriff Smutzer, who communicated the fact to the Rochester police. They replied by telegram to-day that the woman disappeared from her home several months ago.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 22.—The name of Mae L. O'Reilly is not in the Rochester City Directory. Detectives are at work trying to learn if such a woman ever lived here.

CHICAGO, May 22.—Friends of Benjamin F. Carling, formerly Chicago manager for a prominent life insurance company, believe that he was one of the victims of Mrs. Gunness. Carling disappeared March 7, 1906, and nothing has ever been heard of him since.

WHITMORE TRIAL ON MONDAY.

Counsel Discredits an Alleged Confession by a Witness.

Theodore S. Whitmore will be put on trial next Monday for the murder of his wife, whose body was found in the Lampblack Swamp, at Harrison, N. J., on December 26, last.

It was said in Jersey City yesterday that William Bartlett, who is held as a witness in the Hudson County jail, had made a statement that he had heard Whitmore threaten to kill his wife, and that after a certain affray, in which all three figured, Whitmore had stated that he would get rid of Mrs. Whitmore.

Alexander Simpson, counsel for Whitmore, asked Prosecutors Garvan and Vickers if this report was true, but they did not satisfy his curiosity. Mr. Simpson said he placed no credence in the story, as he was of the opinion that Bartlett is a cocaine fiend and irresponsible.

His counsel says that Whitmore will be able to prove an alibi and will go free.

Ex-Policeman Accused by Women.

Stephen Walsh, the ex-policeman who was dismissed from the police force last Summer for cowardice, was arrested last night charged with annoying Mary Collins and Katie Manning of 305 West Twenty-seventh Street. The women said Walsh demanded $5 from them. Walsh said they spoke to him first, and denied that he had asked them for money. He said that Policemen Daly and Burberg, who arrested him, had beaten him with their clubs, and showed a bruise on his head which he alleged that one of them had inflicted. Magistrate House dismissed the women and fined Walsh $10. He was locked up.

Arrested as Assailant of the Bussis.

TRENTON, N. J., May 22.—Walter Pitts, a negro, was arrested here this afternoon on suspicion of being the person who, on the night of May 5, murderously attacked Mr. and Mrs. John Bussi on their farm in Somerset County. Mr. Bussi died of his injuries. Mrs. Bussi said the assailant had deformed feet, and Pitts's feet are deformed. The man who attacked the Bussis ransacked the house and stole some money and jewelry.

If unemployed and seek work, let it be known through the Want Columns of The New York Times. Thousands of its readers are the employers. 500 agencies in New York City. Inquire about 3 and 7-time rates. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Adv.

CITY CAN PURCHASE STEINWAY TUNNEL

Gov. Hughes Signs the Frawley Bill Giving Authority for Opening Negotiations.

PLANS FOR ITS ACQUISITION

Transfer of Long Island Insane Hospital to the Old Creedmoor Range Site.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 22.—Gov. Hughes to-day signed the Frawley bill giving the Public Service Commission and the Board of Estimate authority to open negotiations for acquiring for the city the Steinway Tunnel, which runs under East Forty-second Street and the East River to a point in Long Island City adjacent to the terminus of the Long Island Railroad.

The bill, which is a permissive measure, was advocated by the New York City administration by a number of civic organizations and residents of the Borough of Queens generally.

It is understood that despite the strained finances of the city the authorities are considering a plan by which the property which now is lying idle may be put into operation to afford an increase in the transit facilities between Manhattan and Queens.

This plan involves the acquisition of the tunnel by the city and its lease to an operating company for a sum that would insure the interest on the bonded debt the city must incur to purchase the tunnel property as well as annual payments into the sinking fund for the redemption of the bonds when they mature.

The Governor in a memorandum says:

> This is a power which the authorities should possess. Whether or not it should be exercised in a particular case will of course depend upon the nature of the rights and property to be acquired, the terms that can be made, and the advantages of the purchase considered in relation to rapid transit plans and the moneys available therefor.
>
> The bill in my judgment should have contained a provision for condemnation. And such authority should later be added.

Among other measures affecting the City of New York which were signed by the Governor to-day are the bill introduced by Senator Fuller of Brooklyn providing for the transfer of the Long Island Hospital for the Insane to the site of the Creedmoor Rifle Range, which is to be abandoned by the National Guard, and the bill introduced by Senator Burr of Nassau and Suffolk, which makes provision for the establishment of a State Park on Fire Island.

Of general measures the Governor signed the Mills bill for the protection of private shooting and fishing preserves in the Adirondacks.

INSPECTION BILL DEAD.

State Labor Board Not Likely to Relieve Local Health Department.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 22.—Defeat is most generally predicted here for the Page bill providing for the establishment of a bureau of mercantile inspection in connection with the State Department of Labor.

The bill, which was recommended by Gov. Hughes in his annual message to the Legislature as well as in his message to the special session, would have for its principal effect to charge the State Department of Labor with duties in connection with the inspection of large mercantile establishments which is already being performed by local health boards without relieving the latter.

Aside from the fact that this would mean the assumption by the State of an unnecessary expense, representatives of nearly every large department store in New York City and Buffalo who appeared here at the hearing held last Wednesday before the Senate Judiciary Committee protested that it would result in a serious conflict of authority, where they would be ground between the upper and the nether millstone.

In the Supply bill which the Governor signed to-day the following items to cover the expenses of the proposed bureau for the first year occur: Mercantile Inspector's salary, $2,000; salary of eight Deputy Inspectors, $8,000; salaries of stenographer and clerk, $1,800; traveling expenses, $2,500; furniture and equipments of bureau, $1,200; printing, $500; total, $16,000.

The measure was passed in the Assembly, but died in the Senate at the regular session.

Dr. Darlington, the local Health Commissioner, has expressed himself strongly in opposition to making any change in the mode of inspection. He said the local inspection was thorough and entirely satisfactory.

WILL DELAY MESSAGE.

Governor's Race Track Reform to Await Foelker's Recovery.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 22.—No objection will be made to the seating of Wallace, the Senator-elect from the Niagara-Orleans District, who is pledged to support the Governor's proposed race-track reforms. Mr. Wallace is expected at the Capitol when the Legislature reconvenes on Monday night.

It is understood that Gov. Hughes will not send his recommendations for the abolition of race-track gambling to the Legislature next week, and that in all probability he will not do so until both Wallace and Senator Foelker of Brooklyn, who is recovering from an operation, are in their seats. This will probably be a week from next Monday.

It was reported here to-day that there might be one Democratic vote less for the opposition when the race-track bills come up again. This would insure success for the reforms, provided there was no deserter from the other side to offset it.

Edward A. Merritt, majority leader of the Assembly, who was in town yesterday, in discussing the possibilities of the special session of the Legislature expressed the opinion that none of the Senators would change their votes on the race-track bills.

"Any man who did so might just as well go to live in Tibet," he said.

Mr. Merritt said he thinks the special session will adjourn before the end of next week.

FIGHT OVER RUSSIAN DANCER.

Rival Theatrical Man Trying to Keep Alexia Off Hammerstein's Roof.

Eugina Alexia, the Russian dancer who is to appear on Hammerstein's Roof Garden, arrived yesterday morning on the Lusitania. There was much bustle on the pier over her arrival and the inability of the Hammerstein agents to find her on the ship. It finally developed that she was in the second cabin.

A subpoena server, as soon as she was discovered, gave her a summons in the suit brought by Melville B. Levitt, the theatrical manager and agent, who asserts that he has the exclusive right to book her engagements in this country, and who is seeking an injunction restraining her from appearing at Hammerstein's Roof on June 1 as announced.

Mr. Hammerstein made the engagement direct, and Mr. Levitt claims that his rights have been ignored.

A similar notice, with the papers in the case, was served last night on William Hammerstein. Mme. Alexia asserts that she had no definite contract with Levitt, and that the only talk between them was of an option, for which $1,000 was to have been paid.

SPECIAL TUNES FOR THEM.

Daughters of Isbella Make a Small Sensaton at Supper.

Forty-five members of the Daughters of Isabella had supper in the Annex of Shanley's restaurant in Times Square last night after the theatre and caused a commotion as they filed through the restaurant in single file with Mrs. Walsh in the lead. When the party, who were mistaken for suffragettes by some of the diners, passed the band stand Arthur Hayes, the manager, who was escorting them, gave the order to the leader of the orchestra: "Play 'No Wedding Bells for Me.'" After the daughters had supped and were departing, at 12:30 A. M., the band played as a march-out tune, "I'm Afraid to Go Home in the Dark."

MEDALS FOR OLYMPIC GAMES.

Handsome Trophies to be Presented to Winners at London.

English sportsmen are enthusiastic over the prize and commemoration medals of the Olympic games, which are now on exhibition at the Royal Academy in London. One side of each medal is distinctively British in character, and will be used for the Olympiad of 1908 alone; the other side, being of general and permanent interest, will provide the standard medal for all Olympic meetings in the future, wherever they are held. Of the latter kind, one of the most successful designs is an athlete crowned with a laurel wreath by two symbolical figures of women. Beneath, on the two pedestals, are the words, "Olympic Games, London, 1908." Around the rim will be inscribed the winner's name and the event for which the medal is presented. This side will become the permanent prize design for these games. The other side, used by the London meeting only, represents St. George, the patron saint of England. These medals are struck in gold, silver, and bronze, for first, second, and third prizes, respectively.

The commemoration medals, which will be struck rather larger and which will be rather larger and which will be struck in silver and bronze, represent, on the permanent side, the figure of an ancient Greek winner returning home from victory at the original games in Elis, and on the side designed for the London meeting of 1908 is the beautiful contrasting figure of Fame, representing the modern revival of these games. On one side is the inscription, "Elis, Athens, Paris, St. Louis, London," to signify the cycle of the official meetings which were begun in Athens in 1896. On the other side are the words, "In commemoration of the Olympic games held in London, 1908."

DINNER TO SAKATANI.

Japanese ex-Minister of Finance Entertained by One of His Countrymen.

Baron Sakatani, ex-Minister of Finance of Japan, and S. Kimura, Director of the Bank of Japan, were guests last night at a dinner given by Z. Horikoshi of this city, in the Hotel Astor. Twenty-nine Japanese were seated at the table, most of them merchants who have won success in a commercial way in New York.

Baron Takahira, the Japanese Ambassador at Washington, attended the dinner and spoke of Japan's commercial interests in the country and of the part the merchants present have played in building up those commercial interests. The Baron said that he first came here in 1881 as a member of the Japanese Legation, and had constantly since that time watched the growth of the commercial interests between this country and his native land. He spoke of the important place Japan occupies as a producer of silk fabrics and tea used in the country.

Baron Sakatani, who was Vice Minister of Japan in the Japanese-Russian war, spoke of the finances of Japan in that time. After the war the Baron was made Minister of Finance. He retired last Fall. For the last six weeks Baron Sakatani and Mr. Kimura have been in this country. The trip is a vacation, and they expect to return soon to Japan.

YOUNG FISH IN WALL STREET.

Quits Railroading to Learn Banking and Brokerage with Salomon & Co.

Stuyvesant Fish, Jr., son of the former President of the Illinois Central Railroad, after a service of several years in the railroad end of the financial game, has become connected with the banking house of William Salomon & Co., where he will round out his education by a study of banking and Stock Exchange methods. Salomon & Co., who are also members of the Stock Exchange, have been, in company with Blair & Co. and Read & Co., financiers of the Gould Western Pacific Railroad.

Young Mr. Fish was graduated from Yale in 1906 and began his business career as a clerk in Chicago for the Illinois Central at $60 a month. Later he held different positions with other Western roads, serving as assistant station agent at Salina, Kan., and station agent at Muskogee, Indian Territory. A few weeks ago he completed his railroad service and moved on to Wall Street.

Like his father, he is a "six-footer." He has already made many friends in the financial district, who are watching his training for coming battles with the Harrimans of the future.

WOULDN'T SURVIVE PARTNER.

Suicide of a Bronx Contractor After Varied Troubles.

Within ten minutes after hearing of the death in St. Luke's Hospital yesterday of Henry Volz, once a wealthy contractor of Westchester, Frederick Belmont, who had been Volz's partner until trouble between the families separated them, went to his home at 1,217 Castle Hill Avenue, Westchester, and drank carbolic acid. He died before a doctor reached him.

That Belmont should kill himself because of the death of his friend is thought strange by persons who know the history of both families, for Volz and Belmont quarreled over the alleged attentions of Belmont to Volz's wife, and both Mrs. Belmont and Mrs. Volz left their husbands. Later the Belmonts became reconciled.

Since parting, neither Belmont nor Volz have prospered, according to friends. Belmont's home was sold recently at a foreclosure sale.

KILL OFF STRAY DOGS TO END HYDROPHOBIA

Continued from Page 1.

forced," said Dr. Wheeler. "Were it enforced in New York City I am sure that in a short time only a few cases of hydrophobia would be reported each year."

Dr. Wheeler also imparted to THE TIMES reporter the interesting fact that a person bitten by a dog which afterward develops rabies is not necessarily in danger of developing the disease. The bite is not dangerous unless received three days before the dog develops the disease. A man or woman can be bitten a week before a dog develops rabies and not be in danger.

Fear Can't Bring on Rabies.

Dr. M. G. Schlapp of the Cornell Medical College said yesterday:

"There is only one way in which fear can cause the death of a person bitten by a dog, and that is shock," said Dr. Schlapp. "There are frequent occurrences. In such cases, however, death is sudden, and comes as a result of some organic weakness, such as the thinness of the arteries. The idea that the hysterical simulation of the symptoms of hydrophobia can cause death is untenable."

Miss Edna Thompson, who caressed the same dog which caused the death of Mr. Marsh, was in a highly nervous condition yesterday, but when she visited the Pasteur Institute to take the treatment, Dr. Wheeler assured her that she was in no danger. Ramsay Marsh, son of the dead man, is also taking the Pasteur treatment. He also is in no danger. Dr. Wheeler said, however, that unless the friends of Miss Thompson leave her alone she is in danger of nervous prostration.

Funeral services for Mr. Marsh were held last night at his home in Flatbush. He will be buried to-day.

BULLET TEARS BRAIN, MAN LIVES FOR HOURS

Porter Shot Himself, Ball Passing Through His Head from Right to Left.

CONSCIOUS IN HOSPITAL

Doctors Say Wound Usually Causes Instant Loss of All Senses—"I Thought I'd Be Dead," He Says.

Adam Legezyska of 214 East Fourth Street lived in Bellevue Hospital last night until 11:50 o'clock, though yesterday soon after noon he put a 38-calibre bullet through his head, after having tried to kill his fifteen-year-old daughter Mary. Drs. Ray, Clark and Miller, who performed an operation on Legezyska, found that the bullet had passed into the man's right temple, had gone through his brain, and had passed out the left side of his head.

A wound of this nature, the doctors said, usually causes the victim to lose instantly all his senses. But when the man had come from under the effects of the anaesthetic last night after the operation he sat up and asked calmly:

"Well, doctor, what is the matter with me? I wanted to die. I thought I'd be dead long before this."

Legezyska died two hours later. The Bellevue surgeons could remember but one case similar to that of Legezyska, that of a Massachusetts man into whose mouth was jammed a crowbar that penetrated the brain. This patient retained consciousness, but died after a few hours. His skull is on exhibition in the Harvard Museum.

Legezyska, who was a porter, had been out of work for two months, and this made him despondent. His wife went to work in a factory to keep the family from starving. Yesterday noon the fifteen-year-old daughter Mary returned from school to cook something for herself and her father.

After lunch the daughter read stories to her father, and then got ready to go to school. He locked her in the room and shot at her once, missing her. She ran to the rear window. Her screams brought rescuers. Hearing them approach the father shot himself in the right temple.

THE STARIN IN COLLISION.

Steamer's Upper Works Are Carried Away in Crash with Schooner.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 22.—The steamer John H. Starin of the Starin New York and New Haven Line was in collision in the lower harbor late last night with the coal-laden schooner Calvin P. Harris, bound from New York to Portsmouth.

The schooner's bowsprit bored through the starboard bow of the steamer, ripping up the planking and carrying away the upper works of the Starin from the stem back to the paddle box, a distance of about 50 feet. The steamer was feeling her way through a dense fog on her outward trip to New York at the time.

There were ten passengers aboard the steamer, but as all had berths on the port side of the vessel they escaped injury. The Starin's officers sent the passengers to New York by train.

ARREST IN A COURT HOUSE.

Builder Threatens Two Former Partners in a Real Estate Deal.

There was a scene yesterday morning in the Brooklyn County Court House when Edward Leber, a builder, of 25 Glenmore Avenue, was arrested in the corridor of the building for threatening Gen. Robert Avery and Leopold Brant. Avery is a lawyer and Brant was for twenty-five years a close friend of Leber's.

In the Adams Street Court, where the prisoner was arraigned before Magistrate Furlong, Teber alleged that within a short time he had lost an equity of $50,000 in property in the Brownsville section. Avery had been his counsel, he said, and the property was made over to Brant.

The transfer had been made to settle up a partnership, Teber said, and had been of a friendly character. But now, he said, he found himself penniless and said he regarded Avery and Brant responsible.

Both Avery and Brant declared that there had been nothing wrong in the transaction, but Brant wanted Leber held for having threatened his life.

As Leber had no weapon on him, Clerk Elperin refused to take that complaint, but held Leber in $500 bail until Tuesday on a lesser charge.

Bail was provided, and Leber left the courtroom with friends.

Trolley Tracks Sunk.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERBURY, Conn., May 22.—Just as the Middlebury new trolley track was ready for the cars to run to Smith's Swamp nearly 300 feet of the bed sank and changed the plans of the company. The estimate was for 5,000 cubic yards of dirt at this point, but 20,000 was put in finally after the bottom began to give out, and now it will take perhaps 10,000 yards more.

T. F. Crane Gets License to Wed.

Theodore Frelinghuysen Crane, Assistant Superintendent and Chaplain of the New York Boys' Home, 113 East 116th Street, and Miss Amalia Louise Catherine Schultz, who lives at the home, got a marriage license in the City Hall Bureau yesterday. Mr. Crane is 63 years old. His first wife is dead. Miss Schultz is 38 years old. The marriage will take place Monday in the Old John Street Chapel, Judge Lowe of Brooklyn officiating.

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SHOT INTO A POLICY GAME.

Detectives Fall Down a Chute Into Chinese Gambling Den.

Lieut. Maher and Detectives Farley, Curran, and Rooney of Inspector Russell's staff, raided what they declare were the headquarters of the Chinese policy game last night. The raid, which was at 30 Mott Street, was over the head of Capt. McNally of the Elizabeth Street Station, and according to Inspector Russell's men effectually broke up the biggest policy game run in Chinatown, and one in which nearly every laundryman and chop suey man in the city takes chances.

The raid was made soon after 10 o'clock. Detectives Curran and Farley got on the roof of the house and walked down stairs to the third floor. On the floor beneath them they could hear the sounds of a drawing in progress and the excited voices of Chinamen. But they couldn't find a stairway leading from the floor they were on to the rooms below. Apparently they were in a loft from which there was no exit downward.

Then Curran suddenly stepped on a spring of some sort. The floor opened up and the two detectives shot down a chute, sprawling and tumbling over each other into the very middle of the policy game. There were 100 Chinamen in the room into which the detectives were suddenly precipitated, and when Curran and Farley jumped to their feet and drew revolvers there was a mad rush for doors and windows. About twenty Chinamen jumped out of the windows and escaped. Several of the others were allowed to go, but five men were arrested, two charged with keeping the game, and one, a Jap, as a witness. Ki Kana, as he called himself, told the detectives that he had just won $176 in a drawing and he wanted his slips cashed before he left the place.

The raid caused much excitement in Chinatown, and Mott Street was thronged with nearly 2,000 persons when the patrol wagon backed up to the place. According to the detectives the rooms only opened yesterday, and the loft on the third floor was the room where the game was to have been run later on, the chute making a "getaway" for the players in case of a raid. The doors in the house were all built in little alcoves, as one of the detectives pointed out, preventing the swinging of an ax against any of them.

NOTE SWINDLE INDICTMENTS.

Grand Larceny Bills Found Against Barry, Gundlach, and Shippey.

The Grand Jury handed down indictments for grand larceny yesterday against Charles Barry of the Hotel Buckingham, John Gundlach of 116 East 123d Street, and Regulus Shippey of Mills Hotel No. 1, the three alleged members of a band of note swindlers who have defrauded a large number of firms in several cities of large sums of money, in several cases even driving them into bankruptcy.

Receiver for Alaska Central Railway.

Wall Street heard through Seattle yesterday of the appointment of a receiver for the Alaska Central Railway Company and the Tanana Railway Construction Company by Judge Reid of Fairbanks, Alaska. Both companies are controlled by Toronto and Chicago interests. The railroad company has outstanding $1,912,450 preferred stock and $3,750,000 common stock, with bonds authorized to the extent of $30,000,000, issuable at the rate of $35,000 per mile of main track and $25,000 per mile of second track. The route of the road lies from Seward on the south coast, to a terminal on the Tanana River near Fairbanks, a total length of 450 miles. Fifty-two miles were in operation last year.

Three New York Banks Merged.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 22.—The weekly bulletin of the State Banking Department records that Supt. Williams has approved the merger of the Northern Bank of New York and the Riverside Bank into the Hamilton Bank of New York, which is to be known as the Northern Bank of New York, with a capital of $700,000.

Mechanic Is Killed by 13,000 Volts.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., May 22.—Calvin Milbanks, an expert mechanic, accidentally came in contact with a switch in the testing department of the General Electric Company to-day and received a shock of more than 13,000 volts. He died in a few minutes. As he passed the switchboard a fellow-employe warned him of danger. Stepping closer to hear what the man was saying, he received the fatal shock.

Chicago A. A. Members Give $1,600.

Word has been received by Julian W. Curtiss, Treasurer of the American Olympic Committee from E. C. Brown, that the Chicago A. A. has collected from its members over $1,600 for the Olympic Fund. A committee of A. A. Stagg, Dr. George K. Herman, and E. C. Brown sent a letter to each member of the New Illinois A. C. and it is expected that another thousand will come from that organization.

Annual Spring Sale of
USED PIANOS
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What the Church Organist Said:—

The organist of a large New York church was commissioned to select a piano for the Sunday School. After thoroughly going over our collection of Grands, he said:

"In all my experience I have never seen such an opportunity to pick up a *GOOD* Grand Piano for so little money. In most Sunday-schools and choir-rooms the pianos are something scandalous. It would be a great relief to the musical directors' feelings if these worn-out instruments were replaced with such splendid pianos as you have here—and especially when they are to be had at bargain prices."

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And by the Way
we also beg to announce that we are now located at the **Singer Building**, 161 Broadway, between Cortlandt and Liberty Street.
E. M. KNOX, 452 Fifth Ave.
"Creator of Perfect Hats."

FRENCH MAY TACKLE YANKEE SEA CAPTAIN

Threat to Confiscate Capt. Ben Cleveland's Expedition to Desolation Island.

AFTER SEAL AND WHALE OIL

Also to Seek Bones of "Prehistoric Giant 60 Feet Long" for the Natural History Museum.

Just eight days after Capt. Benjamin D. Cleveland had sailed from New Bedford in his trading brig Daisy, on his third venture to Kerguelen Land, better known as Desolation Island, about 1,000 miles out in the Indian Ocean from the Cape of Good Hope, this letter was received yesterday by John Swan & Sons of 32 South Street, former owners of the Daisy:

Havre, France, May 6, 1908.

John Swan & Sons, New York.

Dear Sirs: Being by decree of the French Government sole concessionaires of Kerguelenland, better known as Desolation Island, situated between Cape Colony and Australia, we beg to inform you that seal, sea elephant, and whale fishing on those islands is prohibited, and that any one found in the waters of those islands without a license will be arrested, together with products, gear, and apparatus, without prejudice to the fines the authorities of the islands, or courts of other countries, may inflict. We are, yours very truly,

RENE E. BOISSIERE ET CIE.

Mr. Swan sent the letter at once to Mrs. Cleveland, the wife of the Captain, who lives in New Bedford, and she replied by return mail yesterday that her husband had sailed in the Daisy on May 13, and there was no way of reaching him, so she could do nothing about it but worry.

But the numerous friends along the water front, who have known old Ben Cleveland for the past quarter of a century, did not worry a bit yesterday when Mr. Swan read the letter to them. The crew of the Daisy, about 38 all told, are all armed with magazine rifles, and as Mr. Swan remarked: "If the French Government or any one else tries to take anything away from old Ben there's going to be trouble."

"Capt. Cleveland has made two previous trips to Desolation Island with big profits on his ventures," said Mr. Swan. "The first was in the schooner Leonora in partnership with Capt. Allen of New Bedford. The second voyage was made in the Daisy. On that trip the crew landed on the island with rifles and knives and killed the sea elephants they found sleeping on the shore. They shot the big ones and killed the smaller ones with knives. On that voyage the Daisy captured 400 seals in addition to filling up all her empty barrels with the oil from the sea elephants."

When asked what he thought would be the outcome of the letter, Mr. Swan laughed and said that Mrs. Cleveland might send her husband a cable of warning to the Cape de Verde Islands, but that it would not make the old man turn back.

"He is not that kind, and the French will have to show him," said Mr. Swan.

The Daisy is a fast-sailing brig of 437 tons gross register, and was built by John Swan & Sons for the West Indian fruit trade. It is said Capt. Cleveland has expended $30,000 in fitting out his expedition. She is 125 feet long, 30 feet beam, and 17 feet depth of hold.

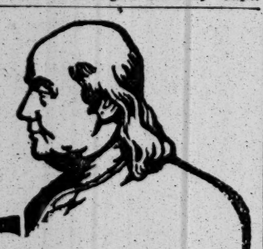
On this voyage, at the solicitation of a friend who had some money in the venture, Capt. Cleveland consented to search for some supposed fossil bones on Desolation Island, in behalf of Herman C. Bumpus, Director of the American Museum of Natural History in this city.

Prof. Bumpus, who commissioned Capt. Cleveland to bring back the fossil skeletons including those of whales, and skins of seals, sea elephants, porpoises, and sea fowl, said last night that search would also be made by Capt. Cleveland for the skeleton of an alleged prehistoric man said to be sixty feet long, though Mr. Bumpus regarded the last-mentioned project somewhat skeptically. Prof. Bumpus said:

"Fortunes have been made in recent years in the Antarctic whale and seal industry, but we have no specimens of these great skeletons in the museum. Four years ago a man who had returned from Desolation Island called at the museum and said that he had been inland on the island about twenty miles and there had found the skeleton of a prehistoric man sixty feet long. I am rather skeptical about it as there is no reason to connect the island with any past race of giants. But if there is such a skeleton there it will be brought back by Cleveland, who is the only man who goes there now."

Capt. Cleveland is 60 years old, and, as John Swan described him, "as hard as steel and a stranger to illness."

Desolation Island was discovered by Kerguelen-Trémarec in 1772 and was visited by Capt. Cook in 1776. In 1874 the island was used by the American, English, and German expeditions to observe the transit of Venus. The island has been in the possession of the French Government since 1893.



Appendicitis

"The Most distinctively human thing about us" (says Dr. Woods Hutchinson, in this week's SATURDAY EVENING POST) "is not our brain, but our appendix." The rest of Dr. Hutchinson's article clears up some popular fallacies concerning the appendix; it will amuse him who has lost this useless little organ, and inform him who is afraid that he may have to lose it.

Why Plays Fail is the title of a vastly interesting article by Daniel Frohman, giving a lot of "behind-the-curtain" information about the successes and failures of the past few seasons.

Do you like a rousing big-game story? The Tiger God, by W. A. Fraser, is one of the most fascinating tiger-hunt stories that ever kept you awake at night.

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Greek Manuscript Brings the Highest Price at Lowe Library Sale.

The sale at Anderson's of the Edward H. Lowe library and other rare books and manuscripts was concluded last evening, and realized a total of $11,000.

A manuscript of the Gospels, neatly written in Greek cursive characters on 304 vellum leaves, and dating back to the twelfth century, fetched the highest price of the day, $1,175. The successful bidder was Count Cantude Castelveto of Florence, Italy, who is temporarily a resident of this city.

The work, which is in red velvet binding, contains three full-page paintings on gold ground of Saints Matthew, Mark, and Luke. The fourth illumination, representing Saint John, is missing. There are original silver ornaments on the front cover, representing Christ on the Cross with the Virgin and Saint John in attendance and the attributes of the four Evangelists in the four corners. It is said that no finer Greek manuscript of the Gospels has appeared for sale in many years, and that this is the first copy ever auctioned off in America.

Other rarities in the sale were:

Charles Dickens's "Our Mutual Friend," first edition, presentation copy from Dickens, Nov. 8, 1865, $118.

A complete set of the first editions of George Eliot's works, $175.

First edition of Nathaniel Hawthorne's "Fanshawe," his first published work, Boston, 1828, $510.

First edition of John Keats's "Endymion," Aubrey de Vere's copy, $111.

The Kelmscott copy of John Keats's Poems, the rarest of these publications, $145.

"The English Spy," by C. M. Westmacott, illustrated by Ronlandson and Cruikshank, $185.

'TWIXT MOUNTAINS AND SEA.

Through Steamboat Passengers Must Now Chance Connections.

Pier 81 North River, at Forty-second Street, now the great focus of up-river and down-harbor steamboat travel, opened for the season this week. Passengers scanning the bright, new announcements in the waiting rooms missed those which formerly called attention to close connections between the Albany boats and the Sandy Hook steamers, whereby passengers between the mountains and the sea could step from one boat to the other and continue their journey with only a few minutes' interruption.

Experience proved to the management of both lines that in the whole course of the season there were few who wished to pass from one region to the other without at least a brief stop-over in New York, while in the case of delay to one boat the other had to be held up for the advertised connection, to the aggravation of passengers and crew.

One afternoon in the height of last Fall's travel, through some vagary of side-wheel engines or some stress of tide or weather up the river, the Sandy Hook steamer was held for thirty-one minutes for the Albany steamer. When she finally touched the pier one anxious man dashed down her gangplank ahead of all the others and up the plank of the Jersey flier, waiting with one set of engines running backward and the other forward, her whole fabric alive and tremulous for her rush to the sea.

More than 2,000 followed the stranger to the pier, but without a single exception they marched in solid formation in the direction of the manifold attractions of Times Square. As the last went by the Sandy Hook boat dropped her gangplank with a crash and leaped out into the stream.

"We didn't get skunked, any way, eh, Paddy?" then cheerfully remarked the Purser's clerk to a grim and silent fireman.

Soon afterward the lone through traveler, his baggage stowed, and himself panting but happy, came forward and presented an employe's pass.

WILLIAMSBURG TRUST PLANS.

Company May Be Ready to Resume Before June 1.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Williamsburg Trust Company, held yesterday in the Fulton Street office, Brooklyn, Gen. Brayton Ives was elected President. The resignation of every one of the Directors has been handed in, and on Monday another meeting will be held, at which new Directors will be named. The reorganized company will, after the new Directors are determined on, send the list of names to the Attorney General and the State Banking Superintendent for their approval.

It is not thought the opening will be changed to an earlier date than June 1. As the bank has now on hand fully three-quarters of the $6,000,000 due the depositors, little trouble is expected after the opening, particularly as the large depositors have promised not to disturb the other quarter of the sum.

Gen. Brayton Ives represents the Metropolitan Trust Company, which advanced $1,500,000 to put the Williamsburg company in a condition to resume. He has been President and Vice President of the Stock Exchange, and President of the Western National Bank and of the Northern Pacific Railroad. After graduating from Yale in 1861 Gen. Ives entered the army and was mustered out in 1865 with the rank of Brigadier General. He was born in Farmington, Conn., in 1840, and has been a resident of New York since 1867.

TO START THE BIGGEST CLOCK

One on Colgate & Co.'s Factory to be Set Going on Monday.

The largest clock in the world will be set going next Monday at 3 P. M. on the top of the Jersey City factory of Colgate & Co. Mayor Wittpenn will press the button that starts the clock. The clock faces New York from the Jersey shore, and will be visible for many miles.

Heretofore the Westminster dials on the Parliament Buildings, London, have held the record abroad, with a diameter of 22½ feet and an area of 398 square feet. In this country the dials on the Philadelphia City Hall are the largest, measuring 25 feet across and having an area of 490 square feet.

The Colgate clock has an area of more than twice either of these. The dial is 38 feet across and its area is 1,134 square feet. The minute hand is 20 feet long, and, with its counterpoise, weighs nearly a third of a ton, while the ponderous weight that moves the mechanism will weigh just 2,000 pounds, and the whole clock approximately six tons.

Across the dial twenty men of average size could stand shoulder to shoulder. The big timepiece is unique in the way it is made visible at night. Instead of the usual transparent dial lighted from behind, the hands will be outlined with incandescent lights.

The tip end of the minute hand travels twenty-four inches every minute, or over a half mile a day.

Switchman Jackson Free.

Cornelius A. Jackson, the switchman who was convicted of manslaughter in the second degree and sentenced to five years' imprisonment, but who has been out on a certificate of reasonable doubt, was held blameless yesterday by the Appellate Division of any share in the accident on the elevated railroad at Fifty-third Street and Ninth Avenue on Sept. 11, 1905, when a dozen persons were killed and many injured. The conviction was reversed on the ground that the evidence did not sustain the indictment. Paul Kelly, the motorman, is awaiting trial for manslaughter in causing the deaths by the accident.

Judgment for $10,696 Reversed.

Holding that a verbal complaint to his employers as to the unsafety of a ladder, and then making use of the ladder, thereby meeting with an accident, was not sufficient notice, the Appellate Division reversed yesterday an award of $10,696 made by a jury in the lower court in favor of Thomas J. Kennedy, a painter, against the New York Telephone Company, and ordered a new trial of the action.

PASS PUBLICITY BILL THAT ANGERS SOUTH

House Measure Would Reduce Congressional Representation Where Negroes Cannot Vote.

FOUGHT BY THE DEMOCRATS

Williams Taunts the Republicans as Vaudeville Actors—Dalzell Compares Votes in the North and South.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—By the use of a two-pronged fork the Republicans in the House to-day succeeded in driving the Democrats to oppose the Campaign Publicity bill, while at the same time they made an effort to regain what political capital they have lost through the Brownsville incident. One prong of the fork was the McCall Compaign Publicity bill. The other was an amendment offered by Representative Crumpacker incorporating into that measure the Force bill provisions of the McCumber bill.

The Campaign Publicity bill has figured largely in the demands for legislation that the Democrats have sought to enforce by filibustering, and the need for some form of retaliation on the minority has become more apparent to the leaders of the House at every roll call. Then came Senator Foraker's abandonment of his programme for reinstating the negro soldiers accused of participating in the Brownsville riot.

The solution for this double difficulty then appeared in combining the publicity measure, for which the Democrats have been clamoring with some kind of race question that would set the Southern Democrats by the ears. The success of this combination was apparent to-day when the amended Publicity bill was passed against a practically solid Democratic vote. The work of killing the Publicity bill in time to prevent its doing any harm is left to the Senate.

The Democrats who did not fall into line and vote against the dual proposition were Nicholl of Pennsylvania and Hamill of New Jersey, who voted for it; Representative O'Connell, the Democratic whip, who left the chamber immediately before his name was called, and Bourke Cockran, who answered "present."

Jurisdiction Over Election Frauds.

The section containing the provisions that forced the Democrats from their position was tucked away cleverly enough along with other provisions apparently intended solely to promote the publicity of campaign contributions. The other sections provided for the registering and filing of all contributions above $50, put cases of election fraud within the jurisdiction of the Federal court, and prohibited the "hindering" of rightfully qualified citizens from voting.

Then followed the section providing for the enumeration by the census of the male citizens in every Congressional district, the statement whether white or colored, the number of votes cast in the district at the preceding election, and the number of male citizens disqualified for voting by any State law other than that referring to a man with a criminal record.

There is provision in the bill for the reduction of Southern representation according to the findings of the census, but the Democrats grasped the situation at once. John Sharp Williams held hurried consultations with leading members of his party. No sooner was the reading of the amended bill finished than Representative Hardwick of Georgia ordered a second, which entitles both sides to twenty minutes' debate.

Mr. Crumpacker opened for the majority. He said his measure was intended simply to carry out the provisions of the Constitution. As matters now stand, he said, there are twenty-five members of the House who could not show constitutional authority for representing the people.

In spite of the careful way in which the crucial paragraph was aligned with the part of the bill favored by the Democrats, the mask was off in the debate. Republicans and Democrats alike devoted their whole attention to the one question of the census and its probable opening for a reduction next year in Southern representation. Mr. Bennet of New York and Mr. Bonynge spoke in defense of the measure.

Williams Taunts Republicans.

John Sharp Williams opened his speech with the taunt that the Republican Party, "the great old party," he called it scornfully, had booked itself as a vaudeville stock company.

"You dare not vote for the campaign publicity provisions of the McCall bill alone," he said, "so you have added these vaudeville sections in order to defeat the measure while appearing to favor it.

"None of the Southern States have disfranchised the negro as a negro, but your present movements drive us to a point where you dare not look ahead."

Mr. Dalzell, for the Republicans, dwelt on the comparatively large vote polled in the Northern districts as compared with the districts in the South. This difference, he said, showed a manifest unfairness, and the present bill was intended to correct this evil.

EXPECT TO REPORT ON PAPER.

Select Committee Will Probably Finish Its Work This Session.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Though there are still five representatives of the paper manufacturing interests to be heard before the House Select Committee, Chairman Mann to-day expressed the belief that the committee would be able to make a complete report to the House before the adjournment of Congress.

A number of manufacturers and manufacturing agents appeared before the committee to-day. They were C. T. McNair, manager of the Northwest Paper Company of Minnesota; W. D. Hurlbut, traffic manager of the Wisconsin Paper Manufacturing Company; L. M. Alexander of the John Edwards Manufacturing Company of Milwaukee, and George W. Mead, Secretary of the Consolidated Water Power Company.

Mr. McNair said the reason why his company had in certain instances refused to renew contracts with particular publishers was that the publishers want the contracts for a time longer than the market conditions could be predicted. This action, he said, had not been the result of any concerted action among the manufacturers, and he denied that there was any agreement between them.

Mr. Mead gave a new turn to the testimony when he said that at least for the Western mills the question of a diminished supply of wood pulp had not yet entered into the considerations. From the viewpoint of the present, he declared, the supply is practically unlimited.

Questioned concerning the possible competition of Canadian mills if the tariff should be removed, Mr. Mead said he thought the tariff as it stands deters nobody from bringing wood and pulp across the line.

"The point is," said Mr. Mead, "that nobody wants Canadian pulp."

Mr. Mead read a statement declaring that the manufacturers have no agreement regarding division of territory, allotment of contracts, or changes of price.

"The owners of the papers simply print these libelous charges because they have papers to print them in," declared Mr. Mead.

"Don't you think," inquired Chairman Mann, "that they may have had good reason to assume that there was a combination when the price began uniformly to rise?"

"Well, looking for news as they do," replied Mr. Mead, "they may have had such reason."

As soon as you make up your mind to run a New York Times "want ad" the thing you "want" begins to move toward you. 500 agencies in New York City. Inquire about 3 and 7-time rates. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Adv.

BUSINESS MEN FOR TAFT.

Isaac N. Seligman and George E. Ide Want Him for President.

The administrative and judicial experience of Secretary Taft were cited yesterday by Isaac N. Seligman as reasons for supporting him for the Presidency. He described him as conspicuously of a legal and temperate tone of mind, and enjoying the fruits of his experience in Panama, Porto Rico, and the Philippines.

"He has the absolute confidence of the better class in the Philippines, as I have good reason to know. His settlement of the complicated friar question will undoubtedly obtain him a great number of Catholic votes," Mr. Seligman said.

"Then it must be remembered," he continued, "that in the next few years there will be three or four vacancies in the Supreme bench, and it is certain that his long experience as a Judge will help him to make excellent appointments.

"It has been suggested that he may lose some colored votes in the South. I do not believe for a moment that he will lose nearly as many as his probable opponent, Mr. Bryan. The latter, in my opinion, has alienated the colored vote by his repeated assertions that the South was justified in disfranchising the negro.

"Mr. Taft represents the conservative element of the Republican Party, and will be supported by the business interests throughout the country."

George E. Ide, President of the Home Life Insurance Company, spent a large part of yesterday afternoon in consultation with Louis C. Hay and other members of the Taft Executive Committee. He said:

"We need caution, patience, and tolerance in our leaders at the present moment. I know Mr. Taft well, as I was a fellow-student with him at Yale. I believe he is precisely the kind of man I have described."

FAIRBANKS OPENS QUARTERS.

Manager Kealing Says Vice President Will Not Withdraw.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 22.—Fairbanks headquarters were opened at the Auditorium Annex to-day, with J. B. Kealing, the Vice President's campaign manager, in charge. Mr. Kealing's first move was to deny the reports coming from Washington to the effect that Mr. Fairbanks would withdraw from the race for first place on the ticket and be content to accept second place again.

CONNERS IN TOWN.

Conferences He Is Holding of Some Interest to Bryan Men.

William James Conners, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, came to town yesterday, and put in the entire day from early morning till 10:30 o'clock at night in close conferences with party leaders. When he returned to the Hotel Knickerbocker at that hour he went to his room, declining to make any statement.

In the morning Mr. Conners was closeted with the Wall Street branch of the organization. Later in the day he spent several hours with Charles F. Murphy, J. Sergeant Cram, Daniel F. Cohalan, and others. Several members of the State Committee also saw Mr. Conners in the course of the day. Among them was Stephen Ryan, the member from Chenango, who is also on the Reorganization Committee.

It was unofficially learned that the chief topic of discussion was the attitude of the State delegation toward Bryan. The subject of reorganization under the new State Committee was also taken up. There has been some doubt as to whether the Reorganization Committee, of which Arthur McLane of Newburg is Chairman, would get together before the National Convention or not, but it is now believed that the leaders have decided not to reorganize until after the return from Denver.

The growing conviction among the Bryan men that the entire anti-Bryan campaign is being engineered from this city makes Mr. Conners's visit of particular interest. A list of all the men with whom he talked yesterday possibly carries a significance which the Bryan faction would find of portent. It was also interesting to note that Mr. Conners put up at the Knickerbocker instead of the Waldorf, where he usually stays, and was somewhat surprised that his whereabouts had been discovered.

300 SUFFRAGETTE CONVERTS.

The East Side Equal Rights League Launched in Seward Park.

The East Side Equal Rights League was launched last night at an outdoor meeting in Seward Park. Temporary headquarters have been established at 130 West Houston Street. Speeches were made in English and Yiddish, while a number of active workers mingled with the crowd and solicited signatures to enrollment blanks. More than 300 signatures were obtained, many of them being from men.

Dr. Anna Mercy said that meetings of a similar nature would be held in Seward Park every Friday evening.

Other speakers were Dr. Sara Goldstein, Miss Maud Malone, Miss Anna Leith, Charles Froemer, and Miss Henrietta Mercy.

Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes was expected to speak, but was detained, with her husband, at a weekly meeting of the Socialists in Grand Street.

W. N. AMORY LOSES, BUT WILL TRY AGAIN

Appellate Division Reverses Libel Verdict for $10,000 Against H. H. Vreeland.

EXPECTS BIGGER DAMAGES

Mr. Vreeland Had Charged Him with Attempt to Extort Money from the Metropolitan.

The judgment for $10,000 for libel obtained by W. N. Amory, after two unsuccessful attempts, from a jury against Herbert H. Vreeland, President of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, was reversed yesterday by the Appellate Division, on the ground of errors, and a retrial ordered.

The opinion, in which all the Justices concurred, said, in part:

In the article which the defendant prepared and caused to be published it was charged that plaintiff was a discharged employe of a subsidiary company and a notorious character, and instigated the attacks which were malicious, unscrupulous, and false. The defendant admitted the authorship of the article, and pleaded the truth of the statements, and in mitigation belief of truth and good faith and lack of malice.

In effect, the court told the jury that if the libel was false, it should or might give the plaintiff a verdict for damages in excess of compensation for his injury for the purpose of punishing the defendant. The mere falsity of a libel does not give the right to exemplary damages. In order to permit a jury to assess such damages it must find, as a matter of fact, that malice existed.

We also think the court erred in refusing to charge the defendant's request that the jury may find a verdict for the defendant, or the jury may find a verdict for the plaintiff for nominal damages.

Col. Amory said last night that the reversal was neither surprising nor disappointing to him. He further said that on the retrial he expected to get a verdict for a larger sum.

KILLS COAL ROADS' PLAN.

Senate Defeats Action Exempting Some from Commodity Clause.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Declining to be moved by Foraker's word picture of the suffering that would ensue among consumers of coal if his substitute for the Elkins resolution suspending the commodity clause of the Railroad Rate bill was not adopted the Senate to-day voted Foraker down.

The substitute was framed to permit railroads owning coal mines or other businesses, and being in possession of them prior to the passage of the Rate law in 1906, to continue to operate them.

The substitute really contemplated the perpetuation of the anthracite coal trust, for approximately 90 per cent. of the anthracite coal lands in Pennsylvania are owned directly or controlled by the railroads, and were so owned or controlled prior to 1906.

HOPE TO SAVE SHIP SUBSIDY.

House Votes Against Bill, but Senate Wants Another Conference.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—In spite of every effort of the House machine to keep the Republicans in line on the ship subsidy provision of the Post Appropriation bill nineteen of them broke away to-day, and with the Democrats, by a vote of 156 to 145, refused to agree to the Senate amendment.

Later the Senate further insisted on its amendment carrying the subsidy, and the bill was again sent to conference. The leaders still hope for the passage of the provision when this conference makes its report.

LA FOLLETTE IN SENATE.

Republicans Whom He Denounced Join in Welcoming Him Back.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Senator La Follette appeared in the Senate to-day for the first time since his illness. He was greeted pleasantly by Senators Aldrich, Hale, Hopkins, Smoot, and others whom he vigorously attacked during his three days' speech on the Aldrich Currency bill.

Found Dead Sitting in Hotel Chair.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., May 22.—William D. Johnston, 60 years old, of Scotch Plains, N. J., was found dead to-day, sitting bolt upright in a chair at Walpole's hotel, that town. Mr. Johnston, who was one of the wealthiest men in the section, had suffered a stroke of apoplexy. He was President of the Union County Builders' Association, and was a well-known contractor. A wife, two sons, and three daughters survive him.

WADSWORTH SEES ROOSEVELT

And Leaves the White House with Frank Hitchcock, Taft's Manager.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Speaker Wadsworth of the New York State Assembly arrived in Washington to-day, and was in conference with President Roosevelt at the White House. After the interview Mr. Wadsworth stated that he was here on personal matters, and dropped in at the White House incidentally. He said he would return to Albany to-night or early to-morrow.

He admitted that during his conference with the President politics had been the subject of conversation, but insisted that no importance should be attached to his visit.

He added that Gov. Hughes's legislative programme seemed to be shaping up very well, and that they hoped to have it all out of the way next week. With that Mr. Wadsworth walked off with Frank Hitchcock, the Taft manager.

SOROSIS
The Best Shoe.

Women's "Garden" Ties. Modelled on the new Sorosis last, with Cuban heels, unique shaped buckles or wide ribbon laces. Made of Tan Russia Calf, Dull Kid, Patent Leather and White Linen.
3.50, 4.00 and 5.00 pair

Misses' and Children's Shoes, all leathers. 1.25 to 3.00 pair

A large stock of Men's and Boys' Sorosis Shoes and Oxfords. Tan Russia Calf, Patent Leather, Glaced Kid and Sorosis "Health" Calf.

Men's Sorosis.....4.00 and 5.00 pair
Boys' " ..... 3.50 "

Sorosis Shoes fit perfectly, retain their shape and give satisfactory wear.

James McCreery & Co.
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A SALE OF BOYS' AND YOUTHS' CLOTHING

AT PRICES ESPECIALLY INTERESTING, THIS DAY (SATURDAY) AS FOLLOWS:

RUSSIAN AND SAILOR SUITS OF WHITE AND COLORED WASHABLE FABRICS; SIZES 3 TO 10 YRS., AT $1.85

NORFOLK SUITS OF BLUE SERGE AND FANCY WORSTEDS; SIZES 9 TO 17 YEARS, . . . AT $7.50

YOUTHS' SUITS OF MIXED CHEVIOT SIZES 16 TO 20 YEARS, AT $12.00

34th Street, 35th Street and 5th Avenue, New York.

Stern Brothers

Men's High Grade Shirts

At About One-Half Actual Value

IMPORTED WOVEN MADRAS IN THIS SEASON'S NEWEST PATTERNS & COLORS, EXCEPTIONALLY WELL MADE, PLEATED AND SOFT BOSOMS, COAT MODELS, IN VARIOUS SLEEVE LENGTHS, CUFFS ATTACHED OR DETACHED, SIZES 14 TO 17½,

Values from $2.25 to 3.00, at $1.45

West Twenty-third Street

Clearing Men's Silk & Wool Underwear, $1.50
Values to $4.50.
☞ Main Floor.

Restaurant Eighth Floor
Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AV., 19TH TO 20TH STREET, NEW YORK.
10 Minutes to Hoboken by Hudson Tunnel.

Negligee Shirts 89c and $1.10
Extra values.
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Annual May Sale of Men's Clothing
Including the Kuppenheimer Make

WE do not know of anything that will impress you more, or tell the bargain story quicker, than to say to you that Men's Suits we've been selling right along as high as $23.50 will go to this sale at $13.75, and Suits we have been selling as high as $30 will go in this sale at $17.75. Then, too, we want you to remember that the

Celebrated Kuppenheimer and other well-known Makes of Clothing for Men go into this Sale

affording one of the strongest incentives ever scheduled. ☞ Second Floor.

A Kuppenheimer garment is the product of the most complete and splendidly organized body of skilled designers and operatives in the manufacture of clothing—an organization which has taken over thirty years and the unstinted expenditure of money and energy to bring together.

Every Kuppenheimer garment is made with a thought for the future—with a determined purpose to produce the best qualites for a given price and the lowest price for a given quality. Consequently, whatever price you pay for a Kuppenheimer garment, you may rest assured of getting full worth in fabrics, in workmanship, in all the essentials of fine garments—clothing integrity throughout.

At $13.75
(Values to $23.50)
The offer in Suits comprises
Blue Serges, Black Thibets,
Unfinished Worsteds, Fancy Worsteds,
Fancy Cheviots, Fancy Cassimeres,
(in stouts, slims and regulars)

At $17.75
(Values to $29.75)
The finer Suits comprise
Blue Storm Serges,
Blue Unfinished Worsteds,
Black Unfinished Worsteds,
Black Vicunas, Fancy Worsteds,
Vicunas and Velours.

1,000 Young Men's Suits, values up to $19.75, at..... $10.00

General Clearance of Boys' Suits at $2.95 and $4.95

Luncheon or Dinner

is a bouquet of supreme delight when

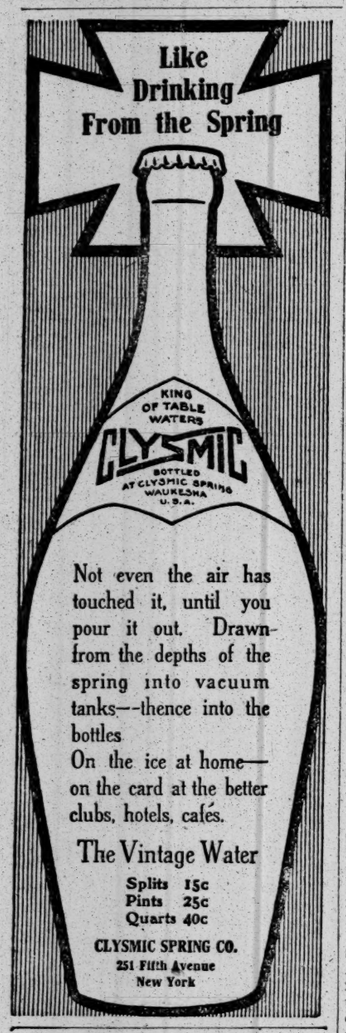
Evans' Cream Ale

is served with it.

Try a foaming mug or glassful direct from the wood.

New York City Depot, 35th St. & 12th Av. Wholesale Only.

Like Drinking From the Spring



Not even the air has touched it, until you pour it out. Drawn from the depths of the spring into vacuum tanks—thence into the bottles

On the ice at home—on the card at the better clubs, hotels, cafés.

The Vintage Water

Splits 15c
Pints 25c
Quarts 40c

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Glasses Always at Moderate Prices.

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101 Nassau St., Near Ann St. | 217 Broadway, Astor House Block.
223 Sixth Ave., near 15th St.

Furniture

Does furniture have character? You will find the answer to that question by coming to Little's. Every piece in their immense collection is personally selected for its serviceability, beauty and individuality. Sold direct at Grand Rapids factory prices.

$10.75

For Porches, Lawns and Living Rooms of Summer homes:

Reed Couch	8.50
New Deal Armchair	7.50
The Southampton Rocker	10.50

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Underberg the World's Best Bitters

The Tonic Cordial in favor throughout Europe for over sixty years. Enjoyable as a cocktail and better for you.

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THE TABLE WATER.

Always Most Refreshing and Healthful.

The sparkling (effervescent) in usual three sizes. The still (plain) in half-gallon bottles. All dealers.

CALIFORNIA—COLORADO

Portland and the Northwest

Two Through Trains Daily Over the

UNION PACIFIC R. R.

LUSITANIA HAS MADE THREE NEW RECORDS

Longest Day's Run, Highest Average Speed, and Shortest Time Over Long Course.

BRINGS A WOMAN HUNTER

Mrs. Saunderson Shot an Elephant in East Africa — Eugene Zimmerman Gloomy Over Financial Outlook.

Three ocean records were broken by the Cunarder Lusitania, which arrived yesterday. She now holds the transatlantic record for average speed, for the shortest time over the long course from Daunt's Rock to the Sandy Hook lightship, and for the longest day's run.

The Lusitania made the passage in 4 days 20 hours and 22 minutes, and maintained an average speed of 24.83 knots for the entire voyage. Her record run for a day was made from noon Tuesday to noon Wednesday, when she covered 632 knots.

The giant liner passed Fire Island at 1:05 o'clock yesterday morning. At that time she slowed down on account of fog and made slow headway to the Sandy Hook lightship, thus losing about half an hour. She got to Sandy Hook at 2:55 o'clock yesterday morning and anchored. She stayed there until late in the morning, when she came to her pier, landing her passengers in the early afternoon.

The Lusitania's record beats the best previous time for the long course, 2,889 knots, made by her sister ship, the Mauretania, by 3 hours and 37 minutes, and is only 1 hour and 42 minutes longer than her own record over the 2,781 knots, or short course. Had the Lusitania come over the short course at the speed she maintained for the trip just ended she would have made the trip in 4 days and 16 hours, which would have been 2 hours and 40 minutes better than any previous record.

The Lusitania's average speed of 24.83 knots will go far toward obtaining for the Cunard Line the British mail subsidy of $750,000, promised when the Lusitania and the Mauretania each shall have averaged 24.50 knots an hour or better for a round trip.

On Tuesday she got up a burst of speed and at noon the next day she had established a new record of 632 knots. Her day's runs for the voyage were: From Daunt's Rock to noon Monday, May 18, 622 knots; May 19, 625; May 20, 632; May 21, 628, and to Sandy Hook, 363 knots. On the day she made the record run the Lusitania kept up an average speed of 25.42. This is equal to 29 land miles an hour.

Among the passengers was Mrs. D. Saunderson, the daughter of John D. Archbold, who with her husband and 2-year-old daughter, Lydia, comes here to visit her parents. Mr. and Mrs. Saunderson have just returned from a five months' hunting trip in British East Africa.

"We greatly enjoyed our experience," said Mrs. Saunderson. "The sport is good and the experience a most thrilling and exciting one. We hunted in the district about Lake Victoria Nyanza. We devoted most of the time to elephant hunting. I killed one, but there is nothing to tell about the affair."

Other members of her party said that Mrs. Saunderson went out to the hunting grounds with the hunters and took part in tracking the wild animals. She discovered a nerd of elephants, one of which she brought down at the third shot. Mrs. Saunderson brought with her and will present to the Bronx Zoo two 4-months-old lion cubs. They are named Sergoit and Sambout, and they furnished much enjoyment for little Miss Lydia on the way across. The child played on the steamer's deck with them, much to the amusement of the other passengers.

Mr. and Mrs. Saunderson, the baby, and the two lion cubs went away on Mr. Archbold's yacht Vixen.

On the Lusitania also came Mrs. James Henry Smith. She will stay here until June 4, when she will sail on the Mauretania. She will then spend two months in England with her daughter, Miss Anita Stewart.

The condition of financial affairs on both sides of the Atlantic was discussed by Eugene Zimmerman of Cincinnati, who has been visiting his daughter, the Duchess of Manchester.

Mr. Zimmerman said that financial affairs in England were in a much better state than in the United States. "Confidence in American securities has been lost," he said, "and this condition has been brought about by the action of President Roosevelt. Indeed, many foreign holders of our securities are unloading them at a loss rather than take a chance and hold them until things settle down.

"I believe that the nomination of Taft for President will give a great stimulus to business, and the effect of such a nomination will be of the greatest benefit to business interests. Of course there cannot be a real ending of this unsettled state until the question of the Presidential contest is settled."

Some of the passengers told of an encounter in the smoking room as the result of a card game. Three middle-aged men had much luck in cards, and it was reported that they were gamblers. Many did not believe the story. One man took it upon himself to denounce one of the men, and a lively scene followed. Others arriving were:

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Adams, Robert Bain, Capt. E. H. C. Bald, C. G. Ballingall, Miss Carrie Bridewell, Mrs. R. A. Bridewell, Jeffry H. Brock, Miss Gadys L. Brock, Miss M. J. Chapin, Arthur H. Cheatle, Cedric Chivers, Mr. Harold B. Cox, Dr. and Mrs. Theodore Fassitt, Miss Olivia Fell, Mrs. Ezra C. Fitch, Mrs. De Forest, Mr. and Mrs. Claude B. Fry, Mr. Henry Gallimore, Mr. and Mrs. Milne Barbour, Mrs. Barbour, Mr. Noel Bardac, father of the third Secretary of the French embassy; Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Bolltho, Mr. Russell N. Dana, Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. William Kerr George, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Gibson, Mr. T. Edward Hambleton, Frank Hardcastle, Samuel Harris, Mr. and Mrs. George B. Hayes, Mr. Ralph Herman, Mrs. N. Newlin Hooper, Robert W. Kemp, Jerome Kern, P. W. Mallet, George Maxwell, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. McCormick, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Lake, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Lambert, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Livingston, W. A. Mackay, F. B. Mackay, Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Palmer, George F. Reed, Thomas L. Reynolds, H. R. Sedgwick, Mr. F. J. Shand, Miss Sharswood, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Sherman, Alderman James Simcox, Norman V. Smallpiece, Mrs. T. W. Stedman, Leopold Stern, Mr. Lispenard Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. H. Winterfeldt, Mrs. Winterfeldt, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Burr, William J. Stocker, George L. Tottenham, W. L. Turner, Mr. and Mrs. C. K. D. Walsh, H. Jay Warren, J. J. Warren, Mrs. John G. Whytlaw, Mrs. J. Wilcock and G. Maxwell Riley. Col. R. H. Goddard, Max Loeb, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Burr.

Lacombe Heads N. Y. Law Institute.

These officers were elected yesterday at the annual meeting of the New York Law Institute: President—E. Henry Lacombe; Vice Presidents—George L. Ingraham, Addison Brown, and John E. Parsons; Treasurer—Charles Edward Souther; Secretary—Jordan J. Rollins; Members of the Executive Committee, Class of 1911—Frederic R. Coudert and Benno Lewinson; Members of the Auditing Committee—Daniel S. Remsen, George C. Lay, and Benjamin N. Cordozo; Nominating Committee for 1909—Peter Alexander, John R. Dos Passos, Thomas C. Ennever, Francis Lynde Stetson, and George W. Wingate.

Reyes Again in Control.

BOGOTA, Colombia, May 22.—Gen. Rafael Reyes, who returned here yesterday from a trip to the Atlantic Coast provinces, to-day reassumed the duties of Chief Executive.

Gen. Angulo to-day resigned as Minister of Finance on account of ill-health, and Dr. Camillo Torres Elicechea has been appointed in his stead. Dr. Elicechea has been designated also to act as President of the Republic whenever Gen. Reyes is temporarily absent.

E. YALE SMITH NOT ARRESTED.

Only Asked to Leave the Carlton and Left Baggage for Security.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 22.—Investigation of the report cabled to America of the arrest here of E. Yale Smith shows that it has no foundation further than the polite intimation to Mr. Smith by the manager of the Carlton that his presence was no longer desired there.

This message was conveyed to Mr. Smith yesterday because he was not prepared to pay his week's account, and he departed immediately, leaving $200 worth of baggage as security and promising to pay his bill on receipt of his remittance expected from New York.

MAY ACCEPT MULAI HAFID.

France Does Not Like the Prospect of Recognizing Moroccan Rebel.

PARIS, May 22.—The prospect of the early entrance into Fez of Mulai Hafid, the usurping Sultan of Morocco, which would give him possession of the three capitals, Morocco City, Fez, and Mequinez, compels France reluctantly to face the possibility of having to recognize him as the legitimate Sultan of the empire.

Abd-el-Aziz, the Sultan of record, has retaken Saffi and presumably has an army marching to retake Morocco City, but the army sent toward Fez has been blocked by the Beni Nassen tribesmen.

French action in Morocco has been based steadily upon the theory that Abd-el-Aziz would win, and his downfall will be a keen disappointment.

FEZ, Morocco, Sunday, May 17.—Mulai Hafid, the usurping Sultan of the empire, made his entry into Mequinez yesterday. He was escorted by the Viziers, and his arrival was attended with much pomp.

VIGOROUS POLICY IN CHINA.

Russia's Choice of New Minister to Peking Indicates That Policy.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 22.—The appointment of M. Korotovitz, formerly Secretary of Legation at Peking, to be Minister to China in succession to the late M. Pokotiloff, is generally commended to-day as marking the commencement of a vigorous Russian policy in the Orient.

M. Korotovitz is a young and brilliant diplomat, and has a considerable reputation as an author. He is the best-informed official of the Foreign Office on Oriental affairs. At the Portsmouth Peace Conference he was confidential assistant to Count Witte.

Grand Duke Serge Michaelovitch, Inspector General of Artillery, is to leave here to-morrow to inspect the Russian fortresses and artillery detachments in the Far East. His trip is connected particularly with the proposal for the speedy conversion of Vladivostok into a first-class fortress, at an expenditure of about $6,000,000.

ATTACKS IMMORAL BOOKS.

Georges Lacompte Says They Are Written for Foreign Consumption.

PARIS, May 22.—Georges Lecomte, President of the Society of French Writers, delivered an address to-day before the International Pornographic Congress. He protested against the bad reputation of French literature abroad, contending that the class of French books sold in foreign countries was in no sense representative and gave an utterly false idea of French life.

He declared that these books were almost entirely unread in France, being produced solely for foreign consumption. He pledged the aid of the society to any movement to suppress immoral literature.

DEPUTIES IN A FIGHT.

Former Portuguese Minister Attacked in the Lisbon Chamber.

LISBON, May 22.—Former Minister of Finance Martinez Carvalho, who on Wednesday last challenged Alfonso Costa, one of the Republican leaders in the Chamber of Deputies, to a duel because Costa in a speech declared the Francoist Ministers had abandoned every shred of political and private honor when they signed the decree of Jan. 31, to-day met Costa in the lobby of the Chamber, and the two men immediately exchanged blows.

They pummeled each other vigorously for several minutes, and the spectacle was only ended by the intervention of other deputies. Both men bore numerous marks of the fray. Later Senhor Costa had another altercation in the lobby of the Chamber with Senhor Chagas, editor of the Diario Illustrado.

BAD EXPLOSION IN PARIS.

Two Killed and Many Injured in a Sugar Factory Accident.

PARIS, May 22.—Two persons lost their lives and forty-two were burned or otherwise injured as the result of an explosion in the grinding room of the Say Sugar Refinery shortly after work started this morning. The refinery occupies a big seven-story building near the Orleans Railroad station.

The force of the explosion was tremendous. It blew out a portion of the wall on the Rue Dunois side of the building and shattered windows for several blocks. Fire started immediately and added to the panic which followed among the 2,400 employes of the factory, many of whom are women. Most of the injured were crushed in the rush to escape from the building.

KOREAN INSURGENTS KILLED.

But Statements of Wholesale Slaughter Are False.

SEOUL, May 22.—The propaganda of misstatements regarding the activity of the Japanese in Korea is causing the Government considerable embarrassment. The reports of engagements with Japanese troops and the recent wholesale slaughter of Korean insurgents have been carefully investigated, and proved to be absolutely groundless.

Reinforcements of Japanese are gradually spreading over the country to protect the peaceful Koreans. A few engagements have occurred, the most severe being in Osyela Province on May 19, in which twenty-five insurgents were killed and two prisoners taken. The Japanese lost five killed and eight wounded.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 22.—The Council of Empire yesterday issued a concession for the construction of a railroad to traverse the Donetz region northward for a distance of 560 miles. The line is to cost $40,500,000, and the bonds, paying 4 per cent., will be guaranteed by the State and quoted on the Paris Bourse. The concession is owned by a syndicate composed of five French banks.

LONDON, May 22.—An "All Irish" industrial conference is to be held in Galway Sept. 16 and 17, at which one of the special subjects for consideration will be the opening up of new markets for Irish goods outside Ireland. Invitations have been sent to the Chambers of Commerce of America, Canada, and the Australasian colonies with a view to their taking part in the attempt to open up fresh outlets for Irish trade.

COLON, May 22.—The American cruiser Des Moines left here yesterday evening for Port Limon, Costa Rica. She has on board W. I. Buchanan and Enrique C. Creel, who are respectively the High Commissioners of the United States and Mexico to the Central American Court of Justice, which opens at Cartago, Costa Rica, the latter part of this month.

LONDON, May 22.—Representatives of the British and continental transatlantic steamship lines are now reassembling in London preparatory to holding a conference May 25 to deal with certain matters pertaining to steamship traffic that were not concluded at the meetings held earlier in the year. There is no question of any change in the North Atlantic rates.

PARIS, May 22.—The Court of Appeals has rejected the appeal of Ensign Charles B. Ulmo of the French Navy, who in February of this year was sentenced to life imprisonment for the treasonable offense of attempting to sell navy secrets to a foreign power.

WAPPINGERS FALLS' CONCERT SURPRISE

All the First Families Join Homesick Italian Workmen in a Feast of Music.

LITTLE BOMB SHY AT FIRST

But There Was None Thrown and No Black Hand Attacks, but Plenty of Good Music.

The American citizens of Wappingers Falls and the Italians employed in the print and dye works in the town, on Thursday night, buried the hatchet sufficiently to sit together in the same hall and hear a concert given for the benefit of the camp school there by Mme. Webster-Powell, W. Paulding De Nike, and William Grafing King of New York. This was the first meeting of the kind, for to the inhabitants of Dutchess County all foreigners, and particularly the I-talians, are anathema. Accordingly, it was an upsetting of hitherto unshaken social standards when even the "first families" of Wappingers Falls appeared at the concert.

It never would have happened if it had not been for Roberto Ciarfele, who attends the camp school established at Wappingers Falls by the Society for the Protection of Italian Immigrants. Way back in February, through some dispensation of Providence, which the Italians have not as yet fathomed, a party of musicians from New York suddenly dropped upon the little school at Stoneco, four miles up the Hudson River from Wappingers, and gave a concert for the Italians there. Through the society reports, the musicians had heard that the Italians, cut off from all communication with the outside world, while working in the hill quarries, were homesick for some music, so the concert was arranged.

Ever since that memorable occasion the Italians of Stoneco have been indulging in open and undisguised gloats over their brother Garibaldini of Wappingers, and this, as Robert Ciarfele saw, was not to be borne. So Robert sought out Mme. Webster-Powell, the organizer of the previous concert, and laid the case before her. Were the Italians of the Falls to pass to unhonored graves while their fellow-countrymen executed unrighteous gloats, all because the Signora had sung at one camp school and not at the other? It was making such a jealousy, Signor Ciarfele explained with meaning looks, as was not safe. Straightway the Signora agreed to sing at Wappingers Falls to avert the threatened clash.

Then, however, having obtained the promise of a concert for their society, Robert Ciarfele was almost overwhelmed by a difficulty he had overlooked in his first enthusiasm. The camp school at the Falls had no schoolhouse like the one at Stoneco, but does its work in a spare room behind a store. Manifestly, there could be no "concerto splendido dagli artisti celibri di New York" in the back room of a store.

Here Robert Ciarfele took into his confidence Thomas Trabbuco, an undiscovered financial genius. Trabbuco listened to the tale of woe and then unfolded a scheme so audacious it took Robert's breath away. There were some four churches at Wappingers Falls, said Thomas; let them obtain one for the concert and then have tickets, which should cost 25, nay, even 50, cents for reserved seats. Then they would advertise. Oh, verily! what a progressive soul was hidden behind the heavy countenance of Thomas Trabbuco! Yes, advertise in the newspapers as far as Poughkeepsie. That would bring in much money, and perhaps the Wappingers Falls school could have a building, bigger, even, than the one at Stoneco.

The boldness of the scheme nearly paralyzed the friends of Thomas. Twenty-five cents for a ticket, in these days when the factory had just cut wages! And 50 cents! Dio mio! was Trabbuco dreaming that they were all millionaires?

When Trabbuco explained that it was not the Italians who would pay 50 cents, but the Americans, his countrymen gave him up, for never had the natives of the village paid the foreigners other attention than to hurl opprobrious epithets at them. "They pay no fifta centa for no 'dam Dago," was the unanimous verdict.

But Trabbuco was not discouraged, remembering that a genius is never recognized by his neighbors. Application was made to each of the churches in turn for use of the building for one night.

The congregations were aghast. They knew the I-talians. One of their number subscribes to a New York yellow journal and marks every Black Hand story with blue pencil and passes it around to be read religiously and with proper horror throughout the village. Naturally, these people had no intention of seeing their stately church edifices blown up by Black Hand bombs. The Episcopal minister, however, the Rev. James Potts, did not refuse outright, and finally the persistence of the camp school won his consent to use the parish house for the great event.

Accordingly, on Thursday night, all the social traditions of Wappingers Falls were upset, for in the front row sat the I-talians and back of them the Americans, even unto the first families of Dutchess County, who proudly trace their descent back to the Tories whom De Witt Clinton dispossessed after the Revolution. Perhaps there was an ulterior motive in thus giving the seats of honor to the camp school pupils. "I-talians don't never throw bombs from the front," volunteered a small boy answering to the name of "Putty"; "it's always some one in the back that does the throwing."

However that might be, in the middle of the first row sat Frederico Pachinari, President of the Societa Garibaldi of Stoneco, who had arrayed himself in his most festive garments to lead over the contingent from Stoneco, four miles through the rain. Frederico is 6 feet 2, and an eight-mile tramp is nothing to him. Beside him, though, was little Andro Silvestro, who comes almost up to Pachinari's knees. Undoubtedly, eight miles was too long for the bambino, who had wept loudly at this decision because he hadn't the money to ride. But Frederico had come to the rescue, and Andro rode over in state, to sit curled up beside his benefactor all evening, stirring only to whisper to the boy next him: "I just love Frederico."

Behind Signor Pachinari sat Ciarfele, who had obtained the Signora's promise to come, now beaming on all. Opposite him, though, was Thomas Trabbuco, the financial genius, with his chin sunk sullenly in his brown coat, scorning to show any pleasure at the success of his bold plan. Behind his countrymen, awed into solemn stillness by their stiff white "company" collars, as well as the unheard-of nature of the occasion, were row after row of the natives of Dutchess County. They filled the hall, and the rear doorway, and hung over the edge of the gallery. Outside the windows were those of Wappingers who didn't deign to spend 50 cents on a "Dago concert," but who now listened attentively at the cracks.

"Say, is she a Dago, too?" demanded "Putty," pointing through the unguarded rear door to Mme. Powell, who was singing the old Italian "Santa Lucia."

"Sure, she is," responded Gil, the one colored inhabitant of Wappingers, who, in spite of his fifteen years, weighs nearly 200 pounds. "Ain't she singing Dago talk? Nobody'd sing I-talian if they knew any English," he finished with conviction.

While the first families of Wappingers assembled at the Episcopal rectory to meet the "artisti celebri di New York," the stage driver paused long enough in the hitching up of Dutchman and Jerry to deliver the verdict of the commonalty of Wappingers Falls on the concert. "Well, if that's I-talian music, there ought be some good in them blame Dagos after all."

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GALL STONES

CONSTIPATION

Stomach and liver complaints. Immediate relief in

CALLAHAN'S SPECIAL OLIVE OIL

A special kind of Olive Oil. Free booklet tells why and how. We sell you direct. Call or write

George Callahan & Co., Importers

218 Front St., near Beekman St., N. Y.

AUTO COMPANY TESTS JERSEY LICENSE LAW

White Concern Sends Unregistered Machine to Trenton and Driver Is Arrested.

CALL IT UNCONSTITUTIONAL

Tax Is Excessive and Violates the Inter-State Commerce Statute, Auto Concern Declares.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., May 22.—The constitutionality of the New Jersey automobile law, which heavily taxes all automobiles on entering New Jersey, is to be tested in the United States courts here by the White Steamer Automobile Company. This company late yesterday afternoon sent one of its cars to Trenton to have the driver arrested, so as to make a test case.

The plans for the suit were completed in New York late Thursday afternoon, when it was decided that a White steamer, driven by Richard H. Johnson, should be sent into New Jersey to-day with a cargo of circulars addressed to the Philadelphia office of the company. Also in the car was Xenophon P. Huddy of 309 Broadway, New York, who has made a specialty of automobile law in New York and New Jersey. He came armed with all the necessary documents to have the case transferred before Judge Lanning of the United States Circuit Court in this city. The automobile company will contend that the law is unconstitutional and an infringement of the inter-State commerce laws.

When the White automobile arrived in Trenton late this afternoon a policeman asked to see the New Jersey license, which all cars from adjoining States are supposed to carry when passing through this State. Neither Mr. Johnson nor Mr. Huddy had such a license, and, as Mr. Johnson was in charge of the car, he was arrested and taken before Judge Harris in the City Police Court.

When Mr. Johnson was arraigned before Judge Harris he pleaded not guilty and was held for trial in default of bail. Thereupon Mr. Huddy applied to Judge Lanning for a writ of habeas corpus to have Mr. Johnson produced before him.

Judge Lanning granted the writ, and Mr. Johnson was brought before him and admitted to bail pending the argument next Monday. In his petition Mr. Johnson set forth that he was carrying merchandise from New York to Pennsylvania through New Jersey, and that while doing so he was intercepted and arrested by the local authorities of the State of New Jersey. When the writ is argued on Monday Mr. Huddy will have associated with him Peter Backes, a lawyer of this city.

The case to-day is the first that has been brought in a United States court to test an automobile law.

RUSSIAN PEASANTS KILLED.

Some Shot by Cossacks, Some Hanged, for Revolutionary Plotting.

TIFLIS, May 22.—There was a fight to-day in the village of Digomi between Cossacks and peasants. The peasants had had accused of blackmailing banks and the The Cossacks tried to arrest two suspected Terrorists. The peasants resisted, and in the shooting that followed one Cossack was killed, while nine of the villagers were killed or wounded.

KHERSON, Russia, May 22.—Twenty peasants who took part in recent Agrarian disorders in the Yekateninoslav district were hanged here to-day after being condemned to death by a court-martial. They belonged to a peasant association, the avowed object of which was to drive out landed proprietors by the burning of their estates. The resort to the death penalty for Agrarian outrages is new.

JAPAN IS PLEASED

With Our Appropriation for Her Exposition—Attention to Hemphill.

TOKIO, May 22.—The appropriation by the American Congress to provied for the representation of the United States at the Tokio International Exposition and the signing of the trademark convention between the two countries have created a favorable impression in Japan.

The newspapers editorially say that the straightforward, friendly course of American diplomacy has succeeded in dispelling any feeling of distrust that may have been entertained by Japan.

Rear Admiral Hemphill and the other officers of the visiting American squadron are receiving much attention by the Japanese officials.

ATTACK PROF. MILYOUKOV.

Leader of Russian Constitutional Democrats Assaulted in His Office.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 22.—Prof. Paul N. Milyoukov, leader of the Constitutional Democrats in the Duma and editor of the Rech, was the victim of an assault to-night at the hands of two editors of the Liberal organ Russ, whom the Rech accused of blackmailing banks and the improper conversion of popular funds.

The editors were admitted to the office of the Rech, and in the course of a conversation with him struck M. Milyoukov in the face, knocking him to the floor, where they left him bleeding from his wounds.

There are many prosperous business enterprises in New York City that have their inception in The New York Times "want ads." Ask for rate for repeated insertion. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Adv.

Frederick Loeser & Co.

In every detail the Leading Retail Establishment of Brooklyn.

The Subway to Hoyt Street Brings the Loeser Store Within 13 Minutes of Fourteenth Street.

A Wonderful Oriental Carpet Worth Traveling Miles to See.

IN THE RUG STORE, for some days now, we have had on show and sale a Persian Silk Carpet that we bought because we believe it is without a rival in America.

One Rug connoisseur who spent more than an hour in close examination of the Carpet the other day said before he left: "The public owes you a real debt of gratitude for placing a Rug like this where it can be generally seen. It is a marvel, an artistic wonder. A store that gives people a chance to examine such a work of art deserves to be called more than a store—rather a public institution."

This Persian Carpet is 14x20½ feet in size, which alone makes it unique, for silk Rugs above 6x8 feet are very rare indeed.

Our best information regarding it is that for many years it was one of the chief ornaments of an old mosque in the city of Teheran, the capital of Persia, so that it now has the soft mellowness that only comes through age.

It is all of fine silk with the infinitely close texture characteristic of the best Persian weaves, and its size—14x20½ feet—is extraordinary. The large Silk Rugs were made only for religious use and for a few very wealthy Persians.

The designs will well repay hours of study. All around the outer edges of the Carpet are medallions about 1½x1 feet in size—some 40 of them altogether. Each medallion is in design a perfect and complete Rug—one a prayer Rug; another a medallion pattern; another a palm-leaf design, and so on. These medallions are each typical of the design used in some one of the Rug weaving districts of Persia.

The central field of the Rug is rich with floral tracery and superb in color blending, but adequate description is impossible, and the Rug must be seen to be appreciated.

In the 14x20½ feet of the Rug there are approximately 16,722,000 knots, for every square inch is made up of 484 knots. The weaving of the Rug would be the work of a lifetime for an entire family.

So far as we know, the Rug is the largest silk Persian ever brought to this country, and in design it is absolutely unique. It has been valued at $30,000. The Loeser price for it is $7,500. No one should miss the chance to see it.

Third Floor.

$4 to $7.50 "Opera" Waists at $2.98

IMAGINE THE DAINTIEST WAISTS you have ever seen at $4, $5, $6 and $7.50. Sheerest and finest lawns and batistes. Loveliest of embroideries. Laces of charming patterns and good quality. Workmanship of high order in every detail.

You can buy such Waists here to-day for $2.98 apiece, and there are eight hundred and fifty of them ready for the opening of the Store.

They are of the "Opera" make—widely known as a standard of good style and good workmanship. There are at least twenty different styles with three-quarter sleeves, button backs and other dainty lingerie fashions.

In the lot also are some tailored Waists with colored embroideries and some "Avon" Waists that will average up to $7.50 values. One of the best offerings we ever made at $2.98 apiece.

$15 to $22.50 Hand Made Waists at $10

In the French Room are some hand-made Blouses that are the very cream of the offerings of to-day. Materials in these French Waists are finest nainsook in soft finish, batiste and sheer French lawn. Every stitch is set by hand and some of the embroidered effects are especially beautiful.

One model shows a flower and bowknot embroidered motif wrought on a front that has been first elaborately tucked by hand. Val. lace and a medallion of Irish crochet further enrich this dainty Blouse. Another model shows rows of Val. insertion alternating with small tucks, and an embroidered vine and flower design adds daintiness. Other models show combinations of lace, tucking and hand embroideries. Several styles have the butterfly sleeve effect; others have elbow or three-quarter sleeves. All button in back.

Second Floor.

Misses' $10 to $25 Wash Frocks, $7.98.

FROM ONE OF THE MAKERS who can always be depended on to get style, distinction and excellent workmanship into anything that comes from his hands we bought these hundred and thirty Wash Dresses to sell for a remarkably little price.

There are linens, imported piques, Anderson ginghams, etc., made up in regulation, jumper and shirtwaist styles. Some are embroidered or lace trimmed, and others are plain. Skirts are new fashions.

Each Dress has something specially attractive to commend it. They should all go flying at.....$7.98

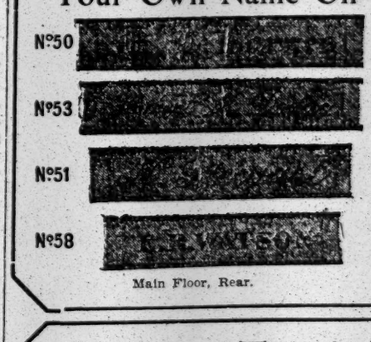
Misses' $25 to $50 Suits at $18.98.

Only forty-three—and they average $38 values.

There are strictly tailored Suits and some jumper effects, mostly of rajah silks. The jumpers have lace trimmed guimpes and the tailored Suits are in two and three piece effects. Sizes 16 and 18 years—some suitable for small women of 34 and 36 bust measure.

Second Floor. None Sent C. O. D. or on Approval.

Your Own Name On All Your Laundry.



IT IS EASILY POSSIBLE NOW by means of the woven name and initial tapes—and it saves a great deal of worry as to whether your laundry will all get back to you or not in the summer.

Orders for these name tapes used to take five or six weeks. Now we can supply them in about one week. Made in red, black and navy or light blue on white tape. Half a gross of embroidered names. $1.25; gross, $2; two initials, 50c a gross; three initials, half gross, 75c; gross, $1.20.

Main Floor, Rear.

Loeser Tennis Balls at 19c.

Have Bounded Into Popularity.

MADE FOR US IN ENGLAND and as lively, well made Tennis Balls as we know of for any price. There are plenty of other special offerings in outing needs as well: $6 Wright and Ditson Tennis Rackets at $3.50. $3.50 B. G. I. Tennis Rackets at $2.

More Remarkable Values in Men's Hosiery.

FAST BLACK four thread lisle; fast black gauze silk lisle; navy gauze silk lisle; gray gauze silk lisle; tan gauze silk lisle; all have spliced heels and toes.

25c. and 35c. Embroidered Hosiery at 15c.

Black fine imported and domestic cotton embroidered in blue, green, pink, white, heliotrope, red, lavender, light blue, two color effects, embroidered clocks, etc.; all have spliced heels and toes.

25c. New Fancy Hosiery at 15c.

Heliotrope embroidered green; gray lace embroidered; gray embroidered red; blue embroidered gold; blue embroidered marine; mode embroidered gold; mode embroidered red; navy embroidered white; navy embroidered self; tan embroidered self; tan embroidered white; green embroidered self; green embroidered lavender; plain colored silk lisle and checks in a wide variety.

Main Floor. Elm Place Entrance.

Handsome Oriental Rugs at Sharply Reduced Prices

MEN AND WOMEN who are interested will find these special groups to-day—as attractive in quality and design as they are attractive in low prices.

Kazaks.

Average size, 3.5x6 feet; regularly $16.50, at.... $11.75
Average size, 3.5x6 feet; regularly $22.50, at.... $13.50
Average size, 3.6x7 feet; regularly $28.50, at.... $18.50

Shirvans and Cabistans.

Average size, 3.6x6 feet; regularly $35, at..... $24.50
Average size, 3.6x6 feet; regularly $45, at..... $35

Sarouks.

Size 3.5x5 feet; regularly $60, at..... $28.75
Size 3.5x5 feet; regularly $65, at..... $38.50

Third Floor.

DAY ALIENATION SUIT THROWN OUT BY JURY

Wife Testifies Against Her Husband in His $100,000 Suit Against Her Parents.

MARRIED HER FOR MONEY

Bridegroom's Cash Gave Out on the Second Day of Their Wedding Trip, She Says—Plaintiff a Bankrupt.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., May 22.—The jury, after being out two hours this evening, decided in favor of the defendants, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Turner, in the suit brought against them by Claude F. Day, their son-in-law, for alienating the affections of his wife, for Grace Turner Day.

The verdict came as a shock to the plaintiff and his family, as they believed that the jury would award Mr. Day some damages. Mr. Turner, when he heard the verdict, said: "It is just what I expected."

Mrs. Day to-day testified against her husband. She declared that on their wedding trip she had to help her husband pay their expenses. His money only lasted two days, she said. She declared that she left her husband of her own accord. She found he was simply after her father's money, she said.

"It was only a couple of months after our marriage," said Mrs. Day, "that Claude came to me and said: 'I cannot take care of you, and the only way we can keep our home is to get your father to indorse a note for $5,000, so as to start me in business.' I discovered after our marriage that he came home every night in an intoxicated condition. I don't mean that he was paralyzed, but he came home cross and disagreeable, and this happened frequently. He called me great, big names when he swore at me, and threatened to shoot me when I told him that I would leave him. I told him that if he didn't stop drinking and swearing I would leave him, and he said: 'If you leave me I will shoot you.' He tore off the case of his watch containing my picture and threw it in my face. I told him it was too bad to ruin his nice watch."

Mrs. Day was very positive in her statement that she left her husband of her own accord, and that her parents knew nothing of it until she told them.

Claude F. Day filed a petition in bankruptcy in this city on May 6, giving his address as 611 West 113th Street. He filed the petition as a poor person unable to pay the $30 court fees, as he was out of employment. The schedules showed liabilities of $20,844 and no assets. No mention was made of the suit against his father-in-law, and bankruptcy authorities say that it should have been put in his schedules as an asset.

These are creditors mentioned in the schedules: Charles H. Turner, $19,532, judgment obtained April 16, 1908, for money advanced to carry on business on notes and renewal of notes; U. T. Hungerford Brass and Copper Company, $888 for brass fixtures, judgment entered Sept. 18, 1906; Metting & Hansen, $22, millinery, judgment entered Dec. 7, 1906; Isabella A. Branson, $246, rent, judgment entered Jan. 22, 1906; Hapgoods, $46, services for procuring a position, judgment entered Dec. 21, 1907, and J. E. Genung, $100, clothing bought in November, 1907.

Insured Sox

Holeproof Hose are insured for six months. In every box of six pairs of Holeproof Hose is this guarantee:

"If any or all of these six pairs of hose need darning within six months we will replace them with new hose FREE."

Holeproof Hose

are knit to the shape of your feet, they fit comfortably, lay smoothly and always look stylish.

They are the most economical hose made, because they OUTLAST the six months' guarantee and will then wear longer than new hose of the kinds that go to pieces in a few weeks.

Remember the guarantee—Six months' wear or you get new sox FREE.

NOTICE.—We now have a full line of LADIES' HOLEPROOF HOSIERY in tan and black, in all sizes; $2 for 6 pairs; guaranteed for 6 months.

6 pair, $2

Brill Brothers

47 CORTLANDT, n. Greenwich.
OPEN TO-DAY UNTIL 9 P. M.
279 BROADWAY, n. Chambers.
OPEN TO-DAY UNTIL 9 P. M.
UNION SQ., 14th St., n. B'way.
OPEN TO-DAY UNTIL 10 P. M.
125TH STREET, corner 3d Ave.
OPEN TO-DAY UNTIL 11 P. M.

DOANE DEFENDS CANON 19.

Bishop Says It Is Suffering from Misnomer and Misunderstanding.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 22.—The Right Rev. William Croswell Doane, Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of Albany, who sailed for Europe Wednesday, prepared a parting word of "quietness and confidence" to the clergy and people of the Albany Diocese. It is as follows:

Haste and hysteria seem to have broken out in certain quarters as an ecclesiastical epidemic. Some actions and some utterances are symptoms of one or the other of these diseases. Rest cure is the best prescription. But an appeal for calmer words and more discreet counsel may not be amiss. The men who under the wildest misconception of Canon 19 can forego their allegiance to the Church of their baptism and their orders must have been unsettled and unsound long before the canon. They are beyond reach; but to others disturbed and distressed I may, as an old man and a Bishop for forty years, appeal for quiet and calm consideration of the facts, which are these:

That the canon has no relation whatever to any question of orders, except that any ministers allowed to speak in our churches, by the Bishop's permission, are there simply as Christian men, which definiton can hardly be denied them;

That it presupposes sufficient care on the part of the Bishop, and sufficient courtesy and common sense on the part of the speaker, to avoid controversial statements and disputed facts of order or faith;

That it suggests and promotes the essential oneness among Christians of various names in the fundamental verities of the faith;

That it has a certain flavor about it of that second almost Pentecost, (Acts iv., 31.) when all the assembled believers (not the Apostles only) "were filled with the Holy Ghost, and spake the Word of God with boldness";

That it is applicable not to the ordinary services or the regular instructions of the Parish, but only to special occasions;

That meanwhile the Ordinal and the Book of Common Prayer stand unaltered and untouched.

The canon is suffering now from misnomer, misuse, misunderstanding, misstatement, misinterpretation.

When the "strife of tongues" is over, and the tyranny of violent exaggeration "is overpast," everybody will wonder why there has been so much waste and war of words.

It is this canon which has been so bitterly discussed in the Church.

"ANGEL FACE" SINGER FREE.

Gulick, Who Once Sang for McKinley, Not Guilty of Robbery.

Earl Gulick, who gained such newspaper notice as the boy soprano some eight years ago, when he sang for President McKinley, was in the West Side Court yesterday morning, after having spent what he described as a horrible night in the Tombs. The young man, who is now 20 years old, was arrested Thursday on a charge of assault and robbery. Magistrate Cornell discharged him yesterday.

The Magistrate gave the one-time "angel-faced" boy singer some good advice against the allurements of Broadway, and the young man said he appreciated the advice. He embraced his father, Dr. John Gulick, a dentist, after his release, and then hurried to his home, at 40 Gramercy Park, where his mother lay prostrated with grief over the arrest. Gulick was arrested on a charge of assaulting and robbing A. H. Dunlap. With three others, Gulick and Dunlap had been together in many saloons.

After the Matinee do not fail to stop at Huyler's

Huyler's

Have opened their Twenty-third Greater New York Store at

150 West 125th Street

Just West of Koch & Co.'s Department Store

Other Harlem Store at

60 West 125th Street

Near Fifth Avenue

A Complete Line of Their

Absolutely Pure and Fresh Confections

Will always be carried in Stock

Fountain Drinks

Served to Perfection at our Fountains

AND ALSO AT SMALL TABLES

Fancy Baskets, Boxes and Latest Novelties in Favors for all occasions

IN LARGE VARIETY

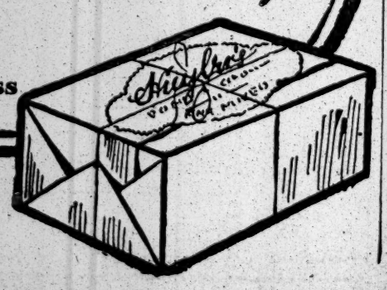
No more Acceptable Gift at any time than a Box of Huyler's

Candies

sent everywhere by

Mail and Express

Phone connection



GOODELL'S VOTE CUT BECAUSE OF DIVORCE

Old Family Troubles of Calvary Pastor Affect Bishopric Election at Baltimore.

PROTESTS HIS INNOCENCE

Many Delegates Desert Him—Methodists Cast More Vain Ballots in Their Deadlock Over Bishops.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 22.—Throughout the balloting for the election of Bishops at the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, the feature to-day was the steadily decreasing number of votes received by the Rev. Charles L. Goodell, pastor of Calvary Church of New York City.

In the fifth ballot he received 388 votes; in the sixth ballot 235 votes, and in the seventh ballot 191 votes.

This loss of strength of Dr. Goodell was believed to be due to the publication of a story that Dr. Goodell was a divorced man. Dr. Goodell made this statement:

I am assured by those who have led this movement against me that there is no reflection in it upon my moral character.

The only thing charged against me is that I am a divorced man. That is true. But the divorce was granted on the statutory ground recognized by the Bible, and I understood that at the time of my second marriage my first wife was dead. For twenty-two years I have had the fullest confidence of the Methodist Episcopal Church and have filled her greatest pulpits. My present church is the largest Methodist Episcopal church in the world. The bringing of this charge at the moment when my election to the Episcopacy seemed possible I regard as a political move which is below the dignity of the average political convention. The fact that it was brought at so late a moment that I could not meet it and that I am not a member of the General Conference, and so have no right to the floor, will carry its own lesson to all right-minded people, and I think that in the end it will prove a boomerang in the camp of those who have hurled it.

Dr. Goodell said that he obtained the divorce at Providence in 1886 while in charge of a church there. He asked for and obtained a church trial, the result of which he said was a vindication of his course in the matter.

The Rev. Dr. M. C. B. Mason of Cincinnati, the negro candidate for Bishop, withdrew from the contest. He told the delegates that when he was put forward it was with the distinct understanding that if elected his work was to be confined to his own race. He believed that a black man could better understand the problems of the colored people. He said the colored members, appreciating the situation in which the Germans had found themselves, supported their candidate, and he was glad they had been successful.

The colored members did not charge that he was not given a square deal. He was sorry his own brethren had not found a candidate equally acceptable to this body.

The vote for the leading candidates on the fifth ballot follows:

Total effective votes cast, 787; necessary to a choice, 505. The Rev. Drs. Edwin H. Hughes, 479; Wilson S. Lewis, 461; Charles W. Smith, 459; William A. Quayle, 391; Charles L. Goodell, 388; David G. Downey, 387; Joseph B. Hengeley, 311; H. C. Stuntz, 280; Henry C. Jennings, 250; Richard J. Cooke, 240; M. C. B. Mason, 206; Robert McIntyre, 206.

The sixth ballot resulted as follows: Total effective vote, 759, necessary to a choice, 506. Lewis, 459; Quayle, 438; Smith, 420; Hughes, 403; Stuntz, 361; Downey, 327; Hengeley, 295; McIntyre, 268; Jennings, 235; Goodell, 235; Cooke, 226; Mason, (who withdrew just previous to this ballot,) 130.

The seventh ballot resulted in no election. The vote follows: Total number of effective ballots, 767; necessary to a choice, 512. Lewis, 469; Quayle, 450; Stuntz, 427; Smith, 419; Hughes, 403; Downey, 345; McIntyre, 310; Hengeley, 277; Jennings, 199; Goodell, 191; Cooke, 186.

WAS ONCE CO-RESPONDENT.

Also Sued by His Wife for Divorce Which Was Not Granted.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 22.—The statement in the reports from the Quadrennial General Conference of the Methodist Church at Baltimore, concerning the candidacy of the Rev. Charles L. Goodell, D. D., of New York for the Bishopric, that his election has been jeopardized by the publication of a story that he is a divorced man, has been received here with considerable interest.

The divorce case of Goodell vs. Goodell, with the closely associated case of Foster vs. Foster, was one of the most sensational hearings ever held in Rhode Island. Mr. Goodell came here in 1880 as the pastor of the Broadway Methodist Church, and at the end of three years was transferred to the Chestnut Street Church. Three years later he went to Trinity Church, where he was pastor at the time of the court proceedings.

On Dec. 15, 1886, the case of Theodore W. Foster vs. Mary T. Foster, naming the Rev. Charles L. Goodell as co-respondent, was heard before Chief Justice Durfee and Justice John H. Stiness in the Supreme Court. It was held for advisement. A week later, on Dec. 21, the case of Louella M. Goodell vs. Charles L. Goodell was heard before the same Judges. The charge was similar. The Goodells were married July 30, 1874, and the petition for divorce was filed Sept. 3, 1886.

Mr. Goodell at the trial denied all the allegations made in his wife's petition. Two days were occupied in this hearing and the case was taken under advisement. In the meantime the Rev. D. A. Gordan, Presiding Elder of this district, called an ecclesiastical council at the Hope Street Methodist Church on Dec. 30. The council was in session two days, and on Dec. 31, 1886, anounced that it "unanimously acquitted the Rev. C. L. Goodell of the charges and specifications of immorality."

The council sessions were behind closed doors.

On Jan. 1, 1887, the Supreme Court decision was made public. It was that in the case of Foster vs. Foster "the charge is sustained and the petition granted," while in the case of Goodell vs. Goodell "the divorce is denied and the petition dismissed because the conduct of the petitioner has been such that she is not entitled to it."

Mr. Goodell continued to occupy the pulpit at Trinity Church until the termination of his term, when he was transferred by the conference.

CAMP MEETINGS AND TAXES.

Lot Holders in Ocean Grove Association Must Pay, Says State Board.

Special to The New York Times.

OCEAN GROVE, N. J., May 22.—The leaseholders of property from the Ocean Grove Campmeeting Association must pay the taxes on the property so held, according to a decision reached this morning by the Monmouth County Board of Taxation.

The State Board of Equalization of Taxes recently held that as the Supreme Court had ordered the property of the Campmeeting Association of the Newark Conference of Mount Tabor, Morris County assessed, the same situation existed here.

That point was questioned, however. Three members attended the meeting to-day. They were former Judge William T. Hoffman, William K. Devereaux, and John F. Applegate.

Samuel A. Patterson, counsel for the association, argued that the leaseholders paid no tax, but only a rental of $10.50 yearly under leases. The association should not pay taxes, he argued, on the leased property, since the only equity it had from this property was the rental.

The board agreed with this view and will proceed to tax the lot holders.

FOR PRESBYTERIAN UNION.

Desire for Amalgamation Into One Church Manifest at General Assembly.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 22.—With the presentation of the reports of special committees, the one hundred and twentieth General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States to-day commenced the important business of its convention.

The desire to amalgamate all Presbyterians into one church was manifest during all the proceedings, and it is believed that this General Assembly will represent a long step toward the realization of that idea.

The report of the Committee on Sabbath Observance was submitted by the Rev. Dr. Arthur J. Brown of New York. The Rev. Frederick J. Stanley of New York delivered an address in which he criticised the Attorney General of the United States, Secretary Taft, and Secretary Metcalf because they refused to grant a petition requesting that the soldiers and sailors of the army and navy be forbidden to play baseball or engage in other sports on Sunday.

The Rev. Dr. J. W. Chapman said that the temperance movement had spread so rapidly over the South that there are now more saloons in New York City than in all the States south of Mason and Dixon's line.

Methodists Considering Consolidation.

PITTSBURG, May 22.—The report of the committee of the General Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church recommending the appointment of a commission to meet a similar commission from the Methodist Episcopal General Conference to consider consolidation was adopted to-day.

OFFERS PURSUE DEPOSITORS.

But They Are Advised That Bank of North America Will Soon Pay in Full.

Depositors in the National Bank of North America who have received one payment from Receiver Hanna, amounting to 25 per cent. of their original deposits, have received offers to purchase their receivers' certificates for the balance due at 87½ cents on the dollar. The offers have come from a lawyer in the Trinity Building, who says he writes "on behalf of a client."

Receiver Hanna has already stated that he hopes to make a second 25 per cent. payment next month. At the rate at which collections have been coming in he expects to have gathered a second $1,000,000 of cash by that time. There has never been any question raised of the receiver's ability to pay depositors in full eventually, and those who have asked the officials of the bank for advice about the offer of 87½ per cent. have been strongly advised not to accept it.

C. W. Morse and his friends have kept sufficient confidence in the value of the bank's remaining assets to organize a syndicate, as has been told in THE TIMES, to supply cash to pay off the depositors in full and take the bank out of the receiver's hands, with the idea of making a considerable saving through a gradual liquidation. The stockholders have still to approve this proposition.

CONEY IMPORTS A BANDIT.

Nephew, So the Press Agent Says, of Rais Uli Himself—An Arab, Anyway.

A score or more of Arabs, arrayed in khaki trousers, blouses, sandals and helmets, and each carrying a long, old-fashioned flint-lock rifle, disembarked from the White Star liner Republic yesterday, and marched up Broadway to Brooklyn Bridge, where they took cars for Coney Island. They were bound for Dreamland.

According to the press agent, the young, good-looking Arab in the lead was none other than Rais Uli, nephew of his famous namesake, the captor of Sir Harry Maclean. The same authority vouches for the statement that in Morocco an uncle of Hasen Ben Ali, a booking agent of Arab talent with offices in Broadway, is living in the mountain fastnesses with the original Rais Uli as hostage for the safe return of the bandit's nephew and the twenty men of his band who accompanied the youth to this country.

Rais Uli and his band will appear as star acrobats in Dreamland, which opens to-night. Also they will give exhibitions of their methods of warfare and their knowledge of the art of torturing a captive. The press agent won't divulge what arrangements have been made regarding captives.

ORANGE LOAN EXHIBITION.

Paintings on View Under the Auspices of the Woman's Club.

The loan exhibition of paintings, held under the auspices of the Woman's Club and the Municipal Art League of East Orange, opened last night in the Assembly Room of the Woman's Club with a private view and reception. The exhibition will continue until Saturday evening, May 30. There will be no charge for admission.

The management of the exhibition is in the hands of a committee of the Municipal Art League. Hobart A. Walker is Chairman, with William J. Baer, Frank La Pierre, William B. Lloyd, A. C. Trowbridge, Henry R. Poore, N. A., and George R. Howe. The patronesses representing the Woman's Club are Mrs. Henry P. Bailey, Mrs. William Thayer Brown, Mrs. James S. Clarke, Mrs. R. A. Franks, Mrs. A. B. Jenkins, Mrs. Alexander King, Mrs. Robert Sinclair, Mrs. Charles B. Storrs, Miss Blanche Strange, and Dr. Sara Spottiswoode.

COLER TO SHOW 'EM UP.

Promises to Reveal "Breakdowns" In Centralized City Government.

Borough President Bird S. Coler sprang a surprise yesterday at the Charter Revision Commission's adjourned hearing on borough government. The Chairman, William M. Ivins, recognized him at the beginning of the session and Mr. Coler said:

"If you will give me two expert accountants I will show you more breakdowns in the centralized government of the city than in the borough governments."

"Will you tell us this at the Bar Association next Wednesday?" demanded Mr. Ivins.

"I will," said Mr. Coler.

Mr. Coler refused to go into details as to the revelations he intends to make.

A number of speakers addressed the commission in favor of the Borough President system of government, among them James L. Wells, former President of the Bronx; Frederic W. Hinrichs, former Registrar of Arrears for Brooklyn; A. C. Hottenroth of the Bronx Taxpayers' Alliance, W. R. Griffiths of the United Civic Associations of the Bronx, and H. G. Freedman of the North Side Board of Trade.

NEW SUBWAY TRACK ORDERED.

Service Board Instructs Interborough to Begin 96th Street Improvements.

Orders were issued to the Interborough yesterday by the Public Service Commission for the beginning of the long-contemplated improvements to the Subway at Ninety-sixth Street. Much of the congestion in the evening rush hours has been put down to the operating difficulty connected with the cross-over at the division of the Broadway and Lenox Avenue tracks at this point.

It was suggested that the difficulties would be greatly reduced if another track were constructed at this point providing for a freer movement of trains. Plans for this were adopted some time ago. It is hoped that this will increase the capacity of the Subway by 33 per cent.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

TALKS OF A MAXIM'S FOR NEW YORK

Georges Everard, Who Owned the Paris Restaurant, Thinks He Can Find Backers.

MUST BE LIMITATIONS HERE

But with Tact He Thinks the Thing Can Be Managed—He Would Call It "Caprice's."

Georges Everard, the Plaza's recently imported maitre d'hôtel, who once owned Maxim's in Paris, and says he originated that famous restaurant, declared yesterday that it was only a question of time before he would startle New York with an original and festive restaurant in Times Square. But apparently there will be limitations in the American version which do not exist in the Parisian café.

"It is my firm intention to establish a restaurant in New York similar to Maxim's in Paris," said M. Everard. "I believe that the people are ready for a place combining an atmosphere of gayety and of good-fellowship. The necessary location for such a restaurant would be Times Square, and there are thousands who would gladly frequent such a place as I have in mind.

"To be sure, it would be necessary to avoid unbridled license. I expect to maintain the fine line between good cheer and hilarity. At Maxim's women are allowed without escorts. This would be impossible in New York. At Maxim's there is a space for dancing, which would be a rather doubtful success here. However, if the guests were given to understand that lax dancing would not be permitted it would be possible to tone down this part of the entertainment. I have several men in mind who would finance the scheme when I am ready to establish the place.

"There are three essentials of a successful restaurant. They are good food, good music, and good manners. The latter is all important. New York likes a place when it becomes a popular rendezvous. Every few years a great city changes its preferences. People go to a place when they know they will be surrounded by their friends. Directly a restaurant has the name of popularity, its prosperity is without limit. This explains the present success of the Knickerbocker grill. The fickleness of the public must be taken into consideration. That explains the changing favor for cafés.

"Maxim's is no longer the jolly place it was. It is now frequented by sightseers and tourists, and much of the old atmosphere is destroyed. It is a place where people go to be wicked, and whenever there is an effort, all effect is lost. People think Maxim's is the name of the proprietor. When I was starting that place, eighteen years ago, I cast about for a terse and easily remembered name. I did not want to use my name, and I wanted to avoid the word 'café.' 'Maxim,' the word for an adage, struck me as agreeable, and, therefore, I used that. I should like to call my New York place 'Caprice's.'"

Everard sold his interest in Maxim's for 250,000f, which he promptly lost in speculation. Ever since he has been a maitre dhôtel.

STOCK BROKERS TO PLAY BALL

20,000 Invitations to Game with Boston Men To-day—Vaudeville at Night.

Two hundred and fifty stock brokers of New York and Boston will round off their baseball game, to be played at the Polo Grounds this afternoon, with a dinner in the Plaza to-night, and the New Yorkers will provide a mirthful vaudeville show as a climax to the entertainment.

It was the original intention to have the festivities in the ballroom of the hotel, but owing to the threatened gaiety of the party it was determined to rig up a stage in the grillroom. The stock brokers announce with pleasurable anticipation that there will be seventeen women vaudeville artists on the programme. There will be speeches also, one by President R. H. Thomas of the New York Stock Exchange.

It is the annual match that is to be played, and 20,000 invitations have been issued. Last year the match was played in Boston, and the New Yorkers got an impressive reception. There are a number of former 'Varsity stars on the New York Stock Exchange, and the team is made up of players whose names are famous in baseball annals. Some of the stars are celebrated in two stanzas of the rooting song, which is to be sung to the Yale tune of "Boola Boola":

In Boston town of fair renown,
An ancient Stock Exchange exists;
Where bulls and bears display their wares
And practice fancy curves and twists.
They all are versed in "put" and "call,"
In quarters, eighths, and such;
But when it comes to playing ball,
Why Boston really isn't much.

For Fish and Greenway raise a cheer,
And Thompson, Homans, Morris, Fincke,
Behold, from Boston town, who's here!
To win a victory (we don't think!)
With Barnwell, Wilcox in the field,
And Norris catching Hall,
The Hubbites' fate is surely sealed;
Poor Boston will not score at all.

The Curb brokers sent a team to Boston last night to meet the men of the Boston Curb market on the diamond to-day.

COURT REBUFFS JACKSON.

"No Merit in Fact," In Suit Against Telegraph Companies, It Says.

Supreme Court Justice McCall denied yesterday Attorney General Jackson's application, made some time ago, for permission to begin suits to annul the charters of the Postal Telegraph Company and the Western Union Telegraph Company, on the ground that they were a monopoly in restraint of trade. In his decision the Justice says:

"A careful examination of the papers submitted herein satisfies me that there is no merit in fact or warrant in law for the permission sought, and the motion is therefore denied."

THE UNITED SERVICE.

The Army.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Major T. W. Griffith, Twenty-eighth Infantry, to Fort Snelling for duty.

Major B. H. Dutcher, Medical Corps, to San Francisco for further orders.

The Navy.

Commander H. Hall waits orders.
Lieut. R. D. White to the New Hampshire.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Iwana at Boston, Wolverine at Sandusky, Albany at Panama, Olympia at Annapolis; Connecticut, Vermont, Kansas, Minnesota, Georgia, New Jersey, Rhode Island, Relief at Bellingham Bay; Louisiana, Virginia, Ohio at Port Angeles; Nebraska, Kentucky, Wisconsin at Bremerton; Kearsarge, Illinois at Fort Townsend.

Sailed—Saturn from Bremerton for San Pedro, Des Moines from Colon for Port Limon.

JACOB **Ruppert**

LAGER BEER, BOTTLED AT THE BREWERY
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Dry Goods

Tea (hot or iced) is served, without charge, in our Reception and Lounging Room, throughout the day. Take the elevators to the fourth floor.

Men's Shirts, Pajamas and Handkerchiefs

Another Rousing Saturday Sale

Every man who reads this and who happened to be here last Saturday will be tempted to come to-day again and share in the remarkable offerings of new, fresh, seasonable furnishings underpriced. Another opportunity to stock up for the warm weather is presented, and the hundreds of well-dressed men who already know the standards of quality and style which we have set for ourselves will be pleased with this piece of news:

2.00 and 2.50 Negligee Shirts at 1.45:

white or colored, some are of imported madras, others are of percale and the best American madras; plain and plaited-bosom styles; coat models; cuffs attached or separate.

1.75 to 2.50 Pajamas at 95c:

of madras and a selection of other soft materials—in white or colored effects.

Silk-and-Linen Handkerchiefs at 25c:

fancy colorings and self-figured effects.

Shirts Made-to-Measure

Formerly 4.00 and 5.50, at 2.75
Formerly 5.50 to 6.50 at 3.50

Made of the finest imported materials—the remainder of this spring's importation—mostly short lengths, one or two shirts of a pattern. Over five hundred patterns to choose from. Made in any style desired.
Main Floor, 6th Ave.

Sixth Avenue, 18th to 19th Street, New York

(Store formerly occupied by B. Altman & Co.)

Crane's Linen Lawn

FASHION has long since recognized the superior quality of Crane's Linen Lawn. If Fashion could have found a better paper she would have used it. If Fashion cannot find a better paper, you cannot.

No good stationer would intentionally deceive you, but always remember that Crane's papers are marked "Crane's." They are obtainable at all good stores where stationery is sold.

EATON, CRANE & PIKE COMPANY

Colorado

A vacation among the Rockies

Grand Canyon

El Tovar open the year 'round

California

Cool Sierras and Seashore

Santa Fe

All the way

Low rates all summer

Out West you may hunt, camp out, go fishing, bathe in the surf, ride mountain trails or live at gay resort hotels—all so different from back East.

There's Yosemite, too, now reached by rail.

The **California Limited** and **Colorado Flyer**—luxurious and speedy Santa Fe trains—offer a cool trip over smooth, dustless tracks, protected by block signals.

Fred Harvey meals.

Our Summer outing books free on request.

Geo. C. Dillard, Gen. Agent, A. T. & S. F. Ry., 377 Broadway, New York City.

Vero-form Liquid Soap.

No treasure of a lady's toilet is more precious. Her aesthetic taste is appealed to by the individual exclusiveness of the package and the convenience of the special holder—if she cares for one. Her reason is won by the instant evidence of the soap itself that it cleanses, soothes, refreshes and charms as no other soap has ever done.

There is no guesswork about it. There is no uncertainty. You know, absolutely KNOW, how superlatively good it is as soon as you have put it to use. Notice the creamy lather. Notice how soft and velvety smooth the skin becomes, even when it had been left hard and dry by misuse.

Try it for the shampoo—if it doesn't please you more than anything you've ever used for the hair, and if you do not quickly note its beneficial effects, we miss our guess.

There are occasions when soap in cake form is imperative—Vero-form Soap also comes that way.

VERO-FORM LIQUID and CAKE SOAP are on sale at All High Grade Drug and Department Stores.

VERO-FORM HYGIENIC CO.

12 Gold St., New York city. Foreign Office, Berlin, Germany.

Its Charming Popularity is 7 Years of Age in England.

CROWN BATHODORA

(A Perfect Bath Powder).

LAVENDER. CRAB APPLE. VIOLET.

¶ It is chemically pure.
¶ It softens the water.
¶ It cleanses the skin.
¶ It makes the flesh soft, fine and fragrant.
¶ It has these qualities and powers in the highest degree.

Always Remember The Big Three in Crown Goods.

Lavender Salts, the 40-Year Favorite.	Your old love Crab Apple Blossom Inexpensive.	Jeunesse Doree, the leading perfume of London Society.

Sold at all leading Drug and Department Stores

THE CROWN PERFUMERY CO. OF LONDON

Depot of American Importation, 30 East 20th St., New York.

People who appreciate delicate and exquisite goods should write to Dept. C for sample of Bathodora and Booklet.

ENCLOSE 4c. (STAMPS) FOR POSTAGE.

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(Fac-simile of Label)

For over one hundred years Barton & Guestier have shipped to the United States Clarets and Sauternes of the finest vintages only, bottled exclusively in their own cellars under their personal supervision.

E. La Montagne's Sons, Agents, N. Y.

The Pessimist—No Tailors to-day like the old-timers.

The Optimist—But there are much better Clothiers.

A STARTING POINT

$15 is as low as a worthwhile suit can be sold for.

Our Suits at $15 we believe to be the best that can be had anywhere at that price.

The best suits made, at any price, bear the name of Browning, King & Company and sell for from $30 to $40.

And ready to wear when you want them.

Same with Hats and Haberdashery.

Cooper Square and Brooklyn stores open this evening.

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Broadway at 32nd Street
Cooper Square at 5th Street
Fulton Street, Brooklyn

Barton & Guestier

Bordeaux
Established 1725

St. Julien Superior

A Most Delicious Claret

Price, Nine Dollars per Case

Chateau St. Bris

A Light, Delicate White Wine

Price, Seven Dollars per Case

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BRIDLE LEATHER—Black, tan—From $1.00

PIGSKIN—Tan—From..... $1.25

CALFSKIN, PIGSKIN—Double and Stitched From..... $2.00

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New York....Brooklyn....Philadelphia

HARDMAN PIANO

IMPROVES WITH USE

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WHITE MOUNTAINS

of New Hampshire.
FINEST HOTELS IN AMERICA.
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Golf, Coaching, Tennis and Mountain Climbing.

A comfortable hour for departure and a comfortable hour for arrival. Trains depart from Grand Central Station, New York City.

Uneeda Biscuit

SYRUP OF FIGS
—AND—
ELIXIR OF SENNA

As taken. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine.

MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only.

MAE WOOD DEFIES THE PLATT FAMILY

"They Told Me Years Ago They Would Put Me in an Asylum," She Declares.

SHOWS EMOTION IN TOMBS

But Says She Will Fight to the End and Cross-Examine the Senator Herself at the Trial.

A night spent in a cell, where she had time to reflect on the position in which she finds herself, revealed in a new light Mae C. Wood, the woman who tried to establish herself as Senator T. C. Platt's wife, and whom Supreme Court Justice O'Gorman committed to the Tombs as a forger and perjurer, when she saw reporters in the Matron's room in the Tombs yesterday. Hitherto all who had observed her at her recent trial had been struck with her apparent lack of anything like emotion, even under the most trying ordeals.

A night in prison had changed all that. Although she still flung defiance and threats at the aged Senator and his friends, her swollen eyes and occasional fits of weeping proved that the woman's imperturbability had been shaken by the position in which she found herself, whether by rage or the danger it was difficult to determine.

Nothing was done yesterday by the District Attorney's office toward taking the matter before the Grand Jury. But late in the afternoon John B. Stanchfield, who was Mr. Platt's counsel in the divorce suit, held an hour's conference with Assistant District Attorney Frank Garvan, who has charge of the case, and it was said that the matter would in all probability come up before the Grand Jury on Monday.

There is, however, a chance that Mr. Garvan will be engaged with his chief, Mr. Jerome, at the latter's appearance before Commissioner Hand in connection with the charges against Mr. Jerome. In that event the presentation of the facts to the Grand Jury will go over until Thursday.

Platt to Appear Against Her.

The District Attorney has determined to lose no time in taking the matter up, as he is said to think it time that the particular offense of which Mrs. Wood is accused should be checked and quickly. Another result of the conference between Mr. Stanchfield and Mr. Garvan is that in all probability Mr. Platt will be a witness before the Grand Jury. At first it was announced that he would be called only at the trial, if Mrs. Wood should be indicted, but it is understood that Mr. Stanchfield assured the District Attorney of the Senator's willingness to appear before the Grand Jury.

There seems to be little prospect now that Mrs. Wood will obtain bail. She said yesterday that she was utterly without means. Although Charles Le Barbier, her counsel at the late trial, and Joseph Day Lee, her attorney of record, could not be seen yesterday to tell whether their connection with the case is ended, it appears to be almost certain that this is so, as she said yesterday that she intended to ask the court to assign counsel to her.

Being a lawyer herself, she intimated that she would take an active part in her defense, and would demand the right to cross-examine Senator Platt.

She Will Cross-Examine Platt.

"Justice O'Gorman denied my right to cross-examine a witness in the civil trial," she said, "but I am sure that I shall have this privilege in a criminal trial. You can rest assured that when that time comes it will not be the least interesting part of this litigation."

Asked whether she had any money for her defense, or if she thought friends would come to her assistance, she broke down and shed tears. When she had regained her composure, she said:

"I don't think all my friends have deserted me. I hope soon to hear from some of them. I don't look much like fighting now, do I? But I hope all will come out right in the end."

She discussed various points of the evidence adduced against her at the trial. As to the alleged marriage certificate, which, it was proved, was not printed until February, 1902, whereas she testified that Senator Platt gave it to her on the day of the alleged marriage, Nov. 9, 1901, she had this to say:

The Woman or the Senator?

"Could anything be more unreasonable than the story of the lithographers? Does any one believe that any firm of that kind would let an entire year elapse without changing the lithographed stone as was testified? In the last analysis of this case they either had to arrest me on a charge of perjury or Senator Platt on a charge of bigamy. Is any one surprised that I am the victim instead of a United States Senator from the great State of New York?"

Before the interview was concluded Mrs. Wood made it plain that she was going to fight "old Platt," as she called him, every inch of the way.

"I have been threatened so many times by Senator Platt and members of his family," she said, "that I am not in the least surprised to find myself here. They told me years ago that they would have me shut up in an insane asylum.

"I am not afraid of them, however, and I regard as the strongest bit of evidence against me the fact that I ever regarded seriously the attentions of Senator Platt."

STILL TESTING ISLAND BRIDGE

New Investigation of the Structure's Strength Being Made by Metz.

The support given to the attack upon the structure of the new Blackwell's Island Bridge by the Scientific American has aroused new apprehension for its safety. The Scientific American has called for a thorough investigation of the stress now existing on the bridge and that which will exist when the bridge is supporting its maximum load.

It bases this demand on a statement that the original plan was altered and a cheaper method of construction adopted in spite of the raising of the capacity of the bridge from 84,000,000 to 103,000,000 pounds. Moreover, The Scientific American points out that there is no criterion to prove what stress a bridge of the type of the Blackwell's Island structure can sustain.

An examination of the bridge is being made by Prof. William H. Burr of Columbia and Chief Engineer Chandler Withington of the Department of Finance. This is not the first examination the bridge has undergone since the Quebec Bridge disaster. When that occurred Chief Engineer Collin M. Ingersoll and Assistant Engineer Henry B. Seaman and J. D. Wilkins of the Bridge Department were sent to Canada by Bridge Commissioner Stevenson to examine into the cause of the collapse of the cantilever over the St. Lawrence. The Bridge Department was then requested by the Federal Government to send an engineer to Quebec and then go over the Blackwell's Island Bridge. Leon S. Moisseiff was detailed to the task. It was stated yesterday at the Bridge Department that the reports of all these four experts had been favorable to the local bridge.

"They all showed," said Edgar E. Schiff, Secretary to Bridge Commissioner Stevenson, "that in the places where the Quebec Bridge had failed our bridge is strong. There is no fear of its giving way under the stress on it."

NOW FOR CHEAP SUGAR.

The Trust's Rivals Meet a Cut and Go Still Lower.

Following cuts of one-tenth of a cent per pound in the price of refined sugar, announced by the Sugar Trust yesterday, the Federal Sugar Refining Company, which is a Spreckels concern and a rival of the American Sugar Refining Company, announced a reduction of one-half as much again in list prices with a special rate of 5.20 cents per pound on sugars for prompt shipment. This is a reduction of one-fifth of a cent from the high prices reached in April.

The reduction of 10 points, or one-tenth of a cent, announced yesterday by the American Sugar Refining Company was joined in by Arbuckle Brothers and the National Sugar Refining Company, and brings the price of granulated sugar down to 5.30 cents per pound less the usual 1 per cent. discount. The new price named by the Federal Sugar Refining Company is 5.25, less 1 per cent. with, as has been stated above, a special price of 5.20 on orders for prompt shipments. It was said in the trade yesterday that the American Sugar Refining Company would undoubtedly meet the price made by the Spreckles concern.

Yesterday's prices are still well above the low figures made in February, when granulated sugar sold at 4.70 cents per pound, less 1 per cent. The rise since the low level was touched on Feb. 24 was chiefly brought about by bad news of the sugar crop in Cuba.

Trade authorities said yesterday that the reductions have been influenced by the recent sharp declines in the prices of raw sugar, both here and abroad. The cut was not unexpected, but it had not been generally looked for so soon. The canning season is near, and in anticipation of the demand for sugar for preserving purposes then usually felt in the trade, sugar prices are usually strong at this season.

It is understood that jobbers and wholesalers are pretty well stocked up with sugar, and the beet sugar sales in Europe have been heavy.

GIRL CROWDED OFF STATION.

Falls 25 Feet, but Saved from Instant Death by Network of Wires.

Marian Mauborgne, 17 years old, of 1,797 Lexington Avenue, was pushed from the platform of the downtown side of the Third Avenue elevated station at 116th Street and fell to the pavement, 25 feet below, yesterday morning. She is in Harlem Hospital in a serious condition. That she escaped instant death was due to her striking a network of electric cables in her fall, which broke its force.

A big crowd packed the platform of the station, intending to take the express due to leave at 8 o'clock for downtown.

For some reason most of the crowd made a rush for the rear cars of the express when it came along. The platform is protected by an iron railing excepting for a space of two and a half feet at the extreme north end.

Formerly a stairway filled this space, but it had been removed, and the rift in the platform railing was guarded only by a piece of planking.

In the rush for the train Miss Mauborgne was swept against the plank. She screamed and those nearest to her tried in vain to keep the throng back, but she was lifted from her feet and thrown head first over the planking. She struck the network of cables, whirled over two or three times, and then plunged head first to the pavement.

Dr. Bennett of the Harlem Hospital, who responded to a hurry call, found Miss Mauborgne unconscious. There were she suffered very serious internal injuries. Dr. Bennett said at the hospital last night that she had a fighting chance for life.

Guilty of Fighting, but Freed.

Manager John L. Streever of the New York & Queens County Electric Light Company and John Foley, who routed a gang of linemen who tried to put up a pole in front of his property in East Avenue and Fourth Street, Long Island City, on Wednesday, were in the police court there yesterday on charges of disorderly conduct. Magistrate Fitch found them guilty and suspended sentence.

TO-DAY, ONLY,

Each of 300 Men Can Buy a $15.00 Standard Blue Serge Suit for $10.00

These suits are made from a pure worsted serge that has been $15.00 standard for years, and is warranted not to fade or crock and to give full $15.00 service.

The tailoring is hand work such as used in regular $15.00 garments and assures correct fit and style.

The lining is excellent Alpaca, known for coolness and durability; the interlinings are shrunk linen and French hair cloth, which are built into the garments while the garments are being built, assuring positive shape retention under hardest usage.

The models are correct Brill models. The sizes when the selling begins are as follows:

Single-breasted 33 to 44 inch chest regular—limited sizes in longs and stouts.

Double-breasted from 31 to 42 inch chest regular—and a few double-breasted longs.

Brill Brothers

FOUR CONVENIENT STORES

279 BROADWAY, n. Chambers St. 125TH STREET, cor. 3d Avenue.
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., n. B'way. 47 CORTLANDT, n. Greenwich.

B'way and Cortlandt St. Stores open to-day until 9 P. M.
Union Square Store Open To-day Until 10 P. M.
Harlem Store Open to-day until 11 P. M.

A CALL FOR REFORM IN HIGH SCHOOL WORK

Commissioner Partridge Says System Fails Woefully in Equipping Pupils for Practical Life.

PUTS BLAME ON "EXPERTS"

Study of Latin Out of Place, Biology Inflicted on Little Children, and the Whole System Ossified.

That the courses of study in the high schools of the city are radically wrong and largely responsible for the failure of the high schools to attract pupils who have passed the elementary grades, or to hold those who enter beyond the first and second years, were opinions freely expressed last night at a special meeting of the Public Education Association held at Columbia University.

For months, it was stated, the feeling has been growing that the system of instruction in the high schools and subjects studied should be revolutionized. Several speakers declared that the high schools were failing woefully to equip the pupils for the practical life they were to lead after they left school, and that the pupils left as soon as possible after they found that the high schools held out no hope for them.

The address which attracted most interest was that of Commissioner Frank H. Partridge, a member of the High Schools Committee of the Board of Education, who spoke as an expert, having given years of study to popular education, and who, inferentially at least, put the responsibility squarely upon the Board of Superintendents, a body elected by the Board of Education and under its control. After confessing to an instinctive fear of educational experts, who have an answer for every doubt expressed about the wisdom of their opinions, Commissioner Partridge added:

"But when we see the high school teachers themselves admitting that they are not meeting the needs of the times, it gives a bad jolt to our faith in the infallibility of our experts. It may be that our system of confining all initiative to a central body of experts is not producing education so superior to that of other cities as to result in our own experts being lured away from us to other positions in the educational world."

Commissioner Partridge said that 60,000 children complete the elementary course of study every year. In his opinion the study of Latin in the high schools was wholly out of place. "In our New York high schools administration," said he, "the pressure for Latin is pronounced. In my opinion it is not a natural demand. It is an academic tradition fostered and promoted by educational experts. In the treatment of English studies by the school system the effect of tradition is almost as well marked. Instead of promoting a love of literature our high school experts have fallen into the ridiculous position of promoting a distaste for it. Why cannot our experts devise English studies that will cultivate literary appreciation? Why need we be so afraid of finding out what a boy likes?

"The same curious thing is to be observed in the matter of science. We have, under the name of biology, inflicted upon the immature children, at the very beginning of their high school course, a minute analytical study of obscure and uninteresting forms that belong only to a few specialists, while we neglect the just as educative and much more interesting question of human physiology and hygiene.

"Our high school work in mathematics is almost ossified into the form it was in when first introduced into secondary education hundreds of years ago. Our high school course is too much the product of narrow specialists and too little the result of the study of the powers, the tastes, and the future needs of ordinary citizens. We need fewer experts in the processes of education and more experts in the problems of life.

"As an editorial in THE NEW YORK TIMES says: 'The failure of the high schools to attract and hold the children is remarkable.' It is possible that the adaptation or the lack of adaptation of the instruction to the needs and capacities of the pupils may have something to do with this most extraordinary state of things.

"The public schools need to be saved from their own managers. We need a school organization that will restore to the people's representatives a power of initiative and direction that the citizens as parents ought to exercise. The charter is now under review by a commission composed of men familiar with our local conditions, some of whom served an apprenticeship on the Board of Education. It is to be expected that this commission will not perpetuate a system that keeps our high schools committed to the same uniform mediaeval course of study that is studied only for the few intending college students."

Among others invited to speak were Dean Thomas M. Balliet of the School of Pedagogy, New York University; Dr. Edward T. Devine, Prof. David Sedden of Teachers College, Dr. Arthur T. Williston, head of the Pratt Technical Department, and Mrs. Josephine Redding, Secretary of the Woman's Municipal League.

Dean Balliet suggested a shortening of the term in the elementary schools from eight to six years, thus giving those who must go to work at 14 or 16 four years instead of two in the high schools. He declared that the schools in New York were too large and that combinations in education were not the success that combinations in business had been.

Each of the speakers was in favor of vocational training, as opposed to theoretical training, and all were ready to admit that the high schools were not doing the work which the people and the teachers expected of them.

FIFTY YEARS A TEACHER.

Children of Five Points Mission School Help Mrs. Aken Celebrate.

Mrs. Georgiana Van Aken, Principal of the Day School of the Five Points Mission, celebrated her golden jubilee as a teacher yesterday afternoon. She began to teach at the age of 24. Other teachers and pupils of the school presented her with a sum of money which Mrs. Aken will use toward paying the mortgage on the mission.

The poorest little children in the city attend at the mission school, and they have been so anxious to get the money that the boys have been blacking boots and selling papers to help out, and the girls did their share, too. While the package was not opened publicly, it was whispered that there was $5.50 in it. Only the children who had been very fortunate had been able to bring 5 cents; most of them brought a penny, and there were some poor little tots who could not bring anything, and cried because they could not.

"I thank you from the bottom of my heart," said Mrs. Aken, when the Rev. Dr. F. J. Belcher, Superintendent of the Mission, made the present in the name of the children. "If it is only 50 cents I am glad to have it to add to the money to pay the mortgage, and I hope I shall live to see it paid in part, anyway, and I believe I shall live to see it paid in full."

Mrs. Aken told the children that she had already over $100 in the bank for the purpose. The children sang songs and gave a Maypole dance. Mrs. Van Aken has celebrated within the last few weeks the fiftieth anniversary year of her membership in the Judson Memorial Church, and her seventy-fourth birthday. The Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Judson were present yesterday. The mortgage on the Five Points Mission is $10,000.

TO DECIDE BABY'S FATE.

Incubator Child Is Claimed by Own Mother and Woman Who Adopted Her.

CHICAGO, May 22.—The fate of the famous incubator baby of the St. Louis World's Fair will be decided in a few days by the United States Court of Appeals at Minneapolis.

The decision will determine finally whether the baby shall belong to its real mother or to the woman who adopted it. Four courts have already attempted to decide this question. An Illinois Circuit Court decided the child belonged to its real mother. The Illinois Supreme Court reversed this decision and gave the baby to its foster parent. A District Court in Kansas decided that the little one belonged to its adopted mother. The Kansas Supreme Court gave it back to its real mother. At present the real mother and child are living at Sedan, Kan.

The incubator baby, now grown to a pretty girl of 4 years, was born in a St. Louis hospital Feb. 15, 1904. While the mother, Mrs. Charlotte Thompson Bleakley, lay ill the hospital matron sold it to the Baby Incubator Company of the World's Fair. Mrs. Bleakley was told her baby died.

The baby thrived in the incubator, and Mrs. James G. Barclay, a wealthy woman of Buffalo, decided to adopt it. But Mrs. Bleakley became suspicious. The hospital matron admitted the incubator baby was the child born to Mrs. Bleakley.

Mrs. Barclay fled, but was halted by a warrant charging her with kidnapping. She has spent $50,000 in her fight for the baby. Its real mother, who is poor, has spent $5,000 in defending her claim. Several famous Kansas lawyers have handled Mrs. Bleakley's case free of charge. About $3,500 has been contributed to help her by public subscription.

THE RUSH TO EUROPE.

Outgoing Liners Show Increased Passenger Traffic—The Homecomers.

The American liner St. Louis, sailing to-day for Southampton, will have among her passengers:

George Abolin, W. H. Acklan, James E. Allen, H. C. Blackiston, Col. and Mrs. Emile M. Blum, Mrs. L. F. Bogardus, E. J. Bonette, H. Alfredo Castro, Samuel C. Chew, Jr., Mrs. F. M. Clarke, W. L. Coghlin, R. H. Cox, Mrs. A. Dammann, Miss Caroline W. Driscoll, F. M. Fisk, Mr. and Mrs. Desmond Fitzgerald, Mrs. J. H. Gower, Alexander Graham, William C. Greer, Mrs. W. H. Hadwen, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel H. Haydon, George B. Hulme, Miss Catherine Jarvis Kerr, James D. Lahey, C. W. Landis, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Liebmann, F. L. Lovell, George Lufberry, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Manning, Mrs. J. W. McBurney, W. R. Meadowcroft, Mrs. L. M. Melvoza, Edward S. Murphy, Percival L. D. Perry, Mrs. K. J. Potter, Ernest Reckitt, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Seymour, Mrs. M. V. Shepard, Mrs. Wales R. Stockbridge, Charles E. Stuart, Mr. and Mrs. J. Chase Talbot, Mrs. H. F. Ward, A. G. Whaley, Dr. and Mrs. Harry Williams, Richard H. Williams, Mrs. Ernest Wiltsee, Mrs. Walker Wright, and Lieut. Col. P. Heher.

Outgoing voyagers on the Red Star liner Zeeland, sailing for Antwerp, are:

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Albert, the Rev. John S. Alfriend, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Julian H. Barclay, Mrs. Harold Bauer, Dr. and Mrs. George S. Brown, Mrs. Franklin Dick, R. F. Dodge, the Rev. John S. Douglas, Miss Leonora S. Doyle, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Drost, Christian J. Durckx, Mrs. Asher B. Evans, Mrs. Henry B. Fine, George Stearns Foster, Mrs. M. P. Goodrich, the Rev. Bishop W. L. Gravatt, Dudley Hall, Miss Elizabeth H. Hornbeck, Miss Julia de Jonghe, Peter de Jonghe, Mrs. H. Van Rensselaer Kennedy, Mrs. Laurence M. Keitt, Donald S. Leas, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Me Yere, Master Julien La Fayette Me Yere, Miss Munroe, Mrs. M. W. Nash, Mrs. Anna B. Newman, Miss May J. Newman, Mlle. M. M. Pertinsat, Jacob M. Plant, Dr. and Mrs. C. T. Poore, George Provot, Miss Erma W. Ricker, Miss S. Helen Romaine, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Smith, Mrs. J. Clark Smith, Dr. J. L. Wagner, Miss Clare Hayes Smith, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Stork, and Dr. J. L. Wagner.

Booked to sail for London in the Mesaba of the Atlantic Transport Line are:

Adrian Barel, Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Barratt, Frederick H. Bodman, Robert Bolder, Robert J. Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. Alban Booth, Miss Agnus Booth, Miss Ella G. Borthwick, F. E. Bristol, Spencer Carson, Mr. and Mrs. Francis P. Conard, A. West S. Couteron, Harry B. French, Miss Augusta French, Miss Bessie Graham French, Miss Alice Fuller, Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Grafton, Miss A. L. Griffen, Miss Laura Hansen, Miss H. Hayes, Miss G. P. Hill, Miss Madge C. Jenison, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Kolb, Miss M. V. Leavitt, Mrs. Oscar Leveau, Miss Willa Leveau, A. E. Marsh, Mr. and Mrs. Edward McConnell, Mrs. Marion Mackenzie, Mrs. G. H. Mathewson, Slaine Mills, Samuel O'Hara, Miss Esther Palmer, Miss A. S. Palmer, Miss Ethel Bury-Palliser, Mrs. M. A. Parker, Mrs. A. Parsons, Miss Molly Parsons, Miss Mary Ralph, Miss Constance Raymond, Mrs. M. A. Reid, Andrew Richard, C. E. Robin, Brigadier-Gen. Charles G. Sawtelle, Mrs. Sawtelle, Mrs. William C. Smith, Miss Marie Smith, W. M. Strong, Mr. and Mrs. John Terry, Mrs. Anna Thompson, Lady Beatrice Thynne, Col. and Mrs. Albert Todd, Miss Ione Tucker, Miss H. B. Turner, F. W. Watts, A. M. Woodgate, Miss M. L. Bristol, and Miss Sawtelle.

Among those who will sail for Hamburg on the Pretoria of the Hamburg Line are:

Miss C. Arps, Mr. and Mrs. Henry S. Berger, Dr. F. R. Bailey, Dr. G. W. Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Cockburn, Dr. and Mrs. H. S. Carter, Miss Alida S. Carter, Mrs. A. Convert, F. K. Chase, Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Ehrhorn, Miss C. N. Egge, Mr. and Mrs. William Hanhart, Miss Eunice Hanhart, Miss Annie Hatton, Miss Pauline Hahn, Robert Hackins, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Kindt, Miss Gertrude Lindemann, Mrs. G. L. Laporte, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Lorenz, Mr. and Mrs. Giacomo Minkowski, Miss Catherine McDowell, Miss Leda May, John J. Maar, George W. Maar, Mrs. Anna C. Mohr, Mrs. Shely Onderdonk, Miss Alice Onderdonk, the Rev. and Mrs. James M. Owens, Mrs. W. A. Robinson, Mrs. Dr. Spannhake, Mrs. S. J. Stahl, Miss Lillian Stratten, F. W. Thomas, Major F. J. Whelan, Mrs. Carey P. Weston, Carl G. Leo Wolf, George Wiley, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick H. Wilkens, and Miss von Weyhe.

On the Cunarder Etruria, sailing for Liverpool, will go:

R. J. Beechinon, P. J. Brune, Mrs. Brune, George De Vries, Miss Emily Eakin, C. B. Edwards, Charles H. Fryer, Edward Fuller, L. H. Haight, Leslie Harris, Mr. Herzog, J. B. Hulme, F. B. Ireland, Mrs. Emma Jerome, Miss Daisy Jerome, E. A. Johnston, Mrs. Johnston, Miss Louise W. Kones, Prof. La Herdt, Wellesley Moore, Mrs. Moore, Miss Moore, Samuel Morrison, Mme. Parot, Miss Parot, Mrs. M. F. Patterson, T. J. Porter, P. M. Rosen, P. H. Sheridan Mrs. Sheridan, Mrs. Sherwood, Miss Mary Sherwood, Mr. Sherwood, John B. Sidebothane, John C. Speers, S. N. Springmuhl, H. Warner, and Mrs. Weil.

On the Anchor liner California, sailing for Glasgow, are:

Mrs. Robert Bird, G. Banham Bird, Mrs. Walter S. Baillie, Miss Ethel Burden, Joseph P. Cooper, Mr. and Mrs. John Davidson, Donald Drysdale, Mr. and Mrs. Frank A. Gundlach, Miss Alice M. Horton, Mrs. Beverley Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. William F. G. Hudson, Mrs. William Linn, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Martin, Jr., Prescott Metcalf, Mr. and Mrs. William Mensel, Dr. and Mrs. C. W. McGavran, Charles H. Nelson, H. P. G. Norstrand, Miss M. B. Oatman, Miss Florence Phillips, William Henry Pool, John A. S. Prentice, Mrs. Margaret Powers, Mrs. Andrew Ramsay, Alden S. Thurston, Percy C. Waram, Mrs. F. Willoughby-Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Weatherbee, Miss Janet Drysdale, and Arthur H. Mellen.

Among those departing on the Germania of the Fabre Line, for Naples, will be:

Harrington Johnson, Lawrence Dudley, Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Baker, Mrs. Douglas, Mrs. H. P. Havens, Miss Marion C. Havens, Miss Alice Havens, Miss Mildred Havens, Miss E. L. Lloyd, and Miss A. G. Chase.

The Republic of the White Star Line arrived yesterday from Naples. Among her passengers were:

Mrs. I. C. Adamson, Mrs. H. L. Ayer, Miss S. W. Belden, Miss Alice M. Best, Mrs. E. J. Bliss, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Bodman, Carl Wynn-Brown, George Brownlng, Judge and Mrs. Romanzo Bunn, Miss K. P. Calvin, Mrs. C. B. Chapman, Mrs. Mary W. Clapp, B. B. Clark, W. O. Dean, Mr. and Mrs. James Evans, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Elsworth, N. Bishop Farrar, Miss S. F. Farwell, Daniel B. Fearing, Countess de Frankenstein, Mrs. K. L. Gilbert, Miss Catherine E. Holland, Mrs. John A. Horbach, Dr. Alexander Jardin, Mrs. M. B. Kimball, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Kingsbury, Mr. and Mrs. William J. Lane, Mr. and Mrs. John L. Lawrence, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Le Compte, George A. Mackenzie, George L. B. Mackenzie, Mr. and Mrs. George D. McCreary, the Rev. S. U. Mitman, Mrs. M. E. Moore, Dr. and Mrs. Thomas Morrison, Miss Genevieve Mott, Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Nichols, Gen. and Mrs. J. H. Patterson, Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus E. Perkins, Mrs. H. C. Potter, T. J. Preston, Jr., Mrs. J. E. Sherman, Mrs. Edna S. Stewart, Charles Street, Mrs. S. C. Thayer, W. B. Thayer, Mrs. Alexander Trautman, Mrs. George Van Deusen, Miss Lucille Wagner, N. O. Werner, Mr. and Mrs. David E. Williams, William J. Wilson, Miss Helen Wilson, and Miss de Frankenstein.

All steamship lines report that the rush of passengers for Europe has now set in, and will probably continue throughout the Summer.

ILL-LUCK'S LAST RAP AT POOR JIM STERRIN

Probably Fatally Hurt Just as He Was to Get a Job After Months of Idleness.

NEVER COULD "MAKE GOOD"

All His Friends Like Him, but He Is Always Meeting with Mishaps.

Those who know James Sterrin well say he is perhaps the most unlucky man in New York. But for all that they like him. Many times ill-luck has fallen across Sterrin's path, but yesterday it fell heavier than ever before.

James, who is 27 years old, and lives at 542 West Forty-eighth Street, has been out of work for many weeks. That in itself, he had thought, was bad luck enough. He had tried hard to get a job, but until yesterday could not even get near one.

James Flannigan, who also lives at 542 West Forty-eighth Street, is a friend of Sterrin's and has taken an interest in his welfare. Flannigan is a driver for P. F. & W. A. Kane, contractors. Flannigan put in a good word to his boss about Sterrin a day or two ago.

"Bring him around," said the boss, "and, if I like him, I'll give him a job."

Flannigan told his friend and Sterrin was overjoyed.

"Hooray!" he said, "maybe my luck is about to turn." The pair went over to the corner saloon and had a drink on it.

Yesterday afternoon at quitting time was the hour set by the driver's boss to interview Sterrin. So he met Flannigan late in the afternoon, and climbed up on the wagon beside him to ride to the foot of East Forty-second Street, where the boss was waiting.

Sterrin was gay at the prospect of a job at last. The cart reached Times Square on its way through Forty-second Street and rumbled across the Broadway tracks until close to the Knickerbocker Hotel. Sterrin had just made a joking remark about the roughness of travel, when the right wheel of the cart collapsed and it fell with a crash.

Sterrin, the unlucky, was sitting on the right side of the seat, or rather, as events proved, the wrong side. He was hurled from the seat into the street and his head struck against the curb at the Subway exit. They picked him up and laid him unconscious against one of the Knickerbocker Hotel pillars with a deep cut in the top of his head. An ambulance came and took him to the New York Hospital, where it was found that his skull was fractured. He may live, but the chances are against him.

"I'm not surprised," said Flannigan. "He sure is the unlucky 'kid,' and I guess it don't have to be Friday, the thirteenth, for him to corral all the bad luck there is floating around."

JOB FOR HORGAN & SLATTERY.

Wanted to Install Hall of Records Files—Know Where the Wires Run.

Horgan & Slattery, the Tammany architectural firm which had the Hall of Records contract, are likely to get another job in the same building. Commissioner of Records William F. Andrews appeared before the Board of Estimate yesterday and applied for an appropriation for filing cases on the eighth floor of the Hall of Records for the documents now lying in the County Clerk's office.

He said there were 118 kinds of records contained in 241 cases in the basement of the County Clerk's office. There they are exposed to all kinds of weather and they cannot be looked after properly, he declared.

Horgan & Slattery are familiar with every part of the Hall, and know exactly where the pipes and wires run. The Commissioner therefore recommended that the work should be intrusted to them. The matter was referred to the Corporation Counsel and the Borough President.

MONOPOLE CHAMPAGNE

Please compare our 1898 Vintage with the same vintage shipped by any other house, and at the same time compare the price. We would suggest that you make the comparison at an early date, because the 1898 will soon be a thing of the past.

ALEX D. SHAW & CO
No 76 Broad Street New York
General Agents

Southwestern Limited

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

For CINCINNATI and ST. LOUIS
Leaves 10.30 A. M.

LACKAWANNA
The Road of Anthracite
Best Road to Buffalo

Attention Young Men and Small Men. Here are Suits

AT **12.50** Regularly $15 & $18

Young men of 13 to 17 and small men up to 33 inch chest—here is a great opportunity for you. 500 Suits, just from our workrooms, are placed on sale at $12.50. $15 and $18 are the prices they command all over town. Suits that lead in style as well as value giving—suits that will meet with your fullest approval.

All the newest fads of fashion—fancy cuffs, deep broad lapels, athletic shoulders, shaped waist and peg-top trousers. Light weight fabrics in the new browns, tans, grays and greens and plain blue and black serges and thibets, unequalled at the price, $12.50.

Vogel Brothers
42nd St. At 8th Ave.

Michaels-Stern & Co. Manufacturers.
Mr.
Date

LOOK FOR THIS LABEL ON THE MICHAELS-STERN FINE CLOTHING

$12 to $35

and all the usual prices in between—that's the range at which

Michaels-Stern Fine Clothing

is sold by the progressive retailers that we supply.

Is your clothier one of these?

Ask him.

Do you want to know how good MICHAELS-STERN Fine Clothing is?

ASK THE WEARER

The Spring and Summer models are works of art; see them.

Anyway, write for Booklet "Styles from Life" (FREE) which includes a correct "Dress Chart" and useful "Law Pointers."

MICHAELS, STERN & CO.
Manufacturers, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

NEW YORK. CHICAGO. PHILADELPHIA. SAN FRANCISCO

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A Special Attraction at $15 & $18

WE are showing at these prices many styles of Men's and Young Men's fancy Suits, *all of pure wool fabrics*, and from our own popular models.

Other attractive kinds up to $40.

Genuine Peruvian Panama Hats, $7.50. *Actual Value, $20 & $25*

265 Broadway near Chambers St. | 841 Broadway at 13th St.

TRAVIS IS BEATEN FOR GOLF HONORS

J. D. Travers Will Play Seely for Metropolitan Championship To-day.

DOUGLAS LOSES GOOD GAME

Reid and Reinhart Are the Finalists for President's Cup—Results in Baltusrol Play.

Jerome D. Travers of the Montclair Golf Club and the present metropolitan champion and Charles H. Seely of the Wee Burn Club, Noroton, Conn., will be the opponents to-day in the final match for the local championship title for the coming year. The match will be 36 holes, the first half of which will be played this morning on the Baltusrol Club links, near Short Hills, N. J., and the remainder in the afternoon.

The third day's play of the tournament brought the big men of the eligible set together, and the golf well repaid watching, despite the wet weather and soggy greens. Every match was well contested, but the feature was the defeat of Walter J. Travis by C. H. Seely in the afternoon's semi-final round. It was all the more unexpected, in view of the high-class golf that Travis has shown this season, and also because it required a 19-hole game in the morning for Seely to beat Arden M. Robbins of St. Andrew's, Robbins having the honor for the greater part of the journey. But Seely, who spasmodically plays the very best golf and again almost the poorest, was in splendid playing trim when he met Travis, and for the first nine holes had the ex-National champion completely at his mercy, finishing 4 up on the ninth green. The first four holes were halved, and Seely took the next four in succession. Travis won his first hole on the tenth green. Seely took the fourteenth. Travis got the fifteenth in 6 to 7, and when next was halved the Wee Burn lad had the game by 3 up and 2 to play.

Seely held the metropolitan championship in 1905, but since that time he has done little high-class tournament play.

Travers, who besides holding the local title, is also the National champion, cheered the hearts of his friends by showing that within three weeks he has succeeded in getting back to his best form. He beat R. C. Watson, Jr., in the morning by 4 up and 3 to play, and then found that he had Findlay Douglas as his opponent. The first nine holes went badly for the champion, however, for Douglas, by the keenest play, led on the ninth green by one hole. Douglas won the tenth, but after that Travers reduced his lead and led by one on the twelfth green. Douglas won nothing more after that. Travers took the seventeenth hole in 4 to 5, which gave him the match by 2 up and 1 to play. The scores:

Championship.—Third Round—W. J. Travis beat W. D. Vandergool, 6 up and 5 to play; Charles H. Seely beat A. M. Robbins, 1 up, (19 holes;) Finlay S. Douglas beat Walter Kobbe, Jr., 3 up and 2 to play; Jerome D. Travers beat R. C. Watson, Jr., 4 up and 3 to play.

Semi-final Round—Seely beat Travis, 3 up and 2 to play; Travers beat Douglas, 2 up and 1 to play.

President's Cup, (Beaten 16 Set.)—Second Round—T. T. Reid beat W. C. Sharp, 2 up and 1 to play; F. H. Thomas beat Louis Livingston, 1 up, (19 holes;) H. J. Whigham beat J. D. Foot 1 up, (19 holes;) Frank Reinhart beat Oswald Kirkby, 3 up and 2 to play.

Semi-Final Round—Reid beat Thomas, 2 up and 1 to play; Reinhart beat Whigham, 3 up and 4 to play.

Third Cup.—Third Round—Robert Douglas, Jr., Scottish-American, beat Oscar Woodward, Montclair, by default; F. C. Jennings, Garden City, beat Ellis Adams, Essex County, 4 up and 2 to play.

Fourth Cup.—Third Round—J. H. T. McMurtrie beat M. K. Smith, 2 up; C. H. Brown beat C. Schumacher, 2 up.

Williams Beats Tigers at Golf.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 22.—Williams defeated Princeton in the golf tournament here this afternoon by the score of 10 to 8. Though a drizzling rain interfered with the match several good rounds were played. The summary:

PRINCETON.	Points.	WILLIAMS.	Points.
Vandyke and Peters	3	Dunning and Jackson	0
McAdoo and Atkinson	0	Lynde and Allen	1
Roberts and Funk	0	Campbell and Matless	3
PRINCETON.		WILLIAMS.	
Peters	3	Lynde	0
Vandyke	0	Jackson	2
McAdoo	0	Dunning	2
Roberts	0	Campbell	1
Atkinson	2	Matless	0
Finney	0	Allen	1

Frank Gould to Dine Yachtsmen.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., May 22.—Commodore Frank J. Gould will to-morrow evening tender a dinner to the officers of the Sewanhaka Yacht Club on board his yacht, Helenita, in Oyster Bay Harbor. This will preceed the informal opening of the yachting season here. The informal opening will occur on Friday, and the formal opening on the following day, Decoration Day, when there will be elaborate ceremonies.

In our Spring show of boys' suits, as with men's, we've some "queer" shades—"off colors" they're called.

Stylish—surely, but the sort of thing which must be sold with a warning that the wearer will tire of it much quicker than of the soft cool grays, for instance.

Double-breasted suits.
Tunic suits.
Norfolk suits.
Sailor suits.
Russian blouse suits.

"Star" blouses and boys' "Star" neglige shirts are cut and made just as carefully as the famous "Star" shirts for men.

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AUTOMOBILES TO BALL GROUNDS.

Special cars leave Broadway entrance Times Building daily 3 P. M. 'Phone 1838 Bryant. MANHATTAN AUTO CAR CO. Fare, 50 cents. Office in Times Building.

BROOKLYNS' FINE RALLY.

Three Runs in Ninth Inning Puts Pirates on Losing Side.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Results of Yesterday's Games.

New York at St. Louis—Rain.
Brooklyn, 5; Pittsburg, 3.
Cincinnati, 5; Philadelphia, 2.
Chicago, 7; Boston, 1.

Where They Play To-day.

New York at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at Pittsburg.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati.
Boston at Chicago.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	17	8	.680	Cincinnati	14	13	.519
Pittsburg	13	11	.542	Boston	15	15	.500
Phila'phia	14	12	.538	Brooklyn	11	18	.379
New York	14	13	.519	St. Louis	11	19	.367

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Results of Yesterday's Games.

Chicago at New York—Rain.
Cleveland, 1; Philadelphia, 0.
Detroit, 4; Washington, 1.
Boston, 2; St. Louis, 1.

Where They Play To-day.

Chicago at New York.
Detroit at Washington.
Cleveland at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Boston.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
New York	17	10	.630	St. Louis	15	15	.500
Phila'phia	18	13	.581	Detroit	13	14	.481
Cleveland	16	12	.571	Washington	11	17	.393
Chicago	14	13	.519	Boston	10	20	.333

PITTSBURG, Penn., May 22.—Brooklyn won an exciting game from Pittsburg to-day by scoring three runs in the ninth inning, the final score being 5 to 3. Pittsburg tied the score in the seventh and made what seemed the winning run in the eighth, but a base on balls and three hits in the ninth netted the visitors three runs. Rucker superseded Wilhelm in the seventh, and the home team was unable to hit McIntyre, who pitched the ninth. The score:

PITTSBURG.	R	H	PO	A	E	BROOKLYN.	R	H	PO	A	E
Starr, 3b	0	0	0	0	0	Hummel, ss	0	3	2	1	2
Clarke, lf	0	0	1	0	0	Burch, lf	0	0	1	0	0
Leach, cf	0	1	3	2	0	Lumley, rf	0	1	0	0	0
Wagner, ss	1	2	2	2	1	Murch, 1b	0	0	17	0	0
Swacina, 1b	0	1	11	1	0	Sheehan, 3b	2	2	1	4	1
Abbatic'o, 2b	1	1	2	7	0	Pattee, 2b	1	1	2	1	0
Moeller, rf	1	2	1	0	0	Maloney, cf	1	1	2	0	0
Gibson, c	0	2	6	0	1	Bergen, c	0	0	3	3	0
Camnitz, p	0	0	1	4	0	*Jordan	0	1	0	0	0
						Ritter, c	0	0	0	0	0
Total	3	9	27	16	2	Wilhelm, p	0	0	0	3	0
						Rucker, p	0	0	0	1	0
						†Alp'man	0	0	0	0	0
						McIntyre, p	0	0	0	0	0
						Total	5	7	‡26	14	3

*Batted for Bergen in ninth inning.
†Batted for Rucker in ninth inning.
‡Moeller out, hit by batted ball.

Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	3	
Brooklyn	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	

Two-base hit—Leach. Three-base hit—Abbaticchio. Hits—Off Wilhelm, 7 in 6 2-3 innings; off Rucker, 2 in 1 1-3 innings. Sacrifice hits—Abbaticchio, Maloney. Stolen bases—Wagner, 2. Double plays—Wagner, Abbaticchio, and Swacina; Sheehan, Bergen, and Murch. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 10; Brooklyn, 6. First base on balls—Off Camnitz, 5; off Wilhelm, 2; off Rucker, 2; off McIntyre, 1. First base on errors—Pittsburg, 3; Brooklyn, 2. Struck out—By Camnitz, 3; by Wilhelm, 1; by Rucker, 1. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Johnstone.

At Chicago.

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	1	0	0
Boston	0	0	0

Batteries—Brown and Kling; Young and Bowerman. Umpire—Mr. Rudderham.

At Cincinnati.

	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	1	0	0
Philadelphia	0	0	0

Batteries—Campbell and McLean; Richie and Dooln. Umpire—Mr. Emslie.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Boston.

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	2	6	1
St. Louis	1	7	2

Batteries—Glaze and Criger; Graham and Spencer. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and O'Loughlin.

At Philadelphia.

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	1	3	0
Philadelphia	0	0	2

Batteries—Chich and N. Clark; Dygert, Schreck, and Smith. Umpires—Messrs. Hurst and Sheridan.

At Washington.

	R.	H.	E.
Detroit	4	10	1
Washington	1	4	2

Batteries—Summers, Killian, and Payne; Patten and Warner. Umpire—Mr. Evans.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

Eastern League.

At Toronto—Toronto, 1; Newark, 0.
At Montreal—Montreal, 2; Baltimore, 0.
At Buffalo—Buffalo, 2; Jersey City, 1.
At Rochester—Rochester, 7; Providence, 2.

American Association.

At Toledo—Indianapolis, 2; Toledo, 1.
At Milwaukee—Minneapolis, 4; Milwaukee, 0.
At Columbus—Columbus, 3; Louisville, 2.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 6; Kansas City, 3.

New York State League.

At Scranton—Scranton, 7; Troy, 0.
At Wilkesbarre—Albany, 10; Wilkesbarre, 0.
At Syracuse—Syracuse, 5; A. J. & G., 3.
At Binghamton—Binghamton, 5; Utica, 4.

Tri-State League.

At Johnstown—Harrisburg, 4; Johnstown, 3.
At Wilmington—Wilmington, 2; Lancaster, 1.
At Trenton—Trenton, 4; Reading, 3.

Connecticut League.

At Holyoke—Springfield, 2; Holyoke, 0.
Other games postponed—Rain.

New England League.

At Brockton—Brockton, 6; Lowell, 4.
Other games postponed—Rain.

Union League.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 4; Paterson, 1.
At Reading—Reading, 4; Elizabeth, 2. Reading, 7; Elizabeth, 4.
Other games postponed—Rain.

Southern League.

At Mobile—Mobile, 4; Atlanta, 1.
At Memphis—Memphis, 8; Montgomery, 2.
At New Orleans—New Orleans, 4; Nashville, 1.
At Little Rock—Little Rock, 1; Birmingham, 0.

College Baseball Results.

At Hanover—Amherst, 6; Dartmouth, 0.
At Geneva—Colgate, 7; Hobart, 2.
At Washington—Georgetown, 6; West Virginia, 1.
At Andover—Phillips-Andover, 2; Pennsylvania Freshmen, 1.
At Princeton—Blair Academy, 8; Lawrenceville, 0.

Negro Clubs at Polo Grounds.

At the Polo Grounds on Decoration Day afternoon the opening game of the championship season of the National Association of Colored Professional Clubs will take place, when the Brooklyn Royal Giants and the famous Cuban Giants line up for a double-header at 2 and 4 P. M. Big preparations have been made by Business Manager Nat C. Strong for the opening. A band will give a concert before and during the game.

New Rochelle Spring Regatta.

J. A. Mahlstedt, Chairman of the Regatta Committee of the New Rochelle Yacht Club, reports that thus far thirty entries have been received for the Club's twenty-third annual Spring regatta to be sailed off Echo Bay this afternoon. Although the New Rochelle Yacht Club has withdrawn from the Yacht Racing Association, and, as this is the opening race on the Sound, the list of entries already exceeds that of any previous year, and the club officials are highly enthusiastic in anticipation of the success assured.

Mr. Mahlstedt has arranged a special class for schooners in which the contestants are Zurah, owned by Ex-Commodore Henry Doscher, N. R. Y. C.; the Gardenia, owned by Vice Commodore Leo Herzig, Brooklyn Y. C.; and the Tammany, owned by Commodore Town, Brooklyn Y. C.

AUTOMOBILES FOR RACE TRACK

leave Broadway entrance Times Building daily at 12:30 noon and 1:00 P. M. Fare $1.00.

PRISCILLIAN WINS CLAREMONT STAKE

Three-Year-Old Easily Beats Roseben for Handicap at Belmont Park.

TWO LONG CHANCES FIRST

Ogemah and Lord Stanhope, at 15 to 1 Each, Capture Purses from Light Fields on a Muddy Course.

The expectation of a meeting between Jack Atkin, rated by experts as the best mature horse in training, and the old champion sprinter Roseben was the chief cause for a singularly large off-day patronage at the Belmont Park race course yesterday. The horses were named to run for the Claremont Handicap, six and a half furlongs, a distance which suits both, and, though the weather was gloomy and the track bad, the belief was general that the old and new champions at sprinting would run, as mud never has stopped Roseben and Jack Atkin's owner and trainer is known to be hampered by no disposition to pamper his horses. Just this once, however, it was decided that Jack Atkin, which had eleven pounds the worst of the handicap, should be kept in his stable, and the new champion and top weight were scratched, to the great disappointment of the crowd.

Roseben ran, however, in a field of five horses, including the added starter Rosimiro, and went to the post an equal favorite with the three-year-old gelding Priscillian, King Cobalt starting as the next choice, with Stargowan and Rosimiro the outsiders.

In the running every horse except Stargowan had a turn in the lead, Rosimiro leading away from the post, with Roseben beside him. On the bend into the straight Roseben, running in something like his old style to that point, showed before Rosimiro, King Cobalt then moving up and in the straight passing Roseben, while Priscillian, going to the outside and running rather wide on the turn, closed on the leaders, and in the run down the straight moved to the front. At the last furlong pole the race practically was decided, Roseben beginning to stop there and Priscillian easily running away from King Cobalt and winning in commanding style by two lengths, King Cobalt second, beating Roseben three lengths for the place.

The post favorites were beaten in four races, with two long chances, Ogemah and Lord Stanhope, at 15 to 1 each, the winners of their respective races. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; seven and a half furlongs.

Park View, 100, (McCarthy,) 18-5, 4-5.....1
Colonel Jack, 114, (McDaniel,) 4-5, 1-5.....2
Alethuo, 111, (Notter,) 5-2, 2-5.....3

Time—1:34 4-5. Won easily. Winner b. f., 3 years, by Hamburg-Morningside. Owned by W. F. Mathews and trained by W. O. Joplin.

SECOND RACE.—For two-year-olds, selling allowances; five furlongs, straight.

Tahoe, 105, (Burns,) 2-1.....1
Right Sort, 105, (McDaniel,) 10-1, 4-1.....2
Gliding Belle, 105, (Brussel,) 15-1, 6-1.....3½
Miss Highland, 96, (Flynn,) 10-1, 4-1.....4
Bonie Kelso, 105, (Notter,) 8-1, 3-1.....5
Fore, 94, (D. Murphy,) 10-1, 4-1.....6
Dander, 104, (Horner,) 5-1, 2-1.....7
Warden, 105, (J. Lee,) 6-1, 2-1.....8
Harold, Jr., 99, (Garner,) 20-1, 8-1.....9
Donation, 96, (McCarthy,) 30-1, 10-1.....10
Helen Hills, 92, (T. Koerner,) 50-1, 20-1.....11
Joe Gaitens, 99, (Musgrave,) 7-1, 5-2.....12

Time—1:01 1-5. Won ridden out. Winner b. f., by Potentate-Turca. Owned by the Aftongreen Stable and trained by M. C. Kelly.

THIRD RACE.—The Claremont Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; six and a half furlongs on the main track.

Priscillian, 111, (Notter,) 2-1, 3-5.....1
King Cobalt, 102, (McCarthy,) 3-1, 4-5.....2
Roseben, 129, (Shaw,) 2-1, 7-10.....3
Rosimiro, 88, (Sumter,) 12-1, 3-1.....4
Stargowan, 100, (McCahey,) 15-1, 4-1.....5

Time—1:21 1-5. Won easily. Winner ch. g., 3 years, by Hastings-St. Priscilla. Owned by August Belmont and trained by A. J. Joyner.

FOURTH RACE.—For two-year-olds, non-winners of two races, special weights, with penalties; four and one-half furlongs, straight.

Ogemah, 108, (J. Lee,) 15-1, 4-1.....1½
Granja, 103, (Garner,) 4-1, 7-5.....2
Doctor Pillow, 108, (McDaniel,) 15-1, 4-1.....3
Golden View, 105, (Musgrave,) 3-1, 1-1.....4
David Warfield, 108, (Notter,) 11-5, 4-5.....5
Uncle Walter, 105, (Horner,) 5-1, 9-5.....6

Time—0:54 1-5. Won cleverly. Winner b. c., by Kinley Mack-Crown Jewell. Owned by C. L. Harrison and trained by R. Colston.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; nonwinners in 1908, special weights; seven furlongs.

Tony Bonero, 110, (Notter,) 4-1, 1-1.....1½
Anateus, 100, (Musgrave,) 6-1, 7-5.....2
Master Robert, 100, (Fulton,) 4-5, 1-3.....3½
Bedouin, 107, (McCarthy,) 5-1, 1-1.....4

Time—1:28 3-5. Won cleverly. Winner br. c., 4 years, by Sain-America. Owned by C. R. Fleischmann and trained by J. J. Hyland.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling; one mile.

Lord Stanhope, 96, (Henry,) 15-1, 5-1.....1
Dellwether, 91, (T. Koerner,) 1-1, 2-5.....2
Druid, 107, (Notter,) 8-1, 3-1.....3½
Obert, 84, (Sumter,) 7-1, 5-2.....4
Banyah, 96, (Garner,) 8-1, 3-1.....5
Missouri Lad, 99, (Mayer,) 20-1, 7-1.....6
Palette, 97, (McCahey,) 30-1, 10-1.....7
Masaniello, 109, (Musgrave,) 7-1, 5-2.....8
Castlewood, 92, (C. Brady,) 15-1, 5-1.....9
Biffil, 102, (McCarthy,) 100-1, 30-1.....10

Time—1:42. Won handily. Winner b. g., 4 years, by Stanhope II.-Lerete. Owned by C. F. Clark and trained by R. A. Smith.

Belmont Park Entries.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; non-winners of three or more races, or of $1,200; special weights; allowances; four and one-half furlongs straight.

Pounds.		Pounds.
Uncle Jim	115	Chepontuc 110
Sir Martin	115	Weymouth 107
Clockwork	110	Queen Eleanor 107
Trois Temp	110	

SECOND RACE.—Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a furlong.

Salvidere	126	Ellisdale	110
Blue Book	125	Animus	108
Rifleman	122	Also eligible:	
Colonel Jack	119	Master of Craft	110
Good Luck	110	Littleton Maid	97

THIRD RACE.—The Juvenile Stakes, for two-year-olds; scale weights; five furlongs straight.

Casque	122	Joe Madden	122
May River	122	Statesman	122
Lawton Wiggins	122	The Gardener	122

FOURTH RACE.—The Withers Stakes, for three-year-olds; scale weight; one mile.

Colin	126	Fair Play	126
King James	126	Dorante	126
Chapultepec	126	Question Mark	126

FIFTH RACE.—The Whitney Memorial Steeplechase; scale weight; about two miles and a half.

John M. P.	163	Kara	156
T. S. Martin	156	Sandy Creeker	142

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile.

Good Luck	113	D'Arkle	102
Troublemaker	109	Banyah	95
Rye	108	*Rockstone	94
Samuel H. Harris	105	*Pontoon	94
Park Row	102	Nick Stoner	93
Keator	102		

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

NOTES OF THE TURF.

James R. Keene has lost by death at his Kentucky breeding farm, Castleton Stud, the imported mare Cinderella, by Hermit-Mazurka, by See Saw, 20 years old. Cinderella was dam of a number of winners, but her chief fame as a producer was due to the post colt Peter Pan, the star three-year-old of the Keene Stable last Spring, and winner in his two years on the turf of ten races and $110,450 in eighteen starts.

Stargowan, owned by P. J. Rainey and ridden by the Rainey Stable jockey, McCahey, ran away going to the post for the Claremont Handicap at Belmont Park yesterday and covered two miles before the rider could pull up. He started in the race as a matter of form, but simply galloped behind his field all the way.

The Stewards at Belmont Park yesterday called up Jockey McDaniel for an explanation of why he was so slow in leaving the post on Colonel Jack in the first race. McDaniel's explanation that the horse was caught in the barrier as it rose was accepted as satisfactory.

The famous broodmare Isis, daughter of two English Derby winners, by Bend Or-Shotover, by Hermit, has been reported dead in Kentucky. Isis was imported by the late Marcus Daly, who esteemed her highly as a producer, aside from his pride in her as the produce of two Derby winners—Bend Or, in 1880, and Shotover, in 1882. The most noted of her produce was Isidor, now a promising stallion in service.

MEADOW BROOK WINS IN POLO.

Harold Phipps, by Making Seven Goals, Secures Country Club Cups.

There was more fun than science in the final polo game yesterday for the Country Club Cups played on the Westchester Country Club's polo field between the home team and Meadow Brook's second quartet, for the drenching rain of the last few days made the turf so soft that before the first period closed the middle of the big field was a veritable quagmire of mud and water.

But, amid these ludicrous conditions, in which good and bad luck outweighed any science that the players had intended to show, the Meadow Brook four deservedly earned its victory, for in all-around team work and straight, accurate hitting they were decidedly superior to their opponents. The Meadow Brook men won by 10¼ goals to 6, the Phipps boys, by their vigorous play and hard riding, being responsible for the triumph, as was the case in the first game for the cups, when they beat Squadron A. Harold Phipps displayed his accuracy in sending the ball between the posts by making 7 of the 9 points scored by his team, J. S. Phipps making the other two.

The winners, being the weaker team by handicap ratings, received two goals from Westchester, but the allowance could have been given better than taken, for Meadow Brook earned 9 goals to 6 for the home delegation. The teams and summary:

MEADOW BROOK 2D.		WESTCHESTER.	
I. S. Phipps	3	Sidney C. Love	2
Harold Phipps	1	J. C. Cooley	4
H. C. Phipps	3	Leavitt J. Hunt	3
Paul P. Rainey	2	E. C. Potter	2
Total	9	Total	11

Summary.—Goals Earned—Meadow Brook, 9, (Harold Phipps, 7; J. S. Phipps, 2;) Westchester, 6, (Love, 4; Cooley, 1; Hunt, 1.) Allowed by handicap—Meadow Brook, 2. Lost by penalties—Meadow Brook, ¾ for one foul and one safety. Net score—Meadow Brook, 10¼; Westchester, 6. Referee—Fred H. Allen.

SCHOOLBOYS AT RANGES.

Stuyvesant Leads High Schools In Shoot for Whitney Trophy.

Competition among the high school rifle teams for the Whitney trophy began yesterday afternoon at the ranges of the Seventy-first Regiment, Thirty-fourth Street and Park Avenue. The contesting teams were the Bryant, Boys' High, and Stuyvesant. Each school has entered two teams, and the shooting will continue today and Monday. Capt. Corwin, Inspector of Small Arm Practice, is the officer in charge. The scores:

STUYVESANT FIRST TEAM.	Pts.	BRYANT FIRST TEAM.	Pts.
George Repko	49	P. Coffey	48
P. De Gaetano	47	F. Brundin	48
S. Warshansky	48	G. Callaway	48
E. Ehrhart	48	J. McLaughlin	44
C. Austrian	50	I. Terwilliger	48
Total	242	Total	236
BOYS' HIGH FIRST TEAM.		BOYS' HIGH SECOND TEAM.	
H. K. Beasley	49	J. A. Applegate	44
L. R. Leverich	44	E. J. Hoffman	43
D. B. Parker	47	F. S. Gardner	44
A. Fletcher	43	J. B. Stenbuck	43
C. W. Slaughter	47	J. Smith	48
Total	230	Total	222

Columbia Loses at Lacrosse.

Harvard's lacrosse team defeated Columbia on South Field yesterday, 11 to 0. In spite of the muddy field the game was a fast one, as the boys from Morningside were small and light, and caused their larger opponents considerable trouble by quick runs and dodges. What they possessed in speed they lacked in passing, however, so that the ball was always in Columbia's ground, except upon occasions when Melitzer, Columbia, who was the star of the game, made long runs into the opponents' field and threatened their goal. In a scrimmage Alexander of Harvard had his nose broken, but otherwise the list of casualities was limited to sprained fingers and bruises. The line-up:

Harvard.	Positions.	Columbia.
Sheip	Guard	Trott
Wellman	Point	Lobeck
Thompson	Cover point	Baum
Crandall	First defense	Hoag
Courtenay	Second defense	Swarwout
Downer	Third defense	Bernstein
Alexander	Centre	Turpin, (Capt.)
Currie	Third assist	McCall
Smith	Second assist	Kudlich
Purbeck	First assist	Melitzer
Cobb	On home	McVaugh

Vance, (Capt.)—In home. Golden, Schlossman
Goals—Currie, 4; Vance, 3; Smith, 2; Sheip, 2.

Accident at Horse Show.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., May 22.—An accident to Harry L. Burrage marred the Country Club Horse Show this afternoon. In the Corinthian Club class, open to all hunters, Mr. Burrage was thrown at the second jump, and though he was picked up unconscious and bleeding, his injuries are not thought to be serious. The blue ribbon for the event went to T. W. Pierce's John Pell. In the heavyweight hunters' class Horatio Hathaway's Gloaming won. Other firsts were taken during the afternoon by T. G. Plant's Dusky Dazzler, J. A. Davis's Eugenia, S. A. Fessenden's My Lady Love, and Mr. Crane's Hecla. The morning awards were as follows: Saddle horses, H. G. Plant's Gypsy Queen won; novice polo ponies, Dedham Polo Club's Boritzu won; lightweight hunters, Miss Mary S. Ames's Sawdust won.

North Shore Horse Show.

LOCUST VALLEY, L. I., May 22.—W. Burling Cocks, Secretary of the Piping Rock Horse Show, announces that the sixth annual horse show of the North Shore Horse Show Association will be held at Piping Rock, October 2 and 3.

Freshmen Crew In Regatta.

Considerable dissatisfaction is being expressed among the Columbia 'Varsity oarsmen because of the intention of Coach Rice of taking the first 'Varsity eight out of the Harlem Regatta on Decoration Day and substituting his freshman eight. Since the shakeup, after the Annapolis race, the first eight has been going very poorly, and in several trials over the Harlem course both the freshmen and the second boat beat them. The freshmen, on the contrary, have shown a remarkable endurance and adaptive ability to Rice's peculiar stroke ever since they were first boated. Their defeat of what Yale men had expressed as the best freshman crew Yale has had for years went far to establish their ability as oarsmen, and their subsequent fine showing has induced Coach Rice to boat them on two races on the Harlem, the junior and senior, a hitherto unprecedented action.

Columbia Athletic Officers.

At meetings of various athletic committees of Columbia University yesterday the following men were elected to hold office: D. Ramsdel, '10, assistant baseball manager; G. H. Barrett, '10, assistant track manager; E. H. Mackenzie, '11, freshman track Captain; C. B. Miller, '10, and D. Armstrong, '09, President and Vice President of the Fencing Club; McK. Duncan, '10, manager, and W. L. Riley, assistant manager; H. Perrine, '09, temporary Captain of next year's team. The Insignia Committee awarded monograms and stripes.

Colgate Academy Wins Meet.

HAMILTON, N. Y., May 22.—The interscholastic track meet held at Hamilton to-day was won by Colgate Academy with 39¼ points. Syracuse High School was second, with 31 points, and Canton High School third, with 12 points.

New Haven Club Changes Hands.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 22.—Dr. Bert Daly of Bayonne, N. J., to-day sold the New Haven nine of the Connecticut League, which he purchased three months ago, to George Bone and P. O. Cameron of this city. Mr. Bone is a polo player and Mr. Cameron a hotel proprietor.

Miss Titterton Wins Golf Title.

ST. ANDREWS, Scotland, May 22.—The women's open golf championship tournament of Great Britain has been won by Miss Titterton, who beat Miss Campbell at the nineteenth hole. Miss Titterton is the player who defeated Miss Phelps of Brooklyn in the fourth round. She is an English international player, but before to-day she never has survived the semi-final stage of the championship contests.

American Cup for Spanish Races.

MADRID, May 22.—William M. Collier, the American Minister to Spain, acting on behalf of F. Lewis Clarke, the Boston yachtsman, has presented the Royal Yacht Club with a magnificent cup to be competed for by Spanish yachts. The ceremony was accompanied by felicitous exchanges. King Alfonso was at the club when the cup was presented. He was highly pleased, and admired the cup greatly. The cup on one side represents Queen Isabella turning over her jewels to Columbus, and on the other Columbus landing on American soil.

Baseball To-day, 3:30 P. M.—American League Park, N. Y. Americans vs. Chicago.—Adv.

DE LA SALLE WINS ATHLETIC HONORS

Annual Meet of New York Interscholastic League Held on Muddy Track.

WINNERS SCORE 67 POINTS

Barnard Finishes Second and Cutler Third — Shanley, Twelve-Year-Old Boy, Shows Surprising Form.

For the second consecutive year De La Salle Institute yesterday won the New York interscholastic athletic championship on Ohio Field, scoring 67 points; Barnard School was second, with 58 points, and Cutler third, with 41 points. Berkeley School also competed, but failed to score a point. The cup remains in possession of De La Salle, and another victory will make it its absolute property.

Despite the unfavorable weather conditions, there was a big crowd of spectators on hand to witness the events. Competition was very keen, especially in the sprints, all of which were decided by narrow margins.

The feature of the meet was the work of Shanley of De La Salle in the pole vault. Shanley, who is only 12 years old and weighs less than eighty pounds, was pitted against boys several years his senior. He tied Dewey of Barnard for first place, with a vault of 8 feet 4 inches, but the strain of the contest and the wet grounds proved too much for him on the jump-off and he was compelled to take second place.

De La Salle's victory was largely due to the splendid work of the boys in the sprints, as both junior and senior events in the 100 and 220 yard dashes were won by De La Salle schoolboys. The summaries:

100-Yard Dash, Senior.—Won by Scannell, De La Salle; Rudell, Barnard, second; Laird, Barnard, third; Harwood, Cutler, fourth. Time—0:11.

100-Yard Dash, Junior.—Won by D. Meenin, De La Salle; Newenhous, De La Salle, second; Frank, Barnard, third; Curdy, Barnard, fourth. Time—0:11 1-5.

220-Yard Dash.; Senior.—Won by Scannell, De La Salle; Rudell, Barnard, second; Harwood, Cutler, third; Orr, Cutler, fourth. Time—0:24 4-5.

220-Yard Dash, Junior.—Won by Newenhous, De La Salle; Frank, Barnard, second; D. Meenin, De La Salle, third; McRosie, Barnard, fourth. Time—0:26.

120-Yard Hurdles.—Won by Stark, Cutler; J. Meenin, De La Salle, second; Colby, Barnard, third; Davidson, Barnard, fourth. Time—0:16 2-5.

220-Yard Hurdles.—Won by Stark, Cutler; J. Meenin, De La Salle, second; Davidson, Barnard, third; Churchill, De La Salle, fourth. Time—0:26 4-5.

440-Yard Run.—Won by Rudell, Barnard; Scannell, De La Salle, second; Davidson, Barnard, third; Newenhous, De La Salle, fourth. Time—0:56 2-5.

880-Yard Run.—Won by Wilson, Cutler; Vincent, Barnard, second; Duffy, De La Salle, third; Mitchell, De La Salle, fourth. Time—2:18.

One-Mile Run.—Won by Wilson, Cutler; Hill, Barnard, second. Time—4:54 1-5.

Running Broad Jump.—Won by Harwood, Cutler; Rudell, Barnard, second; Churchill, De La Salle, third; Stark, Cutler, fourth. Distance, 18 feet 2½ inches.

Pole Vault.—Won by Dewey, Barnard; Shanley, De La Salle, second; Frank, Barnard, and Churchill, De La Salle, tied for third. Height, 8 feet 4 inches.

Putting 12-Pound Shot.—Won by Stark, Cutler; Farrell, De La Salle, second; J. Meenin, De La Salle, third; Doyle, De La Salle, fourth. Distance, 38 feet 6 inches.

Hammer Throw.—Won by Ferris, Barnard; J. Meenin, De La Salle, second; Doyle, De La Salle, third; McCann, De La Salle, fourth. Distance, 72 feet.

Throwing Discus.—Won by Stark, Cutler; Gregory, De La Salle, second; J. Meenin, De La Salle, third; Farrell, De La Salle, fourth. Distance, 86 feet 6 inches.

LULL BEFORE THE STORM.

Harry Clinton Named on the Racing Board of the A. A. A.

While there was a lull yesterday in the public movements of the Automobile Club and the American Automobile Association, there were some vigorous undercurrents in motion to strengthen the defenses of the two bodies in preparation for the inevitable contest. It is not expected that the open breach will come until after the meeting of the Racing Board of the American Association on Tuesday or until after the meeting of the Board

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GETTING READY.

We noted the other day the situation in Congress where the President had been "placated" by the promise to pass all his special measures, a promise the leaders could hardly have expected to carry out, and certainly could not carry out, and we called attention to the Anti-Injunction bill as the most conspicuous of those that were bound to fail. Immediately after the real situation was thus disclosed, a desperate effort was made by the Congressmen who were afraid of the labor union politicians to get favorable action on an Anti-Injunction bill of some sort in the House, even though it was sure to be defeated in the Senate. The effort failed. The Republicans will have to go to the country, in the general election and in the Congressional districts, with no addition to the record they have already made as to their sympathy with "Labor."

It is easy to criticise these tactics on the part of the supporters of the labor measures as demagogy. But there is a meaning to that word which makes it just as applicable to the opponents of these measures as to their supporters. The plain truth is that the bills have been shelved, not so much because those opposed to them found them dangerous, unfair, and hurtful to the public interests as because the conservative sentiment of the country had been aroused against them, and the Republican leaders in the House, as well as in the Senate, were frightened of this sentiment. From a purely selfish point of view, the politicians studied as well as they could the strength of the two opposing forces, came to a conclusion as to which was the more formidable, and acted on it. It is what politicians of each party are doing all the time, and it would be mere affectation to assume that either those for or those against the labor bills were actuated solely by conscience and devotion to principle. Some of them doubtless were; most of them probably were not.

The incident is a part of the inevitable process of getting ready for the National campaign. We think that it is a good sign. There has been a good deal of demagogy, of one sort and another, in Congress, and in the White House as well, for several years. There has been quailing before passion and prejudice and there have been efforts to arouse prejudice and passion to sustain "policies" entered on rather hastily. It begins to appear to those engaged in this kind of politics that they have, perhaps, overdone the business, outrun demand, endangered their political credit, incurred the risk of suspension; if not of final insolvency. They have realized that they were too much extended and that neither their cash on hand nor their command of future resources was sufficient to enable them to carry on their operations on the lines adopted with safety. It may, with a good deal of reason, be said that Congress nears its end with the conservative and radical, the destructive and the protective, forces in a state approaching equilibrium. Considering how far this has been from the truth for the past four years, it is a matter of congratulation. It permits us to look upon the present situation as an augury, an installment, of that condition of relative repose which the country so sorely needs.

THE BRIDGE ACCIDENT.

The runaway of the trolley cars down the Bridge slope toward Manhattan might so easily have been worse that the lesson should be learned before a larger price is paid for more experience. It is only a little while since Mr. LINDENTHAL criticised the pending terminal plans on the ground that they were laid out on a curve at the base of a dangerous decline. Even those who stubbornly contend that a terminal is indispensable might perceive that it is in the wrong place as situated. If the decline were protracted not only would the curve be eliminated and the decline be merged into a safe level, but the protraction of the line would obviate the necessity of the terminal, and afford traffic connections which would cost far less than the unnecessary terminals.

It is disconcerting to have it demonstrated that the running away of one trolley car downhill may implicate several in a general smash. Apparently the snapping of a single brake rod disabled the brakes at both ends of the car first disabled. Surely there should be alternative brakes incapable of disorder at the same time. The employés do not seem to have shown much nimbleness of wit, although criticism ought not to be severe under such sudden tests. On steam railways the brakemen and engineers know how to govern the relative speeds of the leading and following cars so that the one ahead may check the one behind. It does not follow that because the trolley accident is so alarming that therefore a similar accident would be worse on the elevated roads. The brakes are better and more numerous on a train. And after all the bridge has done good work through many years with almost a minimum of fatality.

THE HYDROPHOBIA SCARE.

There is no more reason to be afraid of hydrophobia now than there has been at any time since the dog has been man's best friend among the lower animals. That dogs are subject to a fatal disease misnamed hydrophobia—fear of water—is an assured fact, but the disease is not very common, and more trouble and agony have been caused among human beings by fear of it than by the malady itself. There are signs that we are on the eve of another hydrophobia scare. This is going to be a hard year for the dogs. But there are no facts to justify the scare.

Tramp dogs ought to be exterminated. They are nuisances. Any unlicensed dog is an object of justifiable suspicion, and although its lack of a license is not its own fault, it should be put to painless death when captured. Persons who fail to secure licenses for their dogs, and who do not properly look after their dogs' health, are not fit to own dogs. It may also be fairly said that they who keep dogs confined in close quarters in crowded cities are not the kind of folks who care most for dogs.

The physicians are not agreed as to whether the hysterical derangement caused by fear of hydrophobia can cause death. It seems that it may greatly aggravate some forms of organic disease. But there is no doubt that the story of the strange death of Mr. MARSH has produced a general scare which will reduce many persons to a state of nervous prostration, and there is no doubt that many healthy dogs will be put to death. Let us all try to be as sensible as possible, and fair to the dogs.

"NO STEP BACKWARD."

The spear which knows no brother makes no distinction between the wicked HARRIMAN and the virtuous MELLEN. Not so long ago the President of the New Haven was in such favor that his words were cited in a Presidential message, and his visits to the White House were welcome. Now his road is defendant in a Federal suit to suppress his combinations in restraint of trade, and in the nature of a monopoly. It is odd that this action follows within a week the announcement of the filing with the Inter-State Commission of a new schedule of rates by the defendant, opening up a new line to the west from Southern New England over this route. Not only does the new line give the southern section of New England the same advantage that has been enjoyed by the northern section, served by the Boston & Maine, but the rates through the northern gateway are reduced all the way from 40 cents to $1 a ton from June 10.

This is odd restraint of trade, and is not exactly a demonstration of a monopoly's malevolence. Clearly the routes through the southern and northern gateways are not parallel and competing, for the company controlling both would find no advantage in reducing rates and picking its own pocket. The routes are supplementary, and the reduction will attract traffic from other routes or cause movement which otherwise would not occur. Eastward-bound silks, tea, lumber, grain will have an opportunity to reach New England otherwise than via the New York Central or Pennsylvania. In the reverse direction there is provided an alternative outlet for all high-class factory products originating south of Boston & Albany territory. The effect of the combination by the defendant is to cheapen the route to and from the Pacific Coast, and even to Asia, for the combination includes a rate sheet in connection with the Canadian Pacific. Instead of the suppression of local competition it is the extension of continental competition.

It is further to be remarked that the necessity of Federal action is not obtrusive, as there are local laws controlling the combination, and new laws are pending. Moreover, there is no allegation of rebates, or discrimination between persons or places, or unjust relation of rates. There is no holding company resembling the Northern Securities case, nor overcapitalization. The question raised is simply whether in fact such combinations are violative of the policy of the Sherman Anti-Trust act, and, if so, whether the combinations shall be dissolved or the statute repealed. In fact, the statute is as much the defendant as the railways, or even more so. There should be no regret at the raising of the question, for it is one which requires settlement.

The nakedness of the question presented is its greatest merit. Billions of invested capital are in the same position before the law as the defendants, although they are not at the moment under prosecution. The people are going to have their way, of course, for this is a popular Government, but the day is approaching when it will not be possible for everybody to be on both sides of the question. The Administration is condemning the law, and enforcing it. The people are, or think they are, in favor of the law, and there is similar obscurity whether they are for or against its enforcement. There can be no true and lasting prosperity until the question is settled. It behooves everybody to get off the fence and drop illusions. Combinations of railways, corporations, and individuals can be smashed, if such is the popular will, but they cannot all be smashed without greater suffering than the country has yet suffered through a partial attempt. Perhaps the spear which knows no brother may yet be taught, or may learn, that it is no virtue to impale good and bad alike.

THE PLATT SCANDAL.

The failure of the suit brought by one woman to establish the fact of her marriage with Mr. THOMAS C. PLATT, whom another woman is suing for divorce, spares him the legal inconveniences that would have attended the success of the action, but saves him little in public standing or private reputation. Going to court to make his defense against charges that would bring shame and humiliation to any man of any age, this Senator of the United States, now nearly seventy-five years old, by his appearance in the witness chair, into which in his helplessness he was lifted by his attendants, and by his testimony, presented a spectacle of physical decrepitude and moral laxity to which only a morbid imagination could add a darkening touch. In publicly resisting a blackmailing attempt he did what many men would not have done, and that must be put to his credit; but that is the only entry upon that side of the unpleasant account. The baffled complainant went from the courtroom to the Tombs, to await trial upon charges of perjury, while he returns to his seat in the Senate, in which he represents the greatest State in the Union.

It is a shameful truth that THOMAS C. PLATT is a Senator, the occupant of a great office to which he has three times been elected, and now, for the third time, public decency is affronted by the flaunting forth of his follies and frailties. Society may in some measure condore the vagaries of those whose brilliant abilities and distinguished service have won its admiration and its respect, but the record of Mr. PLATT entitles him to no such extenuating and complacent leniency of judgment. His occupancy of the Senatorial office is a scandal, which common decency demands should be ended at once by his resignation.

The people of this State have been mightily stirred up of late about horse-race betting, a practice that may be viewed as an innocent pastime or as a perilous indulgence according to the means or the moderation of those who engage in it. Will they now demand that this man come down from the seat he is not, and never was, worthy to occupy, and take himself out of their sight, where his senile philanderings will no longer outrage their sense of decency? THOMAS C. PLATT in the Senate is a more revolting spectacle than the bookmaker at the race track. Will the pulpit in eloquent indignation launch against him its rebukes, will it exhort listening congregations to make heard an organized and State-wide demand for his immediate resignation, will it point out that to overlook and condone repeated transgressions blunts the public conscience, undermines morality, and destroys right standards of conduct? Do the people really need to be aroused to the flagrancy of the Platt scandal? Are they asleep? Have they any care for the good name of the State and for their own dignity? To what lengths must this old man go? How often and how many times must the community ring and the air reek with his escapades before they will come to the pitch of action? His term will not expire until March 4, 1909. Will they tolerate his presence in the Senate Chamber another week, without making their protesting voices heard by him?

He is a useless Senator, that they all know. This is not the worst of it. It is grievous that the Empire State should be without credit and without authority in the Senate, but the continuance there of THOMAS C. PLATT works a deeper ill. In civilized societies loose and shameless conduct invokes the penalty of public odium. It is, in effect, a repeal of the law of common morality to permit THOMAS C. PLATT to enjoy further those marks of public confidence and those honors that are worthily bestowed only upon respected and self-respecting men. What an example to the youth of the land!

STREET ROWDYISM.

The complaint of rowdyism along the Riverside Drive made on this page yesterday by one of our readers is well founded. On pleasant evenings and Sunday and holiday afternoons gangs of young ruffians group themselves in various spots along the drive and exchange loud and coarse banter, frequently assailing the passers with vulgar epithets. Sometimes they rudely jostle pedestrians. It is poor consolation to know that they mean no harm. They are, of course, seeking an outlet for superfluous energy. There used to be a fashionable school for girls up the drive, and the neighborhood of that establishment was a favorite rendezvous for rude young men and boys.

There is too much unchecked rowdyism all over the city, though the lawless spirit is not stronger here than elsewhere. We sadly need a larger and more efficient police patrol in many parts of the city. Protests of ununiformed citizens do not avail, but the sight of a blue coat, accompanied by a club, will effectively check the exuberance of the noisy loafers.

It is perfectly true that our parks are for no one kind or quality of human being, but for the healthful recreation of all alike. But when underbred young men walk about to recreate themselves they should behave decently or be punished for their misbehavior.

SALON PICTURES AND OTHERS.

The selected paintings from the Spring exhibition of the Paris Salon, which will be reproduced in the Pictorial Section of THE SUNDAY TIMES, are not all of fantastic and allegorical quality of the "Beethoven" of LAURENS reproduced last Sunday. LOUIS BEROUD'S big and showy work, "The Rush for Fortune," which will form the frontispiece, is of that genre. VAN PAPENDRECHT'S "Passage of the Beresina," RICHEMONT'S "Procession of the Miraculous Virgin," FONQUERAY'S "L'Agonie," FRANK CRAIG'S "Joan of Arc," and FAIVRE'S "Death of Mme. de Lamballe" are paintings crowded with figures, and FAIVRE'S expresses well the world's horror of those September massacres which ushered in the French Reign of Terror. Most of the others are of a pastoral or domestic character.

The most notable pictorial feature of THE SUNDAY TIMES, however, will not be a Salon picture, but a two-page reproduction of the photograph (by HARRIS & EWING) of the recent conference of Governors at the White House. The group includes many of the most celebrated Americans of the present hour, including the President and Vice President, Mr. BRYAN, Mr. J. J. HILL, Mr. CARNEGIE, the Justices of the Supreme Court, all the Governors, and some members of Congress.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Dr. Mitchell Proves His Youth.

If Dr. S. WEIR MITCHELL really is as old as the biography books try to make out, he retains to a truly phenomenal degree the emotional sensitiveness of youth, and many a time-worn junior of his may well envy his ability to carry the years so lightly. But the biography books must be wrong. The vivacity of Dr. MITCHELL'S fast-following novels more than hint that somebody has made a big mistake in chronology, and now he delivers a lecture in Philadelphia, in the course of which, after commenting on the antiquity, in one form or another, of the cult which for the moment bears the name invented for it by Mrs. EDDY, he declares himself "amazed" that "the disciplined minds of Americans, usually so skeptical, should be taken in in such increasing numbers by an elderly woman with a smile."

Most of us are so old as to be much more amazed by Dr. MITCHELL'S amazement than by what caused it. Americans, despite the mental discipline and the skepticism with which he credits them, have always been quite as ready as other people to be "taken in," and they seem to enjoy the resulting sensations. No vagaries, religious, philosophic, political, or economic, have been too wild for their enthusiastic acceptance, and it is not upon tottering Senators alone that "the elderly woman with a smile" has fastened her money-hooking fingers. As a matter of fact, we are able and willing to believe almost anything, especially if it promises something for nothing or next to it, and Dr. MITCHELL himself believes in the disciplined minds of his countrymen, which is carrying credulity far indeed, since, young as he is, he can well remember how wellnigh half of us went astray on the silver question, and he must have been told about the greenback craze that preceded it.

As for delusions of "healing," they have flourished in this country as perhaps in no other, and only this week our good Governor has ignored the unanimous plea of the medical profession and signed a bill which legalizes the practice of the oculist's delicate and difficult art by anybody competent to follow the optician's wholly different trade. If Dr. MITCHELL had been "amazed" at that he would have had much excuse, but there is nothing at all remarkable in the success of Eddyism—which, by the way, has been by no means such a great success as he seems to think, as its "increasing numbers" exist only in the sect's own statistics, which in this as in every other instance have no relation to facts.

What Dr. MITCHELL said about "psychotherapy," however, was truth and soundest sense, for while he did not deny that "there is something in it," he emphasized especially its limitations and talked much more about what it cannot do than about what it can—naturally, since the former is a vastly larger and more important subject than the latter.

Big Men and Big Minds.

According to a report just sent to the President of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, there is slight basis for Chief CROKER'S recent charge that under the present system of examinations he is getting firemen with more brains than muscle, and that the efficiency of the force is for that reason decreasing. As a matter of fact, says the Assistant Chief Examiner, the men mentally brightest and best informed are as a rule the biggest and strongest, while very few of those rejected for unintelligence or ignorance stand high in the physical tests.

This is contrary to the general impression as well as of Mr. CROKER'S in regard to the relation between body and mind, and yet it ought to be the lesson of observation that good bodies and good minds usually go together. The old saying, "mens sana in corpore sano" is not altogether an aspiration; it is also experience, for each largely depends on the other. It is true, indeed, that physical weaklings have often shown intellectual ability of one kind or another, and these exceptions have attracted more of popular attention than have the illustrations of the general rule.

Perhaps it is more nearly correct to say that the littleness of the man who is also big excites more comment than does the bigness of the man doubly great. The case of giants is different. They are almost invariably stupid fellows, and it is not alone in fairy tales and legend that the dwarfs get the better of the giants in every encounter that brings more than mere weight into play.

SILENT ON ARMAMENT.

Some Delegates to Lake Mohonk Conference Opposed Limitation Plank.

LAKE MOHONK, N. Y., May 22.—There was a sharp difference of opinion to-day in the Business Committee of the Lake Mohonk Conference on International Arbitration, of which Judge John H. Stiness is Chairman, as to whether or not the platform should include an expression favoring the limitation of armaments. One faction wanted the conference to go on record as definitely opposed to big armaments, especially in view of recent American military expansion. So much opposition to this plan developed that for the sake of harmony the contention was withdrawn. Those who offered this plan thought it useless to declare for a restriction of armament at the present time. The platform was finally adopted without such a provision.

The platform commends the work of The Hague Conference, notes the existence of fifty or more international arbitration treaties concluded within the last five years, commends the activity of educational institutions and business, professional, and labor organizations toward the prevention of war, and rejoices in the final act of The Hague Conference for a future meeting.

The principal address of the early session was delivered by Baron Korogo Takahira, Japanese Ambassador to the United States. Others who spoke were Dr. Henry C. White of the University of Georgia, President Joseph Swain of Swarthmore College, and William P. Rogers, Dean of the Law School of the University of Cincinnati.

STARVING RUSSIAN EXILES.

An Appeal for Relief—Nicholas Tchaykovsky Still Confined.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A public protest has just been made by members of the Russian Duma against the present methods of "justice" prevailing in the Empire of the Czar. In the eyes of Americans, added weight will attach to this protest in consequence of the treatment of Nicholas Tchaykovsky, and especially of Catherine Breshkovsky. These two illustrious prisoners are held in confinement indefinitely, without being brought to trial. In spite of Stolypin's promise of a prompt investigation and a fair trial for Tchaykovsky, there seems no prospect of his getting either.

The case of Mrs. Breshkovsky is even worse. This aged lady, beloved by hundreds in America who are anxious about her fate, is not allowed to communicate with her friends, and we do not know whether she is ill or well, alive or dead. Though as yet unconvicted of any crime, these two noble prisoners are treated in a way that would be a severe punishment even for a convicted felon.

In this connection, I wish to call attention to the fund for the relief of Russian political exiles. The Government every year banishes thousands of men and women to Siberia and other remote regions by "administrative order," i. e., by arbitrary decree, without trial or conviction. The allowance it makes to them is not enough to support life, and their suffering is intense. Lately it has grown worse, as the Government, which is daily showing itself more reactionary, has now forbidden the Russian press to publish descriptions of the conditions existing in Siberia or appeals from the friends of the exiles for contributions toward their support.

An English committee was organized last year through Mr. Tchaykovsky's efforts for the purely humanitarian purpose of supplying food and clothes to these starving and freezing exiles, many of whom are men and women of the highest character. The committee includes Canon Scott Holland, Lady Arthur Cecil, Edward Caird, late Master of Balliol College; Princess Kropatkin, T. Fisher Unwin, Mrs. Cobden Sanderson Mrs. Holman Hunt and many other well-known persons. It has lately issued an appeal for funds, which I earnestly commend to the friends of humanity in this country. Contributions should be sent to the treasurer, G. M. Trevelyan, Esq., 2 Cheyne Gardens, Chelsea, S. W., London, England; or they may be sent to Miss Alice Stone Blackwell, 45 Boutwell Avenue, Dorchester, Mass., by whom they will be forwarded. JULIA WARD HOWE.

Boston, Mass., May 21, 1908.

Edison Company Offends.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The residents of the West Thirty-eighth Street neighborhood have grounds for complaint. The almost incessant shower of cinders and dirt pouring forth from the tall chimneys of the Edison Power Company, situated at Thirty-eighth to Fortieth Street and First Avenue, is almost unbearable. The ground at times is literally covered, ruining the clothing of poor tenants. The dampness has turned the mass into a sort of sticky black paste; this is carried, despite all the care taken, on the shoes of the residents, destroying their very meagre assortment of floor coverings. Cinders collect on the roofs of buildings, and during storms become a heavy settling mass, destroying roofs and stopping up the leader pipes.

The nuisance of late has increased to such an extent that many of the old residents have been obliged to move to other locations.

JAMES SMITH.

New York, May 21, 1908.

Uncle Sam Guilty.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I see an article in your issue of to-day headed "Nailed a Smokemaker." If Health Commissioner Darlington wants to nail another let him take an office in the Park Row Building facing the Post Office; he will have a chance to nail Uncle Sam, and he won't have to look skyward. Just leave the window open when the wind is from the west and the smoke will come right in without knocking.

New York, May 21, 1908. A SUFFERER.

Matsushima Victims.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Since the disastrous explosion of the Japanese man-of-war Matsushima was cabled here on April 30 many American friends of Princess Marshal Oyama and Baroness Admiral Uriu have been anxiously waiting to know whether the report of the death of the sons of the distinguished ladies educated in this country was founded on fact or not. I am now in receipt of the Tokio papers containing the official report of the accident, in which are found the names of Second Lieut. Uriu and Cadet Oyama among the victims of the tragedy.

Perhaps you will permit me to add that Miss Tsuda, also one of the first Japanese women educated in this country, lost her father by a sudden death on April 24.

MASUJIRO HONDA.

New York, May 22, 1908.

A CHAPTER OF FINANCE.

"Beware the Stock Exchange!" he cried;
"Beware the wicked Wall Street sharks!
To swift and certain wreck he sails
Who on that treacherous sea embarks.

"I stand for this great principle—
A fair and honest deal for all;
To the dear public I'm resolved
At least one juicy plum shall fall.

"Now here's the Golden Glory Mine;
Its profits will surpass romance;
I've chosen it to open up
A bright, new chapter of finance.

"Its stock is twenty cents a share—
But buy it quickly, I implore!
'Twill rise to fifty, and above,
When we begin to ship our ore."

Time passed; the Golden Glory Mine—
What has become of it to-day?
It's vanished into nothingness;
Its stock you couldn't give away.

Meanwhile, the wicked Stock Exchange
Is still a place where buyers trade,
Where real stocks and bonds are sold,
And real dividends are paid!

R. H. TITHERINGTON.

PROF. LADD ON KOREAN AFFAIRS

Prince Ito's Secret Diplomatic Correspondence the Chief Source of His Book.

ANSWERS MR. HULBERT

Offers to Forward to Residency General of Korea Any Evidence of Wrongs Done by Japanese.

Prof. George Trumbull Ladd of Yale University replies to the challenges of Mr. Homer B. Hulbert, printed May 16 in a letter to THE TIMES, as to the authenticity of Prof. Ladd's recent book on Korea and his pecuniary relations with the Japanese Government, as follows:

New Haven, Conn., May 18, 1908.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

While carefully abstaining from all bitter, personal controversy, there are several things in Mr. Hulbert's letter of May 16 which, in the interests of truth and justice, seem to require a brief rejoinder. And, first, as to what, from the historical and international points of view, is most important—namely, the trustworthiness of our conflicting published accounts of the doings of the Japanese Government in Korea. As I have said in its preface, my book is based throughout either on facts which I personally examined with great care and free access to the evidence, or—as is for the most part true—on private or published official documents. To take a single illustration for purposes of comparison, the correct narrative of the night of Nov. 17, 1905, concerns the essential character of the convention on the foundation of which the Japanese protectorate over Korea was established. Messrs. Hulbert, McKenzie, and others have brought the gravest charges against Japan, such as that of using force to threaten the Emperor, of procuring fraudulently the Imperial seal, &c. These charges, so far as appears, have been made for the most part on warrant from the gossip of the clubs, the hotel verandas, and the street corners, such as have entered into the history of similar affairs in the Orient from time immemorial. My story of the important transaction, however, is that told by a translation from the Japanese of the official report which Prince Ito sent to the Emperor of Japan, and by a translation from the Korean of a memorial which was laid by his own Ministers before the Korean Emperor, within about one month of the signing of the treaty. Does Mr. Hulbert suppose that Prince Ito lied to his own Emperor in his secret diplomatic correspondence, or that the Korean Ministers eagerly sought torture and decapitation in the interests of the truthfulness of this same, hitherto unpublished, report?

Mr. Hulbert is evidently touched by my statement that no "authentic and trustworthy history of Korea" has ever been written, although he has himself, after several years of labor, published a history in two volumes. A reference to the context would show that I was referring to what any one accustomed to modern historical standards would regard as a critical and—pardon the word—"up-to-date" history. I suppose that Mr. Hulbert even would not claim the uncritical mixture of story and legend which constitutes all the early part of his work to be "authentic and trustworthy history." I have nowhere in my book on Korea attacked his historical accuracy in general. But, since he raises the question, let us take a single instance, and let us take it from modern times—a transaction about which there should be little difficulty in ascertaining the truth. In his narrative of the shameful events of 1884 Mr. Hulbert represents the Japanese as officially conniving at the attempt of a party of Koreans to obtain control of the Emperor by force; as going with several hundred troops to his palace on a forged order, and, when they were defeated and driven away by thousands of Chinese and Korean troops, as setting fire to their own legation buildings (!), and retreating to Chemulpo, "shooting at any Koreans whom they happened to see in their way." Opposite to this history, as told by Mr. Hulbert, let us place the brief account of Dr. Allen, ("Korea, Fact, and Fancy," p. 168f.,) who certainly cannot be accused of being pro-Japanese:

> Dec. 5.—The foreign representatives were invited to the palace for safety. The Japanese Minister went with 140 soldiers. The others declined. This was undoubtedly a serious diplomatic blunder on the Minister's part—one of several such as the Japanese have made in Korea.
>
> Dec. 6.—Tong Kwan Palace was attacked by 3,000 Koreans and 2,000 to 3,000 Chinese soldiers under Yuan Shi Kwai. It was defended by 140 Japanese soldiers, who fired a mine and dispersed the allies, after which the Japanese fought their way to their legation and on to Chemulpo.

Dr. Allen then tells how the Korean mob burned the Japanese Legation, their own Korean Post Office, and also burned and looted a number of Korean and foreign houses. But this is only one of scores of instances of what we are asked to credit as "authentic and trustworthy" Korean history.

Mr. Hulbert in his letter raises again the complaint, which has been answered over and over again, namely that no attention was paid by the Japanese Government, or by Mr. Stevens, to charges of fraud and oppression of Koreans by Japanese. Now in my book I have given a chapter to the subject of "Wrongs: Real and Fancied," and I have taken for illustrative purposes one or more instances of the attempts made by the Residency General to investigate such charges when forwarded by Mr. Hulbert himself, (see especially p. 374f.) One of the things in which Prince Ito particularly requested assistance was just this: Getting trustworthy statements of the charges of this nature, and so having an opportunity to investigate them and to punish the guilty. The British Consul General, I will now add, in conversation with me said that he had at first interested himself officially in some of Mr. Hulbert's complaints, but he had been obliged—as, indeed, others have been—at last to conclude that they could not be relied on when examined, so as to afford any basis for a correction of the alleged wrongs. To-day if Mr. Hulbert, or any one else, will put into my hands carefully prepared and sifted evidence of wrongs being done by Japanese to Koreans that will in any measure justify the statement he attributes to Dr. MacKay, I will at once willingly forward them to the Residency General of Korea. Before I came away one of the great missionary bodies operating in Korea had in the person of one of its officers issued instructions that if any missionary wished to take up the complaints of its converts at all, he should proceed in this sensible and businesslike way. No one has more explicitly declared than has Mr. Hulbert the lying nature and habit prevalent among the Koreans.

As to the relations of the Japanese Government to Messrs. Colbran and Bostwick and to other promoting firms, I have no brief for either party. The few words from me which seem to have so excited Mr. Hulbert were a protest against Mr. Millard's making, on the ground of rumor or partisan reports, statements reflecting upon the fairness and honor of a deceased American citizen and friend. It is to be noticed in the accounts of both Mr. Millard and Mr. Hulbert, however, that the real facts as to the connection of Mr. J. McLeavy Brown with this particular promoting scheme are left rather obscure. The truths of most importance are, first, that this incorruptible official, when he was Commissioner General of Customs, on auditing the accounts of the firm, recommended that items aggregating 1,100,000 yen be disallowed; second, that in 1896 he was through Russian intrigue dismissed in favor of M. Kir Alexieff, (although the plan met with only temporary success,) and that later, in 1901, presumably through the same influences, an attempt was made to dismiss him, and even to expel him forcibly from his residence by Korean officers, under the plea that the land was needed for a new palace for the Korean Emperor, (see Allen, pp. 201 and 214.)

One thing more only. I am sincerely obliged to Mr. Hulbert for his challenge "to state publicly whether I have received any money from the Japanese." Without this challenge it would have been undignified in me to publish the truth. I might have been compelled indefinitely to suffer from sensitiveness to the imputation of being a paid advocate of a doubtful cause; since, perhaps, there are comparatively few who can credit the possibility of such a relation as has always existed between me and the Japanese. The facts are these: I have been three times in Japan—in 1892, 1899, and 1906-7. I have never received a dollar of money from the Japanese; I have never had, with one exception, an offer of money, and this was for lectures on education in a rather remote place where my habit to decline pay was not clearly understood. But this offer, too, was disposed of by rejecting it without offense to the honorable feeling which prompted it. On the first visit President Dwight raised my traveling expenses; my entertainment and other expenses there were provided by native Christian friends. The second visit was in connection with a tour around the world. This time I paid my own traveling expenses with the exception of a complimentary ticket from San Francisco to Yokohama, and the institutions for whom I lectured made Mrs. Ladd and me their guests. The same policy was adhered to during the following Winter, when I lectured throughout India. At the last and longer visit to Japan the same thing was true, except that from our shores back to our shores again we were both guests of the Japanese. All three times and all the time the sincere, heartfelt, and generous recognition which the nation has rendered for my services in lines of education, ethics, and religion (never, except in connection with the grievously exaggerated and false reports, the truth of which I investigated in Korea, has my service been of a semi-political character) has left me, as I hope it has left my Japanese friends, without the slightest trace of the commercial taint to our mutual relations.

It is not given to human judgment to apportion justly the responsibility for such a series of murders as that of which Mr. Stevens's is one. But certain it is that just at present public opinion in the Far East is laying a heavy burden upon those "foreign friends" who have without doubt fostered the "misguided patriots" that are committing these deeds of blood. And now that the patriots have taken to shooting at sight their own countrymen who are conveying fuel or food to the foreigners in Söul and have promised to murder those of the former missionary friends of Mr. Hulbert himself who have openly declared their readiness to assist the Japanese Government in bringing in the reign of law and order for the uplift of Korea, almost any one might wish to deny the responsibility, indirect as well as direct, for so liberal a use of the method of assassination. But fires once kindled in such material as has for centuries been lying around loose in Korea are not easily extinguished—with water at any rate. And as long as the Korean ex-Emperor and his paid agents and Commissioners, native and foreign, are accusing each other of falsehood, it is not for outsiders to decide the delicate question of responsibility.

In a word, I am eager to have all my statements of fact submitted to historical tests; and as to charges or suspicions reflecting upon the disinterested character of my motives, I trust that the emphatic denial which I here make once for all will be found satisfactory.

GEORGE TRUMBULL LADD.

PICTURE MAY BE A REMBRANDT

Artist's Signature Is Discovered on Painting Labeled as Another's Work.

CHICAGO, May 22.—What may prove to be a master picture by the great Rembrandt, worth tens of thousands of dollars, is hanging to-day as it has been hanging for years in the Hutchinson Gallery of Old Masters at the Chicago Art Institute, catalogued and labeled as the work of another and inferior hand.

The picture is signed by Rembrandt. Not even the owner, Allison V. Armour of New Jersey, knew the signature was there. It is a sombre painting of a young man, apparently of the early seventeenth century, is dark brown in tone, and done in heavy shadow. It is supposed by its owner to be worth $4,000 or $5,000.

If it is a Rembrandt it is worth $50,000 or more. Except under close observation and in bright sunlight it bears no signature. On the frame is the name "Ferdinand Bol." Bol was a pupil of Rembrandt.

It remained for Director W. M. R. French of the Art Institute to discover the signature, but it is there, in letters faint in shadow, but distinct in brighter light—"Rembrandt."

ADMIT NEW YORK UNIONS.

Building Trades of This City Taken Into American Federation.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—At the concluding session to-day of the Executive Council of the Building Trades Department of the American Federation of Labor the building trades unions of the five boroughs of New York City were granted charters for affiliation with the Building Trades Department on condition that an advisory council be formed composed of delegates representing three affiliated international unions from each borough council.

It was decided that, inasmuch as the bricklayers' and plasterers' organizations are not affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, the council had no power to order local councils to admit them to membership, but they may use their discretion, provided the bricklayers and plasterers are members of the central bodies affiliated with the Federation of Labor.

METZ DISMISSES DR. PFLUG.

Medical Officer's Leader, McGuire, Had Left McCarren for Murphy.

Controller Metz has dismissed Dr. Charles J. Pflug, medical officer of the Department of Finance. It was said about the City Hall that politics is the reason. Dr. Pflug was appointed last December on the recommendation of William R. McGuire, Democratic leader of the Sixth Assembly District in Brooklyn.

McGuire has, however, become a supporter of Tammany Leader Murphy, and it had been suggested to Dr. Pflug that he had better break away from his old friend. He refused to do so.

"I haven't seen Dr. Pflug for five weeks," said Controller Metz yesterday. "I like to see a man once in a while to know he's on the job. That's why I've dispensed with the doctor's services."

LEITER WEDDING TO BE VERY QUIET

Only Immediate Relatives to Witness His Marriage to Miss Juliette Williams.

MISS JOHNSTON TO WED

Also Miss Ferris and Miss Rowland—Carnival Cotillion at Delmonico's for Mlle. Adeline Genee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Col. and Mrs. J. R. Williams have issued invitations to a breakfast on Wednesday, June 10, at Rauscher's, to follow the marriage of their daughter, Juliette, to Joseph Leiter, which will take place at noon.

No invitations have been issued for the wedding ceremony, which will take place at the apartment of the bride's parents, in the Connecticut, and will be witnessed only by the immediate relatives of the bride and the bridegroom. There will be no attendants beyond the small sister of the bride, Miss Frances Williams. The ceremony will be performed by a priest of the Roman Catholic Church, of which Miss Williams is a member.

The guests invited to the breakfast will number 150, including a number of out-of-town friends of both families.

The bride's table will be laid for twenty, the company here to be her most intimate friends. Col. and Mrs. Williams will also have a table of twenty covers, to accommodate the relatives and special guests. The smaller tables will accommodate eight persons each.

While much of the trousseau has been purchased in New York, Miss Williams has been most loyal to the tailor and modiste who have made her gowns from her childhood, and has intrusted her wedding gown and going-away gown to Washington makers.

Were they so inclined Mr. Leiter and his future bride might dine out every evening, but they are accepting few formal invitations. Major Gen. and Mrs. Corbin will give a breakfast in their honor next Sunday.

The Latin-American diplomatic contingent assembled at Carroll Institute Hall this evening by invitation of the Misses Carbo, daughters of the Minister from Ecuador, who gave a charming dramatic performance in Spanish. The Misses Carbo, of whom there are four between 16 and 21, were assisted by Miss Calvo, daughter of the Minister from Costa Rica; Miss Mercedes Godoy, Miss Julia Veloz, the Messrs. Godoy, Josef Campello of Cuba, and Mr. Veloz of Venezuela. Two short plays were given, "The Little Marchioness," by Vitae Aza, and the "Surprise of Isadora," by Ramon Roman.

In the audience, in addition to the members of the Mexican Embassy staff and that of Ecuador, were the Cuban Minister and Mme. Quesada, the Minister from Haiti and Mme. Leger, the Minister from Nacaragua and Mme. Corea, the Chargé d'Affaires of Panama, the Minister from Argentina and Mme. Portela, the Minister from Colombia and Mme. Cortez, the Hon. and Mrs. Hannis Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Walton, Mrs. W. N. Harper, Mrs. C. G. Dulin, Albert Dulin, Mr. and Mrs. George Knox, and Miss Winifred Davis.

Mrs. Taft will go to Philadelphia tomorrow to attend the closing exercises of the Baldwin School at Bryn Mawr, where Miss Helen Taft will be graduated.

Mr. and Mrs. Walcott Tuckerman entertained a dinner company of twenty this evening complimentary to Miss Edith Sanger and Mandeville Carlisle, whose marriage will take place May 27 at St. John's Church.

Mrs. Seaton Schroeder has gone to Newport for a short visit to Capt. and Mrs. M. K. Johnson. She will shortly open their home at Jamestown, R. I., for the Summer.

THREE WEDDINGS TO-DAY.

Miss Marie Johnston, Miss Ferris, and Miss Florence Rowland the Brides

The wedding of Miss Marie Louise Johnston, daughter of Mrs. William J. Johnston of this city, and Charles Atkins Baker will take place at 4 o'clock this afternoon in All Angel's Church. A reception will follow at the residence of the bride's mother, 774 West End Avenue.

The marriage of George Webster Adams of Utica, N. Y., and Miss Ferris, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ferris, will take place at noon to-day at the residence of the bride's parents in Westchester, N. Y. After the ceremony a reception will be held.

The wedding of St. John Smith, a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Hopkins Smith, and Miss Florence Rowland, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Morton Rowland of Chicago, will take place to-day in Grace Church, Amherst, Mass., where the Rowlands have a country place. Mr. Smith and his bride will soon sail for Europe.

CHILDREN DANCE FOR GENEE.

Shower Her with Flowers at a Cotillion at Delmonico's.

About a hundred boys and girls took part in a carnival cotillion in honor of Mlle. Adeline Genee, given by the combined classes of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Duryea yesterday afternooon in the large ballroom at Delmonico's.

A feature of the exercises was the floral divertisement, in which each child carried a rose. At the conclusion of the dance the children showered Mlle. Genee with rose petals.

The children who took part in the dances have arranged to present Mlle. Genee with a gold pin studded with diamonds, engraved with the school initials as a token of appreciation of her art.

Other figures included a Chinese fantasie, the whip dance, the dance of the bells, by the Misses Geary, Pressinger and Walter.

Misses Ethel Amorita Kelley and Regina Cornell danced "The Shepherd and Shepherdess."

Other dances were the cord and tassel dance, laces and graces, and Mexican pastimes.

Among the pupils of the various classes were the Misses Dorothy Wilde, Ethel Brennan, Ella Belle Taylor, Julia May, Margarita Schile, and Sylvia Judson.

Presented at British Court.

LONDON, May 22.—The Court at Buckingham Palace to-night was attended by a large number of royal personages and diplomats. Mrs. Reid, wife of the American Ambassador, presented the following ladies: Mrs. Herbert Shipman, wife of the pastor of the Church of the Heavenly Rest, New York; Miss Marion Litchfield, New York; Miss Mary L. Duke, New York; Miss Moyra Vail Jones of New London, Conn.; Mrs. Frank Mitchell of Washington, and Mrs. Jerome B. Landfield, wife of Prof. Landfield, Professor of History at the University of California, who before her marriage was Princess Liuba Lobanoff.

Clubhouse for Phi Gamma Delta.

The members of the Phi Gamma Delta have voted to take a ten-year lease of the property at 32 and 34 West Forty-fourth Street as a clubhouse. It is between the Yale Club and the Bar Association. About $30,000 will be spent on remodeling the present buildings. There are 1,000 members of this fraternity in New York. Hampton Daugherty is President. Well-known members are Gen. Horace Porter, Vice President Fairbanks, Percival Kuhne, and O. H. Cheney.

Barbecue for Entertainment Club.

The Entertainment Club, of which Mrs. Roswell Hitchcock is President, will hold a barbecue on June 6 at the farm of Homer Davenport at Morris Plains, N. J. The guests will be entertained in a large Arabian tent, and Mr. Davenport's wild fowl and imported horses will be on view. The guests of honor will be Mehmid Ali Bey, the Turkish Minister, and Chekik Bey, his predecessor.

Crosby-Coolidge Wedding June 11.

The wedding of Maunsell Schieffelin Crosby, son of Mrs. Ernest H. Crosby, and grandson of Mrs. H. Maunsell Schieffelin, and Miss Elizabeth Coolidge, daughter of Mrs. Albert Leighton Coolidge of Marlborough Street, Boston, will take place on June 11 at Lenox. Mr. and Mrs. Crosby will spend part of the Summer in Europe.

El Paso Singer Weds Here.

Miss Lucille Wagner of El Paso, Texas, recently returned from Milan, where she had been studying singing, and Dr. G. B. Brady of the same city were married yesterday in the Transfiguration Church—"The Little Church Around the Corner." Miss Wagner had been head of the music department in the public schools of El Paso, and Dr. Brady, a dentist, is Chairman of the Democratic City Executive Committee there.

Ambassador White Entertains.

PARIS, May 22.—Ambassador White tonight entertained at dinner about sixty Americans, principally members of the American Chamber of Commerce in Paris. Among his guests was Levi P. Morton of New York.

Mrs. Fearing's Body Brought Home.

The body of Mrs. Daniel B. Fearing of Newport, R. I., who died in Rome last April, was brought here yesterday by her husband on the steamer Republic. It will be taken to Newport.

Social Notes.

Mrs. Henry Meyer Johnson and daughter, Miss Louise Johnson, will sail early in June to spend the Winter in travel abroad.

Mrs. Robert H. Turle is spending May at the Garden City Hotel. Later she will go to the Maidstone Inn, Easthampton, L. I., and from there to Lake George.

Mrs. Arthur Duane has gone to Lakewood from her country place at Sharon, Conn.

Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer have opened Waldheim, their Scarborough country place.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Harriman are at the Belmont.

F. E. Judson entertained a small party on the road coach Magnet when the daily run was made yesterday from the Holland House to Arrowhead Inn and return.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Seymour of St. Louis, Mrs. J. K. Branch and her daughter, Miss Branch, of Richmond, Va.; Mrs. Percy Ingalls of Orange, N. J., and Miss M. L. Lewis of Providence are at the Holland House.

Miss Marguerite Chapin, who arrived from Europe on the Lusitania yesterday, is at the Gotham.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Zabriskie Gray of Hempstead, L. I., who arrived in town yesterday, are at the Gotham.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Treat, who were at the Buckingham, have left for their country place at Munroe, Wis.

Mrs. Charles L. Baylis, who was at the Buckingham during the Winter, has gone to Seabright, N. J., for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Simeon B. Chittenden and Miss Alice Chittenden, left town yesterday for their country place at Guilford, Conn.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Treat left town yesterday for Seattle, Wash.

Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Conne celebrated their silver wedding last night at their residence, 110 Riverside Drive.

Miss Artemisia Bowen will give a musical and dramatic recital on Friday afternoon, May 29, at Delmonico's. The proceeds will be devoted to starting a fund for the endowment of an academy for young women in the mountain region of Georgia.

The marriage of the Rev. Dr. Frank Diehl, pastor of a Presbyterian Church in Oceanic, N. J., and Miss D. V. Barrett of 521 West 122d Street, will take place in the Broadway Tabernacle on June 24.

The Women's Philharmonic Society of New York will give a concert at Carnegie Hall at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Knapp of Echo Avenue, New Rochelle, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Helen Knapp, to Guy Warner Vaughn. The wedding will take place next October.

HIPPODROME CLOSES TO-DAY.

It Will Improve Its Tank Equipment in the Summer.

The Hippodrome will close its season with the two performances to-day. The managers, Shubert & Anderson, have not yet announced their plans for next season. At each of the matinées of the last week the management has entertained from 700 to 1,000 orphans and schoolchildren, as it has been their custom to do just before closing the monster playhouse for the season.

During the Summer several improvements will be made on the big stage. One of these will be an extension to the tank through the runways right and left, so that it will be possible to make entrances and exits with a boat or other moving objects.

These alterations are taken to indicate that the tank will be utilized in the next production in some elaborate manner.

It is also proposed to erect on top of the building a glass-enclosed structure to be used as a restaurant for members of the organization. The Hippodrome attachés will have their annual outing to-morrow.

LIKE AMERICAN SINGER.

Mrs. Jennie Osborn Hannah Makes a Good Impression in London.

LONDON, May 22.—One of the features of the Covent Garden Opera season has been the début of Mrs. Jennie Osborn Hannah of Chicago, who made her first appearance before a London audience as Eva in "Die Meistersinger."

The audience at Covent Garden received her work as Eva with warm expressions of approval, and the critics speak of her singing in very high terms. Mrs. Hannah will be heard in other Wagnerian rôles during the present season.

Actor Asks Damages from Dockstader.

As a result of an injunction obtained by Lew Dockstader, the minstrel man, against Gus Reed, an actor, restraining him from appearing at any other performance except under Dockstader, and which injunction was afterward dismissed, the Appellate Division yesterday, on the application of Reed, ordered a referee to determine how far he had been damaged by the injunction, and what damages, if any, he is entitled to.

Bijou to Try Moving Pictures.

Henry E. Dixey will close his engagement in "Papa Lebonnard" at the Bijou Theatre to-night. On Monday the house will open with vaudeville and moving pictures at popular prices. This is the first of the recognized dramatic first-class houses into which the moving picture shows have forced a way, though the craze has invaded many of the vaudeville and minor theatres. Leander Sire, manager of the Bijou, said last night, however, that the new policy would be only for the Summer.

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Full Choir of 125 Voices and a Chorale Choir of 60 Women, Boys, and Men Take Part.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., May 22.—Despite the bad weather, the Bach festival opened auspiciously to-day. The first piece of the opening programme was an organ prelude, played by Samuel P. Warren. This was at noon. To-night the First Congregational Church, where all the services will be held, was crowded. The audience included persons from all parts of the country to hear the first part of the mass in B minor. The programme to-night opened with a fanfare of trombones in the tower of the church. The trombones played a chorale, then the air was carried by the organ and finally taken up by the choristers and congregation as a hymn.

The kyrie and gloria, comprising eleven numbers, followed. Two other chorales were also sung. The mass music and the chorales were beautifully sung by the Bach choir of 135 voices and the chorale choir of sixty women, boys and men. An orchestra of thirty-five pieces from the Philharmonic Society of New York also took part in the service.

MISS ANGLIN SAILS AWAY.

She Will Not Appear at the Savoy Next March, as Announced.

Miss Margaret Anglin sailed yesterday from Vancouver, B. C., on the steamship Aorangi for Sydney, Australia, where, on June 27, she will make her first appearance at Her Majesty's Theatre. The chief feature of her répertoire will be "The Awakening of Helena Ritchie," which play Miss Anglin will produce under her own management upon her return to America.

Miss Anglin wishes to state that the announcement made some days ago that she would appear at the Savoy Theatre here next March is not correct.

Louis Nethersole, who has been engaged by Miss Anglin for a term of years to take entire charge of her affairs, sailed with her yesterday.

GOV. SPARKS DEAD.

Nevada Executive Conducted State Business from Bed for Two Years.

RENO, Nevada, May 22.—Gov. John Sparks of Nevada, who had been ill for some time, died at 9:30 this morning at his ranch near Reno. His term would have expired Dec. 31, 1910.

Gov. Sparks had been ill for some time suffering from Bright's disease. He was confined to his bed for about two years, and conducted the affairs of the State from the sick room. He was born in Mississippi in August of 1843.

Gov. Sparks came into National prominence last Winter at the time of the mining troubles at Goldfield, where the Federal troops were sent at the solicitation of the mining operators. Nevada has no State Militia, and President Roosevelt, who wished to recall the troops, gave the Governor three days in which to provide police protection. The President wanted the Governor to call an extra session of the Legislature to provide for this measure. A sharp correspondence between the President and the Governor ensued, in which the latter finally gave in, the Federal troops being recalled.

Major J. Fred Ackerman.

Major J. Fred Ackerman, President of the Perkins-Goodwin Company, paper commission merchants of this city, died late Thursday evening at his country home, Belle Haven, Greenwich, Conn. The funeral services will be held this afternoon at Christ Church, Greenwich.

Builder of First Street Railway Dead.

DESMET, S. D., May 22.—William P. Boardman, who built the first street railway in America, died at his home here yesterday and will be buried in Binghamton, N. Y. Mr. Boardman superintended the construction of the old New York & Harlem Railway, the line which now nearly corresponds with the Fourth Avenue Railway. It connected the Bowery with Harlem.

Obituary Notes.

ELIZABETH STERRY DU FAIS, daughter of the late Ferdinand Frederick Du Fais and Louise Sterry Pierson Du Fais, and sister of John Du Fais, the architect, died yesterday morning at her home, 57 West Tenth Street, of the results of an operation. She was a member of the Colonial Dames of America.

JOSEPH R. NAYLER, 60 years old, who, it is said, introduced phenacetin into this country, died on Thursday at his home in Newark, N. J., from congestion of the brain. For twenty-five years Mr. Nayler was head chemist of Schieffilin & Co. of New York. He is survived by a widow and daughter.

PATRICK WALSH, 73 years old, for many years a restaurant keeper in Newark, N. J., died in that city on Thursday. He was born in Wexford, Ireland.

WILLIAM R. BAILEY died on Thursday at his home, 113 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, after a brief illness. He was born in Wales in 1832. He was in the hotel and restaurant business for years, retiring in May of 1906. Mr. Bailey is survived by his widow, a daughter, and three sons.

Col. GEORGE ALFRED MILLER, 54 years old, of the law firm of Carter, Ledyard & Milburn, New York, died early Wednesday at his home, 180 Grove Street, Montclair, from a second stroke of apoplexy. He was at one time a Lieutenant Colonel in the Twenty-second Regiment of the New York National Guard, and later held the same rank in the Twelfth Regiment.

SAMUEL C. HUBBARD, once Mayor of Middletown, Conn., and once a Presidential Elector of that State, died yesterday at his home, 123 Beach Street, Richmond Hill, L. I.

Sister MARY LUCY, 86 years old, died yesterday at Steven Boniface Convent, Jersey City. She had been a nun so long that no one now connected with the convent can remember her family name.

LE ROY F. LEWIS who, previous to his retirement last September, had been a Principal in the public schools of Brooklyn forty-four years, died on Thursday at his country home in Salem, N. Y.

Gen. ELISHA WILLARD WARREN, 65 years old, died suddenly yesterday of heart disease at his home in Ocean City, N. J. He was brevetted Brigadier General at the close of the civil war.

S. F. RANDOLPH, Jr., President of the Randolph-Edwards Company, died on Thursday at Jackson, Mich., where he was spending a vacation. He was taken suddenly ill at the Country Club there and died in a few days. The body will be brought to this city for burial.

Mrs. MARGARET STEWART HALL, 64 years old, wife of N. Brigham Hall, died of pneumonia on Thursday at her home in the Clendening Apartments, 202 West 103d Street. Her husband and one son, Henry Stewart, survive. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon, with burial at Hartford, Conn., Mrs. Hall's old home.

THE JUNE
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BUSINESS NOTICES.

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Married.

FOSTER—NEWTON.—On May 19, at Newark, N. J., Ethel F. Newton to Edward A. Foster.

HARRIS—TICHENOR.—On May 20, at Irvington, N. J., Charlotte M. Tichenor to Noel M. Harris.

HOLTON—MORAN.—On May 21, Eleanor Moran to Henry Holton.

MACE—GWYER.—On May 20, Lelia Malinda Mace to Frederick M. Gwyer.

MAPES—VAN HOUTEN.—On May 22, Edna Mapes to George Dexter Van Houten.

Died.

BINSSE.—On Thursday, May 21, John F., son of the late Dr. John and Anna M. Binsse of Watertown, N. Y. Interment at Cape Vincent, N. Y.

CHAMPLIN.—On May 21, at Millbrook, N. Y., John W. Champlin, in his 81st year. Funeral service at his late residence, Saturday, May 23, at 2 o'clock P. M.

CHAPMAN.—On Wednesday, May 20, 1908, John Walter Chapman. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 81 Remsen St., Brooklyn, on Saturday morning, May 23, at 9:30 o'clock. Interment at Southport, Conn. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

DU FAIS.—On the morning of Friday, May 22, 1908, Elizabeth Sterry, daughter of the late Ferdinand Frederick and Louise Sterry (Pierson) du Fais. Notice of funeral hereafter. Boston and Baltimore papers please copy.

CHARLES.—On May 13, at the residence of her son-in-law, Dr. Spurway, 79 Brondesbury Road, London, N. W., England, Mary Ann Charles, aged 75, widow of the late Robert Charles, Esq., of New York City. Funeral and interment at Skaneateles, New York, U. S. A.

COX.—At East Orange, N. J., May 22, Sterling Browne Cox, in the 31st year of his age, son of Mark T. and Emily M. Cox. Funeral private.

DAVISON.—At her late residence, Detroit, Mich., on Friday, May 22, 1908, Sarah Mason Davison, formerly of Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

FISHER.—At Yonkers, on Friday, May 22, Kate Sneckner, widow of Ames Fisher. Funeral service at her late residence, 30 Livingston Av., Yonkers, on Sunday at 12:15 P. M.

GARBER.—George F., Jr., beloved son of George and Kate Garber, (nee Metzger,) aged 20 years 9 months 7 days, Friday, May 22, at 2 A. M. Funeral from residence, 251 Shillito St., Mt. Auburn, Cincinnati, Monday, May 25, 2 P. M. Burial private.

JONES.—At Ridgefield, Conn., May 22, Eliza Gardiner, daughter of the late William Lottimer Gardiner and wife of Frederick W. Jones, aged 64 years. Funeral services will be held at St. Stephen's Church, Ridgefield, Monday, May 25, on the arrival of the New Haven train leaving Grand Central Station at 9 A. M. Interment at Woodlawn.

LACHMAN.—On Thursday, May 21, Samuel Lachman, 83 years of age. Relatives and friends, members of Temple Rodeph Sholom, Zion Lodge, No. 2, I. O. B. B.; Humboldt Lodge, No. 512, F. and A. M.; Chevra Bikur Cholim, and other organizations of which he was a member are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 313 West 106th St., on Sunday, May 24, at 9:30 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

MARTIN.—At Paris, May 20, James E. Martin, only son of the late James E. Martin and Florence Brokaw Martin. Notice of funeral services later.

MILLER.—At Montclair, N. J., May 22, 1908, George Alfred Miller. Funeral service will be held at his late residence, 180 Grove St., Montclair, N. J., on Sunday, May 24, at 2 P. M.

RANDOLPH.—Samuel F. Randolph, Jr., son of Samuel F. and Prudence A. Randolph, at Jackson, Mich., May 21, 1908, in his 33d year. Notice of funeral later.

ROBERTS.—On Wednesday night, May 20, the Rev. John J. Roberts, D. D., in the 89th year of his age. Funeral services at his residence, 1,200 Madison Av., Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

SMITH.—On Thursday, May 21, 1908, Maud Lillian, beloved daughter of Henry A. and Emma E. Smith, in her 28th year. Funeral private.

STURGES.—At Wilton, Conn., Wednesday, May 20, 1908, Herbert L. Sturges, in his 59th year. Funeral services Saturday, May 23, at 2:30 P. M., at his residence. Carriages will meet train leaving Grand Central Depot at 12:03 P. M. at Wilton station.

WALKER.—On Thursday, May 21, Sarah A. Walker. Funeral services at the residence of her son, George H. Walker, 21 West 93d St., Monday, May 25, at 1 o'clock. Birmingham, England, papers please copy.

AHRENS.—At 122 West 127th St, May 21, Nicholas Ahrens, aged 72. Funeral private.

BAILEY.—At 113 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, William R. Bailey, aged 76.

BAKER.—At 314 West 54th St., May 20, Noro D. Baker. Funeral Private.

BECK.—At 1,263 Decatur St., Brooklyn, May 22, Henry Beck, aged 35.

BLUM.—At 301 West 108th St., May 20, Jesse J. Blum, aged 25.

BUCHANAN.—At 37 Hamilton Terrace, May 21, John T. Buchanan, aged 61. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

BULGER.—At 31 Delancey St., Newark, N. J., May 20, Peter A. Bulger.

CASSIDY.—At 36 Harrison St., Stapleton, S. I., May 21, Isabella Cassidy.

CHRISTIANNA.—At Kyserike, N. Y., May 16, Suzanne M. Christianna.

CLANCY.—At 217 Erie St., Jersey City, May 21, Mildred V. Clancy.

CLINE.—At 413 West St., May 21, Hubert H. Cline. Funeral to-morrow.

CONNOLLY.—At 146 North 10th St., Brooklyn, Martin Connolly, May 21.

COOPER.—At Rutherford, N. J., May 20, Arthur Cooper.

COX.—At East Orange, N. J., May 22, Sterling Browne Cox, aged 31.

CURRAN.—At 309 East 38th St., Margaret Curran. Funeral to-day, 8 P. M.

CURTIS.—At East Orange, N. J., May 21, Giles D. Curtis, aged 77.

DIKEMAN.—At Bellvale, N. Y., May 20, Hannah L. Dikeman. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

DISBROW.—At 27 South 8th Av., Mount Vernon, May 21, Helen Disbrow. Funeral private.

DONLIN.—At 34 East 17th St., Bayonne, May 21, Bridget Donlin, aged 44.

DUFFY.—At 424 West 56th St., May 21, Annie Duffy. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

ECKSTEIN.—At 212 Calyer St., Greenpoint, Johanna M. Eckstein.

ESSLINGER.—At West New York, N. J., May 21, Charles Esslinger, aged 43.

Died.

FEICK.—At 15 Broad St., Newark, N. J., May 22, Regina Feick, aged 72.

FLANAGAN.—At Orange, N. J., May 22, Mary Flanagan. Funeral May 25.

FOLEY.—At 309 Keap St., Brooklyn, May 21, Edward J. Foley. Funeral to-day.

FOSTER.—At 1,358 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn, May 20, Emma Foster. Funeral to-morrow.

FRANK.—At 856 East 156th St., Milda Frank, aged 41. Funeral to-day 1 P. M.

FRIED.—At 800 Park Av., Hoboken, May 21, Minnie Fried. Funeral to-morrow.

FRISCH.—At 3,211 Porry Av., Bronx, May 20, Charles F. Frisch, aged 16. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

GARDINER.—At Nepperhan Heights, Yonkers, May 20, Harriet R. Gardiner. Funeral to-morrow.

GARGAN.—At West Orange, N. J., May 21, Lawrence M. Gargan.

GERRITY.—At 474 Lenox Av., May 21, Bridget Gerrity. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

GILROY.—At 106 East Kenney St., Newark, N. J., May 21, Mary Gilroy.

GOESSEL.—At 40 Sarah Ann St., Tompkinsville, S. I., Carl Goessel, aged 62.

GRAFF.—At 1,400 Fulton Av., May 21, Joseph Graff, aged 55. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

GROGAN.—At 114 Christopher St., May 20, Daniel Grogan.

HESSLER.—At 166 Eldridge St., George Hessler, aged 70. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HOLMES.—At Holmdel, N. J., May 20, Mary S. Holmes. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

HUBBARD.—At Beech St., Richmond Hill, May 20, Samuel C. Hubbard.

JENNINGS.—At 493 Quincy St., Brooklyn, May 21, Louise S. Jennings, aged 84.

JONES.—At 47 Concord St., Brooklyn, May 20, Clarence P. Jones.

JOHNSON.—At 182 Driggs Av., Brooklyn, May 20, Julia A. Johnson, aged 75.

KAUCHER.—At 397 East 151st St., May 19, Charles Kaucher.

KING.—At 798 President St., Brooklyn, May 21, Frank M. King.

KISSENBERT.—At 171 Bay St., Stapleton, S. I., Margarethe Kissenbert, aged 16. Funeral to-morrow.

KOCHER.—At the Bethany Home, Newark, N. J., May 22, Caroline Kocher, aged 74.

LARKIN.—At 264 New York Av., Fort Wadsworth, S. I., John Larkin, aged 70.

LAU.—At 227 2d St., Jersey City, May 21, Mary J. Lau.

LEWIS.—At Salem, N. Y., May 21, Le Roy F. Lewis.

McDONALD.—At 188 Mercer St., Jersey City, May 21, Richard McDonald.

McNALLY.—At 353 East 142d St., May 21, Marguerite F. J. McNally.

MACNEAL.—At 117 Dickerson St., Newark, N. J., May 22, Margaret Macneal, aged 31.

MARSHALL.—At 321 Clifton Place, Brooklyn, May 21, Mary L. Marshall, aged 85.

NELSON.—At 1,814 8th Av., Brooklyn, May 21, Victor P. Nelson, aged 35.

PELLET.—At Sussex, N. J., Margaret McCoy Pellet.

PIERING.—At 437 East 145th St., Antonia Piering, aged 68. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

PORT.—At 518 South 19th St., Newark, N. J., May 21, Frederick Port, aged 29.

QUINN.—At 234 Grand St., Brooklyn, May 21, Andrew Quinn. Funeral to-morrow.

RIDGE.—At 876 70th St., Bay Ridge, May 22, Margaret Ridge, aged 41.

SCHNAUER.—At 107 Waverly Av., Brooklyn, Augusta Schnauer. Funeral to-day.

SCHULDHAUER.—At the Kings County Hospital, May 20, Rudloph Schuldhauer. Funeral to-day.

SCHUNSBERG.—At 91 Fulton Av., Jersey City, May 21, William O. Schunsberg.

SEAMAN.—At 221 West 13th St., May 21, John J. Seaman, aged 58.

SISSON.—On May 20, Charles T. Sisson, aged 74. Funeral from 8th Av. and 19th St.

SLEGEL.—At 100 Wayne St., Jersey City, Lawrence Slegel, aged 65.

SOLOMON.—At 128 West 117th St., May 20, Louis Solomon, aged 42.

STOUTENBURGH.—At 167 East 63d St., May 18, Henry A. Stoutenburgh, Jr., aged 2.

STRAIN.—At 164 Flushing Av., Brooklyn, May 19, William Strain, aged 56.

TALMADGE.—At 195 Amherst St., East Orange, N. J., May 20, Arthur J. Talmadge.

TIMM.—At 438 Macon St., Brooklyn, May 20, Marie E. Timm, aged 62.

VAN HAUEN.—At 710 Quincy St., Brooklyn, May 21, Matilda Van Hauen.

WARREN.—At Mamaroneck, N. Y., May 20, Ellen J. Warren, aged 81.

WATSON.—At 163 Halsey St., Brooklyn, May 21, Margaret Watson. Funeral to-day.

WHEARTY.—At 788 Knickerbocker Av., Brooklyn, May 21, Catharine Whearty. Funeral to-day.

WILKENLOH.—At 44 Vine St., Richmond Hill, May 21, Hermann H. Wilkenloh.

WILL.—On May 21, Martin Will, aged 65. Service at 479A Hancock St., Brooklyn.

In Memoriam.

BRADY.—Mass for Margaret Brady, at Church of St. Rose of Lima, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

COSTELLO.—Mass for John J. Costello, at St. James's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

FAHEY.—Mass for Patrick Fahey, at Church of Epiphany, to-day, 10 A. M.

HARRISON.—Mass for Jennie A. Harrison, at St. Teresa's Church, to-day, 9 A. M.

KING.—Mass for Matthew King, at St. James's Church, Newark, N. J., May 25, 8:30 A. M.

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THE SUNDAY TIMES

The Picture Section. . . .

It is a very uncommon display of highly enjoyable art which will be placed before the readers of The Sunday Times in the Picture Section to-morrow. Four pages will be given to the reproduction of paintings now being shown in the Annual Salon of the Society of French Artists. In all, twenty-two canvases will be included, and every one will be presented in a manner well worthy of the original. The selections for these pages were made from the three thousand canvases which hang in this year's Salon, and the collection in The Sunday Times is truly representative of the great art exhibition. A full page will be given to one painting. This is Louis Beroud's "Rush for Fortune"—a picture gripping in its interest and provocative of long study. In addition to these four pages of superb pictures from Paris the Picture Section to-morrow will carry a double-page group photograph of the Governors of the States who recently assembled at Washington. Altogether, the Picture Section of The Sunday Times of the forthcoming issue will be distinctly notable.

THE SUNDAY TIMES IS ALWAYS SOLD OUT EARLY.

Admiral Evans Delivers His Valedictory.

In a characteristic interview in The Sunday Times Rear Admiral Evans, who has hauled down his flag, tells of the important lessons to be derived from the cruise of the Atlantic Fleet to the Pacific. The navy is confronted by a vital need. The Admiral tells what this is, and his portrayal makes startling reading. In his usual direct fashion he makes caustic comment on some new and proposed types of war machines, pays his respects to dirigibles and submarines, "devices which may be useful for frightening timid men;" describes what a battle between modern armaments would mean, and indicates—though somewhat indefinitely—the waters where the next great naval action will be fought.

THE SUNDAY TIMES IS ALWAYS SOLD OUT EARLY.

An Old-Time Mayor on New York Politics.

New York has a former Mayor living, now eighty-three years old, of whom probably the majority of the present generation of voters never even heard. He is Mr. Smith Ely, who was elected to the office in 1877, after an active career in politics of over twenty years. For sixty years he has been a participant in and a student of National, State, and municipal politics. The Sunday Times will print a sprightly interview with him, embodying the results of his observations over that extended period. His verdict is that the "system" has not materially changed.

THE SUNDAY TIMES IS ALWAYS SOLD OUT EARLY.

When Art Is Real and When It Masquerades

When is Art not Art? The current controversy between Mr. Evans and Mr. Clausen has aroused the widest interest in the question as to where the genuine ceases and the fabrication begins. A writer for The Sunday Times has made many inquiries of leading authorities on this matter during the week, and he has learned some interesting things. His article will be published in the Magazine Section to-morrow. It will be of interest to any one, and especially to those interested in art in any form.

THE SUNDAY TIMES IS ALWAYS SOLD OUT EARLY.

Men Who Manage Great New York Hotels

It means something nowadays to be in command of one of New York City's great hotels. The generals of these institutions have small armies at their command. Many of these men have personal histories of uncommon interest. Their stories will be told in the course of an article in The Sunday Times. This article will have a companion in a review of New York City's annual dinner season, just closing, an article that contains information concerning this phase of the city's life that will surprise most readers.

THE SUNDAY TIMES IS ALWAYS SOLD OUT EARLY.

Ways of Living on $35 Dollars a Week.

Recipes for contentment—that is what the articles which Agnes Laut is writing for The Sunday Times on the subject of married life in New York City on thirty-five dollars a week might properly be called. Miss Laut knows her subject thoroughly, and she writes on this question with authority. The third of her series will be published in The Times to-morrow. It is good reading for everybody, and it is of especial interest to all persons of moderate incomes within this city.

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Criminals Who Have Their Specialties.

Criminals are no longer "general practitioners," they are specialists. The methods of wrongdoing and of breaking laws have improved in common with most other things. In The Sunday Times there will be a very readable article on the ways of the under world, with much information of an interesting character. It will tell how the specialists in crime, of low degree and high, are doing their work in this great city nowadays.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

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NEW HAVEN SUIT A FACTOR

Government's Action Unexpected—West Reports Too Much Rain—Banks Face Cash Loss.

After a display of strength early in the forenoon prices became reactionary, and up to the close of business the movement was shifting and irregular, with the tone at all times heavy. The selling of stocks, however, was rather carefully adjusted to the capacity of the market, and the net result upon prices was slight. For the first time in many days the market seemed to be ruled in some degree by news developments. The early firmness followed reaffirmation of present prices of steel products by the steelmakers who have been in conference in this city for several days, and who brought their deliberations to a close on Thursday night with formal announcement of their agreement upon this matter. At the same time it was intimated that this decision was expected to cover the situation throughout the Summer, and the session ended with an understanding that there should be no further meeting until Autumn. Some of the buoyancy of the steel stocks was reflected in other sections of the market, but this period of strength came to a close upon the announcement from Washington of the institution by the Attorney General of a suit against the New York, New Haven & Hartford upon the ground that it was a combination in restraint of trade. What seemed to be sought by the suit was the divorcement of the trolley properties acquired by the road, and also the relinquishment by it of its recently acquired stock holdings in the Boston & Maine. This action came as a great surprise to Wall Street, which had been lulled into a sense of false security by the long absence of similar Government suits, and the effect upon sentiment was, therefore, the greater. Reports that disagreements over the action had arisen between President Roosevelt and Attorney General Bonaparte did little to allay the unsettlement. Another matter which attracted attention late in the day and served to increase the uneasiness of the financial community was a dispatch from Chicago to the effect that the railroads operating west of that city had determined to reduce the wages of certain classes of employes. Following what had been considered a practical agreement to obviate the necessity of such reductions by means of advances in rates, this report was looked upon as indicating the abandonment by the railroads of the steps looking to such rate increases. Up to the close of the business day no confirmation of the Chicago dispatch had been obtained, but in the absence of such confirmation the Stock Exchange was disposed to exercise caution. In addition to these tangible influences upon sentiment through the day the protracted spell of bad weather also played an important part. From various sources in the West numerous reports are now reaching Wall Street of the injury done to wheat crops by the rains. So far these have not been borne out to any great extent by the grain markets, and nothing definite can be known of the real situation until the publication of the Government's official figures in the first week of June.

There were no engagements of gold during the day, but the foreign exchange market ruled strong, and with discounts at Berlin well above interest rates here, further engagements are looked upon as certain. As a result of the gold takings and advance payments on account of the Treasury withdrawals of $25,000,000 to be made to-day, the banks appear to have lost some $8,000,000 cash during the week. Their surplus is great enough to minimize the effect of such a decrease.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

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MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 1½@1¾ per cent., with the last loan at 1¾ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 1½ per cent.

Time money loaned at 2½@2¾ per cent. for sixty days, 3 per cent. for ninety days, 3¼ per cent. for four months, 3½ per cent. for five months, and 3½@3¾ for six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4@5 per cent. for sixty and ninety days' indorsed bills receivable and for choice four to six months' single names, 4¼@5 per cent. for four to six months' indorsed bills receivable, and 5½ per cent. for others.

Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $273,589,333; balances, $9,641,301; Subtreasury debit balance, $1,605,710.

Sterling exchange closed firm with demand quoted at $4.87 20@$4.87 25, sixty days at $4.8525, and cables at $4.8745@$4.8750.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.18⅜ plus 1-64 and 5.15⅜ less 1-64; reichmarks, 94½ less 1-32 and 95 7-16 less 1-64; guilders, 40¼.

Exchange on New York at Boston was quoted at 12½c discount; Chicago, 25c premium; St. Paul, 50c premium; St. Louis, 65c premium; New Orleans, commercial, 75c discount; bank, 50c discount; San Francisco, 75c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted in London at 24 13-16d per ounce and in New York at 53⅞c. Mexican dollars were 47c.

CONDITIONS OF TRADE.

Indications of improvement in the general business situation are reported by the correspondents of Dun's Review. To-day's issue says:

Encouraging reports predominate, and for the first time in six months the indications of improvement are well distributed throughout all departments. Gains are small in many cases and unfavorable weather has retarded retail trade at some points, but as compared with preceding months satisfactory exhibits are found everywhere. In all the leading manufacturing industries orders increased and output enlarged. The recent reduction in pig iron prices brought out a liberal tonnage of new business, and many textile plants resumed when the new wage scales were accepted. A special sale of dry goods was well attended, and the offerings were taken much more quickly than expected.

Railway gross earnings thus far reported for May were 21.3 per cent. less than last year, yet confidence in an early resumption of large traffic returns was shown by new high records for the year in the average of the sixty most active securities. Bank exchanges at New York were 0.5 per cent. smaller than in the same week last year.

Commenting on general conditions Bradstreet's says:

Mixed conditions prevailing in the crop, trade, and industrial situation prevent generalization, except to say that crops as a whole are in rather better shape than a week ago; there is a better tone in some lines of wholesale trade, and retail business has been benefitted in some sections by better weather. Still, as a whole, business is quiet beyond the normal, and industry is still slack.

Best reports as to retail trade come from the Southwest and Northwest, where weather conditions have favored; Southern trade is still dull and collections backward, and Eastern trade still reflects the effect of lessened earnings due to slackness in industry. Wholesale trade in a few lines, notably dry goods, has a better tone, cotton goods are firmer, there is more doing in staple lines for Fall, and some large special sales at auction or at cut prices, notably at New York, Chicago, and St. Louis, have distributed large quantities of goods and brought buyers more in evidence than for months past.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday, May 22, 1908.

Total sales May 22, 1908..... 983,235
From Jan. 1, 1908..... 70,629,899
Corresponding date last year..... 103,711,039

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	†Net Change.
9¼	9¾	1,300	Allis-Chalmers	9½	9¾	9⅛	9⅜	+ ⅛
24⅜	24½	1,500	Allis-Chalmers pf	24½	24⅞	24	24½	+ ⅜
64⅞	65	65,500	*Amalgamated Cop	66⅜	66⅞	64⅝	64⅞	— 2⅛
36⅞	37½	1,300	Am. Car & Foundry	37⅞	37⅞	37	37⅛	— ⅝
30	30⅜	300	American Cotton Oil	30½	30⅝	30½	30½	— ½
27⅛	27½	2,375	Amer. Ice Securities	27⅝	27⅝	27	27⅛	+ ⅛
49	49½	600	*Amer. Locomotive	49½	49½	49¼	49¼	— 1
102	103	100	*Am. Locomotive pf	103	103	103	103	...
5	6	300	American Malt	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	...
30½	32	100	American Malt pf	31	31	31	31	— 1
72¾	72½	59,600	*Amer. Smelt. & Ref	74	74	71⅝	72⅝	— ⅜
97¼	97¾	1,100	*Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	97	97⅝	96⅜	97⅝	+ ⅜
34½	35	100	*Am. Steel Fo. pf. t.r.	34½	34½	34½	34½	+ ½
129	129½	600	*Amer. Sugar Ref	130	130	128½	129¼	— 1
117¾	118	200	American Tel. & Tel	117¾	118	117¾	118	+ ⅛
90	90⅞	700	Amer. Tobacco pf	91	91	90¼	91	...
22	23	400	*American Woolen	22	22	21⅞	21⅞	— 1⅛
41⅝	41¾	5,400	*Anaconda Cop. Min	42¾	42⅞	41⅝	41⅝	— ⅝
81⅞	82	2,900	Atch., Top. & S. F	82½	82⅝	81⅞	82	— ⅜
91½	93	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	92	92	92	92	— ½
90½	93	200	Atlantic Coast Line	92¾	92¾	92	92	— ½
88¾	89	4,200	Baltimore & Ohio	89¾	90	88¾	88⅞	— 1
50	50½	12,610	Brook. Rapid Transit	51½	51¾	50	50	— ⅛
21	22	100	*Butterick Co	20½	20¼	20¼	20¼	— 1⅛
159⅞	159¾	5,900	Canadian Pacific	160¼	160¼	158¾	159¾	— ⅜
25	26	1,300	Central Leather Co	26	26	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅝
44⅞	45	11,670	Chesapeake & Ohio	46	46	44⅞	45	— ½
21½	21⅝	200	Chicago & Alton	21¾	21¾	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛
7	7⅛	1,500	Chicago Great West	7	7⅛	6⅞	7	+ ⅛
136¾	137	100	Chi. Gt. West. pf., B	136⅜	136⅜	136	136⅜	— 1⅝
153½	156	40,100	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	138¾	138⅞	138⅜	138⅝	— ¼
126⅞	129	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	153½	153½	153½	153½	— 1⅝
		125	*C., M. & St. P. ctfs., 45 per cent. paid					— 1
145	146	900	*C., M. & S.P.pf.ctfs., 45 per cent. paid	129	129	129	129	+1
152¾	153	805	Chicago & Northw	145⅛	145¾	145⅛	145¾	— ⅛
160	165	100	Chi., St. P., M. & O. pf	154	154	153	153	— 1½
5	10	100	Chi. Term. Trans	165	165	165	165	...
⅜	1	100	*Chi. Un. Tr. t. r.,sta	8	8	8	8	+3
3¾	3⅞	100	C., C., C. & St. L	4	4	4	4	...
57½	59	13,920	Colorado Fuel & Iron	59¾	59¾	59¾	59¾	+ ⅛
29½	29¾	1,040	Colorado Southern	30½	30½	28¾	29⅛	— 1
31½	32	300	Col. South. 1st pf	31⅞	31⅞	31½	31⅞	— ⅛
59	60	200	Col. South. 2d pf	59¾	59¾	59¾	59⅞	— ⅛
48¾	49¾	300	Col. & H. C. & Iron	49¾	49¾	49¾	49⅞	+ ⅛
22	22¼	6,480	Consolidated Gas	23	23	22¾	22¾	— ⅝
126½	127	2,300	Corn Products Ref	127¾	128¾	126½	126½	— ⅝
16⅜	16¾	600	Delaware & Hudson	16⅝	16⅝	16	16½	— 1
162	163½	300	Denver & Rio Grande	163¾	163¾	162½	163	— ⅝
41¼	41⅝	1,900	*Distillers Securities	66	66	64	64½	— 2⅞
210	23	210	*Dul., S. S. & At. pf	36½	36½	35½	35⅝	— ¾
7,675	7,675	7,675	Erie	21½	22	21½	22	+ ⅛
1,400	1,400	1,400	Erie 1st pf	23½	23⅝	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅛
29	29	29	Erie 2d pf	43	43	41½	41⅝	— ⅛
73	74½	100	Fed. Min. & Smelt. pf	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼	— ⅛
136¾	137½	1,300	General Electric	74⅞	74⅞	74⅞	74⅞	— ⅛
92	95	300	Granby Consol	138	138⅝	136¾	137⅜	— ¾
130¼	130¾	10,250	Great Northern pf	92	92	92	92	...
60½	61	1,300	*Gt. Nor. cts., ore pr	131⅝	131⅞	130	130¼	— ⅝
139	140¾	1,800	Illinois Central	62	62	60½	60½	— 1⅝
4½	4⅝	600	Illinois Central rights	140⅝	141¾	140	140¼	— ⅝
11½	11¾	3,700	Interborough-Met.	4¾	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛
31½	31⅝	8,800	Interborough-Met. pf	12	12¼	11½	11½	— ⅛
10½	11	300	International Paper	31	33	31	31	— ⅝
56	57	200	Internat. Paper pf	10½	10½	10½	10⅝	+ ⅜
16½	17½	75	Iowa Central	56	56	56	56	...
34½	35½	300	Iowa Central pf	17½	17½	17½	17½	...
24¾	25	250	Kansas City South	35½	35½	35½	35½	+ ⅛
56⅞	57¼	400	Kan. City South. pf	25¼	25¼	24¾	24⅞	— ⅜
168¾	169½	1,000	Louisville & Nash	56½	57	56½	56¾	+ ⅛
67⅞	68	100	Mackay Cos	110	110	109¼	109¾	+ ½
137	137½	35	Manhattan Elevated	65	65	65	65	+ ½
22¾	23¼	700	Mercantile Marine pf	137⅝	137⅝	137⅝	137⅝	...
16⅜	16⅜	700	Mexican Central	23½	23½	22⅞	22⅞	...
16¾	16¾	1,300	Mexican Central t. r	16⅞	16⅞	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
29	31	200	Minn. & St. Louis	16⅞	16⅞	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅝
111⅞	112½	550	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M	30	30	30	30	...
132	133½	100	M., St. P. & S.S.M.pf	113	113	112	112	+ ⅜
29⅜	29¾	2,300	Mo., Kansas & Texas	135¼	135½	135½	135¼	— ⅛
62¼	62½	400	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	30¼	30½	29¼	29¼	+1¼
61¼	62	7,150	Missouri Pacific	62¾	62⅞	62¾	62⅝	— ⅛
9½	10	100	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	63	63½	61⅞	61⅞	— ⅜
64¼	64¾	14,700	*National Lead Co	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
99	99⅜	200	*Nat. Lead Co.pf.ex d	64	65¾	63	64⅝	— ¼
7⅜	7½	300	*Newhouse M. & S	100	100	100	100	— ⅝
69	70	120	*N. Y. Air Brake	7½	7½	7⅜	7⅜	+1¼
104½	105	2,600	New York Central	69	69	69	69	— ⅛
137½	139	300	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	163¼	163¼	104⅝	104⅝	— ⅛
40	40½	1,100	N. Y., Ont. & West	138¼	138¼	137⅝	137⅝	— ⅝
70	71	100	Norfolk & Western	41	41¼	40⅝	40⅞	— ⅛
61¼	62	1,200	North American	71	71	71	71	— ½
134	134⅛	27,145	Northern Pacific	61¼	61½	60⅝	60⅝	— ⅝
122½	123	1,160	N. P. rects., 62½% pd	136¼	136⅞	133⅝	134⅛	+1½
5⅞	6	450	Ontario Mining	123¾	123¾	122½	122½	— ⅛
27½	27¾	9,050	Pacific Mail	6	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
120⅞	121¼	12,720	Pennsylvania R. R	30¼	32	27½	27¾	— ⅛
92	92½	500	People's Gas, Chi	122⅞	122⅞	121	121	— 1⅝
13	14	100	Pittsburg Coal	92½	92⅝	92	92	— ⅝
28	29	280	Pressed Steel Car	12½	12½	12½	12½	+ ⅛
84	87	90	Pressed Steel Car pf	28	28	28	28	— ⅛
157	160	100	Pullman Company	85	85	85	85	...
36½	37¼	700	*R'way Steel Spring	139	139	139	139	...
1.4	114⅛	222,700	Reading	37	37	36¾	37	+ ⅛
86	86⅜	300	Reading 1st pf	116	117⅛	113⅞	114⅛	— ½
84½	85	300	Reading 2d pf	86½	87	86½	87	— ½
17½	17⅝	1,350	*Rep. Iron & Steel	85	85⅜	85	85¼	— ⅝
67	67¼	1,300	*rep. Iron & Steel pf	18⅜	18⅝	17½	17⅝	— ⅛
19	25	1,200	Rock Island Co	67¼	67¾	67¼	67¼	— ⅛
37½	38	2,100	Rock Island Co. pf	18⅞	18⅞	18½	18½	— ⅛
30¼	31	100	St. Jo. & G. I. 2d pf	38¾	38¾	37½	38	— ½
157⅜	17	1,400	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	21	21	21	21	...
40	41	600	St. Louis Southwest'n	31	31	30	30¼	— ¼
50	51	600	St. L. Southwest'n pf	17	17	16⅛	16⅞	— ⅛
86⅞	87	150	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	40¾	40¾	40¾	40⅝	— ⅛
118⅝	119½	29,800	Southern Pacific	50	50	50	50	— ⅛
18⅝	18⅞	220	Southern Pacific pf	87¾	88	86¼	86⅞	— ¾
45½	46½	2,000	Southern Railway ext	120	120	119¼	119½	— ⅝
36⅞	37	800	South. R'way pf., ext	18⅞	18⅞	18½	18⅝	— ⅛
23½	23¾	700	*Tennessee Copper	47½	47½	45½	46	— ⅝
32½	33½	1,050	Texas & Pacific	37⅜	37⅝	36⅝	36⅝	— ⅝
10¼	10½	1,775	Third Avenue	25⅜	25⅜	24½	24½	— ⅝
19	20	100	Tol. R'ways & Light	33½	34	33	33	— ⅝
44	45	200	Tol., St. L. & West	10½	10½	10½	10½	— ⅛
90	91	300	Tol. St. L. & W. pf	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾	— ⅛
148⅛	148¼	232,600	Twin City R. Transit	45	45⅛	45	45⅛	— ⅝
83	85	200	Union Pacific	91	91	91	91	...
21¼	23	300	Union Pacific pf	150¼	151¼	148¾	148¾	— ⅛
40	41	100	United Rys. Inv	85⅜	85⅞	84⅝	84⅝	— ⅝
28⅛	28½	200	United Rys. Inv. pf	22	22	22	22	— ⅛
75	76⅛	220	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	40¾	40¾	40¾	40⅝	+1
98	102¾	100	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf	28¾	28¾	28¾	28⅞	— ⅛
47	48	1,500	U. S. Leather pf	75	75	75	75	+1
26	26¼	600	U. S. Realty & Imp	100¼	100¾	100¼	100¼	— ⅛
92	93	200	U. S. Rubber	45	48	45	48	— ¼
60	61	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	26¼	26¼	26	26	+3
38⅜	38½	74,750	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	93⅞	93⅞	92¼	92¼	— ⅛
102⅜	102⅝	4,350	U. S. Steel	61	61	61	61	— ⅝
31½	31⅞	2,250	U. S. Steel pf	38⅞	39	38¼	38¾	— ⅛
24¾	25¼	200	*Utah Copper	102⅜	102⅞	102¼	102¾	— ¼
97½	99	100	Va.-Caro. Chemical	31¾	32	31¼	31¼	— ⅝
13⅞	14⅛	1,500	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf	24½	25	24½	25	— ⅛
27⅜	27¾	12,400	Wabash	97½	97½	97½	97½	— ⅛
12	12½	200	Wabash pf	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼	— ¼
51	52	404	Western Maryland	28⅞	29	27½	27½	— 1⅛
66	68	202	Westinghouse E. & M	13½	13½	12⅞	12⅞	— ½
9¾	10	600	Westinghouse 1st pf	52¾	52⅞	51	52	— ⅝
19	20	200	Wheel. & Lake Erie	66	66	66	66	— ⅛
13	14	800	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	10	10¼	10	10	— ⅛
17½	18¼	100	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf	19	19	19	19	— ⅛
		100	Wisconsin Central	12⅜	13½	12⅜	13½	+1½
				18	18	18	18	— ¾

*Unlisted. †From last previous sale, based on 100-share lots.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

WHEAT.—Narrow, irregular fluctuations prevailed yesterday until near the close, when prospects that world's shipments will reach 8,100,000 bushels, including 2,900,000 bushels from both coasts, produced a sharp break. Export business aggregated 51 loads in all positions. Liverpool showed late strength on drought in Roumania and Bulgaria. An official crop report from Prussia was bearish. It was announced that stocks at Minneapolis and Duluth had decreased 1,425,000 bushels for the week, while at all interior points the arrivals for the day were 165,000 bushels less than the corresponding day last year. Cash wheat in New York closed as follows: No. 2 red, $1.05 nominal, elevator, and $1.00¾ free on board afloat, late July; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.15⅜, and No. 2 hard Winter, $1.11⅛ free on board afloat.

CORN.—Reports that railroads had agreed to rush corn into Chicago with all possible speed caused a sharp fall in May yesterday. Later positions also turned weak. Car-lot estimates for Saturday were larger, and total interior receipts exceeded those of a year ago by about 80,000 bushels. No. 2 corn in New York was quoted 78c nominal in elevator and 76c nominal free on board afloat.

FUTURES.
NEW YORK PRICES.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs. Close.
May	$1.07½	$1.07⅛	$1.07½	$1.07¼
July	99 13-16	99 1-16	99⅛	99⅛
September	95	94 3-16	94¼	94⅞
Corn—				
May	..	..	76¾	77¼
July	..	..	74½	75⅛
September	..	..	72¾	73

CHICAGO PRICES.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs. Close.
May	$1.02¾	$1.01⅜	$1.02⅜	$1.02
July	91½	90⅜	90⅝	90⅝
September	87⅛	86¼	86⅞	86⅞
Corn—				
May	77¾	75	75½	77½
July	66⅜	65¼	65⅜	66
September	64⅜	63¾	63¾	64⅛
Oats—				
May	55	54½	54¾	55
July	46⅞	46⅜	46⅝	46⅞
September	37⅜	37⅛	37⅛	37¼
Lard—				
July	8.55	8.45	8.47	8.57
September	8.72	8.62	8.65	8.75
Ribs—				
July	7.40	7.35	7.35	7.42
September	7.65	7.57	7.57	7.65
Pork—				
July	13.72	13.62	13.62	13.72
September	14.00	13.87	13.87	13.97

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

Copper metal, for both spot and future delivery, made declines of 5s in the London market yesterday from the last prices of Thursday. The closing prices were: Spot, £57 7s 6d; futures, £58 2s 6d. Pig tin, after a firm opening, eased off slightly, and closed unchanged for spot, at £133; futures were slightly higher at £132. Lead was firm at £13 2s 6d. Spelter was unchanged at £20. Cleveland iron warrants were easier at 49s 10½d.

The closing bid and asked prices of copper and other metals, for spot delivery, on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday compare as follows with those of the previous day:

	Friday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Lake	12.75	13.00	12.75	13.00
Electrolytic	12.62½	12.87½	12.62½	12.87½
Castings	12.50	12.62½	12.50	12.62½
Spelter	4.55	4.60	4.55	4.60
Lead	4.32½	4.37½	4.22	4.27½
Tin	29.25	29.50	29.25	29.50

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Friday, May 22, 1908.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
40	Allis-Chalmers	9	9¼	9	9¼
19,970	Amal. Cop	67¼	67⅝	64⅞	65¼
140	Am. C. & Fdy	37½	37½	36⅞	37½
220	Am. Ice	27⅜	28	27	27
350	Am. Loco	49¾	49¾	49	49¼
19,860	Am. Smelt	73⅜	73⅞	71⅝	72½
380	Am. Sugar	130	130¼	128½	128⅞
770	Anaconda Cop	43	43	41½	41⅞
1,050	A. T. & S. F.	82⅝	82⅝	81¾	81⅞
240	Balt. & Ohio	89⅞	89⅞	88¾	88¾
3,590	Brook. R. T	51⅝	51⅝	49⅞	50
50	Can. Pac	159½	159½	159½	159½
20	Cent. Leather	25¼	25¼	25¼	25¼
1,150	Ches. & Ohio	45⅝	45⅝	44¾	44¾
20	Chi. Gt. West.	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
7,830	C., M. & St. P.	138¾	138¾	136¼	136⅝
3,960	Col. Fuel & I.	30⅜	30⅜	28¾	29
520	Dist. Sec	36½	36⅝	35¾	35⅝
940	Erie	22⅝	22⅝	22⅛	22⅛
100	Erie 1st pf	42¾	42⅝	42¾	42⅝
550	Gt. Nor. pf	131⅜	132	130	131⅜
220	Int.-Met. pf	12	12¼	11⅜	11⅜
500	Int.-Met. pf	31	32	31	31¼
70	Louis. & Nash.	150¾	150¾	150¼	150¼
70	Mex. Cen	16⅝	16⅝	16⅛	16¼
190	M., K. & T	30	30	29⅝	29⅞
1,460	M., P. & C	63½	63¾	61¾	62¼
1,440	Nat. Lead	64	66	62¾	64¼
550	N. Y. Cen	106	106	104¾	104¾
10	N. Y. O. & W.	41	41	41	41
10	Northwest	154½	154½	154¼	154¼
3,180	Nor. Pac	136¾	136¾	133⅞	134
920	Pac. Mail	31¾	31¾	28	28⅛
1,620	Penn.	122⅞	122⅞	121	121
30	Ry. St'l Car.	28½	28½	28½	28½
57,420	Reading	36⅞	36⅞	36¼	36⅝
160	Rep. Steel	116¼	117	113¾	114½
40	Rock Island	18⅛	18⅝	17¾	18
30	Rock Isl. pf	38¼	38¼	37¾	38
2,810	So. Pac	87⅝	88	86¼	86⅝
160	So. Ry	19	19	18	18⅛
90	So. Ry. pf	47½	47¾	46	46
50	Texas Pac	25¼	25¼	24⅝	25
67,630	Union Pac	150½	151¾	149¼	149½

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Rain and the Crops.

Weather conditions at home have put Wall Street in a frame of mind where it is ready to indulge in almost any amount of worry over the possible effect of the continued rain-fall in the crop country. Statistics showing that the precipitation thus far in the month had been twice as great as in any other full month of which the Weather Bureau has records were received with a melancholy sort of enthusiasm in brokerage offices and at once read in connection with the dispatches which continued to pour in from the West telling of the damage which the rain is doing to wheat and the delay it is causing in the planting of corn.

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What the Facts Are.

Perhaps the most trustworthy information which came to hand during the day on the actual effects of the weather was that contained in The Modern Miller, an accepted trade authority, which said:

"Reports are increasing of deterioration in the Winter wheat crop from excessive moisture, this being confined to low and flat lands in the soft Winter wheat States. Illinois has suffered the most loss, but from Missouri (Howard and Carroll Counties) reports come of fields plowed up. On high land the general condition is good. Fly damage continues in Southern and Central Kansas and in the extreme western sections of that State and Nebraska, and the outlook for an average yield is uncertain. Otherwise the prospect in the hard Winter wheat territory of those States is excellent."

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New Street Yields to Weather.

Even the much-vaunted philosophy of New Street is not rainproof. For a month or more any one passing down that thoroughfare between Wall Street and Exchange Place, where the philosophers do congregate, has breathed in only optimism. Little by little, however, the atmosphere has been growing denser, and yesterday it was frankly heavy and gloom was everywhere. A broker hurrying to keep an appointment was stopped by no less than five philosophers in turn, each one of whom, with due solemnity, imparted to him in whispers secrets of a lugubrious tenor.

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Some Trading Records.

After six days in which the trading ran above a million shares, the volume of business in yesterday's market fell under that mark. All in all there have been eight days in the present month in which the million-share mark has been exceeded, and in the rest of the year thus far only three such days. Last year, in the month of March alone, there were fifteen million-share days.

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Phases of New Haven Suit.

The Street was very much interested in the curious course of the Government's suit against the New Haven. In the first place the announcement came over the news ticker in the shape of a special dispatch from Washington that the Attorney General had given out a statement that a suit was to be instituted. The details as to the ground and so on were presumably official. A few minutes later the news tickers sent out another story to the effect that the Attorney General had withdrawn the original statement for correction, and then later still the tickers again reported that the original statement of the Attorney General could stand uncorrected. A clue, possibly, to the entire affair came in the final report that there had been a disagreement between President Roosevelt and Attorney General Bonaparte over some feature of the suit. Jumping at conclusions, as usual, Wall Street found a connection between this reported disagreement and the fact that President Mellen of the New Haven has been a constant visitor at the White House ever since Mr. Roosevelt became President, having been one of the two railroad Presidents to consult with him when two others refused to do so without formal invitation after Mr. Morgan's celebrated arrangement for the "getting together" of the Government and the railroads.

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Speculative About Face.

Pacific Mail's movements on the Stock Exchange suggested some of the uncertainty which attends speculation, based upon developments in Congress. The stock has been advancing steadily for several days on the strength of the favorable attitude of Congress toward the ocean mail subsidy, as this was incorporated in the Post Office bill. The President was understood to be in favor of the subsidy, and Wall Street, or at least a certain part of the speculative section of Wall Street, thought it was betting on the President when it bought Pacific Mail. Yesterday morning word came from Washington that the subsidy was sure to go through, and Pacific Mail went up. Early in the afternoon the subsidy provision was eliminated from the bill, and Pacific Mail fell off 4 points from its high price for the day, and closed at the bottom. Some of the buying of the stock, which was unusually active, with trading of more than 10,000 shares, is supposed to have been carried on through houses with Washington connections.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1908.	1907.	1906.
ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN—			
Mileage	309	309	309
2d week May	$51,531	$72,403	$65,898
July 1-May 14	3,110,149	3,411,817	3,276,691
CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS PACIFIC—			
Mileage	336	336	336
2d week May	182,182	172,303	153,375
July 1-May 14	6,945,635	7,132,826	7,249,615
GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA—			
Mileage	395	395	395
2d week May	34,716	43,294	.....
July 1-May 14	1,956,882	1,982,442	.....
HIDALGO & NORTHEASTERN—			
Mileage	152	152	152
2d week May	17,243	18,400	17,595
July 1-May 14	856,071	862,063	.....
INTEROCEANIC RAILWAY OF MEXICO—			
Mileage	736	736	736
2d week May	187,007	149,706	149,084
July 1-May 14	6,760,961	6,227,977	5,471,237
RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN—			
Mileage	180	180	180
2d week May	10,324	10,276	9,030
July 1-May 14	520,846	525,236	486,454
TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT—			
2d week May	114,898	109,865	96,357
Jan. 1-May 14	2,110,724	2,024,628	1,802,643
MARYLAND & PENNSYLVANIA for April—			
Gross	35,545	34,217	31,765
Expenses	21,962	20,599	20,419
Net	13,583	13,618	11,346
Charges	3,979	3,983	3,833
Surplus	9,604	9,635	7,513
10 mos. gross	322,210	297,630	301,775
Expenses	217,627	197,978	197,930
10 mos. net	104,583	99,642	103,845
Charges	39,858	39,853	38,335
10 mos. sur.	64,725	59,784	65,510
CLEVELAND, PAINESVILLE & EASTERN for April—			
	1908.	1907.	Increase.
Gross	20,114	19,469	645
Expenses	11,727	11,349	378
Net	8,387	8,120	267
Charges	7,239	7,212	27
Surplus	1,148	908	240
4 mos. gross	74,260	71,542	2,718
Expenses	43,677	41,489	2,188
4 mos. net	30,583	30,053	530
Charges	28,892	28,851	41
4 mos. sur.	1,691	1,202	489

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

Closing quotations of New York City bonds yesterday compare as follows with those of Thursday:

	Yesterday.		Thursday.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
*4½—Nov., 1957	109¼	109¾	109¼	109¾
*4½—Nov., 1917	104	104⅜	104	104⅜
*4½—May, 1957	109⅜	109⅝	109⅜	109⅞
*4½—May, 1917	104	104⅜	104	104⅜
*4 —May, 1957	99⅞	100⅛	99⅞	100⅛
‡4 —Nov., 1955	99½	100⅛	99½	100⅛
‡4 —Nov., 1956	99½	100⅛	99½	100⅛
‡4 —Nov., 1936	99⅜	100⅛	99⅜	100⅛
‡3½—Nov., 1954	89½	89⅝	89½	89⅝
‡3½—May, 1954	89	89½	89	89½
‡3½—May, 1954	88⅝	89⅛	88⅝	89⅛
*3½—Nov., 1908	101⅝	102⅛	101⅝	102⅛
*3½—Nov., 1909	102⅜	103⅛	102⅜	103⅛
*3½—Nov., 1910	104¼	104⅝	104¼	104⅝

*Interchangeable. †Coupon. ‡Registered.

BLAMES THE TRUST FOR NIGHT RIDERS

Government's Counsel Says It's No Wonder Tobacco Farmers Pray to Keep Their Powder Dry.

EVILS MUST BE CHECKED

Tobacco Growers No More Wrong Than the Trust Barons Who Are Opposing Them, Mr. McReynolds Declares.

James C. McReynolds, the special assistant to the Attorney General, who has conducted the prosecution of the Tobacco Trust here under the Sherman Anti-Trust act, made his closing argument yesterday before the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, and came back at the attorneys for the big tobacco combination quite as vigorously as they attacked the attitude of the Government in the litigation. He had as a source of inspiration the impassioned speech by De Lancey Nicoll on Thursday, in which Mr. Nicoll begged the Government to "give us peace."

Mr. McReynolds first took up the contention of the United Cigar Stores Company that it was independent of the trust, and asked what chance real independents had when they were up against such a combination, backed by all the wealth of the American Tobacco Company. He read a letter from an officer of one of the subsidiaries of the American concern to its London agent, warning the latter to be careful not to expose the connection between the two concerns.

"The American Tobacco Company put this guerrilla in the retail field," declared Mr. McReynolds, "and in six years its income has grown to $16,000,000. That's pretty good on a start of $50,000. If I should attempt to prove all the unlawful things that these people have done in the last few years it would make a record that would take seventeen years for its perusal. Many of the independent manufacturers were not called. I questioned the right of bringing a man here who was fighting hard for his commercial life and forcing him to reveal his secrets to those who were wating to use them. God knows they have a hard enough struggle as it is.

"If there is not enough in this record to show the illegality of this combination then every unlawful industrial combination in the country will go free. In a few years they will own the entire tobacco trade of the country, and unless the Government gets the power to regulate this company it means the destruction of every independent manufacturer and retailer in the tobacco business.

"The counsel for the company says: 'Let the sun of prosperity shine once more.' If it shines very much more on these people, what is going to become of the rest of us? This company is controlled by seven or eight men who get from $700,000 to $800,000 from it every year. It pays 22½ per cent. dividends each year, and besides declaring $9,000,000 in such dividends adds $6,500,000 to its surplus. There isn't an independent concern in the country that they couldn't put out of business in a month if they wanted to, and they have shown that in many instances they wanted to."

Mr. McReynolds said that the American Tobacco Company had absolute control of the purchasing field, and could dictate whatever price it pleased on purchases of leaf tobacco.

"It has forced the price down," he continued, "and if it is not checked no man is wise enough to know where it will end. This is the cause of the present uneasiness of the tobacco farmers. Is it strange that the farmer is praying to God to keep his powder dry so that a little of the 'sun of prosperity' may be let into the situation? I don't say that the farmer is right; he is wrong. But he is not more wrong than the men who sit at 111 Fifth Avenue and try to bring to their own hands all the money that these men earn by the sweat of their brow and the ache of their backs."

The Court took briefs at the close of their argument and will probably hand down a decision next week. The case will be carried to the United States Supreme Court, whichever way the Circuit Court of Appeals decides.

CURRENCY MOVEMENT.

Loss by Export of Gold Partly Offset by Gains from Interior.

For the first time in several months the known movements of money for the week ended on Thursday indicate a loss in cash by the banks. Including gold coin and gold bars exported, the banks lost $8,736,000, but the net loss was reduced to $4,997,000 by gains from the interior.

Bank clearings for the week, as compiled by Dun's Review, show a larger volume of payments through the banks, the improvement being marked in New York because of the activity in the stock market. Total bank exchanges this week in all leading cities in the United States are reported by Dun's Review at $2,403,367,623, a decrease of only 4.1 per cent. compared with a year ago, and only 0.2 per cent. compared with the corresponding week in 1906. The loss at New York City compared with both preceding years is trifling, while Boston reports a gain over both years.

At most other leading centres, especially in the West, the loss is quite large compared with a year ago—in the earlier months this year at many of the Western cities the notable feature of the return was the small losses at the West. For May to date the statement is the best in many months, the loss being much below the average of preceding months.

Poor Outlook for Montgomery-Shoshone

Stockholders of the Montgomery-Shoshone Consolidated Mining Company, a property with which Charles M. Schwab is identified, received yesterday copies of the report by Engineer Henry Krumb, whose examination of the property was made the basis of a recent statement put out by the company that the mine had been a disappointment. Engineer Krumb estimates at $400,000 the value of the ore blocked out, which was valued at $5,000,000 by the management. The report gives no encouragement for the hope that further development work will discover more valuable veins.

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., May 22.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Elkton	56½	56¾	Isabella	35½	35¾
El Paso	33	33	Portland	100	104
Rawlins	7	9	Vindicator	83	87
Findlay	20½	25	Work	10	11

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The banking house of Raymond, Pynchon & Co., members of the Stock Exchange, have arranged for Paris connections which will be operated in conjunction with the London office of the firm. Traders in Paris will be given the same facilities as in London.

The Directors of the United States Rubber Company have elected these officers for the year: President—Samuel P. Colt; Vice Presidents—James B. Ford and Lester Leland; Treasurer—John J. Watson, Jr.; Secretary—Samuel Norris; Assistant Treasurer—W. G. Parsons; Assistant Secretary—John D. Carberry.

The Hudson Trust Company has elected as Vice President and a Director Louis H. Halloway, former Cashier of the Nineteenth Ward Bank, who was with that institution for more than seventeen years. For the last few years Mr. Halloway has been Vice President and Manager of the Madison Avenue Branch of the Mechanics' and Traders' Bank.

THE FOREIGN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, May 22.—Money was in quieter demand on the market to-day and discounts were easy.

Trading on the Stock Exchange was generally cheerful. Investment buying continues to strengthen gilt-edged securities and home rails. Much of the purchasing of consols is based on the idea that a reduction in the Bank of England's rate of discount cannot long be delayed. Foreign shares and Kaffirs were good, while Peruvian securities and Hudson Bay spurted on speculative buying.

American shares were strong in the forenoon well above parity, some Continental as well as some professional buying assisting the imporvement, which was most pronounced in Union Pacific and coal shares. In the afternoon business quieted. New York sent steady prices, but few orders, and the market finished dull below the best. Copper shares were easy.

Money, 1¼ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 1 15-16@2 per cent.; for three months' bills, 1 15-16@2 per cent.

PARIS, May 22.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were firm on the advices from New York.

PARIS, May 22.—Closing: Three per cent. rentes, 96f 85c for the account.

BERLIN, May 22.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were firmer and trading was active.

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Following are yesterday's quotations for several European State and municipal securities:

	Bid.	Asked.
German consol 3½s	90⅞	91⅞
German consol 3s	82	82½
Bavarian Government 4s	99¼	100½
Hessian Government 3½s	81⅞	82⅝
Hamburg Government 3s	80½	81½
City of Cologne 4s	98⅝	99⅝
City of Munich 4s	98½	99½
City of Augsburg 4s	98¼	99½
City of Frankfurt-on-Main 3½s	90⅝	91⅝
Russian Government 4s	84½	85½
French rente 3s	96	97
British consol 2½s	85⅞	86⅝

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing prices in London yesterday for American stocks, comparisons being made between the New York equivalents and the previous New York closing:

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Clos.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	86 9-16	..	..	+1-16
Consols, account	86⅝	..	..	+1-16
Anaconda	8¾	42⅝	42⅜	+ ⅛
Atchison	84⅞	82⅝	82¼	+ ⅜
Canadian Pacific	164¼	160	159¼	+ ⅜
St. Paul	142	138½	138¾	+ ⅛
Erie 1st pf	24	23½	23	+ ⅛
Erie 2d pf	44½	43⅝	42	+ 1⅝
Illinois Central	144	140½	139⅝	+ ⅝
Louis. & Nash	113	110½	109¼	+ ⅝
N. Y. Central	108⅛	105¾	106	+ ⅛
Pennsylvania	63	122¾	122⅝	+ ⅛
Reading	59¾	116¼	115⅜	+ ⅝
Southern Pacific	90	87⅜	87⅝	+ ⅛
Union Pacific	154¼	150⅝	149⅝	+ ⅝
U. S. Steel	39¾	38¾	38¾	.. ..
U. S. Steel pf	105¼	102½	102⅝	— ⅛

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 22.—Local trading was lighter and prices lower to-day in most securities. Western Maryland stocks dropped ¾, and the 4s on one sale went off 1¼. Northern Central Railway was easier. G. B. S. Brewing Company 4s were down ⅜ and Houston Oil 1 point. Stocks, 615 shares; bonds, $55,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$4,000	Balt. City 3½s, 1980	95½	95½	95½
12,000	A. C. L. Con. 4s	92⅝	92½	92¾
2,000	Seaboard 4s	52	52	52
1,000	Western Md. 4s	71	71	71
2,000	West Va. Cent. 6s	103¼	103¼	103¼
2,000	Balt. City Pass. 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼
2,000	City & Sub. 5s, Wash.	100	100	100
8,000	United Ry. inc.	52	51⅞	52
7,000	Baltimore Electric 5s	88½	88½	88½
4,000	Con. Gas 4½s	90	90	90
3,000	Cotton Duck	74	74	74
1,000	G. B. S. Brew. 4s	43	43	43
2,000	Light & Power 4½s	88	88	88
3,000	Wash. Vandemere 4½s	93¼	93¼	93¼

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	A. C. L. of Conn.	205	205	205
120	Northern Central	90	90	90
105	Western Maryland	6¼	6	6
10	Bank of Baltimore	110	110	110
10	Con. Coal	87	87	87
350	Houston Oil	6¾	6¾	6¾

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alpha Con	.02	Kentucky Con	.01
Andes	.10	Lady Wash. Con	.01
Belcher	.22	Mexican	1.12
Best & Belcher	.40	Occidental Con	.16
Bullion	.36	Ophir	2.62
Caledonia	.09	Overman	.03
Challenge Con	.08	Potosi	.09
Chollar	.06	Savage	.37
Confidence	.84	Sag Belcher	.02
Con. Cal. & Va.	.30	Sierra Nevada	.30
Con. Imperial	.01	St. Louis	.05
Crown Point	.24	Union Con	.28
Gould & Curry	.05	Utah Con	.03
Hale & Norcross	.30	Yellow Jacket	.70

Silver bars, 53⅞; Mexican dollars, 50@52; drafts, sight, 9@10 cents premium; telegraph, 11@12½ cents premium.

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	1.08	Diamondfield	.16
Golden Anchor	.17	Goldfield C. M.	5.42
Jim Lier	.27	Kendall	.07
McNamara	.28	May Queen	.01
Midway	.30	Mohawk Extension	.02
Montana	1.50	Red Hills	.19
Ohio	.01	St. Ives	.32
Tonopah Extension	.94	Silver Pick	.14
West End	.39	MANHATTAN.	
GOLDFIELD.		Jumping Jack	.04
Adams	.03	BULLFROG.	
Atlanta	.20	Bullfrog Nat. Bank	.06
Bluebell	.01	Gold Bar	.05
Combination Fract.	.49	Homestake Ming	.30
Crackerjack	.05	Montgomery Mtn	.05
Daisy	1.05		

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, May 22.—The following were the transactions on the local Exchange today:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Amal. Copper	65¾	65¾	65¾
235	Crucible Steel	6⅝	5⅝	5⅞
50	Fireproofing	3	3	3
650	Fireproofing pf	14½	14⅜	14⅛
80	Independent Brewing	6¼	6¼	6¼
55	Ind. Brewing pf	24⅜	24¼	24¼
700	Interior Mining	.14	.14	.14
50	Mt. Tritle Copper	70	70	70
40	Pitts. Brewing pf	40½	40½	40½
1,000	Pittsburg Consol	.15	.14	.14
150	Sewer Pipe	14	12⅞	13
300	Shoshone	.85	.85	.85
10	Stand. Underg. Cable	200	200	200
900	Tonopah Extension	.95	.95	.95
170	U. S. Steel	38¾	38⅜	38⅜
14	U. S. Steel pf	76	75¾	75¾
109	Westingh. Air Brake	100	99	100

BONDS.

$5,000	West. Penn. Ry. 5s	97	97	97

COTTON GOODS STRONGER.

Stocks Reduced and Large Converters Coming In, H. B. Claflin Co. Says.

In reply to the recent announcements of cuts in the prices of standard cotton goods by the manufacturers' agents and reductions from these quotations by Marshall Field & Co. of Chicago, the H. B. Claflin Company issued a statement yesterday setting forth that the position of the cotton goods market was much stronger than for some time. A strong factor in creating the weakness which has been shown in the last three months, the statement said, has been liquidation of stocks by the small converters.

"However," the statement continued, "in the past few weeks these stocks have been so much reduced that there has been a halt in sacrifice sales of this sort, and the large converters are coming into the market to supply their needs.

"The continued strength of the spot cotton market for good quality of cotton will prevent another reaction in the price of gray goods."

$3,000,000 FOR SEABOARD.

National City Bank Syndicate Takes the Three-Year Issue Authorized.

The National City Bank, it was learned yesterday, has purchased $3,000,000 receivers' certificates of the Seaboard Air Line, which were recently authorized by the Federal court. The City Bank, it is understood, is acting as manager of a syndicate in the purchase of these certificates. The negotiations for the sale were carried on by S. Davies Warfield of Baltimore, one of the receivers.

Mr. Warfield stated yesterday that the certificates had been oversubscribed. He said he assumed the certificates would be offered at about par and interest. They will bear 6 per cent. interest and run for three years from June 1. The issue is to provide for the interest payments on underlying bonds, various car trusts, new construction, and other purposes.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
Wednesday, May 27th, 1908
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF RECEIVERS.
155 shs. Metropolitan Surety Co.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTOR.
2¼ shs. Commonwealth Trust Co., N. Y.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
$1,000 Inter Borough Realty Co. Profit Sharing Deb. Gold Bond, Contract No. 784—Paid thereon, $360.
40 shs. Chatham National Bank.
200 shs. Chatham National Bank.
$500 Computing Scale Co. of America 6% bond.
90 shs. Industrial Trust Co. of Providence.
100 shs. American Telegraph and Cable Co.
100 shs. American Telegraph & Cable Co.
50 shs. Am. Brake Shoe and Foundry Co. common.
40 shs. Standard Coupler Co. common.
10 Tefft-Weller Co. pf.
100 shs. Acker, Merrall & Condit Co.
$5,000 Santa Fe, Raton & Eastern R. R. 1st 5s, 1935.
10 shs. Bond and Mtge. Guarantee Co.
20 shs. Brooklyn Trust Co.
50 shs. Trenton Potteries pf.
10 shs. N. Y. Mutual Gas Light Co.
$1,000 Michigan Traction Co. 1st 5% bd., 1921.
$5,000 Park & Tilford 6% Sinking Fund Deb. Bonds, 1936.
300 shs. The Herzog Co.
125 shs. Metropolitan Securities Co., (75% pd.)
$2,000 Park & Tilford 6% Sinking Fund Deb. Bonds, 1936.
$7,000 Oswego & Rome R. R. 2d Mtg. 5% Bonds, 1915.
$17,000 New York, Susquehanna & Western R. R. Genl. Mtg. 5% Bonds, 1940.
$1,000 Adams Express Co. Coll. Trust 4% Regstd. Bond, 1948.

Mississippi Central Railroad Company.

Notice of Redemption of First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

On the first day of July, 1908, the Mississippi Central Railroad Company will, pursuant to Article IV. of its First Mortgage and Deed of Trust to the Standard Trust Company of New York, Trustee, dated July 1st, 1903, securing its First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds, redeem, at the price of par, interest being first paid, forty-two (42) of said bonds, numbered from 85 to 126, inclusive, at the office of Harvey Fisk & Sons, fiscal agents of said railroad company, No. 62 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

After July 1st, 1908, the coupons for interest on said forty-two bonds will become void, and said forty-two bonds will not be entitled to the benefits of the security afforded by said mortgage and deed of trust.

MISSISSIPPI CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY.
By JOHN T. PORTER, Treasurer.
Scranton, Penn., May 15th, 1908.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, MARSHFIELD AND SOUTH-EASTERN DIVISION.

Proposals will be received by the undersigned until June 1st, 1908, for the sale to the undersigned for account of the sinking fund created by the Marshfield and South-Eastern Division purchase money first mortgage of the Wisconsin Central Railway Company, dated May 1st, 1901, of bonds secured by said mortgage to an amount sufficient to exhaust the sum of $6,011.19.

Dated May 1st, 1908.
UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee,
By HENRY E. AHERN, Secretary.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY INCORPORATED

FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 15th day of June, 1908, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $52,505.74. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. Morse, Secretary.
New York, May 2d, 1908.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of The Hudson Trust Company, held this day, Mr. Louis H. Holloway was elected Vice President and Director of this Company.
THE HUDSON TRUST COMPANY.
(Signed) Henry C. Strahmann, Secretary.
New York, May 22, 1908.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.,
120 Broadway, N. Y., May 16, 1908.

THE SIXTY-FIRST Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company will be held at No. 120 Broadway, on Wednesday, the 27th day of May, 1908, between the hours of 12 noon and 2 o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it. The transfer books will close at the office of the Company, on Saturday, the 23d day of May, 1908, at 12 o'clock noon, and will reopen Thursday, May 28, 1908, at 10 o'clock A. M. ALEXANDER MILLAR, Secretary.

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
45 Wall Street, May 20th, 1908.

An election for Trustees whose terms of office have expired and for Inspectors of the next election ensuing thereafter will be held at the office of the Company on the 2d day of June next, (the first Tuesday,) between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
HENRY E. AHERN, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Block Light Co. will be held at the office of said Company, at Driggs Av. and North 9th St., Brooklyn, Borough of Kings, N. Y., on June 1st, 1908, at 2 P. M.
J. J. STEINDLER, Secretary.

L'ARALDO ITALIANO PUB. CO.

The annual meeting will be held on May 27th at one o'clock at the company's office, No. 243 Canal Street. M. PEPE, Secy.

DIVIDENDS.

The Associated Merchants Company,
Hoboken, N. J., May 22d, 1908.

The regular quarterly dividend at the rate of Seven Per Cent. (7%) per annum will be paid to the holders of the Common stocks of this Company of record June 1st, 1908.

The Transfer books for the Common stock only will close at three P. M. Wednesday, May 27th and reopen at ten A. M., Tuesday, June 2d, 1908. MOSES ELY, Secretary.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 19, 1908.
DIVIDEND NOTICE.
PURE OIL COMPANY.

The Directors of the Company have declared a Dividend of Two Per Cent. on the Common Stock, payable June 1st, 1908. Checks will be mailed. Transfer books will be closed May 25th to 31st, 1908, inclusive.
W. W. TARBELL, Treasurer.

REPORTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

[No. 29.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business, May 14, 1908:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$42,288,777.23
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		15,529.66
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		8,662,000.00
Other bonds to secure U. S. deposits		5,203,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand		360,080.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		5,551.56
Bonds, securities, &c.		55,531,625.12
Banking house		1,600,000.00
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)	$1,165,962.23	
Due from State banks and bankers	169,572.49	
Checks and other cash items	217,724.17	
Exchanges for Clearing House	6,622,627.42	
Notes of other National banks	13,950.00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	307.91	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$28,975,191.00	
Legal-tender notes	762,342.00	
		37,927,647.22
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, (5% of circulation)		483,100.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5% redemption fund		146,157.71
Total		$152,273,468.50

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$10,000,000.00
Surplus fund		15,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		5,857,146.16
National bank notes outstanding		6,475,000.00
Due to other National banks	$27,583,567.14	
Due to State banks and bankers	2,054,468.92	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	25,696,203.41	
Dividends unpaid	1,844.75	
Individual deposits subject to check	46,044,984.24	
Demand certificates of deposit	107,136.00	
Certified checks	1,892,906.27	
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,826,608.01	
		104,707,802.34
United States deposits		4,706,000.00
Bonds borrowed		3,452,520.00
Reserved for taxes		75,000.00
Total		$152,273,468.50

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, C. D. BACKUS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. C. D. BACKUS, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22d day of May, 1908. THOS. T. GRACE, Notary Public, N. Y. Co.
Correct—Attest:
GEO. F. BAKER,
WILLIAM H. MOORE,
JAMES A. BLAIR,
} Directors.

[No. 341.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
FIFTH NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK,
at Twenty-third Street and Third Avenue, New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business May 14th, 1908:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,948,820.40
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		374.04
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		250,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		50,000.00
Other bonds to secure U. S. deposits		114,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c.		807,143.86
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		150,723.68
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)		192,276.72
Due from State banks and bankers		16,775.59
Checks and other cash items		82,460.03
Exchanges from Clearing House		246,545.84
Notes of other National banks		14,445.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		916.56
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$787,104.50	
Legal-tender notes	279,916.00	
		1,017,110.50
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		12,500.00
Total		$4,904,312.22

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$250,000.00
Surplus fund		50,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		403,069.04
National banknotes outstanding		234,800.00
Due to trust companies and savings banks	$101,351.34	
Dividends unpaid	45.00	
Individual deposits subject to check	3,522,989.03	
Demand certificates of deposit	94,068.07	
Certified checks	58,723.57	
Cashier's checks outstanding	366.17	
United States deposits	135,000.00	
		3,908,448.18
Bonds borrowed		58,000.00
Total		$4,904,312.22

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, A. THOMPSON, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. A. THOMPSON, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22d day of May, 1908.
CHAS. J. F. BOHLEN, Notary Public.
DANIEL D. WYLIE,
RICH'D B. KELLY,
JOHN BYRNS,
} Directors.

NEW JERSEY BANKS.

[No. 1,188.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF MORRISTOWN
in the State of New Jersey, at the close of business May 14, 1908:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$917,289.98
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		285.96
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		50,000.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		1,273.44
Bonds, securities, &c.		1,458,541.38
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		70,000.00
Due from National banks, (not reserve agents)		45,402.00
Due from State banks and bankers		74,408.91
Due from approved reserve agents		610,488.74
Checks and other cash items		5,760.08
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		201.25
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$123

Church Services To-morrow

BAPTIST.

Amity Baptist Church, 312 West 54th St., Rev. Leighton Williams, D. D., Pastor.—11 A. M.: "Will the Church of the Future be Protestant or Catholic?" 8 P. M., "The Christian in Human Relations: Master and Servant."

Central Baptist Church, 42d St., West of Broadway, Frank M. Goodchild, D. D., Pastor.—11 A. M., "Our Lord Satisfied"; 8 P. M., "The Great Conflict," lantern lecture on the Civil War; Joe Hooker Post in attendance.

Collegiate Baptist Church, 81st Street and Amsterdam Avenue. Sunday Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School at 10 A. M.
On May 24th the Rev. Wm. W. Barker, D. D., will preach. Themes: Morning, "The Latent Made Patent"; evening, "The Divine Art of Tranquillity." Excellent Music. Come.

Collegiate Baptist Church of the Covenant, South Branch, 33d St., between 8th and 9th Avs.—Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.
Rev. Oscar Haywood, D. D., will preach morning and evening.
A. M. subject: "Spiritual Genius."
P. M. subject: Grand Army Service.
Our Reunited Country. A Greeting from the South to the Veterans of the North.
ALL WELCOME.

At Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, 4 West 46th Street.
THE REV. CHARLES F. AKED, D. D., will preach to-morrow (Sunday) both morning and evening.
Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Sunday School, morning, at 9:30.
YOUNG MEN'S AND YOUNG WOMEN'S CLASSES.

Madison Avenue Baptist Church, cor. 31st St. Rev. Cornelius Woelfkin, D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—"A Sufficient Gospel."
8 P. M.—"A Sympathizing Saviour."
BIBLE SCHOOL, 9:45 A. M.
STRANGERS CORDIALLY INVITED.

Memorial Baptist, Washington Square.—EDWARD JUDSON, the pastor, will preach; 11 A. M., "Christ's Dying Prayer for the Church," and 8 P. M., "The Parable of the Prodigal; or, Christ's Appeal for the Sympathy of the Respectable in His Work of Rescue."

Mount Morris Baptist Church, FIFTH AV., ABOVE 126TH ST.,
Rev. J. HERMAN RANDALL, D. D., Pastor.
Public Worship at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.
Morning: "The Heaven I Would Reach."
Evening: "The Average Man."

Second Av. Baptist Church, bet. 10 & 11 Sts.
Rev. Robert F. Y. Pierce, D. D., Pastor.
Sunday Service at 10:45 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.
Musical service of Stainer's "Crucifixion." Chorus, Organ, and Orchestra of 40 pieces.

The Washington Heights Baptist Church, Convent Av. and 145th St. Rev. Rufus P. Johnston, D. D., Pastor.—Public worship, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.; Bible School, 10 A. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 8 P. M.
Cordial welcome to all.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Broadway Tabernacle, Broadway and 56th Street.
11 A. M., Public Worship.
Sermon by the pastor, Dr. JEFFERSON.
8 P. M.—McAuley Water St. Mission. Address by Mr. JOHN H. WYBURN.

MANHATTAN CONGREGATIONAL, Broadway and 76th St.—11 A. M., 8 P. M. The Pastor, DR. STIMSON, will preach. Evening subject: "Having and Losing." Young people specially invited.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN.

Evangelical Lutheran Church of the Advent, Broadway and 93d St., Rev. William M. Horn.—Services, 11 A. M., 8 P. M.; Sunday School, 9:30 A. M.

Evangelical Lutheran Church of St. James, Madison Av. and 73d St.; Dr. Remensnyder. —Services 10 A. M., 8 P. M.; Sunday School 9:45 A. M.

JEWISH.

Free Synagogue,
81ST ST., COLUMBUS-AMSTERDAM AVS., Stephen S. Wise, Rabbi.
SERVICE SUNDAY MORNING AT 11:15.
"The Man of Ideals in Our Age."
ALL ARE WELCOME.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Duane M. E. Church, Hudson and Spring Sts., R. R. Meek, D. D., Pastor.—10:45, "Christian Expediency"; 7:45, "Religious Bigotry."

Madison Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, Corner 60th Street.
Rev. Wallace MacMullen, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Preaching by Rev. P. M. Buck, D. D., of India.
8 P. M.—Preaching by Rev. A. A. Brown, Assistant Pastor.
Bible School at 9:45 A. M.

7th Av. Metropolitan Temple, 14th St.
JOHN WESLEY HILL,
11—"The Secret of Contentment."
8—Patriotic Service.
Meetings Every Night.

St. Andrew's M. E. Church, 76th St., West of Columbus Avenue,
GEORGE CLARKE PECK, D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—Children's Day Service, with address by the Minister.
8 P. M.—Fourth Sermon in series on "Short Legends with Long Meanings." Theme: "No Thoroughfare."

St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church, West End Avenue and 86th Street.
Rev. GEORGE P. ECKMAN, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Preaching by Dr. M. B. CHAPMAN.

NEW CHURCH.

Church of the New Jerusalem, Thirty-fifth Street, between Park and Lexington Avenues.
REV. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor.
Service at 11 A. M., with sermon by the Rev. John C. Ager of Brooklyn. Subject: "Separating the Wheat from the Tares."

PRESBYTERIAN.

Brick Church, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street. Minister: Rev. William R. Richards, D. D. Dr. Richards will preach at 11 o'clock and at VESPER SERVICE at 4. Weekday Service, Wednesday, 8 P. M.

Central Presbyterian Church, West 57th St., between Broadway-7th Av.
Rev. WILTON MERLE SMITH, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. Smith preaches at 11 A. M.
At 8 P. M. Hugh Black will preach.
Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, Sunday morning at 9:45; Sunday School, 2 P. M. Devotional meeting Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. All welcome.

Church of the Saviour, Lexington Av. and 111th St., J. Sumner Stone, Pastor.—11 and 8: evening theme: "What I Know about Masons."

Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, Fifth Avenue and 55th Street.
Rev. J. Ross Stevenson, D. D.
Rev. Edwin F. Hallenbeck, D. D., } Ministers.
Services 11 A. M., 4 P. M., 8 P. M.
Bible School, 9:30 A. M. Men's Bible Class, conducted by Dr. Hallenbeck, 10 A. M.
Rev. William L. McEwan, D. D., of Pittsburg will preach in the morning.
Dr. Hallenbeck will preach in the afternoon and conduct a
Service of Song
in the chapel at 8 P. M.
Mr. R. E. Mitchell, Soloist.
Preparatory Service, Friday evening at 8:15.

Fourth Presbyterian Church, West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—REV. DR. A. J. SMITH, Supt. of Summer Tent Work.
8 P. M.—HANS FREECE ON "The Inside of Mormonism."

Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, Northeast corner 73d St. and Madison Av., Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor.
Public Worship, 11 A. M., 4:30 and 8 P. M.
The Pastor will preach in the morning and afternoon, and Rev. Chas. W. Gilkey at night.

Madison Square Presbyterian Church, Madison Avenue and 24th Street.
Rev. C. H. Parkhurst, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. George R. Montgomery, A. M., Minister.
Sabbath services, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
The Pastor will preach morning and evening. The choir will give its first special musical service in the evening, with accompaniment of harp, trumpet, and organ. The prelude begins at 7:30 o'clock.

New York Presbyterian Church, 128th St. and 7th Av., D. J. McMillan, D. D., Pastor.—Services, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

North Presbyterian Church, 155th St., bet. Broadway and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. John R. Mackay, Ph. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Preaching by Rev. S. B. Rossiter, D. D.
P. M.—Memorial Service, Lloyd Aspinwall Post, G. A. R.; Dr. Mackay, "The Hand of God in American History."

Old First Presbyterian Church, Fifth Avenue, Eleventh to Twelfth Street,
Rev. HOWARD DUFFIELD, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. James A. McCague, Assistant.
Services, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Rev. James A. McCague will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Park Presbyterian Church, 86th St., Amsterdam Av.—Preaching by Pastor, Rev. Dr. Anson P. Waterbury, 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

Rutgers Presbyterian Church, BROADWAY AND 73D STREET.
Rev. ROBERT MACKENZIE, D. D., Minister.
Rev. ALLEN W. McCURDY, Assistant Minister.
Preaching at 11 by Dr. Mackenzie, and at 8 by Mr. McCurdy.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Cor. of 10th St., Rev. George Alexander, D. D., Pastor.—Public worship tomorrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. At the services to-morrow the pastor will preach. Wednesday evening service at 8 o'clock. Service preparatory to the Communion will be held in the Church on Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

West End Presbyterian Church, Amsterdam Av. and 105th St.
Rev. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, D. D., Pastor; Rev. J. Garland Hamner, Jr., Assist. Pastor.
Dr. Keigwin will preach 11 A. M., special sermon to Students. Subject: "Knowledge and Power"; at 8 P. M., 47th Anniversary American Temperance Society.

West Presbyterian Church, On 42d St., between 5th and 6th Avs., Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., Pastor, Rev. DANIEL E. LORENZ, Ph. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

West 23d St. Presbyterian Church, Near 7th Av.—Rev. F. E. Marsten, D. D., preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

Christ Church, Broadway, 71st St., Rev. George A. Strong, Rector.—Services, 8 and 11 A. M., 8 P. M., (Rector.)

Church of the Ascension, FIFTH AVENUE AND TENTH STREET. Rev. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector. 11 A. M.—Morning service and sermon. 4 P. M.—"Hail, Gladdening Light." Rev. Walter E. Clifton Smith will preach at both services. 8 P. M.—Mr. Alexander Irvine will speak on "A Soldier's Vision."

Church of the Incarnation, Madison Av. and 35th St.—8 and 11 A. M., 4 P. M.

Church of Zion and St. Timothy, 334 West 57th Street.
Rector, Rev. Henry Lubeck, D. C. L.
Holy Communion.....8 A. M.
Morning Prayer.....11 o'clock
Preacher, the Rector.
Choral Service.....4 P. M.
Preacher, Rev. Dr. Rushton.

Eglise du Saint-Esprit, 45 East 27th St.—Services religieux le dimanche a 10½ h. du matin et 8 h. du soir. Rev. A. Wittmeyer.

St. Bartholomew's Church, Madison Avenue, corner 44th Street, The Rev. Leighton Parks, D. D., Rector. 8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion. 11 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon. 4 P. M.—Annual Service of St. Bartholomew's Battalion.
The Rector will preach at both services.

At St. James's Church, Madison Av., 71st St. 8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer; Preacher, Bishop Courtney. 8 P. M.—Evening Prayer; Special Sermon to Young People by Bishop Courtney.

St. Michael's Church, Amsterdam Av., 99th St.—Sunday, 8 P. M., the Rector, Rev. John P. Peters, will preach on "GAMBLING."

REFORMED CHURCH.

The Middle Collegiate Church, 2d Av. and 7th St.,
Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

The Marble Collegiate Church, 5th Av. and 29th St.,
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Morning: "Making the Most of One's Self."
Evening: "The Man Outside."

The Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas, 5th Av. and 48th St.,
Rev. DONALD SAGE MACKAY, D.D., Minister
Rev. Wm. R. Taylor, D. D., of Rochester, N. Y., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Morning: "The Divine Saviour a Man of War."
Evening: "Labyrinth and Lamp."

The West End Collegiate Church, West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D.D., Minister will preach at 11 A. M.
Rev. Thomas McBride Nichols will preach at 8 P. M.

Hamilton Grange Church, Convent Av. and West 149th St., Chalmers P. Dyke, Minister. —Services at 11 and 8. S. S., 9:30. Open pews.

Madison Avenue Reformed Church, Cor. 57th, Rev. William Carter, D. D., Pastor.
DR. FRANCIS L. PATTON of Princeton, New Jersey,
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
The Lord's Supper will be observed at the close of the morning sermon.

South Church, Madison Av. and 38th St., Rev. THOMAS REED BRIDGES, D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—Morning Worship and Sermon. The Pastor will preach.

34th St. Reformed Church. West of 8th Av., Rev. ROBERT W. COURTNEY, Pastor.—Services, 10:30 A. M. and 8 P. M.

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.

The Religious Society of Friends.
The New York Yearly Meeting of the Religious Society of Friends will be held next week in the Meeting House, 15th St. and Rutherfurd Place, Borough of Manhattan. Meetings for worship held First Day morning at 11 o'clock and in the afternoon at o'clock. Isaac Wilson, Matilda Janney, and others traveling in the Ministry will be in attendance. All visitors will be welcome.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.

Theosophical Society, 244 Lenox Av.—Public lectures: Sunday, 8:15 P. M., "Karma," B. B. Gattell; next Tuesday evening, "The Three Objects of the T. S."

UNITARIAN.

All Souls', (Unitarian.) 4th Av., 20th St.—Rev. THOMAS R. SLICER, Pastor, will preach, sermon; subject, "RIGHT AND WRONG"; services 11 A. M. All cordially invited.

At Lenox Avenue Unitarian Church, Corner 121st Street. Services at eleven. "THEY KNOW NOT WHAT THEY DO." Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, Minister.

Church of the Messiah, (Unitarian.) 34th St. cor. Park Av.
Ministers: { REV. ROBERT COLLYER, Lit. D. / REV. JOHN HAYNES HOLMES.
Services at.....11 A. M.
Rev. JOHN HAYNES HOLMES will preach, Subject, "THE GOSPEL OF THE SUMMER."

UNIVERSALIST.

Church of the Divine Paternity, Central Park West and 76th St.,
Rev. Frank Oliver Hall, D. D., Pastor.
Children's Sunday Service at 11 A. M. Special music and decorations. Brief sermon to Children by the pastor. Every one, but especially children, are invited.

OTHER SERVICES.

American Tract Society.
The Eighty-third Anniversary of the Society will be commemorated by a sermon to be preached by Rev. Wm. L. McEwan, D. D., of Pittsburg, Pa., in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, cor. 55th St., on Sabbath, May 24th, at 11 A. M. Members and friends of the Society and the public are cordially invited to be present.

A UNIQUE SERVICE
by the Children of the
Five Points House of Industry,
155 Worth Street.
HEAR THEM SING at 3:30 P. M.
Organist—S. N. Penfield, Mus. Doc.
Superintendent—Wm. R. Garbutt.

Gospel Tabernacle Church, 44th St. and 8th Av.—Sunday, May 24, 10:30 A. M., Rev. A. B. SIMPSON; 8 P. M., Rev. F. E. MARSH. Subject: "SEVEN LAMPS OF FIRE BURNING." (Rev. 4-5.)

MADISON C. PETERS,
The Belasco, 11 o'clock. Seats Free. Subject: "The Choice of a Husband."

New Thought Meetings,
Plaza Studios, 5 West 58th St.—Sunday service 11 A. M. Speaker, W. Ellis Williams.

Services in **Christ's Mission,** 331 West 57th St., afternoon, 3: 30, addresses by Pastor O'Connor and Albert King: Second Coming of Christ."

The Old McAuley Water Street Mission, 316 Water St., (Under Brooklyn Bridge.)—Services every night at 7:30; Sunday at 3 P. M. Perpetual Revival. Drunkards especially welcome.

Vedanta.—Swami Paramananda on "What Is Vedanta?" at 11 A. M.; 135 West 80th.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of the application of GEORGE H. BEALL and others to have DAVID CRUTCHFIELD, CHARLES CRUTCHFIELD, and JOHN R. CUNNINGHAM, copartners, declared a bankrupt.

It appearing to my satisfaction that a petition was on the 17th day of April, 1908, duly filed herein for the adjudication in bankruptcy of David Crutchfield, Charles Crutchfield, and John R. Cunningham, composing the firm of Crutchfield & Company, and that said alleged bankrupts are not within the district, and that service of the subpoena herein cannot after diligent search be made upon them; now, on reading and filing the petition in bankruptcy herein, the return of the Marshal herein, and the annexed petition, and on motion of Richard B. Aldcroft, Jr., attorney for the petitioning creditors, it is

Ordered that David Crutchfield, Charles Crutchfield, and John R. Cunningham appear, plead, answer, or demur on or before the 11th day of June, 1908, to the petition herein, filed in the office of the Clerk of this Court, on April 17, 1908, and in case of their failure to appear, plead, answer, or demur, adjudication shall be made according to the prayer of said petition; and it is

Further ordered, that this order be published in The New York Times once a week for two consecutive weeks; said publication to commence not later than the 23d day of May, 1908, and that a copy of this order be mailed to the said David Crutchfield, Charles Crutchfield, and John R. Cunningham, respectively, at their last known places of abode, on or before the day of the first publication.

Dated New York, May 21, 1908.

C. M. HOUGH,
U. S. District Judge.

LONG-ESTABLISHED AND GOING stationery manufacturing business of Pomeroy Brothers Co., manufacturers of ink, paste, mucilage, and sealing wax, for sale very low; lease of factory can be renewed and old employes retained. Frank Benjamin, Receiver of Pomeroy Brothers Co., Prudential Building, Newark, N. J.

SPECIAL MUSICAL SERVICE.

Madison Square Presbyterian Church to Have First in a Series To-morrow.

The first special musical service of the Madison Square Presbyterian Church will be held Sunday evening, May 24. The prelude begins at 7:30 o'clock. Miss Gertrude Robinson will be the harpist, Paris Chambers trumpeter, and H. E. Parkhurst organist and director. This is the programme:

H. E. Parkhurst, Organist and Director.
Intermezzo.....Gounod
Harp and Organ.
Poeme.....Grieg
Trumpet and Organ.
"Spring's Awakening".....Bach
Harp and Organ.
Largo.....Dvorak
Chimes and Organ.
"Angels Ever Bright and Fair".....Handel
Trumpet and Organ.
Harp Solo, (selected.)
Chimes.
Processional, "Holy, Holy, Holy".....Dykes
Solo and Chorus—Arranged from Second Mass. Haydn
"Nearer, My God, to Thee." Double chorus.
"The trumpet shall sound" (from "The Messiah").....Handel
Bass solo, with trumpet obligato.
Tenor solo and chorus.....Garrett
Harp, Trumpet, Chimes, Organ, and Chorus.. Sullivan
Sanctus.....Parkhurst
Recessional, "Hark, hark, my soul".....Smart
Postlude, "Abide with me".....Monk
Harp, Trumpet, and Organ.

Other special services will be announced later.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

ROSS, E. COOLEY.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent.

To JAMES PHILPOT, Reuben Ross, Lucie Maria Gough, Charles Eugene Vyse, Ellen Vyse, Evangeline J. A. Walker, Laura Dunnet, Sarah Philpot, Jessie Vyse, Harry Vyse, Edward G. Vyse, William E. Vyse, Martha E. Carroll, Elizabeth E. Beckwith, Arvmyer F. Farrell, Lucy Allen, Eugene R. Vyse, Charles E. Vyse, George Vyse, James Vyse, Emma Culligan, Eva L. McClellan, Jacob Nishwitz, Edward F. Nishwitz, Walter B. Butler, John Vyse, a grand-nephew of deceased, the name "John" being fictitious, real Christian name unknown to petitioner, he being a son of a deceased nephew (whose Christian name is unknown to petitioner) of decedent, the said deceased nephew being a son of decedent's brother Charles G. Vyse, deceased, and Richard Vyse, a grand-nephew of deceased, the name "Richard" being fictitious, real Christian name unknown to petitioner, he being a son of a deceased nephew (whose Christian name is unknown to petitioner) of decedent, the said deceased nephew being a son of decedent's brother Charles G. Vyse, deceased, the heirs and next of kin of E. COOLEY ROSS, deceased, send greeting:

Whereas, James P. Beckwith of the City of New York, has lately applied to the Surrogates' Court of our County of New York, to have a certain instrument in writing bearing date January 8, 1903, relating to both real and personal property duly proved as the last will and testament of E. Cooley Ross, late of the County of New York, deceased.

Therefore you and each of you are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York, at his office in the County of New York, on the 30th day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eight, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogate's Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.

Witness Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said County, the 28th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eight. [Seal] DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.

WENTWORTH, LOWENSTEIN & STERN, attorneys for Petitioner. Office and Post Office address, 350 Broadway, New York City.

FARLEE, MARY E.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARY E. FARLEE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, No. 32 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, the City of New York, on or before the first day of June next. —Dated New York, the 23d day of November, 1907. WM. S. OPDYKE, Executor. OPDYKE, LADD & BRISTOW, Attorneys for Executor, 20 Nassau Street, New York, N. Y.

VAN VOLKENBURGH, ANN S.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Charles H. Beckett, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ANN S. VAN VOLKENBURGH, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, No. 299 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 7th day of September next.

Dated New York, the 28th day of February, 1908.

EDWARD VAN VOLKENBURGH,
PHILIP VAN VOLKENBURGH,
Executors.
NILES & JOHNSON, No. 11 Wall Street, New York City; HORNBLOWER, MILLER & POTTER, No. 24 Broad Street, New York City, Attorneys for Executors.

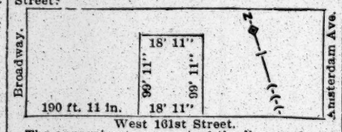
REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—MARGARET L. CROW, plaintiff, against JOHN A. DONNEGAN and others, defendants. Pursuant to a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, dated May 11th, 1908, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, New York City, Manhattan, on Wednesday, June 3d, 1908, at 12 o'clock noon, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, therein described as follows: All that certain lot, piece, parcel, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of 161st Street, distant 190 feet 11 inches easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Broadway and the said northerly side of 161st Street, and running thence northerly parallel with Broadway, and part of the distance through a party wall, 99 feet 11 inches; thence easterly parallel with 161st Street 18 feet 11 inches; thence southerly again parallel with Broadway, and part of the distance through another party wall, 99 feet 11 inches to the said northerly side of 161st Street, and thence westerly along said northerly side of 161st Street 18 feet 11 inches to the point or place of beginning, together with the buildings and improvements thereon erected.

Dated New York, May 11th, 1908.

ROBERT B. HINCKS, Referee.
GRANT SQUIRES, Plaintiff's Attorney, 40 Wall St., New York City, Manhattan.

The following is a diagram of property to be sold; its street number is 569 West 161st Street:



West 161st Street.

The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above property is to be sold is $13,947.57-100, with interest thereon from May 8th, 1908, together with $323.50, costs and allowances, with interest from May 11th, 1908, together with expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, water rates and other liens to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase price or paid by referee is $220 and interest.

Dated New York, May 11th, 1908.

ROBERT B. HINCKS, Referee.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE ADVERtisement in The City Record of May 22 to June 5, 1908, of the confirmation by the Board of Revision of Assessments, and the entering in the Bureau for the Collection of Assessments and Arrears of assessment for LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS in the BOROUGH OF THE BRONX:

2ID WARD, SECTION 10. EAST 139TH STREET—SEWER, between Walnut and Cypress Avenues. HERMAN A. METZ, Comptroller.

City of New York May 21, 1908.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE ADVERtisement in the City Record of May 21 to June 4, 1908, of the confirmation by the Board of Assessors, and the entering in the Bureau for the Collection of Assessments and Arrears of assessment for LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS in the BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN.

30TH WARD, SECTION 3. ALTERATION AND IMPROVEMENT TO SEWER in THIRTY-NINTH STREET, between the Hudson River and 11th Avenue, and new OUTLET under pier at the foot of 39th Street.

HERMAN A. METZ, Comptroller.
City of New York, May 19, 1908.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE ADVERtisement in the City Record of May 22 to June 5, 1908, of the confirmation by the Board of Revision of Assessments, and the entering in the Bureau for the Collection of Assessments and Arrears of assessment for LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS in the BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN.

12TH WARD, SECTION 7—7TH AVENUE SEWER, west side, between 144th and 145th Streets. HERMAN A. METZ, Comptroller.

City of New York, May 21, 1908.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE ADVERTISEMENT IN THE CITY RECORD of May 21 to June 4, 1908, of the confirmation by the Board of Assessors, and the entering in the Bureau for the Collection of Assessments and Arrears, of assessment for LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS in the BOROUGH OF QUEENS:

1ST WARD. 8TH STREET—GRADING, PAVING, AND CURBING from Jackson Avenue to East Avenue. HERMAN A. METZ, Comptroller.

City of New York, May 19, 1908.

COURT CALENDARS

STATE COURTS.

Decisions.

The Appellate Division, First Department, yesterday announced the following decisions:

John A. Pray and another, appellants, vs. Louis L. Todd and another, respondents.—Judgment affirmed, without costs, and order modified as stated in memorandum, and as modified affirmed, without costs. Memorandum per curiam. Settle order on notice.

Michael Kennedy, as administrator, respondent, vs. New York Telephone Company, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Houghton, J. Order filed.

In the matter of H. Koehler & Co., appellant, vs. Maynard N. Clement, as Commissioner, &c., respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. Opinions by Scott and Clarke, JJ. (Clarke, J., dissenting.)

The People, &c., respondent, vs. Cornelius J. Jackson, appellant.—Judgment reversed, new trial ordered. Opinion by Clarke, J. (Scott, J., dissenting.) Settle order on notice.

Mary Haney, respondent, vs. City of New York, appellant.—Judgment reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event unless plaintiff stipulates to reduce verdict to $8,000, in which case judgment as so modified and order affirmed, without costs. Opinion by Scott, J. Settle order on notice.

Eugene S. Willard, respondent, vs. John W. Ferguson, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Clarke, J. (Houghton and Scott, JJ., dissenting.) Order filed.

Henry D. Miller, suing, &c., respondents, vs. Crown Perfumery Company et al., appellants.—Judgment modified as directed in opinion, and as modified affirmed, without costs. Opinion by Clarke, J. Settle order on notice.

William N. Amory, respondent, vs. Herbert H. Vreeland, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Houghton, J. Order filed.

In the matter of Gus Reed, &c.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

William H. Russell and another, respondents, vs. Alexander McDonald et al., appellants.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Houghton, J.

In the matter of John M. Burke.—Order reversed and proceeding dismissed, without costs. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

Title Guarantee and Trust Company, appellant, vs. Fanny A. Haven and another, respondents.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

John V. Koch, as trustee, respondent, vs. Anna H. Clarke et al., impleaded, appellants.—Judgment affirmed, with costs to all parties separately appearing, payable out of the estate. No opinion. Order filed.

Leonard H. Ludwig, as administrator, appellant, vs. the City of New York, respondent.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Sophie D. Schooller, respondent, vs. Metropolitan Express Company, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event, unless plaintiff stipulates to reduce verdict to $1,000, in which event judgment, as so modified, and order affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Settle order on notice.

Morris Reisler, an infant, respondent, vs. John H. Springler, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event, unless plaintiff stipulates to reduce verdict to $10,000, in which event judgment, as so modified, and order affirmed, without costs. No opinion. (Ingraham and Houghton, JJ., dissenting, and voting for reversal.) Settle order on notice.

Twelfth Ward Bank of New York, appellant, vs. Charles Katz, respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Morris Rosenwasser, respondent, vs. Aetna Indemnity Company, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Patrick Keegan, respondent, vs. Daniel D. Streeter, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed. (Ingraham, J., dissenting.)

James Donnelly, respondent, vs. Forty-second Street, Manhattanville and St. Nicholas Avenue Railroad Company, appellant.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Clarke, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Augustus H. Grote, respondent, vs. Ida F. Grote, appellant.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, with leave to defendant to amend answer on payment of costs in this court and in the court below. No opinion. (Ingraham and Houghton, JJ., dissenting.) Order filed.

John C. Rodgers, respondent, vs. Ambrose B. Stannard, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event, unless plaintiff stipulates to reduce verdict by deducting therefrom $472.51, in which event judgment as so modified and order affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Settle order on notice.

Jeremiah J. Sullivan, appellant, vs. Mercantile National Bank of New York, respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Gay Baum, appellant, vs. United States Trust Company et al., respondents.—Judgment modified as stated in memorandum, and as modified affirmed, with one bill of costs to defendants, the St. Joseph's Seminary and the Church of St. Jerome. Memorandum per curiam. Settle order on notice.

Appellate Division Calendar.

ROCHESTER, May 22.—Appellate Court calendar for Monday: Nos. 62, 63, 111, 116, 119, 135, 20, 30.

Calendars for Saturday, May 23.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Greenbaum, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.
SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S. —Will for probate at 10:30 A. M.: John J. Harkins.
CITY COURT—Chambers—Schmuck, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J.—Rachel Weinstein vs. Abraham Meller—Louis Mishkin. Jennie Weill vs. Abraham Meller—Louis Mishkin.
CITY COURT—Schmuck, J.—Emma J. Snyder vs. Louis G. Weber—Harold J. Friedman.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J.—Brucke vs. Blanket—Burt L. Rich. Cohen-Reinach vs. Edward C. Crowley.
SUPREME COURT—Guy, J.—Wentz vs. Abelman Construction Company—James A. Foley, Doyle vs. Gay Construction Company—Daniel J. Early.
SUPREME COURT—O'Gorman, J.—Peckworth vs. S. & R. Construction Company—Joseph P. Ryan. Krauss vs. Henderson—David C. Myers.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

THE TRAVELERS' SPECIALTY COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Henry H. Wharncliffe and Michael A. Boldt, doing business as the Travelers' Specialty Company in trunks, bags, &c., at 29 Union Square, show liabilities of $13,521 and assets consisting of stock, amount not given, and fixtures, $1,000.

JOHN HOPKINS.—John Hopkins, wholesale dealer in druggists' sundries at 150 Beekman Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $6,736 and assets $3,978, consisting of stock, $2,000; office furniture, $210; accounts, $1,360; cash, $108, and a claim for damages, $300. Judge Hough appointed H. P. Olcott receiver. Mr. Hopkins began business in April, 1906, as a partner in the firm of W. T. James & Co., and succeeded this firm a few weeks ago.

WILLIAM GEIGER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against William Geiger, dealer in electrical supplies under the style of the Hampton Mills Company, at 1151 East 127th Street, by Rollin K. Mead, a creditor for $4,008 on an assigned claim of the United States Incandescent Lamp Company. It was alleged that he is insolvent, and has transferred all his property to various creditors to prefer them. He has been in business since January, 1906.

ABRAHAM SCHMULOWITZ.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Abraham Schmulowitz, manufacturer of trousers under the style of the Chester Trouser Company at 126 Bleecker Street, by these creditors: Michael Nathan, $448, and Jacob Cohen & Son, $100. It was alleged that he is insolvent, removed stock worth $2,000, and allowed certain creditors to obtain preference by legal proceedings. Judge Hough appointed Walter B. Allen receiver. Creditors who investigated his place of business say they found all the stock and fixtures had been removed.

LOUIS KELLER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Louis Keller, a hotel keeper at Boston Post Road and Mill Lane, the Bronx, by Caroline Keller of 5,216 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, a creditor for $593 for arrears of alimony and costs in a separation suit. It was alleged that he is insolvent, and on Jan. 28 confessed judgments to Theodore Koebler for $2,736, and to Albert Altman for $768, under which the Sheriff sold out his real estate on March 18, and that Mr. Keller has not been at his place of business or at his residence for three weeks. Mrs. Keller estimates his liabilities at $21,580, and values the hotel property at $40,000, mortgaged for $18,000.

Judgments.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Assimako, L.—Bernard Weiss, $288.
Atkin, Edgar M.—Bonwit, Teller & Co., $31.
Assum, F.—Millard Marcase, $29.
Acritelli, Peter P.—Herman Elkan, $256.
Astor, J. J., trustee—Man. Ry. Co., costs, $67.
Alling, Louise F. and Robert B., executors—City of N. Y., $285.
Attilla, Lewis—Press P

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET. | WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET. | WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

THIS IS WHAT ONE PERSON SAYS ABOUT HARMON:

May 17th, 1908.

WOOD, HARMON & CO.:

Dear Sirs:—

In reference to your ad. appearing in to-day's paper for answers regarding your property. Why is Harmon so popular? Because it is advertised more extensively than any other property around New York; also the people of New York expect Harmon to be one of the greatest Music centres of the East.

Another reason, Harmon means something in Real Estate, especially to those who follow it for investment purposes. It means a guarantee that you can't go wrong by those who know and who have bought before.

Why are lots selling so fast? Because the people who have bought have told their friends and others, and all being so well satisfied with their purchases just makes of it an endless chain passing along the line.

Respectfully,

(Signed) J. A. McCURDY,
333 West 45th St., City.

Get your answer in to-day.

FREE!

PROPERTY WORTH $2,000!
READ THIS CAREFULLY; IT COSTS
YOU NOTHING BUT A LITTLE THOUGHT.

$1,059,485 WORTH OF LOTS SOLD TO MAY 9.
39,600 SOLD LAST WEEK.
$1,099,085 SOLD IN ALL!

What we want you to tell in 100 words or less is why Harmon is so popular and why it is selling so fast.

DO YOU WANT FREE A

$1,000 VILLA SITE, A
$700 HOME SITE, OR A
$300 BUNGALOW SITE?

Why Did They Buy?
There Must Be a Reason.
Can You Find It?

Visit the property on our special train Sunday, May 24, or any week day, at our expense. Note its beauties, then write us the reason that appeals to you the most, using your own language.

The contest will be closed on Sept. 1, and on Labor Day, Sept. 7, the winners will be announced and the prizes awarded. The prize committee will be composed of five prominent professional men. Employes of Wood, Harmon & Co. not allowed to compete.

If you cannot visit the property at once, write for a beautiful free illustrated booklet. Perhaps it will give you some ideas.

THIS CONTEST IS FREE TO ALL!
DON'T FAIL TO SEND IN
YOUR ANSWER AT ONCE!

We reserve the right to publish any answer received

Special Train
Sunday, May 24

leaving Grand Central Station (Lexington Avenue Terminal) at 1:15 P. M.,

stopping at 125th Street ten minutes later. Free tickets can be secured from either of our offices or from our representatives wearing yellow badge, fifteen minutes before train time, at the train gate.

$10 Down Secures Any Site. Prices from **$290** up

Write to-day for booklet.

WOOD, HARMON & CO.

Desk D, 315 Madison Ave., Phone 2326 38th St.
HARLEM BRANCH, 42 W. 125th St.
Phone 1054 Harlem. Office open until 10 P. M.

Stop Paying Rent
You Can Own a Home

COME AND TALK WITH US

We are building 20 houses of five and six rooms, thoroughly modern, each house on 2 full city lots, **$2,000**

Pay a small amount down, the balance paid like rent, **$15** per month.

Halley Realty Co.,
2 East 125th St., N. Y.
OPEN EVENINGS AND SUNDAY.

$7,800 Home Bargain
IN NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.

Modern, with 10 rooms, all improvements; hot water heating system; good big plot. The convenient location to the station, churches, water, and schools makes this a decided bargain and a chance not to be missed

Terms Made Most Reasonable.

J. Lambert & Son,
Member New Rochelle Real Estate Exchange.
Tel. 201. 228 Huguenot St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

Furnished Houses.
WHITE PLAINS AND WESTCHESTER CO.
To Rent for the Summer.
$50 per mo.; $75, $100, $200 to $400 and up.
E. N. Ehrhart, 7 E. 42d St. (4545—38th St.)

BEAUTIFUL BRONXVILLE,

Nine-room modern house on lot 70x100 at a great bargain. Price $7,400.
Anderson Realty Co., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

BEAUTIFUL AND ARISTOCRATIC
RIVER VIEW MANOR
at Dobbs Ferry and Hastings-on-Hudson.
HASTINGS HOMES COMPANY,
47 W. 42d St., N. Y., or Hastings-on-H.

Mount Vernon.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y. FOR SALE, FOR SALE,

Unusually attractive house, high ground, Chester Hill; 7 minutes from station; large living room, reception hall, dining room, kitchen, and butler's pantry; 7 large bedrooms, 2 bathrooms. Expensively decorated; best selected oak interior finish; especially designed gas and electric light fixtures and fireplace; matched floors, steam heating, standard plumbing. Built by present occupant 1 year ago. Will sell for $14,000. Terms to suit.
J. B. THILL. 18 East 42d St., N. Y.

A 10% NET INVESTMENT

Mount Vernon prominent business corner, close to New Haven Station; $20,000 equity over first mortgage; might take something small in part payment. Owner, Box 53 Mount Vernon.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

QUEENSBORO HILL

AT BEAUTIFUL FLUSHING, L. I.,

THE HOMESEEKER

WILL FIND this an ideal spot. Two years ago a farm—now a thriving, settled community, with water, gas, cement sidewalks, macadam streets, shade trees, and all city improvements. It is probably unequaled for its beautiful surroundings, its high, healthful ground, and its complete transportation facilities.

THE INVESTOR

WILL FIND it second to none for safe, quick, and large returns. The up-to-dateness of its improvements and the great enhancement of values absolutely assured on completion of the Belmont and Pennsylvania tunnels and new Queensboro Bridge positively warrants this.

THE LOCATION

is perfect, overlooking Flushing Bay, with schools, churches, markets, banks, &c., but a few minutes' walk away; trolleys and trains to and from the city every few minutes; 5c. fare; ½ hour from Herald Square now and soon will be but 15 minutes.

LOTS $250

Liberal cash discount or easy monthly payments. Call or write for full particulars to

CHARLES HALLOCK & CO.,
110 West 34th St., New York.
'Phone, 2287—38th.

INSTRUCTION.

St. Agnes School FOR GIRLS
ALBANY, NEW YORK

Re-opens October 1st. Not a graded school. Average number in class, seven. Individual attention in studies and in household. Announcement sent on application.

LOOKING FOR A SCHOOL?
You can find the school or camp wanted by writing School Agency, 500, 41 Park Row, N. Y.

EXCURSIONS. | EXCURSIONS.

Decoration Day Excursions

Lehigh Valley Railroad

Special trains leave Penn. R. R. ferries, New York, for Mauch Chunk 7:55 A. M., Bellewood Park 8:55 A. M., May 30.

Niagara Falls,	$9.00
Ithaca,	8.10
Intercollegiate Boat Races.	
Glen Onoko and Mauch Chunk,	1.50
Bellewood Park,	1.00

For particulars, time of trains, etc., inquire 1460 and 355 Broadway, New York; 325 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 755 Broad St., Newark.
Fare from Brooklyn via Annex Ferry, 15c. additional.

THE CANADIAN ROCKIES
ALASKA
YELLOWSTONE PARK

A series of delightful tours to the Pacific Coast, including every traveling and hotel expense. No cares, no worries. Everything attended to. Stopover privileges.

Other Tours to YELLOWSTONE PARK, COLORADO, CALIFORNIA, EASTERN RESORTS, EUROPE, Etc.

Railroad and Steamship Tickets Everywhere.

Send for circular, mentioning information desired.

RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO.

Tel. 6270 Madison Sq.
225 Fifth Ave., bet. 26th and 27th Sts.

STARIN'S EXCURSIONS

STEAMBOATS AND BARGES
to all PLEASURE RESORTS on
LONG ISLAND SOUND
and HUDSON RIVER.

Magnificent Saloon Steamers "Glen" and "Richmond," each 1,200 capacity. "Sea Gull," 500 capacity. Barges of all sizes.
Sunday Schools a Specialty.
OFFICES—CORTLANDT ST. PIERS, N. Y.
'Phone 1298—Cortlandt.

NORTH BEACH
FREE FIREWORKS THURSDAYS
To-day—Boats E. 99th St. Only
SUMMER TIME TABLE TO-MORROW
Boats E. 99th and 134th Sts.

CHARMING EXCURSIONS.

West Point, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie.
Daily (except Sunday) by Palace Iron Day Line Steamers. Leave B'klyn, Fulton St., (by Annex,) 8; Desbrosses St., 8:40; W. 42d St., 9; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M. Returning on down boat, due 42d St., 5:30 P. M.
MORNING AND AFTERNOON CONCERTS.

FOR SALE.

ROLL TOP DESKS

Office Furniture in great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

"Made by the mile—Sold by the foot"
OFFICE PARTITIONS
OAK of quality 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 PER FOOT 7 FEET HIGH
Mount & Robertson Makers,
28 BEAVER ST. Telephone 1957 Broad.

DIAMONDS ON CREDIT
L. W. SWEET & CO
387 Malden Lane, N. Y.
389 Fulton St., B'klyn.
Call or write for Ill. Catalogue No. 45.

SAFES
—New and second-hand of all kinds and makes; safes bought, exchanged, and repaired.
YORK SAFE & LOCK CO.,
Formerly J. M. Mossman,
55 Malden Lane. Tel. 1423 John.

Typewriters
New, Rebuilt, Second-hand, $15 up. Year's guarantee. Rented, $2 up. Repairs, Supplies. Send for catalogue and bargain list.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
1½ Barclay St. Tel. 1131 Cort.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

Handsome Pony Team

for sale; safe for children. Send for photo, description, price, &c. Nyser, Hartford, Conn.

Doctor's stanhope top wagon, rubber tire runabout, trap and top buggy, all in good order; cheap. Stable, 446 East 134th St.

SUMMER RESORTS. | SUMMER RESORTS.
NEW YORK. | NEW YORK.

THE TWO FAMOUS HOTELS AMIDST AMERICA'S MOST PICTURESQUE LAKES AND MOUNTAINS

HOTEL CHAMPLAIN
and Cottages,
Lake Champlain, Clinton County, N. Y.

In centre Natural Park of 450 acres. Golf, Tennis, Boating, Bathing, Fishing. Complete Auto Garage. Attractive social life. Opens July 1st. Booklet ROBERT MURRAY, MGR., 243 5th Ave., N. Y., until July 1st.

Two particularly fine cottages to rent.

FORT WILLIAM HENRY HOTEL
Lake George, N. Y.

$150,000 expended in improvements since last season. Finest and largest Hotel on the Lake. Every convenience. Opens July 1st. Booklet J. F. WILSON, MGR., 243 5th Ave., N. Y., until July 1st

NEW YORK Catskill Mountains.

The Best Place to Spend Your Summer Vacation is in the Historic, Picturesque, and Healthful
CATSKILL MOUNTAINS

The high altitude of this great mountain sanitarium, ranging from 2,000 to 4,000 feet above the sea, is an important factor in the selection of a Summer home.

In addition to the private parks there are over 1,000 hotels and boarding houses amid the green fields and towering crags in this country of scenic beauty and wildwood charms.

The Ulster & Delaware R.R.

offers superb train service without change of cars between Philadelphia, Jersey City, and New York and all points in this popular Summer resort.

The Rip Van Winkle Flyer, leaving New York, (42d St.,) via West Shore R. R., at 1 o'clock P. M., will make first trip May 23d.

The Summer time schedule for season of 1908 will go into effect Sunday, June 21.

The "Catskill Mountain Limited," composed exclusively of parlor cars with observation car, leaving New York on week days at 10 o'clock A. M., will be a popular feature of the service.

The West Shore R. R. will sell excursion tickets from New York and Brooklyn on May 29th and 30th, via Ulster & Delaware R. R., to all points in the Catskill Mountains, at one fare for round trip, giving an opportunity to select your Summer home or boarding place. These tickets will be good for return trip on any train up to midnight of June 1st inclusive.

An illustrated Summer Book, with map of the Catskills and list of hotels and boarding houses, will be sent free on receipt of 8 cents postage.

N. A. SIMS, Gen'l Passenger Agent,
Kingston, N. Y.

THE GRAND HOTEL COMPANY
announce the opening of the
GRAND HOTEL
Catskill Mountains, N. Y.
THURSDAY, JUNE 25TH, 1908.

Through coach and drawing room car service from New York direct to hotel grounds. Altitude over 2,000 feet.

Passenger elevator to all floors. Rooms singly or en suite with private bath. Booklet.

For terms and full information apply to George Murray, Manager, 1,180 Broadway, (one door above 28th St.) New York. Telephone 4748 Madison. After June 25th address The Grand Hotel Company, Highmount P. O., N. Y.

Staten Island.

Terra-Marine Inn
NOW OPEN.
Refined New Seaside Resort
Broad, Unobstructed Sea Frontage
Only One Hour from Manhattan.

Beautiful, newly furnished single and double rooms, with or without private baths; elegant parlor, bedroom, and bath sea-front suites.

Magnificent Colonial dining hall and ballroom, facing sea, accommodating 400 guests.

Finest cuisine; well-stocked wine cellars. Spacious Mission Rathskeller and Billiard Room.

600-foot pier; boating, bathing, fishing, tennis, etc. Hotel auto and 'buses meet all trains. Call or address
TERRA-MARINE INN,
HUGUENOT, STATEN ISLAND, N. Y. C.

Thousand Islands.

The Hotel Frontenac
1,000 ISLANDS, ST. LAWRENCE RIVER,
OPENS JUNE 20.

A magnificent Hotel, delightfully situated on an Island in the St. Lawrence River. The favorite water for motor boats and boat racing. Fishing, rowing and all aquatic sports. An extremely picturesque nine-hole golf course free to guests of the hotel; also tennis and other sports. For booklet and full information, address
C. G. TRUSSELL, Manager, Frontenac, N. Y.
(also Mgr. Bon Air, Augusta, Ga.)
New York office, 289 Fourth Av.

Adirondacks.

THERE'S something about the woods that obliterates all traces of care and makes life natural and human. The
STEVENS HOUSE,
LAKE PLACID,
is the ideal spot for persons seeking the maximum Spring and Summer benefits and comforts at the minimum expense. Booklet free.
Fine Cottages for Rent Furnished. (Ice included.) All modern improvements.
GEO. A. STEVENS, Sole Proprietor,
LAKE PLACID, N. Y.

Long Island.

SEA VIEW HOUSE
SAG HARBOR, L. I.

Opens June 1st. Situated on Peconic Bay. Bathing, boating, and fishing, all modern improvements. Stable and livery. Table abundantly supplied with products from our own farm. Homelike and comfortable. Rooms, single and en suite, with bath, $10.00 and upwards. Reached by L. I. R. R. and New York & New London boats. Booking Office. THE MANSFIELD, J. K. MORRIS, Prop., 12 West 44th St., NEW YORK CITY.

MAIDSTONE INN
EAST HAMPTON, L. I.,
OPENS JUNE 25TH.
MAIDSTONE LUNCH ROOM
17 West 35th St., New York.

PROSPECT HOUSE,
Shelter Island Heights, L. I.

Opens June 25th. New York office for booking, Metropolitan Bldg., No. 1 Madison Av., Room 5,004. Tel. 6885 Gramercy. R. T. Martin, Mgr.

THE INN, formerly Avery's, Arverne, Long Island, will reopen May 1. Mrs. Mack Latz, 745 St. Nicholas Av. 'Phone 2415—Audubon.

At Montreuil's Inn, Broadway-Flushing, on main road to Bayside; select accommodations; French cuisine. Telephone 398J—Flushing.

Sharon Springs.

SHARON SPRINGS, N. Y.
WHITE SULPHUR
BATHING ESTABLISHMENT.
NOW OPEN.

Highest award at Paris Exposition in 1900 and St. Louis Exposition in 1904.

Pavilion Hotel and Cottages.
Open June 25. JOHN H. GARDNER & SON.
W. H. CRAIG, Manager.

NEW YORK—Briarcliff Manor.

BRIARCLIFF LODGE
Briarcliff Manor, New York
NOW OPEN
City office, 5½ East 46th St. 'Phone 3278-38.
D. B. PLUMER, Manager.

Putnam County.

DEAN HOUSE
Lake Mahopac, Putnam Co., N.Y.

Old Summer Resort, pleasantly located, commodious lawns running to lake; fine shade trees, perfectly healthy. Booklet sent on application. A. H. DEAN, Proprietor.

Ulster County.

OVERLOOK, IN CATSKILLS
Mountain House, Woodstock, Ulster Co., N. Y. $3 to $12
Elev. 3,000 ft. Opens June 1.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC CHARITIES, foot of East Twenty-sixth Street, New York. SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Department of Public Charities at the above office until 2:30 o'clock P. M. on
MONDAY, JUNE 1, 1908.
For providing all labor and materials required for the erection and entire completion (with the exception of fitting up) of a new pathological building at the Kings County Hospital, Borough of Brooklyn.
For full particulars see City Record.
ROBERT W. HEBBERD, Commissioner.
Dated May 19, 1908.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES. Sealed estimates for furnishing Cast Steel Mooring Posts, (Contract 1121,) and for building Rip-rap Wall at Riker's Island, (Contract 1132,) will be received by the Commissioner of Docks at Pier A, Battery Place, until 12 o'clock noon, Monday, May 25, 1908. (For particulars see City Record.)

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

CHRISTMAN PIANOS

offer the finest proposition in Baby and Studio Grand Pianos, charming Upright and Player Pianos. Latest styles, elegantly finished; all guaranteed first-class. It pays buyers to investigate. Used pianos, good makes, extremely reasonable. 35 West 14th St., bet. 5th and 6th Avs.

LINDEMAN & SONS,
Manufacturers of
Artistic Pianos and Playerpianos.
Write for Catalogue, Prices, and Terms.
137 WEST 23D ST. ESTABLISHED 1836.

STURZ PIANOS
Sold on Easy Terms Direct from FACTORY WAREROOMS, AT 142 LINCOLN AV., 134th St., Block East of 3d Av.

FROM $65,00 UP

Schuman, Billings, and several other Uprights. Knabe, Gabler, and Horace Waters Uprights at bargain prices; rentals $3.00 up.
WESER BROS., Factory, 520-528 W. 43d St.

WISE

PIANO CO., 17 East 125th St. Bargains in Steinways, Sohmers, Webers, &c., from $75 and up; terms as low as $5.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY. —CHARLES W. FULLER, plaintiff, against EXCELSIOR MILLS, defendant.
To the above-named defendant:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated New York, April 18, 1908.
ROBERT P. LEVIS,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and P. O. Address, 170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
To the above-named defendant Excelsior Mills:
The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 19th day of May, 1908, and filed on the 20th day of May, 1908, with the summons and complaint, in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, in the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
Dated New York, May 20, 1908.
Yours, &c.,
ROBERT P. LEVIS,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Office and P. O. Address, 170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE Borough of Manhattan, City Hall, The City of New York.
SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the President of the Borough of Manhattan, at the City Hall, Room No. 16, until 2 o'clock P. M., on
MONDAY, JUNE 1, 1908.
No. 1. For repairs and alterations to City Court House, (brownstone building,) City Hall Park, Chambers Street.
For full particulars see City Record.
JOHN F. AHEARN,
President Borough of Manhattan.
The City of New York, May 20, 1908.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES. Sealed estimates for painting the hulls of ferryboats (Contract No. 1,133) will be received by the Commissioner of Docks at Pier A, Battery Place, until 12 o'clock noon Friday, May 29, 1908. (For particulars see City Record.)

SUMMER RESORTS.
NEW ENGLAND—New Hampshire.

THE WAUMBEK AND COTTAGES.

Jefferson, N. H., in the White Mountains. Season June until October.
The Colony comprises:
THE WAUMBEK
WAUMBEK HALL
THE JEFFERSON
STARR KING COTTAGE (Bachelor Apts.)
Detached family cottages, completely furnished, with hotel service.
PARTICULARS UPON REQUEST.
CHARLES V. MURPHY, Manager.
Address Laurel House, Lakewood, N. J., until June 1st.

HOTEL WENTWORTH
NEWCASTLE, N. H.
OPEN JUNE 27 TO SEPT. 8, 1908

Most ideal location on Atlantic Coast. Unequaled facilities for golf, tennis, sailing, and bathing. Automobile headquarters with garage for 100 cars. Beautiful clubhouse. Cuisine, service, and music unsurpassed. Illustrated booklet.
W. K. HILL, Manager, Portsmouth, N. H.
New York office, 1180 Broadway.

PINE HEIGHTS,
Concord, N. H.
The ideal resort for persons with weak lungs or other tubercular trouble.

NEW ENGLAND—Massachusetts.

MARBLEHEAD
Mass.
THE ROCK-MERE
Capacity 300.
Now Open
FACES ALL THE YACHTING.
Unexcelled for its clientage and appointments; one of the leading resort hotels of the Famous North Shore.
The Social and Scenic Centre.
Booklets. G. H. BRACKETT.

BOSTON—THE VENDOME
COMMONWEALTH AVENUE

Distinguished for its clientage, appointments, and location. Equally attractive to permanent and transient guests. Perfect quiet.
EXCELLENT GARAGE NEARBY.
C. H. GREENLEAF & CO.
Summer Hotel, NEW PROFILE HOUSE. White Mountains.

STOCKBRIDGE, MASS., IN THE BERKSHIRES.
Red Lion Inn now open. Heaton Hall opens middle of June.
Allen T. Treadway, Prop.
New York Office, Hotel Longacre.

NEW ENGLAND—Maine.

THE MAPLEWOOD,
PITTSFIELD, BERKSHIRE CO., MASS.
To Open May 29th. Send for booklet.
A. W. PLUMB, Proprietor.

Vermont.

UP IN VERMONT

That's the place for a real vacation; most delightful Summer climate; unequaled scenery; $5 to $10 a week at hotels, farm and village homes, country camps in the heart of Green Mountains and on shores of Lake Champlain; express trains from New York and Boston via Central Vermont Line. Send 6c for 150-page illustrated "Summer Homes." A. W. Eccleston, 385 Broadway, New York.

LAKE BOMOSEEN
GLENWOOD-IN-THE-PINES.
Rates $8, $14. W. C. Mound, Prop., Hydeville, Vt.

The Prospect & Cottages, on Lake Bomoseen, Castleton, Vt. Electric lights, new garage, sanitary plumbing. Circular. H. B. Ellis, Mgr.

VIRGINIA.

WARM SULPHUR SPRINGS, BATH CO., VA. Are now open for guests. For circulars and terms address
MRS. JOHN L. EUBANK,
Warm Springs, Bath Co., Va.

AMERICAN LINE
From Pier 15 N. R. at 10 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
St. Louis.....May 23 New York.....June 13
Philadelphia.....May 30 St. Louis.....June 20

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE
New York—London Direct—Pier 39 N. R.
Mesaba.....May 23 | Minneapolis..Je. 6
Minnehaha..May30,10:30 AM | Minnetonka.Ju. 13

RED STAR LINE
From Pier 14 N. R. at 11 A. M.
New York—Dover—Antwerp.
Zeeland.....May 23 | Finland.....June 6
Kroonland.....May 30 | Vaderland.....June 13

WHITE STAR LINE
From Pier 48 N. R.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Arabic..May 28, 4:30 PM | Baltic...June 11, 3 PM
Celtic...June 4, 10 AM | Cedric...June 18, 10 AM
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Majestic..May 27, 10 AM | Teutonic..Jue.10,10 AM
Oceanic..June 6, 11 AM | Adriatic..June17,10 AM
ALSO REGULAR SAILINGS TO ITALY
NEW YORK & BOSTON
PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 BROADWAY.

CUNARD LINES
From Piers 51-52-54 North River.
TO LIVERPOOL via QUEENSTOWN
Passengers booked through to London and Paris.

Etruria..May 23, 10 AM | Mauretania..Jue.3, 9 AM
Lusitania..May 27, 2 PM | Campania..June5, 10 AM
Carmania..May 30, 3 PM | Caronia..June 13, 3 PM

The MAURETANIA & LUSITANIA, the largest and fastest steamships in the world, will hereafter sail on WEDNESDAY, inaugurating A NEW SEMI-WEEKLY SERVICE.

HUNGARIAN-AMERICAN SERVICE
TO FIUME, VIA
GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, TRIESTE.
CARPATHIA....May 28, noon; July 16, Sept. 3
SLAVONIA....June 18, noon; Aug. 6, Sept. 24
PANNONIA.....July 2, noon; Aug. 20
Vernon H. Brown, Gen'l Agent,
21-24 State St., Opposite the Battery.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
LONDON-PARIS-HAMBURG Piers, Hoboken, N. J.
S. S. DEUTSCHLAND
Sails May 28, 10 P. M., for
PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, and HAMBURG.
A la carte service in grill room.
Splendid accommodations.
Pretoria..May 23, noon | Waldersee.....May 30
Deutschl'd..May28,10AM | Amerika (new)...June 4
GIBRALTAR-NAPLES-GENOA Piers, Hoboken, N. J.
Moltke...June 2, 11 AM | Moltke..Sept. 15, 10 AM
Hamburg..Aug.27,11 AM | Hamburg..Oct. 8, 3 PM
TRAVELLERS' CHECKS ISSUED.
Hamburg-American Line, 45 Broadway, N. Y.

North German Lloyd.
Fast Express Service.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN, 10 AM.
Kaiser Wm. II..May 26 | Cecilie (new)...June 9
Kaiser d. Gr...June 2 | Kronprinz Wm. June 16
Twin-Screw Passenger Service.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN, 10 AM.
Derfflinger.....May 28 | Kurfuerst .....June 11
Luetzow.....June 4 | Bremen.....June 18
Mediterranean Service.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA, AT 11 A. M.
K. Luise.....May 30 | P. Irene.....June 20
E. Albert.....June 6 | K. Luise.....July 4
North German Lloyd Travellers' Checks
Oelrichs & Co., Agents, 5 Broadway, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
California..May 23, noon | Columbia..June 6, noon
Caledonia..May 30, 10AM | Furnessia..June 13, 3 PM
SALOON, $62.50, $67.50, AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $42.50 AND $45.
THIRD CLASS, $27.50 AND $28.75.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

ITALIAN S. S. LINES
*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
†LA VELOCE, (Fast Italian Line.)
¶ITALIA Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
TO NAPLES AND GENOA DIRECT.
*Liguria.....June 3 | †Nord America..June 13
¶Ancona, from Phil. Ju. 10 | †Brasile.....June 27
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., 50 Wall St., N. Y.

SUMMER TOURS TO EUROPE

Under escort; leaving in June and July; 38 to 60 days; all expenses, $195 to $480; comprehensive itineraries; leisurely travel; good hotels; experienced conductors; limited membership; send for itineraries. Marsters Tours, 31 West 30th St.

Europe Parties, June 18, 20, 27; July 3.
Clark's Cruises of the "Arabic," 16,000 tons, to ORIENT Feb. ROUND THE WORLD Oct. 16, '08
4th, 1909 Feb. 5, '10
F. C. CLARK, Times Building, New York.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

UNION SQUARE HOTEL
FOURTH AV. & 15TH ST.
Table d'hote Dinner, 5-8 P. M., 85 cents.
SPECIAL SUNDAY DINNER
1-8 P. M., $1.00.

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
TWO-HOUR TRAIN TO PHILADELPHIA
EVERY HOUR ON THE HOUR

FOR PHILADELPHIA. Lv W. 23d ST.:—6.50, 7.50, 8.20, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.20, 11.50 a. m., 12.50, 1.20, 1.50, 2.50, 3.50, 4.20, 4.50, 5.50, 6.50 7.50, 8.50 11.50 p. m. Sundays, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50 a. m. 12.50, 1.50, 2.50, 3.50, 4.50, 5.50, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50 10.20, 11.50 p. m.
Lv. LIBERTY ST.:—1.30, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 11.30, a. m., 12.00 Noon, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00 p. m., 12.15 midnight. Sundays, 1.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.30 p. m., 12.15 midnight.

FOR BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON. Lv. W. 23d ST.:—7.50, 9.50, 11.50 a. m., 1.50, 3.50, 5.50, 6.50 p. m. daily. Lv. LIBERTY ST.: 1.30, 8.00, 10.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 2.00, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00 p. m., daily.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY. Lv. W. 23d ST.:—9.50 a. m., (12.50 Sats. only), 3.20 p. m. Sundays, 9.50 a. m., 2.20 p. m. Lv. LIBERTY ST.:—10.00 a. m., (1.00 Sats. only), 3.40 p. m. Sundays, 10.00 a. m., 2.80 p. m.

FOR LAKEWOOD AND LAKEHURST. Lv. W. 23d ST.:—9.50 a. m., (12.50 Sats. only), 1.30, 3.20, 4.50, p. m. Sundays, 6.50, 9.50 a. m., 2.20 p.m. Lv. LIBERTY ST.:—4.00, 10.00 a. m., (1.00 Sats. only), 1.30, 3.40, 5.00 p. m. Sundays, 7.00, 10.00 a. m. 2.80 p. m.

SANDY HOOK ROUTE.—For Atlantic Highlands, Sea Bright, Monmouth Beach, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, &c., Pier 81, N.R., Foot W. 42d ST.:—9.55 a.m., 12.30, 3.10, 4.15 and (7.45 p.m., Atlantic Highlands Pier only). Sundays, 9.30 a.m., 1.00, 7.45 p. m. Leave Pier 10, N.R., Foot Cedar St., 10.20 a. m., 1.00, 3.45, 4.45 and (8.10 p.m., Atlantic Highlands Pier only). Sundays, 10.00 a.m., 1.30 and 8.10 p.m.

Time tables may be obtained at following offices: Liberty St., (W. 23d St. Tel. Chelsea 3144), Piers 10 and 81, N. R., 6 Astor House, 245, 434, 1300, 1364 Broadway, 182, 225, 281 Fifth Av., 2786 Third Av., 111 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Av., New York; 4 Court St., 343, 344 Fulton St., 479 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn; 390 Broadway, Williamsburg. New York Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad
ROYAL BLUE LINE TRAINS.
"Every Other Hour on the Even Hour."
TO BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.
Direct Connections in New Union Station, Washington, with All Lines South.

Leave New York Daily,	23d St.	Lib'y St.
WASHINGTON, Sleepers,	11:50 pm	1:30 am
WASHINGTON, Diner,	7:50 am	8:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner,	10:50 am	10:00 am
(Parlor Car N. Y. to Richmond, Va.)		
WASHINGTON, Diner,	11:50 am	12:00 n'n
WASHINGTON, Buffet,	1:50 pm	2:00 pm
"ROYAL LTD., Diner,	3:50 pm	4:00 pm
WASHINGTON, Diner,	5:50 pm	6:00 pm
WASHINGTON, Buffet,	6:50 pm	7:00 pm
Through Daily Trains to the West.		
CHICAGO, PITTSBURG,	7:50 am	8:00 am
CHICAGO, COLUMBUS,	11:50 am	12:00 n'n
PITTSBURG, CLEVELAND,	3:50 pm	4:00 pm
"PITTSBURG LIMITED,"	6:50 pm	7:00 pm
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	11:50 pm	1:30 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	9:50 am	10:00 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	5:50 pm	6:00 pm

Offices: 245, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 6 Astor House, 108 Greenwich St., 225 5th Av., 391 Grand St., N. Y.; 343 Fulton St., Brooklyn; West 22d St. and Liberty St.

After 6 p. m. Sleeping Car Reservations and full information regarding trains, etc., can be obtained at Bureau of Information, B. & O. R. R., 23d St. Terminal. Phone No. 3144 Chelsea.

New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R.

Trains depart from Grand Central Station, 42d St. and 4th Av., as follows, for—
BOSTON, via New London & Providence—††10:00, *x10:02 A. M., ††11:00, *x1:03, *x3:00, ††5:00, *¶5:02, *12:00 P. M., via Willimantic—†*8:03 A. M., 12:01 P. M., via Spfd—†9:15 A. M., *¶12:00, *¶4:00, *11:00 P. M.
Lakeville and Norfolk—†*9:00 A.M., †3:26 P.M.
Gt. Barrington, Stockbridge, Lenox, Pittsfield, †4:54, ††9:00 A. M., and †3:26 P. M.
Ticket offices at cGrand Central Station and c125th St., also at c245, 1,200, c1,354 Broadway, c25 Union Square, c182 Fifth Av., c245 Columbus Av., c563 Fifth Av., c640 Madison Av., c1065 West 125th St., 2,798 Third Av. In Brooklyn, c4 Court St., 479 Nostrand Av., 390 Broadway.
*Daily. †Except Sundays. ‡Stops at 125th St. xStops at 125th St. Sundays only. ¶Parlor Car Limited. ||Has Dining Car. cParlor and Sleeping Car. Tickets also.

LEHIGH VALLEY.
Foot of West 23d A. Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts. E.
*Daily. Sunday: c7.25, b9.25, c7.45, d9.45, n5.25, x5.45.

	Lv. N.Y. A	Lv. N.Y. B
Buffalo Express	*8.40 AM	*8.50 AM
Buffalo-Chicago Express	*9.40 AM	*9.50 AM
Chicago & Toronto Express	*5.40 PM	*5.40 PM
THE BUFFALO TRAIN	*7.55 PM	*8.00 PM

Ticket Offices: 355 and 1460 Broadway.

All the Way by Water Between
New York & BOSTON
METROPOLITAN LINE, New Express Triple-Screw Turbine Steel Steamships
YALE AND HARVARD

Route via Long Island Sound and the Atlantic Ocean. Leave N. Y., week days and Sundays, Pier 45, N. R., foot West 10th Street, 5 P. M. Leave Boston, same hour. Due either day 8 o'clock following morning. Fast and Luxurious Steamships. Wireless Telegraphy. Submarine Signal Service. Searchlight. Dainty writing room for women. Sumptuous staterooms with or without Bath. Meals a la Carte. Hurricane Deck Cafe for men. All attributes for safety, comfort and convenience.
*,**Tickets and staterooms in either direction at Pier 45, N. R., and at Ticket, Tourist and N. Y. Transfer Co. offices throughout Greater New York.
Express Service for Passengers, Freight, Horses, and Automobiles.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO

PEOPLES LINE Steamers C. W. Morse or Adirondack leave Pier 32, N. R., foot of Canal St., at 6 P. M., and West 129th St. 6:30 P. M., daily, except Sunday.
New York—Albany
$1.50

CITIZENS LINE Steamers Onteora or Greenport leave Pier 46, N. R., foot of West 10th St., at 5 P. M. daily, except Saturday.
New York—Troy
Exc. $2.50

SUNDAY STEAMER TOUCHES AT ALBANY. Direct rail connections at Albany or Troy for all points.
S

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Another Big Apartment House Project on Fort Washington Avenue—Trade Involves Famous Old Property in the Bronx—Other Dealings.

The Fort Washington Syndicate has sold to the Pinehurst Realty Company the plot of five lots at the southeast corner of 181st Street and the new avenue not yet named, one block west of Fort Washington Avenue. The purchasing company owns the adjoining plot at the corner of Fort Washington Avenue and 181st Street, and will build an apartment house on the entire property.

Boston Road Plot in Big Trade.

Smith & Phelps have sold for J. M. Linck to Charles S. and Pauline Levy the six-story apartment house 574 East 163d Street, near Third Avenue, on plot 39 by 100; also, the two five-story apartment houses 460 and 464 East 139th Street, between Brook and Willis Avenues, on plot 75 by 100. The buyers give in part payment the plot on the east side of Boston Road, 160 feet north of 168th Street, 198 by 261 by 184 by 181, with an old frame mansion thereon. The latter property has been transferred only twice since it was owned by the Morris family. For many years it was one of the show places of the region beyond the Harlem, having been owned and occupied by J. W. White. Mr. Linck will erect on the plot four six-story apartment houses. The amount involved in the deal was about $250,000.

Deal for Longwood Avenue Block.

Herman Cohen is the buyer of the two six-story apartment houses at 214 and 218 West 111th Street, reported sold yesterday. In part payment Mr. Cohen gives to Adelstein & Avrutine the block front on the south side of Longwood Avenue, between Kelly and Beck Streets, a plot 200 by 110.

The Hensol-Powell Realty Company has sold to Jane Kitchen the plot 50 by 100 on the west side of Kelly Street, 131 feet north of 163th Street. The buyer will erect three-story double flats.

James F. Meehan has resold to the owner of the corner lot the plot on the south side of Garrison Avenue, 28 feet west of Bryant Street, 75 by 128 and irregular. This is the third parcel which Mr. Meehan has resold at a profit since the Hunt's Point auction sale.

Sale of West End Avenue House.

Slawson & Hobbs have sold for W. E. D. Stokes the four-story dwelling 547 West End Avenue, 20 by 55 by 98.

G. A. Walton has sold 115 West Eighty-second Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 19 by 102.2.

Mrs. Josephine I. Harrington has sold 123 West Ninety-fifth Street, a three-story dwelling on lot 17 by 100.8.

Centre Street Parcel in New Hands.

J. J. Lyons has sold 61 Centre Street, a four-story building on lot 25 by 30 and irregular, adjoining the northwest corner of Pearl Street.

The Duross Company has leased the store at 64 Cortlandt Street for Bernard Kreizer to S. Seligman.

Times Square Store Leased.

The McVickar-Gaillard Realty Company has leased for the Forty-sixth Street and Broadway Realty Company to Sartoris Brothers the store at 1,541 Broadway for a term of years; also, for the International Shoe Company to William Nicholson, the store at 1,399 Broadway.

John J. Clancy has sold 343 West Fifty-seventh Street, a four-story dwelling on lot 19 by 100.5.

Estate Sells on 152d Street.

Louis Reiss has sold for the estate of Maria Ackermann the four-story double flat, on lot 25 by 100, at 423 East 152d Street.

Simon & Atlas have sold for Goldberg & Kramer the six-story apartment house 460 East 146th Street, 33.6 by 100.

S. Ullman has sold for the Thornton Brothers Company the three-family house at the northwest corner of 169th Street and College Avenue, 22 by 90.

Louis Meckes negiotiated the sale of the five lots on the east side of Anderson Avenue, 600 feet north of Jerome Avenue.

Buyer for City Island Lot.

Capt. W. A. Walters has sold for John J. Frewen lot 246 in the King estate property on City Island, being on Minneford Avenue, near Beach Street.

Schano & Co. have sold lots 58 and 59 in Bronxview Park, 50 by 100. Two two-family houses will be erected on the property.

Lohbauer Park Sale To-day.

The Lohbauer Park auction sale will be continued this afternoon on the premises. About 175 lots will be sold, closing out the entire property. The sale will begin at 1 P. M., rain or shine.

Auctioneer T. F. Archer will offer to-day about 300 lots owned by the Algonquin Realty Company at Forest Park North, Borough of Queens. The sale will take place at 12 and 14 North Washington Street, Jamaica, at 2 P. M.

At Port Richmond, H. J. Sharritt will sell, at 2 P. M., several Staten Island properties, including houses on Egbert Avenue and Grant Street, and lots and acreage on Palmer, Lexington, Franklin, Grand View, Hoyt, and Decker Avenues, Catharine Street, and Stephens Place.

Buyers for Brooklyn Dwellings.

Charles E. Rickerson has sold 273 Macon Street, between Throop and Sumner Avenues, Brooklyn, a three-story brick dwelling, 20 by 45 by 100, for Mary M. Hopkinson to Bridget Maher; also, the two-story two-family dwelling 850 Union Street, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, 20 by 65 by 100, for the Hildebrand estate to Carrie A. Graf.

The Ernestus Gulick Company has sold 171 Underhill Avenue, between Park Place and Sterling Place, Brooklyn, a four-story brownstone dwelling, 19 by 45 by 100, for Albert F. H. Smith to T. and M. Leach, for $10,500.

Purchases in North Shore Colonies.

The Rickert-Finlay Realty Company has sold, in Broadway-Flushing, to Mrs. Orlou Craft the plot, 46 by 100, on the east side of Twenty-sixth Street, 100 feet north of Broadway, and the plot, 90 by 100, on the west side of Twenty-seventh Street, 100 feet north of Broadway; also, to Virginia K. Lawrence the plot, 24 by 100, on the north side of Sanford Avenue, 100 feet west of Twenty-sixth Street; also, to Miss M. M. Mayers the plot, 40 by 100, on the west side of Thirtieth Street, 420 feet north of Franconia Avenue.

In Westmoreland the company has sold to Stuart U. Kohn the plot, 60 by 100, on the east side of Nassau Road, 100 feet south of Cutter Avenue; also, in Douglas Manor, to William L. Langridge the plot 60 by 100, on the north side of Little Neck Road, 130 feet east of Circle Road, and in East River Heights, to Annie and William O'Connor, the lot, 20 by 100, on the north side of Davidson Place, 120 feet east of Van Alst Avenue.

Staten Island Lots Sold.

J. Sterling Drake has sold the following properties in Westerleigh, S. I.: For Nelly B. Whiting to Henry J. Chase, a plot 40 by 85; for W. H. Geisey to Anna Bosman, a plot 40 by 80, and for Ella B. Martin to Orrin L. Brodie, a plot 80 by 75.

Tenants for Country Places.

Pease & Elliman have rented the following country places: For Mrs. James L. Livingston her place on Meadow Lane, Lawrence, L. I., to Lawrence Greer; for William C. Story, his house in Lawrence to Miss Josephine L. Stevens; for Charles E. Lamb, his house in Lawrence to Dr. S. Kohn, and for Charles E. Sholes, his house at Greenwich, Conn., to Marcus Straus.

Snowber & Co. have leased the country seat of O. Houghton, on the Mianus River and Chapel Road, at Riverside, Conn., to Mrs. Elenore Amend.

Results at Auction.

The only offering yesterday in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By L. J. Phillips.

17th St, 138 and 140, s s, 500 ft w of 6th Av, 42.2x92.1x88.5x92, unfinished building; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, William Rau, $35,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and Bronx.

Creston Av, e s, 182 ft n of 196th St, for two two-story frame dwellings, 21x56.6; August Nelson of 193 W. 68th St, owner; Franz Folfgang, architect; cost, $10,000.

Maple Av, e s, 100 ft s of 215th St, for a four-story brick tenement, 24.10x83; L. Minntillo of 738 E. 214th St, owner; Briganti & Steeneckin, architects; cost, $16,000.

187th St, s e corner of Hughes Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 80x90; Joseph Tesoro of 189th St and Crotona Av, owner; C. S. Clark, architect; cost, $40,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

2d Av, 115; to a three-story brick dwelling and store; A. Cohen, premises, owner; G. F. Pelham, architect; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

AMSTERDAM AV, s e corner of 159th St, 39.11x106; Abraham Ruth to Gussie Herman, (mtg $60,000,) $100.

FREEMAN ST, 805, 20x86.10; Charlotte Wolff to Anna O. Schorse, (mtg $5,500,) $100.

FREEMAN ST, 807, 20x86.10; K. Finkernagel to Anna O. Schorse, (mtg $5,000,) $100.

GARDEN ST, n s, 363.2 ft w of Southern Boulevard, 50x227.7 to s s of old Kingsbridge Road; Teresa Mallozzi to Angela Gilliberti, ½ part, (mtg $7,000,) $100.

HOFFMAN ST, e s, 233 ft s of Pelham Av, 25x117.9; Augustus S. Nicholson and others to Leontine Mayer, quitclaim, $1.

HOE AV, 1,281, —x—; Charles G. Jorgensen to Mary Matthews, (mtg $4,250,) $100.

HUDSON ST, 541; Joseph Pistere to Lillie Lowenstein, (mtg $9,000,) exchange and $100.

LEXINGTON AV, 736, w s, 20x75; Emma G. Hamilton and others, executors, to Leo L. Schwab and another, (mtg $40,000,) $60,000.

LOT 52, map of South Fordham; Jeremiah Kittle to Emmie Peterson, $1.

LOTS 273 and 274, map of Laconia Park; A. Shatzkin & Sons to Frank Mirra, $100.

LOT 1, Map 1,116a of 336 lots of property of Sisters of Charity; Edward Browne to Irma L. Green, $1,500.

LOCUST AV, part of Lot 33, Map 60; Thomas Walker, James Barry to Bernard Havanagh, $250.

MORNINGSIDE AV, West, n w corner of 118th St, 18.11x90; 118th St, n s, 90 ft w of Morningside Av, west, 60x100.11, (mtg $225,000,) the West Side Construction Co. to Celia Levy, $100.

MANHATTAN AV, w s, 19.11 ft n of 104th St, 18x50; John F. Kohler to James Murphy, (mtg $8,000,) $100.

OLD MACOMB'S DAM ROAD, that part between Tremont Av and 176th St; Hermann H. Cammann, executor, to Arabella D. Huntington and another, quitclaim, $1.

OLD MACOMB'S DAM ROAD, that part between Tremont Av and 176th St; Fordham Morris to Arabella D. Huntington and another, quitclaim, $1.

PERRY ST, n s, 85.1 ft e of Greenwich St, 45 x irregular; Cora B. Forster to Louis Meyer, $100.

ROSELLE ST, e s, 85 ft s of Poplar St, 28x100; Francis S. Kane to Elizabeth A. Daubmann, (mtg $2,200,) $100.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, e s, at centre line of 147th St, if extended, 60x100; M. F. Burns to Solomon M. Schatzkin, (mtg $70,000,) $1.

THOMPSON ST, 89, w s, 25x100; Emilie M. Bullowa to Eighty-nine Thompson Street, $1.

WESTCHESTER AV, s s, at n w corner of land of Mrs. Schafner, 50x144; Abraham Piser to Joseph Wagner, (mtg $3,000,) $100.

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 100.10 ft s of 180th St, 50x140; Roger J. Connelly to Charles P. McMorrow, mtg $9,500,) $100.

2D AV, n e corner of 49th St, 25x100; Avenue A, n w corner of 72d St, 25.8x100; Philip Tenzer to Elias Lipson, $100.

4TH AV, 86, w s, 10.9x76.10; Catharine T. Reiley to George C. Graves, $100.

5TH AV, 1,069, 27x102.2; Moritz Falkenau to Falcon Realty Co., (mtg $314,128,) $100.

9TH AV, s w corner of 210th St, 99.11x100; Samuel A. Hamel to Solomon Goodman, (mtg $20,000,) $100.

9TH AV, s e s, equivalent distantce between 21st and 22d Sts, runs s e 74x s w 24.8x n w 74 to avenue, n e 24.8 to beginning; Maris Healy to John J. Hanly, ½ part, $1.

16TH ST, s s, 62.6 ft e of Riverside Drive, —x—; the Society of New York Hospital to Paterno Brothers Corporation, $100.

43D ST, 115 and 117 West; Louis Meyer Realty Co. to Cora B. Foster, (mtg $51,000,) $100.

55TH ST, s s, 175 ft e of Madison Av, 16x100.5; Katharine E. Duane to Frederick S. Dennis, $100.

67TH ST, 342 to 348 East; Newman Dube to Isaac Goldstein, (mtg $99,600,) $100.

80TH ST, n s, 350 ft w of Columbus Av, 18.9x102.2; George H. Lovell to Gottfried Walbaum, (mtg $17,000,) $100.

81ST ST, 105 East, n s, 20x102.2; Abraham Schwab and others to Emma G. Hamilton and others, executors, (mtg $18,000,) $30,000.

86TH ST, 128 West, 20x106.10; Leon Ottinger and others to Annie MacC. Stewart, (mtg $23,000.) $100.

95TH ST, 303 and 305 East, 37.6x100.8; Louis Livingston and others to Toba E. Schultzinger, (mtg $2,500,) $100.

104TH ST, n s, 613 ft e of 1st Av, 50x100.11; Edwin Shuttleworth to Manhattan Grocery Co., $100.

117TH ST, n s, 98 ft e of Pleasant Av, 30x100.10; the Sun Construction Co. to Harry B. Culder, (mtg $26,000,) $700.

124TH ST, n s, 175 ft e of Broadway, 108x100.11; Eliza Guggenheimer to Solomon Oppenheimer, (mtg $130,000,) $100.

127TH ST, 409, n s, 118.11 ft w of Convent Av, 50x99.11; Rose Enthoven to Marquise Co., $1.

146TH ST, 265 West, 25x99.11; J. Sidney Bernstein to Leopold B. Rosenberg, $21,500.

146TH ST, 267 West, 25x99.11; J. Sidney Bernstein to Leopold B. Rosenberg, $21,375.

146TH ST, 269 West, 25x99.11; J. Sidney Bernstein to Leopold B. Rosenberg, $21,100.

146TH ST, 271 West, 25x99.11; J. Sidney Bernstein to Leopold B. Rosenberg, $21,350.

146TH ST, 273 West, 25x99.11; J. Sidney Bernstein to Leopold B. Rosenberg, $21,550.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest at 5% unless otherwise specified.

BARNES, Blakeslee, to Archibald M. Maclay; West End Av, 355, bond.....$3,000

BAXTER, Charles R., to Commercial Finance Co.; Lot 19, Map 1,061 of C. A. Mapes, 3 years, 6%.....$2,500

BENNETT, Henrietta, to J. Frederic Kernochan, Trustee; 6th St, 312 East, sub mtg $20,000, 3 years, 5½%.....$22,000

BILLIG, Nathaniel W., to Felt Construction Co.; 27th St, s s, 200 ft w of 6th Av, 43.9x98.9, sub mtg $190,000, 1 year, 6%.....$5,000

CAHILL, Michael, to Daniel F. Mahoney; 134th St, 224 West, 3 years, 6%.....$4,000

CAHILL, Michael, to Daniel F. Mahoney; 134th St, 226 West, 3 years, 6%.....$3,350

CULLIGAN, Matthew, to Lillian Newell; Robin Av, w s, 158.5 ft n of Middletown Road, 50x100, 5 years, 6%.....$1,000

DAMBMANN, Elizabeth A., to Julia H. Wilbur; Roselle St, e s, 85 ft s of Poplar St, 28x100, 5 years, 6%.....$3,500

DANIELS, Cornelius, to Henrietta B. Lighte; 142d St, 72 West, bond.....$15,000

FISH, Woolf, to Catherine A. De Peyster; Cherry St, 35 and 37, 5 years, 5½%.....$16,000

FOX, Frederick P., to Christine G. Openhym; Webster Av, w s, 100 ft s of 195th St, 50x90.5, 3 years, 6%.....$12,000

FLEISCHMANN REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION Co. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Amsterdam Av, w s, 299.10 ft n of 175th St, 40x100, bond.....$10,000

FOSTER, Cora B., to Louis Meyers Realty Co.; 143d St, 115 and 117 West, sub mtg $51,000, 2 years, 6%.....$2,250

FREUND, Sophie, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 1st Av, 1,197, bond.....$16,000

FREUND, Conrad, to John J. Callahan; 11th Av, 580, 2 years, 6%.....$1,000

FURRER & CAREY to Frederick Wolf; William St, 107 and 109, 2 years, 6%.....$1,000

FURMANN, Jacob, to John R. Jones; 122d St, 247 to 251 East, sub mtg $35,000, 2 years, 6%.....$10,000

GOODRIDGE, Frederick G., to Ethel May; Broadway, 387, 3 years.....$20,000

GIBERT, Clara M., to Charles N. Harris; 17th St, n s, 116.10 ft w of Broadway, 25x irregular, sub mtg $32,000, bond.....$3,000

GRAVES, George C., to Catherine T. Reilly; 4th Av, 86, 1 year, 5½%.....$35,000

GROSS, August, to Joseph B. Rich; Elsmere Place, n s, 50 ft w of Marmion Av, 25x100, 3 years, 5½%.....$6,000

GUISSART, Albert, to Dora M. Schrenkelsen; Perry Av, e s, 400 ft s of Gun Hill Road, 25x100, sub mtg $4,750, 10 years, 6%.....$2,850

HARNETT, Kate J., to Greenwich Savings Bank; 84th St, 37 West, 1 year.....$25,000

HERMAN, Gussie, to Abraham Ruth; Amsterdam Av, s e corner of 159th St, 89.11x106, sub mtg $60,000, 7 years, 6%.....$26,000

HIRSHKOVITZ, Bessie, to Abraham C. Weingarten; Ludlow St, 40, sub mtg $62,500, 1 year, 6%.....$2,000

HORWITZ, Meyer, to Association for the Relief to Aged and Indigent Females; 115th St, s s, 400 ft w of Lenox Av, 25x100.11, 5 years.....$20,000

K., L. & W. CONSTRUCTION CO. to Isaac Levy; St. Nicholas Av, s w corner of 145th St, 101.4x116.9, 8 years, 6%.....$30,000

LEHMAN, Albert, to Victor Gerhards; Creston Av, e s, 40f.f ft n of 196th St, 50x35.10, sub mtg $2,000, bond.....$1,000

LEVY, Celia, to Jacob Axelrood; 118th St, n s, 90 ft w of Morningside Av West, 60x100.11, sub mtg $75,000, bond.....$19,500

LEVY, Celia, to Jacob Axelrood; Morningside Av West, n w corner of 118th St, 100.11x90, sub mtg $150,000, bond.....$27,500

LOVELL, George H., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 80th St, 141 West, bond.....$17,000

KOTZEN REALTY CO. to Karl M. Wallach; Avenue D, 30 to 34, sub mtg $64,000; 3d St, 19 East, sub mtg $24,000, sub mtg $28,000 5 years 6%.....$5500

MARTIN, Owen T., to Edward D. Farrell; 66th St, 322 East, 5 years, 6%.....$2,500

MATTHEWS, Mary, to Charles G. Jorgensen; Hoe Av, 1,281, being Lot 421, map Section A Vyse estate, sub mtg $4,250, bond.....$2,000

McDONALD, John, to Herbert Rees; 3d Av, e s, 181.2 ft n of Grove St, 43.10x207.9, 1 year, 6%.....$2,500

MESSENGER, Henry, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 109th St, 17 East, bond.....$7,000

NORTH, Clara L., to Elbridge G. Duvall; Irving Place, 21, 1 year, 6%.....$1,050

PATERNO BROTHERS to Society of New York Hospital; 116th St, n s, 62.5 ft e of Riverside Drive, 101.1x irregular, 2 years, 5½%.....$47,500

PETERSON, Peter A., to Helena Natasl; 54th St, 106 East; 52d St, n s, 279.3 ft e of 4th Av, 15.9x104.5; 52d St, n s, 263.6 ft e of Park Av, 15.9x100.5, demand, 5½%.....$45,000

PETERSON, Peter A., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Buckhour St, n s, 800 ft w of Prospect Av, 100x105.9, 5 years, 5½%.....$10,000

REISS, Frederick A., to Louise Saumacher; Mount Hope Place, n s, 287.6 ft w of Morris Av, 37.6x125, 3 years, 5½%.....$6,000

ROSENBERG, Leopold B., to Mary Willets Pell; 146th St, 271 and 273 West, 2 lots, each 25x99.11, 2 mtgs, each $16,000, 3 years, 5½%.....$32,000

ROSENBERG, Leopold B., to Kate U. Barnum; 146th St, 265 West, 3 years, 5½%.$16,000

ROSENBERG, Leopold B., to Charles Griffen, executor; 146th St, 267 West, 3 years, 5½%.....$16,000

ROSENBERG, Leopold B., to Wilson M. Powell; 146th St, n s, 150 ft e of 8th Av, 25x99.11, 3 years, 5½%.....$16,000

SAFFENSTEIN, Reuben, to Adam Happel; Hester St, 55, sub mtg $36,000, 1 year, 6%..$3,000

SCHATZKIN, Sol. M., to Michael F. Burns; St. Nicholas Av, e s, 60 ft n of 147th St, 60x100, 3 years, 6%.....$20,000

SCHWAB, Leo L., to Emma G. Hamilton, executrix; Lexington Av, 736, 1 year, 6%.....$3,000

SCHEEL, Louise W., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 40th St, 434 West, bond.....$10,000

SCHILLINGER, Frederick J., to Grand Central Building and Construction Co.; 63d St, 20d East, sub mtg $12,750, 1 year, 5½%..$3,500

SIMON, Charles, to James Everard's Breweries; Park Av., n e corner of 124th St, 25x90, demand.....$5,000

SINGHI, Henry U., to James Hopkins; Jerome Av, w s, 62.6 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 100x100.7, 3 years, 6%.....$18,000

STEWART, Annie MacC., to Leon Ottinger; 86th St, 128 West, due Feb. 1, 1910....$8,500

TUTTLE, Mary E., to John J. Brady; Clinton Av, w s, 75 ft s of Oakland Place, 25x100, 1 year, 6%.....$1,700

TWENTY-SIXTH WARD REALTY CO. to Dayid Zibuloff; 70th St, 105 ft w of 1st Av, 27.6x100.4, sub mtg $18,000, installments.....$2,540

TYLER, Jay B., to Charles Buchbaum; Old Broadway, 2,876 and $2,675, sub mtg $45,000, due Jan. 1 1910 6%.....$15,000

89 THOMPSON ST. to Emilie M. Bullowa; Thompson St, 89, demand, 6%.....$20,000

VETRANO, Carmine, to Nathaniel B. Farrar; Potter Place, s s, 100 ft w of Cadle Place, 25x126, 3 years, 5½%.....$3,000

WAGNER, Joseph, to Charles Massroth; South Westchester Turnpike Road, adjoining land of Mrs. Schafner, 50x144, 3 years, 6%..$6,500

Mechanics' Liens.

119TH ST, 240 to 244 East; Benjamin Chalmowitz against John Newman, owner and contractor, $113.

MOTT ST, 279 and 281; Ferdinand Gellert against Mary A. Larkin, owner; United Contracting Co., contractor, $547.

MOTT ST, 273; Ferdinand Gellert against Mary A. Larkin, owner; United Contracting Co., contractor, $334.

76TH ST, 519 and 521 East; Morris Blumberg against Samuel Miller, owner; W. Goldberg, contractor, $21.

179TH ST, 659 West; Fred Damm against P. Darlingeave, owner and contractor, $40.

MAIDEN LANE, 68 to 76; International Steam Pump Co. against German-American Insurance Co., owner; Vacuum Cleaner Co., contractor, $785.

WESTCHESTER AV, n w s, 176 ft s w of Concord Av, 86.8 to Jackson Av x 148.8x175x 46.2x176; Isidor Piser against Carrie A. Murphy and others, executors, owners; Forest Leasing Co., contractor, $886.

100TH ST, 205 to 219 West; Edward Smolka & Co. against Franklin Building Co., Bloomingdale Leasing Co., and Lucille R. Hayman, owners; Julius H. Hayman, contractor, $342.

HOE AV, 1,206; George Warschawsky against Jeanette Betz, owner; John Stoller, contractor, $355.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

HESTER ST, No. 55; Louisa Krauss against Rubin Statenstein, Feb. 17, 1908, $191.

HESTER ST, No. 55; Adam Happel against Rubin Satenstein, Feb. 28, 1908, $3,162.

HESTER ST, No. 55; Nathan Kohlreister against Rubin Satenstein, March 12, 1908, $175.

HESTER ST, No. 55; N. Hutkoff et al. against Rubin Satenstein, March 12, 1908, $173.

HESTER ST, No. 55; G. B. Raymond & Co. against Rubin Satenstein, March 20, 1908, $156.

VYSE AV, w s, 168 ft n of Freeman St; Morell & Scito against George Hoffman et al., Dec. 9, 1907, $425.

28TH ST, 122 and 124 East; M. J. Donohue against Young Men's Christian Association et al., May 20, 1908, $195.

EAST BROADWAY, 35 and 37; T. H. Simonson & Son Co. against Joseph H. Cohen et al., March 6, 1908, $1,120.

EAST BROADWAY, 35 and 37; Teddy Connolly against Joseph H. Cohen et al., Jan. 17, 1908, $512.

EAST BROADWAY, 35 and 37; J. Cohen & Brother against Joseph H. Cohen et al., March 5, 1908, $298.

EAST BROADWAY, 35 and 37; S. P. Pearson & Co. against Joseph H. Cohen et al., March 5, 1908, $1,535.

EAST BROADWAY, 35 and 37; Max Rothbart against Joseph H. Cohen et al., May 11, 1908, $362.

EAST BROADWAY, 35 and 37; United Cornice and Skylight Works against Joseph H. Cohen et al., March 25, 1908, $300.

EAST BROADWAY, 35 and 37; Marx & Jacobson against Joseph H. Cohen et al., March 6, 1908, $731.

EAST BROADWAY, 35 and 37; Kazemier & Uhl against Joseph H. Cohen et al., April 22, 1908, $300.

EAST BROADWAY, 35 and 37; Jacob Maisel against Joseph H. Cohen et al., May 8, 1908, $93.

MADISON A V, 1,424 to 1,432; 99th St, 24 East; 98th St, 40 and 42 East; Godman Telzor against William Schuster, May 14, 1908, $785.

Lis Pendens.

133D ST, 144 West; Felix Metzger against Meyer Haber and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Crane & Baer.

3D AV, e s, 105.2 ft n of 178th St, 100x104.1x99.10x102.1, two actions; Max J. Klein against Northwestern Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Lese & Connolly.

73D ST, 211 East; Arthur Fishmann against Israel Tamases and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney J. A. Wolf.

MORRIS AV, s e corner of 153d St, 50x70.3; Celia Mendolson against Robert Friedman and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, J. Gordon.

2D AV, e s, 40.10 ft n of 115th St, 20x80; German Savings Bank in the City of New York against Emma Knorr or Herbatreut and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Auerbach.

ATTORNEY ST, 155 and 157; David Frankel against Isaac Roth and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. Wilkenfeld.

8TH AV, n e corner of 46th St, 50.5x100x50x irregular, leasehold; Leopold Hutter against Arthur Wolfe and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Arens.

BROADWAY, 390; William L. Bruen against Alexandrina L. Ide and others, (partition;) attorneys, Stewart & Shearer.

HENRY ST, 208; Clinton St, 210; Abraham Levenstein against Barnet Goldfein, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. Gordon.

60TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x100; Herman Baker against Jacob Hyman and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Rabinowitz & Perlo.

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ATTEND...The Auction Sale OF ABOUT 200 CHOICE LOTS At 1 P. M.

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RAIN OR SHINE

150 DOLLARS WILL BUY YOU A $500 LOT

210 DOLLARS WILL BUY YOU A $700 LOT

BALANCE CAN REMAIN ON MORTGAGE.

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Lots Overlooking the Bay

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70% on Bond and Mortgage for 1, 2 or 3 years.

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Part of his estate in the Westchester Avenue and Clason Point Road section of the Bronx?—was your judgment at the time up to its usual standard or was it so-called good luck that made you select this spot?—at all events, your clear real estate mind must have foreseen the present increase of values of this **WESTCHESTER AVE. and CLASON POINT ROAD** section—but in your bright judgment at that time—you could never have thought that your property and the TRASK ESTATE property in this section would be 38 minutes, absolute time, from City Hall.

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It will tell you all about these lots; no matter how small your income you will be able to BUY ONE OF THE SE LOTS.

VISIT the property **TO-DAY** or **TO-MORROW** by taking Subway, change at Simpson St. to Westchester Ave. trolley, or take 2d or 3d Ave. "L" to 149th St. All Westchester cars pass property. Representatives will be there to show you around it.

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At prices that will more than double within the year on completion of bridges and tunnels.

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WRITE AT ONCE FOR PARTICULARS.

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OWNER MUST SELL

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to be loaned in whole or part on Manhattan income property only; prompt decisions.
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$5,000, $6,000 and $10,000 Amounts.
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TO LOAN ON SECOND MORTGAGE, TENEMENT PROPERTY.
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WILL SELL AT AUCTION
Thursday, May 28th, at Noon,
at Real Estate Salesroom, 14 Vesey St.,
THE FINEST VACANT LOT
for a private residence in New York, and ready for immediate improvement.
No. 8 E. 79th St.,

Read.

It is not always necessary to run a "want ad" to get what you want because you can frequently get what you want by simply reading the "want ads" in THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Advertisements received at branch offices of the American District Telegraph Company, and 500 agencies in New York City and suburbs.

Inquire for special rates on repeated insertions.

Telephone 1000 Bryant.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

West Side.

358 West End Av.—For sale, at an attractive figure, on easy terms; size, 22x56; 4-story brick dwelling. Apply S. Osgood Pell & Co., 537 5th Av., sole agents.

East Side.

8-story and basement factory, 50x100; Harlem, east side. Juch, 205 East 106th.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

Chance.—Fordham Heights, near Broadway Subway, railroad, and trolley stations; fine private residences, elegantly finished; hardwood trim, parquet floors, bay windows, large piazzas; 9 rooms, plot 25x100, $7,500; 12 rooms, plot 37.6x110, with garage, $16,000; two-family, 14 rooms, plot 25x130, $9,000; easy terms. Wood, 60 Liberty St.

Best section Bedford Park; one of the finest-built one-family houses in the Bronx; 12 rooms, 2 baths, 3 toilets, parquet flooring, electric light, hot water, heat; ready to sell at cost; must be seen to appreciate same. Von der Linden & Co., 2,853 Webster Av., 199th St.

No reasonable offer refused; must sell 2-story frame dwelling, 7 rooms, in fine condition; modern plumbing; near 183d St. "L" station; 16.8x100; price $4,750; easy terms; ready for occupancy. Write for particulars. No agent. "Owner," Times Downtown.

Bargain for Quick Buyer.—New, modern, one-family house, 12 rooms, 2 baths; all improvements; electric lights, hot water heat; any reasonable offer entertained. Von der Linden & Co., 2,853 Webster Av., 199th St.

Clinton Av., 179th St., northwest corner lot; 3 lots Seabury Pl. Square, opposite 170th St., near Boston Road. Do you want them? Correspond Owner, 1,841 Kruger Av.

$6,000, $1,500 cash, buys Yonkers plot, 10 lots, (25x100,) Woodlawn Av., between McLean and Wakefield. Edward D. Flannery, 512 Broadway, Manhattan.

St. Ann's Av.; 4-story double flat, 5 rooms, bath, stores; rent $1,032; price $17,000; cash required $3,000. Juch, 205 East 106th.

Bronx Realty, Bonding and Insurance Co., Smith Building, 148th St. and 3d Av., N. Y. C.; mortgages and building loans.

If you are looking for bargains in 1, 2, or 3 family houses, see Von der Linden & Co., 2,853 Webster Av., 199th St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

Must Sacrifice at Once—Beautiful one-family brownstone dwelling, 9 rooms and bath; furnace heat; fine order, elegant neighborhood; price $6,900; terms to suit. Filante, 729 Halsey St.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

To any one interested in the wonderful development of Long Island we will send a magazine descriptive of the entire movement. Address Secretary, 347 Fifth Av., New York.

RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

$25; one month free; seven rooms; detached beautiful new house; every improvement; near trolley and St. George; take Castleton Av. cars to Hill St. and choose your flat from row of five new houses.

Modern houses to let and for sale, all parts of Staten Island; complete list at Cornelius Kolff's, 50 Broadway, New York, or Crabtree Building, St. George, Staten Island.

$500; live rent free; examine very beautiful new two-family houses; take Castleton Av. trolley to Hill St.; 5 desirable dwellings.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

High-class, convenient, modern home, Mount Vernon; best section, restricted, Chester Hill, 8 minutes station; plot 100x126; Colonial house, built to order for owner's use; 12 large rooms, 2 bathrooms, 3 lavatories, ample closets, open fireplaces, tiled hearths, parquet floors, steam heat, electric light, plate glass front windows; very large, wide veranda and sun parlor or conservatory; price $22,500; free and clear; easy terms. Premises, 49 Fletcher Av., or 206 Broadway, Room 312.

Chappaqua; Harlem Railroad; 30 miles from Grand Central; spacious, 17-room house; modern improvements; wide piazzas; extensive grounds; near woods; shade and fruit; stable; year or season; furnished or unfurnished. I. H. Miller, Chappaqua, N. Y.

For Sale—Elegant brick dwelling near completion; 2½ stories, 11 or 13 rooms; all improvements; beautifully located on banks of Hudson; 40 minutes from city. Teesdale, 2,291 Broadway.

Newly shingled cottage, high elevation; oak trim and floors; gas and electricity; $5,900; easy terms. Downey, 232 Huguenot St., New Rochelle.

Artistically furnished cottage, 7 rooms, $200 the season; 30 minutes from 42d St. Owner, 46 So. 10th Av., Mount Vernon.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

SHINNECOCK HILLS, L. I.

Sale or rent, 4½ acres South Highway; modern, furnished, 13 rooms, barn, 2 men, 3 horses, 2 traps; 10 minutes station or Golf Club; 2 miles Southampton; finest water; furnishers call daily. A. T. Brice, 1,711 M St., Washington, D. C.

At Elmhurst, small house, 7 rooms, bath, all modern improvements; plot contains 7 lots; fine shade and fruit trees; one block from station and trolley; rent $30. Apply Owner, 23 Elmhurst Av., or W. C. Woodburn & Son, 55 Liberty St., N. Y.

For Rent, Hempstead—Ten-room house, near station; five sleeping rooms; two servants' rooms; all improvements; butler's pantry; third rail Manhattan without change; rent $50 monthly. A. W. BRIERLEY.

$600 house of 10 rooms; modern plumbing, furnace, &c.; 1½ acres; five minutes from depot. Apply to J. W. Birch, Merrick, L. I.

Seven-room cottage; plot 50x125; owner going West; must sacrifice. A. P. Bjerregaard, Mineola, L. I.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

At Lake Oscawana.—14-room house; shore front; orchard and acreage; high elevation; suitable for Summer home, outing club, or boarding; moderate price; photos. Other property Lake Mohegan and Peekskill Village. Frank B. Goodliffe, Peekskill, N. Y.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY.

A gentleman's year-round home, nine large, handsomely decorated rooms, bath and every modern convenience; most desirable locality, just 20 minutes from New York 130th St. Ferry; moving to Mexico compels sacrifice sale; on liberal terms. Spencer, Box 162 Times, Times Square.

East Orange, N. J.—Situated on prominent boulevard, cool location; for four Summer months; eleven-room house, nicely furnished, hardwood floors, sanitary bathroom; rent low to small family, no children. B., Box 109 Times Downtown.

My equity lost unless can sell handsome six-room complete modern cottage in Palisade region; small amount down and regular payments; no more than rent of average New York flat will buy it; 10 minutes to 130th St. Ferry. King, Box 132 Times, Times Square.

Seven-room house, all improvements, on water-front, near trolley and station, $35 per month. Call on E. H. Boynton, Sewaren, N. J.

NEW ENGLAND—SALE OR TO LET.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

IN THE BERKSHIRES.

For sale, Colonial house of 12 rooms, bath, and lavatory; steam heat; open plumbing; all modern improvements; nice lawns; stable, orchard, and garden; 4 acres land in meadow; house only built about 6 years; situated on Main St., Williamstown, Mass. Apply to H. H. Heap, Williamstown, Mass.

Orrs Island, Maine.—Bungalow of eight rooms, delightfully situated, directly over the water; completely furnished; good bathing beach and floating pier; price $200 for the season. Address Mrs. Geo. S. Sumner, 4 Hathaway St., Jamaica Plain, Boston, Mass.

Ridgefield, Conn.—Handsomely furnished house; every modern convenience; perfect order; situation and views unsurpassed; convenient to station and Post Office. Adams & Keeler, Ridgefield.

For Rent, Casco Bay, Maine—A seven-room cottage, $100 for the season. For particulars address Advertiser, 58 Clark St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

REAL ESTATE—OUT OF CITY.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

We control immense timber areas in British Columbia, Canada; maps and details to legitimate buyers; good brokers wanted everywhere. Write to-day. Pretty's Timber Exchange, Richards St., Vancouver, B. C.

CITY HOUSES TO LET.
UNFURNISHED.

A three story and basement house, 109 East 30th St. H. Nelson Flanagan, 53 Bond.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

Wanted—Information regarding a good house and lot for sale, in or within 25 miles of New York; prefer dealing with owner only; state price, location, and give full description. Address L. Darbyshire, Box 6,984, Rochester, N. Y.

Cash customer, having $50,000 to invest, will purchase income property (avenue corner preferred) on our appraisal; principals anxious to sell can realize in ten days if necessary. John R. and Oscar L. Foley, 149 Broadway.

Client wants three-story private, west side, 120th to 140th Sts. Molleson, 42 Broadway.

Exchanging a specialty.
Kelsey, 350 Lenox Av.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

A1.—Lexington Av. and 72d St. corner, 80x75; comprises four fine brownstone dwellings; equity $88,000; to exchange for income property; good chance for builder. Bellamy, Owner, 1,030 3d Av. Tel. 1286 Plaza.

Seabright, N. J.—Beautiful house on Ocean Av., with grounds and stable; free and clear; will exchange for improved Manhattan property. Warren & Skillin, 174 Fulton St.

Magnificent country seat at Westerly, R. I., and seven acres; value $30,000; exchange for improved city real estate. Benner, 55 Liberty.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

MONEY TO LOAN,
ESTATE FUNDS.
From $2,500 to $50,000 at 5½%.
For business, $1,000,000 at 5%; will divide.
John B. Hibbard, 156 Broadway.

$900,000 to loan on mortgages—first, 4½%; second, 6%; will divide. Principals only. Estate, Box 158 Times Downtown.

Funds, $16,000, $20,000, to loan first mortgage, Manhattan, 5-5½%. Molleson, 42 Broadway.

LOANS WANTED.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

Wanted—Several sums of 1st mortgage money, $2,500-$13,000 at 5½% or 6% on first-class Bronx property; also building loan of $15,000 on property worth $35,000; principals only. Attorney, 25 Times, Times Square.

APARTMENTS TO LET—FURNISHED

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

To Sublet.—From June 1 until Oct. 1, 3-room and bath with shower, corner apartment; large, airy, well furnished; outside rooms, eastern, western, and southern exposures, overlooking the Hudson and Riverside; use of Chickering piano and books; services of maid included in rent. For terms, address or apply apartment 11A, Hotel Narragansett, 93d St. and Broadway. Telephone 3843 River. Apartment can be seen at any time.

For Summer—Furnished apartment, five light rooms and bath, elevator, telephone; moderate rent to unexceptionable tenant. Apply Lexington and 46th, mornings, 9 to 10, or by appointment.

Top floor, 6-room elevator apartment, perfectly equipped; sublet much less than price unfurnished. Mrs. Levy, 3,440 Broadway, corner 140th St.

316 West 84th St.—Furnished apartment for Summer; eight large, light rooms and bath. Apply on premises, 6th floor, west.

Central Park corner.—Fine view; seven rooms, bath; telephone. Harcourt, 1 West 103d St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

WEST SIDE.

Six rooms and bath; all light; elevator; opposite Morningside Park; to sub-let unfurnished 4 months or longer. Telephone to 1897—Spring.

EAST SIDE.

A.— 201 EAST 71ST ST.
Corner apartment, 8 rooms and bath; 25x90; building accommodates but two other families; rent $45 per month.
Firm L. J. Carpenter, 1,181 3d Av., near 68th.

A. 1,270 Second Av., near 67th St.
Fireproof building; 4 and 5 rooms; rent, $23 and $25.
Firm L. J. Carpenter, 1,181 3d Av., nr. 68th St.

A. 515 Third Av., near 34th St.
(25-foot front;) third flat; 6 large rooms; rent, $32.
Firm L. J. Carpenter, 1,181 3d Av., nr. 68th St.

A. 210 East 70th St.
Apartment on first floor; 7 rooms; all improvements; rent, $27.

BRONX.

To Let—3, 4, and 5 large light rooms in a modern, up-to-date house; all improvements, including telephone service; rent very reasonable; corner house. Apply on premises, 760 Tinton Av., Bronx.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

30th St., Near 8th Av.—Large, light stable; 24 stalls and wagon room; favorable lease; moderate rent; immediate possession. Martin & Schmonsees, 627 9th Av., near 44th St.

Billiard hall and bowling alleys to lease, 145th St. and Broadway; fine location; new building; reasonable rent. A. B. Mosher & Co., 55 West 116th St.

FOR SALE.

20c. *a line* 1t.; $1.12 7t.; 7 *words to line.*

IF YOU NEED OFFICE FURNITURE
Get our prices. See our stock of
DESKS, CHAIRS, TABLES,
quartered oak or mahogany. Office partitions, wardrobes, bookcases, files. One stock board complete with electric light; also stock tickers.
BUDD & CO.,
71-73 Spring St., near Subway Station.

Desks, roll-top; partitions, railings, bookcases, filing cabinets, chairs, tables, telephone booths, fixtures. Finn Bros., 358 Broadway. Bargains in slightly used business furniture, 59-65 Franklin St.

2,000 Edison's gold moulded records 15c. each, $1.75 per dozen; all the latest selections; (will also exchange your records.) W. W. Scott, 239 Broadway, New York.

Gentlemen's clothing to order on $1 weekly payments; perfect fit; fine material. Exchange Clothing Co., 239 Broadway, entrance on Park Place.

Typewriters rented, $2 up; installments, repairing. Telephone 2084 Cortlandt. Central Typewriter Exchange, 181 Broadway.

Desks and office furniture, new and best in second-hand. Noethiger & Gress, 209 Centre St. Tel. 766 Spring.

Typewriters, cash registers, time clocks, office furniture, safes, mimeographs, desks, chairs. Nathan's, 4 White.

Wall Papers.—10,000 rolls beautiful patterns, 3 cents roll up. 2,294 8th Av., 123d.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

20c. *a line*; 48c. 3t.; 84c. 7t.; 7 *words to line.*

Advertiser desires meeting parties who would become members of ideal hunting and fishing club offering many novel and attractive inducements. For particulars address Outing, Box 109 Times Downtown.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

20c. *a line* 1t.; $1.12 7t.; 7 *words to line.*

Bargains—Sohmer, Steinway, Weber uprights, 20 uprights, $75 upward. Winterroth, 108 East 14th St.

MACHINERY.

20c. *a line*; 50c. 3t.; $1.05 7t.; $4.50 30t.

Rider and Ericsson pumping engines for sale; all repairs. E. F. Tierney, 881 3d Av.

COUNTRY BOARD.

20c. *a line*; 3t., 54c.; 7t., $1.05; 7 *words to line.*

"Overlook," Morristown, N. J.—Delightfully situated; 15 minutes' drive from station; 24 acres, commanding extensive view; butter, eggs, cream from farm; terms $10 to $15 weekly. Telephone 438.

Room and board in suburban town, with Christian family, by young man; locality helpful to weak lungs; moderate priced. W. F., 617 6th Av.

A limited number of children under ten received by retired physician, living near Mount Pocono; references. Dr. Fisher, Swiftwater, Pa.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NORMAL COLLEGE
of the
CITY OF NEW YORK,
Park Avenue and Sixty-eighth Street.
EXAMINATION FOR POSITIONS ON THE Eligible List for
LABORATORY ASSISTANTS
in the
Department of Natural Science
will be held in the
College building on Thursday,
JUNE 4TH, AT 9 A. M.
Full information may be had by applying to
Prof. Edward S. Burgess.
GEORGE S. DAVIS,
President.

LOST AND FOUND.

15c. *a line*: 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

FOUND—Money, Amsterdam Av. car, Monday P. M. A. G. T., Box 39 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Package containing gold watch, photographs, book, and pair gloves, on 8th Av. car, Monday evening, May 18; liberal reward for their return or information leading to their return and no questions asked. Franklin, 1 West 32d St.

LOST—Gentleman's pocketbook, in Grand Central Station, May 14, containing about $18 in cash, check, business cards, and memoranda; liberal reward, no questions asked. Address H. J. W., Room 551 Sage-Allen Building, Hartford, Conn.

LOST—Sleeve links, pins, and studs, in West 46th St., last week; $500 reward will be paid for return of same; no questions asked. Address X. Q., Box 127 Times Downtown.

LOST—Evening May 20, between D., L. & W. Hoboken lunch room and Maplewood, N. J., gold watch, with initials "N. W. D." on back; reward. Doorly, 1 Nassau St.

LOST—Brown leather handbag, on Greenpoint Ferry, May 20, with gold locket, chain, change, &c.; reward. 4,103 Metropolitan Building.

LOST—May 21, open-faced gold watch and gold filigree fob; finder amply rewarded; no questions asked. Room 408 Times Bldg.

LOST—Envelope containing $18, between 42d and 13th Sts., marked F. Johnson. Address Box 85 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Silver chain purse; finder can keep cash contents. Return to Flat 2-A, 2,881 Broadway, (or this office.)

LOST—$50 reward for return of watch-chain, Lodd make; no questions; $10 for ticket. M. C., 723 8th Av.

LOST—May 21, on 34th St. car, a pair of opera glasses; reward. F., Box 25 Times, Times Square.

LOST—A gold watch and fob, on or between 23d St. and 33d St.; reward. Return to 152 West 77th St.

A REWARD OF $10 will be paid for return of silver-handled umbrella, supposed to have been left at Forsythe's, May 21. Return to bank, 300 3d Av., or Forsythe's, 865 Broadway, city.

LOST AND FOUND—CATS AND DOGS.

15c. *a line*; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

LOST.—White and brown male brindle bulldog; vicinity 82d St. and 3d Av., Thursday; brown spot on back, spotted ears; reward; card under collar. Stern, 147 East 82d St.

FOUND.

15c. *a line*; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

FOUND, May 21—**Interborough Rapid Transit Company**, 39 Greenwich St.: **On Second Av. Elevated**—Five umbrellas, roll plans, package books, package papers, &c.; bunch keys, pair shoes, overalls, iron pipe, package labels. **On Third Av. Elevated**—Ten umbrellas, eyeglasses, locket, satchel, books, pair gloves, package papers, legal papers, key, 2 pairs rubbers, package stockings, sample cloth, coat, piece wood, chisel, pipe fittings, basket. **On Sixth Av. Elevated**—Twelve umbrellas, pair rubbers, piece silk, hanger, bottle medicine, purse, coin case, cane, package papers, pair gloves, 2 keys, paper toys, satchel, book, odd rubbers, pair rubbers, corset, eyeglasses, package fuses. **On Ninth Av. Elevated**—Eight umbrellas, 2 books, belt, pair gloves, odd glove, envelope papers. **In Subway**—Comb, photograph, handbag, gas burner, pair rubbers, package stockings, 3 bunches keys, 2 odd gloves, 2 belts, purse, watch, pipe fixtures, 8 umbrellas, roll drawings, package tools, roll plans, 4 books, package resin.
FOUND, May 21—**N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R., and N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.**, Grand Central Station: Telescope bag, 4 overcoats, 12 umbrellas, card case, 3 packages, cape, box, embroidery, glove, pair gloves, hatpin, basket.
FOUND, May 21—**Pennsylvania R. R.**, Jersey City, N. J.: **On Trains**—Two keys, 2 nightshirts, proof of photo, pair of military brushes, one glove, toilet articles, stickpin, 5 umbrellas, lady's coat, book, silk coat, dress suitcase, package, overcoat. **In Jersey City Station**—Block, belt, 2 picture frames. **In Desbrosses St. Station**—Package. **In Cortlandt St. Station**—Telescope valise.
FOUND, May 22—**New England Navigation Company.** Apply office Commissary, foot Warren St.: **Fall River Line, S. S. Puritan**—Bustle, 3 balls, block, coat hanger, pajamas, **New Haven Line, S. S. Richard Peck**—Shaving brush.
FOUND, May 19—**Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company**, 158 Montague St., Brooklyn: **On Elevated Trains**—Satchel, coat, tools, coat and apron, collars, shoes, shirt, napkins, dress, book, hooks, gloves, gloves, case and scissors, 8 keys on ring, pocketbook, umbrellas. **On Surface Lines**—Shears, satchel, coat, music roll, law papers, flannel and photo, underwear, shawl, collars and cuffs, caps, satchel, gloves, fan, pocketbook, umbrellas.
FOUND, May 21—**Police Headquarters**, 300 Mulberry St.: Handbag, keys, medal, purse and cash.

BOARDERS WANTED.

15c. *a line*; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

West Side.

39TH, 9 W.—Attractive, large rooms, excellent table board; references.

58TH ST., 306 WEST.—Comfortable large room; first-class board; homelike, well-kept house; references.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—Fourth floor (front) rooms; beautifully furnished; references.

76TH ST., 108 WEST.—Unusual opportunity to secure in first-class, homelike house unsurpassed board; references.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Large and small room, with board; Summer rates; telephone; references.

83D ST., 129 WEST.—Second floor suite, furnished, unfurnished; also single room; table board; reference.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large, small rooms; near parks, "L," Subway; excellent table; Summer rates.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room; southern exposure; good board; all conveniences; telephone; references.

93D ST., 163 WEST.—Large double room; select home; couple gentlemen; table guests; telephone; references; quiet house.

97TH ST., 51 WEST.—Elegant large front room; nice medium room; excellent table; private; references.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Three large corner rooms overlooking Park; every comfort; celebrated restaurant; moderate.

142D ST., 516 WEST, (Washington Heights.)—Attractive house; good board; refined, Christian family; references.

149TH ST., 540 TO 544 WEST, (Near 145th St., Broadway Subway Station.)—Most beautiful and healthful location in city; newly furnished, large, bright room, bath, $14-$16 for two; good home meals; every comfort.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, N. W. Washington Square.—Large rooms; every convenience; first-class board; elegant location; Summer rates.

WEST END AV., 879, Corner 103d St.—Block from Riverside Park, Subway express station, and surface cars; most beautiful location New York; overlooking park and river; handsomely furnished rooms; private baths; private telephones; more foliage than country; no noisy street cars; superior table.

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Square room; also small room; exceptionally good table; table guests.

25TH ST., 43 EAST, (Madison Square.)—Two gentlemen or married couple can find modern accommodations.

58TH ST., 50 EAST.—Refined people can secure exceptionally desirable rooms, with board, at Summer rates; also ready to make arrangements for Fall and Winter; references required.

72D ST., 140 EAST.—First-class board; rooms, single and double; references; electric light.

MADISON AV., 673-694,696, (61st St.)—Single and double rooms; excellent board; Summer prices.

Long Island.

DOUGLAS MANOR INN, Douglaston.—Open the year round. In the centre of large estate on Little Neck Bay. Attractive and homelike. Easy commuting distance. Write for terms and particulars.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

15c. *a line*; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

ABSOLUTELY select accommodations; every section of city; list mailed upon request; desirable vacancies solicited. Temple Rental Company, 110 West 34th St.

West Side.

12TH ST., 109 WEST.—Large back parlor and extension for three; hall rooms; hot water.

19TH ST., 39 WEST.—Large and small nicely furnished rooms; running water; telephone; Summer rates.

21ST ST., 5 WEST.—Superior rooms, large and small, day or week, 50 cents to $1.50.

44TH ST., 210 WEST.—Desirable rooms in well-furnished, quiet home; refined surroundings; references.

58TH ST., 228 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room; closets; water; next to bath; quiet; one flight.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Doctor's office; private house; moderate terms; all accommodations.

94TH ST., 35 WEST.—Finely furnished room, private bath, in private house; telephone, electric light; gentleman only; breakfast served in room if desired.

107TH, 230 WEST.—Large cool rooms, private baths; everything first-class; breakfast optional. Pierce.

111TH ST., 125 WEST.—Private house; desirable rooms; running water, hot, cold; Subway, "L."

113TH ST., 608 WEST.—Furnished rooms to rent at reasonable rates to gentlemen; bath, library, and pool table.

LENOX AV., 426, (Near 131st St.)—Handsomely furnished large, airy room; private house; Summer rates.

East Side.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,044, (75th St.)—Handsomely furnished rooms, with bath, to gentlemen only; references.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

15c. *a line*; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

East Side.

MADISON SQUARE HOTEL, 6TH AV., 24TH St.—Elegant furnished rooms for gentlemen by day or week; all modern improvements.

Brooklyn.

BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A. ASSOCIATION Club Building—Finely furnished rooms for young men; steam heat, electric light, hot and cold water, telephone, elevator service, restaurant, gymnasium, swimming pool, baths, bowling alleys, billiard room, all club privileges; rooms $2.75 to $4 a week. 1,121 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED.

15c. *a line*; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

Wanted, June 1, by lady, room for two weeks, with kitchen privilege; vicinity of 92d St. and Central Park West; terms must be moderate. L. G., 102 Times Downtown.

BOARD AND ROOM DIRECTORY.

1 *line* 7 *words* 7 *times* 70c.

71st St., 70 West.—Well furnished; moderate.

77th St., 111 W.—Attractive rooms; gentlemen.

141st, 504 West.—Room with board; telephone.

Manhattan Av., 477—Large furnished room; gents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

15c. *a line*; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

GOVERNESS.—As nursery governess to children over 4 years; must be well able to take entire charge and to sew; American preferred. Address, by letter, M. F., 181 Prospect St., East Orange.

GOVERNESSES, teachers, housekeepers, matrons, attendants, nurses, &c. Hopkins' Educational Agency, 1 Union Square.

LAUNDRESS.—Capable, for private family; country for Summer. Apply 17 West 58th St.

MAID, &c.—A refined, trustworthy girl as maid and seamstress for little girls. Apply by letter, 17 West 58th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good appearance and education; about 20 years; $12; advancement. Drake's, 304 Tribune Building.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

15c. *a line*; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

A SALESMAN who can induce people to visit a property which they will recognize as being the most beautiful and accessible to New York; it is unique in having a railroad station and a pier for public steamboats on the property; a mile of shore front, clubhouse, &c. Realty Trust, 503 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—About 50 years; single entry; not heavy; $10. Call Drake's, 304 Tribune Building.

BOY.—Position downtown; rapid advancement; reliable firm; no advance fee. Drake's, 304 Tribune Building.

MANAGER FOOD PRODUCTS business wants sales office man competent to qualify for position as assistant in handling sales department correspondence and large force of salesmen; only men aged between 28 and 38 with practical experience as salesmen and correspondents considered; to the right man of good education, reliability, correct habits, even temper, good judgment, and exceptional sales ability, coupled with willingness to learn the business from the ground up, the position offers unusual opportunity. Address in confidence, giving age and past experience, H. J. H., Box 136 Times Downtown.

ORGANISTS for churches East, West, South; $600 to $1,000. Webster's 136 5th Av.

SALESMAN.—Cigar salesman wanted; experience unnecessary; $100 month and expenses. Peerless Cigar Co., Toledo, Ohio.

YOUNG MEN wanted to solicit advertising; no experience necessary. Address V. R., Box 28 Times, Times Square.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

15c. *a line*; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, five years' experience bookkeeping and office work, desires position in office; $12. R. E., Box 29 Times, Times Square.

CARETAKER.—Wanted, the use of a house for its keep during Summer by young university couple; references. J. H. L., 650 3d Av.

DOMESTIC SERVANTS of a superior class on register. Miss Curry's Bureau, 25 West 42d.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Several colored girls, experienced, with city references; city or country; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

LAUNDRESS.—Washing at home or by day. Address S. J., 73 West 130th St.

NURSE.—By German just landed from Vienna as caretaker for children from 2 to 5 years, Kifner, 16 West St., Newark, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER.—Experienced; college graduate; work during vacation in or out of town; June 1. Responsibility. Box 39 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; several years' experience; educated, refined, tactful; highly recommended. A., Box 134 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER, bookkeeping assistant, and mimeographer; 2 years' experience. Miss Dutcher, 219 East 80th.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER.—Experienced, capable, and efficient; reference. I. M., Box 200, Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER. — Some experience; High School education; neat; very accurate; $7. Earnest, Box 117 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER.—Experienced, capable, and efficient; reference. I. M., 147 East 78th St., city.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

15c. *a line*; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 *words to line.*

ACCOUNTANT. — Expert service, reasonable rates; highest references; audits, investigations monthly or quarterly; special temporary work; systems installed. Auditor, 156 5th Av., Room 923. Tel. 2468 Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANT, consulting, auditing, systematizing; prepares for C. P. A., Regents, civil service, municipal, Federal, postal, and customs; reasonable. J. Kane, 1,024 Tribune Building.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, balanced, posted, audited; moderate. Hermann Goldschmidt, 154 Nassau. 4,317 Beekman.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert bookkeeper, writes up, balances, audits books, regular intervals. Accountant, 148 East 50th St.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced all lines; desires temporary position; $30 weekly; books opened, closed, written up, disentangled; special arrangements made with firms not employing permanent bookkeeper; highest references. Expert, Room 612, 150 Nassau St. 'Phone 4587 Beekman.

BOOKKEEPER—Experienced accountant, all lines, skilled advertiser, capable taking full charge of office; young man, splendid education, good address, steady, reliable; very highest references, character, honesty, ability; $1,500 New York, $1,800 elsewhere. Chas. L. Ince, 279 West 150th St.

CARETAKER for residence during absence of family; elderly gentleman; strictly first-class references; use of piano one hour daily if desired; only child, daughter of 19, preparing for mezzo-soprano church choir soloist. Caretaker, Box 150 Times Downtown.

CHEF.—White, middle-aged, strictly temperate, open for engagement at Summer hotel, boarding house, or private family in country; would serve as steward of outing club or camping party; soups, entrees, salads, frozen desserts his specialties; references. S., Box 200 Times, Times Square.

COACHMAN.—City or country; married; no family; good appearance; excellent horseman; sober and reliable; best written and personal references. Coachman, 29 East 40th St.

OFFICE WORK—By boy, 15 years of age; salary $4.50 per week. Joseph Bendix, care Goldstein, 751 Forest Av., Bronx, N. Y.

MASSEUR AND COMPANION. — By young man, educated; German, English; good appearance; understands medical body treatment; hospital experience; accustomed to travel. Dr. M., Box 44 Times, Times Square.

PRACTICAL ACCOUNTING DONE.—Accurate and careful work; common-sense systems introduced; prompt attention; very moderate charges. B. A., Box 42 Times, Times Square.

TENOR SOLOIST.—Experienced, desires engagement. Music, Box 11 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, six years' experience in banking business, position in banking house or large mercantile firm. B Box 58 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG SWISS, educated, speaks and writes German, French, Spanish, English; active, good appearance; wishes position. E. R., 445 Lexington Av.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISAAC STRAWGATE, trading as FLORODORA NOVELTY CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, May 28, 1908, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 390 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of handkerchiefs, gloves, belts, ladies' neckwear, machinery, motor, safe, office furniture, etc. JOSIAH T. NEWCOMBE, Receiver. ABRAHAM I. GORDON, Attorney for Receiver, 116 Nassau St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE DARRACQ MOTOR CAR CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, May 29, 1908, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at the Goodman Garage, 55 West 93d St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of one 80 H. P. racing car, new 1908 chassis, all parts, accesserries, motors, &c. LINDSAY RUSSELL, Receiver. SIDNEY ROSENBAUM, Attorney for Receiver, 22 William St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HERTS BROS., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, May 28, 1908, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 28 W. 38th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a high-class stock of furniture, comprising bedsteads, bureaus, chiffoniers, chairs, rockers, sideboards, extension tables, chairs, bookcases, sofas, parlor furniture, cabinets, safe, fixtures, &c. FREDERICK C. McLAUGHLIN, Receiver. EPSTEIN BROS., Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of THE GEORGE L. McCRACKEN AGENCY, INC., alleged Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that the furniture, desks, rugs, tables, chairs, fixtures, &c., belonging to the estate of the above-named alleged bankrupt will be sold under the direction of William Ford Upson, Esq., as receiver, at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at No. 24 East 21st St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 29th day of May, 1908, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

The aforesaid property will be open for inspection at the above address on the 28th and 29th days of May, 1908, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

Dated New York, May 22d, 1908.

WILLIAM FORD UPSON, Receiver.
MORRIS & PLANTE, Attorneys for Receiver, 135 Broadway, New York.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET | LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET | LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

COMPLETED

¶ *Tuesday, May 19th, the official Electric Train of the Long Island Railroad was run from Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, direct to our property.*

¶ *May 26th (next Tuesday) the regular schedule of Electric Trains will be in operation and the running time from Garden City Estates to Wall Street will be about 38 minutes—less than to many points on Manhattan Island.*

¶ Think of riding to your home

15 PASSENGERS HURT ON BROOKLYN BRIDGE

Car Runs Wild, Telescopes Car Ahead, and Causes a Series of Collisions.

7 IN HOSPITAL; 1 MAY DIE

Screams of Frightened Passengers Bring Up Police of Two Precincts on the Run.

By a wild run on the Brooklyn Bridge early yesterday morning, resulting in a series of collisions, Myrtle Avenue Trolley Car 842, Michael Halpin, motorman, and William Sheppard on the rear platform, created more havoc at the Manhattan end of the big river span than has been seen there in the history of the structure. Before the mix-up had been straightened out Car 842 was itself a wreck, as were two other cars, while still two more were badly crippled, and fifteen early-on-the-job Brooklynites were on the injured list.

The bridge was beginning to bulk with the morning rush to Manhattan at 6:30 o'clock when Car 842 abandoned its customary jogging gait and started in breakneck fashion down the incline of the north roadway toward Manhattan. Motorman Halpin twisted his brakes, but the chain snapped and the car began to gather speed. It was filled with passengers, and the weight it carried gave it unusual momentum. So down it bounded along the incline toward Flatbush Avenue Car 3,187, which was ahead.

Halpin did a war dance on the front of the runaway, howling warnings to the conductor of the car ahead. Motorman Jeremiah Smith of the Flatbush Avenue car threw on full speed, but he was just a few seconds too late. The runaway crashed into the Flatbush car, half telescoped it, and the two cars, their passengers screaming for help, plunged on down the track.

The next car to feel the impact was No. 2,591 of the local bridge service. The telescoped cars slammed into it, threw it from the tracks and jammed it up against Ninth Avenue Car 134, which ricochoted over the loop and butted in the front platform of still another car.

This brought the runaway career of the rantankerous Myrtle Avenue coach to a close, and the wrecked cars poured forth their passengers, many of them bleeding, seven badly hurt, and all panicstricken.

The bridge police and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit employes collected the wounded passengers and hustled or carried them out of the turmoil that followed the collisions, and ambulances were called for from the Hudson Street Hospital and St. Gregory's. The seriously injured were:

McGRAW, JOHN, 50, 351 Hamburg Avenue; both knees injured; St. Gregory's.

SMITH, JOHN, 28, motorman; back injured and cuts about body; St. Gregory's.

McGUINNESS, GEORGE, 45 years old, 174 Tillary Street; right shoulder dislocated and internal injuries; to St. Gregory's.

NEWMAN, JOHN, 23, 231 Pearl Street; shoulder dislocated and cuts on head; to Hudson Street Hospital.

SMITH, GEORGE, 37, 266 Stockton Street; skull probably fractured; to St. Gregory's.

WAGGE, WILLIAM F., 37, 284 Irving Avenue; internal injuries and nose fractured; to St. Gregory's.

WEBB, ANDREW, 38, 431 Warren Street; fractured skull and internal injuries; to St. Gregory's.

Eight other passengers were treated for cuts and bruises, but were able to return to their homes. All of the injured persons live in Brooklyn. Every car that was in the collision was badly splintered; all the windows and doors were smashed, the ironwork twisted, and two of them were put entirely out of commission.

The cars behind piled up in the usual long line of a bridge blockade, and the passengers got out in the rain and walked to the Manhattan end. The Brooklyn Rapid Transit gave transfers to those who left the surface cars at the Brooklyn end of the bridge, and the regular bridge cars and elevated trains helped with the traffic while the ferries carried thousands of extra passengers.

Wrecking crews took the battered Myrtle Avenue car to a spur, while the other cars, not so badly damaged, were shoved back to Brooklyn.

The majority of the people injured were in the Flatbush Avenue car, the first to be hit by the runaway. The most seriously injured proved to be George Smith, who, when he saw the collision coming, jumped from the Myrtle Avenue car. He struck on his head and was picked up from the roadway unconscious. It is feared his injuries will prove fatal.

Webb, Wagge, and McGuinness were also reported to be in pretty bad shape.

While the women on the cars did enough screaming to bring the police from Park Row and even City Hall Square, not one of them was hurt.

DEFY THE UTILITIES BOARD.

City Railway Receivers Disobey an Order—Commission Appeals to Court.

The Public Service Commission directed its counsel yesterday to take action which will decide its position with regard to the New York City Railway Company and its receivers. The receivers are officers of the court which appointed them and claim that they are responsible solely to it for all their actions. Taking this view Adrian H. Joline and Douglas Robinson, the receivers, have not responded to some of the orders issued by the commission.

The question will be raised by an application to the Supreme Court by George S. Coleman, as counsel for the commission, for a writ of mandamus against the railway and its receivers bidding them comply with an order issued on April 7 by Commissioner Maltbie. He directed the company to overhaul its 370 open cars by May 30, and ordered that every day there should be forwarded to the commission a transcript of the entries made in the so-called "run-in" book, which shows among other things the number of cars out of order.

The receivers disobeyed the order as far as furnishing a copy of the run-in book is concerned.

HELD FOR BIG GEM THEFT.

Ray S. Cogswell Charged with Pawning $10,000 Lorgnette.

Ray S. Cogswell, the son of Pierce J. Cogswell of Rochester, who was arrested in Batavia on Thursday night by Central Office detectives, was in the Tombs Court yesterday, charged with stealing a diamond lorgnette with a gold chain, valued at $10,000. Magistrate Walsh held him in $2,500 bail for examination on Monday.

Herman L. Levy, a jeweler of 65 Nassau Street, the complainant, charged that the lorgnette and chain had been handed over to Cogswell on March 1, 1907, on the promise that he would deliver them to a jewelry firm in Rochester. Instead of this, Levy says he pawned them.

Cogswell's father was with the young man in court. Though he denied that his son had committed any crime, it was evident from what he said that Cogswell had been in grave financial difficulties of late. Only a few days ago he was cleared of charges made against him in Batavia, and he is now involved in bankruptcy proceedings resulting from heavy losses in stock ventures.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 284 failures in the United States during the week, against 281 for the previous week and 165, 170, 179, and 184 for the corresponding weeks of 1907 to 1904. The Middle States had 100, New England 28, Southern 69, Western 51, Northwestern 8, Far West 27, and Pacific 1. Canada had 39, against 22 for the preceding week. About 80 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had capital of $5,000 or less, and 11 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M		Loss.
8:40	188 Varick St.; S. Hunter	$300
8:40	810 E. 9th St.; Martin & Schmoosee	Trifling
11:20	397 E. 8th St.; W. Fircht	Trifling
11:45	526 W. 49th St.; P. Mulligan	$50
P. M.		
3:15	312 and 314 E. 33d St.; J. Bourlon	$100
6:00	27 Pearl St.; J. Getty	$200
7:45	67 Avenue C; Isaac Stark	$25
7:55	229 West 20th St.; Mary Fitter	$5

ACCUSE MEXICAN MILLIONAIRE

Martin Jacoby Charged with Misappropriation of Funds of $5,000,000.

MEXICO CITY, May 22.—Financial and business circles of Mexico City have been shaken by the greatest sensation in years through the order of the Judge of the Second Instruction to-day to bring Martin Jacoby, a millionaire and head of the mercantile house of Jacoby, into court on the charge of misappropriation of funds which it is claimed will total between three and five million dollars. The order was issued on the representation made to the court by prominent bankers and financiers.

The house of Jacoby constitutes the largest cotton-buying concern in the republic. To all practical intents it held a corner on the market. It is declared that out of a series of speculations, and perhaps resulting from the October panic, the house during recent months suffered a loss of millions of dollars.

OLD FRUIT WOMAN DEAD.

For Forty Years Mary McCormick Sold Apples to Immigrants.

Old Mrs. Mary McCormick, who sold apples and other fruits on the Ellis Island ferryboat is dead, and her lifelong friend, Jane Noonan, who sells fruit in the ferry waiting room, sat yesterday beside a basket of apples and sorrowed for the passing of her friend. Mary McCormick failed to show up at her accustomed post several days ago, and, as she was never absent when in health, the matter was serious from the start.

Forty years ago Mary first took the stand on the boat to sell fruit to immigrants and their friends. At that time old Castle Garden was the landing place, and Mary, then young and comely, became widely known. As the years went by she became a fixture, and when the landing place of those who came to the country was transferred to Ellis Island, Mrs. McCormick set up her stand on the Shackamaxon, where she had been ever since.

Her life was a story of ceaseless work against big odds, but she never lost her cheerfulness, and answered plaints by saying that it would be all right "beyond."

First her husband died, leaving her a family to raise. Then her son married and died, leaving her another brood to rear, and lastly her daughter's husband was killed in an accident, and six more little ones came to Mary's home and heart.

She was born in Ireland. Her grandson, little Eddie Kennedy, will be permitted to carry on his grandmother's business.

JOHN M. BURKE'S MIND SOUND.

No Guardian Needed to Manage His Affairs, Court Holds in Cousin's Suit.

John Masterson Burke, 95 years old, who gave $4,000,000 to establish the Winifred Masterson Burke Relief Foundation, does not need a guardian to manage his affairs, according to the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court. Mr. Burke is a bachelor, and although he has fourteen heirs, eleven of whom are women, he lives with no one but nurses and servants in his home, at 18 West Forty-seventh Street.

Miss Almeda E. Winters, second cousin of Mr. Burke, of Attleborough, Mass., obtained an order from Justice Hendrick, in Special Term, Part I., Supreme Court, appointing a committee to examine into his mental competency. She alleged that he was incompetent and incapable of managing his afafirs.

Miss Winters said that he had helped pay for her education, but that when she last called on him he failed to recognize her. She also said that she had received a letter from Vincente M. Fensley, housekeeper for Mr. Burke, stating that Mr. Burke "desired to hold no further correspondence with Miss Winters."

Justice Scott in the decision yesterday dismissing the order against Mr. Burke says:

"There is nothing to show that he is not well cared for and comfortable. There is no suggestion that his income is wasted or misapplied."

TO RUSH MUNICIPAL BUILDING.

Estimate Board Votes $2,700,000 Bonds to Begin Work.

It will cost the city $2,640,470 to dig the foundation and erect the new municipal building, on Park Row and Centre Street, as high as the first story. The entire building will cost $8,000,000.

Chief Engineer Chandler Withington reported to the Board of Estimate yesterday it was necessary that the foundation for the building and the Subway, which is to run directly beneath it, should be constructed at the same time without delay. He asked for an immediate appropriation of $2,700,000 to begin the work.

Of this, $57,000 will go to excavation, $1,010,375 to caisson work, $251,500 for steel as high as the street floor, and $262,500 to the architect.

The board sanctioned the issue of $2,700,000 corporate bonds, and Borough President Bird S. Coler of Brooklyn said quietly:

"I thought the Controller said last week the debt limit was only $1,400,000."

Mr. Metz was taken completely aback, and it was not till some one pointed out that these $2,700,000 need not be issued until after July 1, when the debt limit will be considerably raised, that he recovered his equilibrium.

DIDN'T WRONG PATERSON.

Say Editor Hampton and Mr. Brandenburg of the Broadway Magazine.

B. B. Hampton, editor of The Broadway Magazine, which the City of Paterson, N. J., has threatened with a slander suit because of an article on anarchy written by Broughton Brandenburg, denied yesterday that there was anything in the article to which Paterson was justified in taking exception.

"Paterson," said he, "was but lightly noticed in reality, and not one-hundredth part of what has been printed or said against her was reproduced in our columns. Everything except one sentence was taken from a printed interview with public officials in a Paterson paper. We hold every friendly sentiment and sympathize with her in her many misfortunes. However, Mr. Brandenburg in his article was entirely justified in making the very slight reference to the city which he did."

Mr. Brandenburg denied that Collier's Weekly had retracted statements made in any article he had written. Collier's, he said, went to very considerable trouble to show that the publication meant no harm to Paterson, and felt sorry that she should have had the natural set-backs that have come to her, but the remainder of the article, written by one of the editors after a personal investigation, was highly confirmatory of what he had said.

NEW EXCISE SWINDLE.

Two Men Charged with Keeping Proceeds from Sale of Surety Bonds.

Assistant District Attorney Bosler believes that in the arrest of John Bellman of 215 Montague Street, Brooklyn, and Arthur Reistel of 8,731 First Avenue, Brooklyn, he has discovered a new swindle which has cost the firm of Sanders & Flanders of 27 Liberty Street something like $20,000.

The specific charge against Bellman is the theft of only $250; that against Reistel of $300. They made a contract with Sanders & Flanders, the New York representatives of the Bankers' Surety Company of Cleveland, Ohio, in April, 1907, to sell at a certain commission excise surety bonds among the liquor dealers of the city. The allegation is that they cheated their employers by making false reports, or no reports at all, of their sales.

Mrs. Bailey Dies of Auto Injuries.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 22.—Mrs. Samuel T. Bailey, the wealthy Camden oilcloth manufacturer's widow, who was killed in an automobile collision with an electric train on the Pennsylvania Railroad at May's Landing three weeks ago, died here to-day of injuries received in the accident. Mr. and Mrs. Bailey were returning to their home from Cape May when their automobile was struck by the train.

Final Notice

Last December we were notified by the Rapid Transit Commission that half of our Walker Street store would be condemned for Subway purposes.

In February of this year the Public Service Commission thought they would be able to tunnel under the west half of our store without disturbing us.

With this understanding we've manufactured clothing to satisfy the demands of a big Spring and Summer trade.

Now, right at the start of the season, during the busiest time, we are notified that

We Must Vacate

when our Walker Street store (the headquarters of our enormous reserve stock and the home of our manufacturing plant) is busy as can be. After starting the work, they have finally decided that it will be impossible to tunnel under the west half of our store without tearing it down. This is their final notice.

With our space cut in half—with just half of the room we need to carry on our trade—we are forced to dispose of about

$200,000 worth of Clothes at 25% Off!

Quick sales are necessary. An immediate disposition of this surplus stock must be made. We have therefore started this gigantic sale, which means a 50 per cent. saving to you, in our 3 stores. Every garment guaranteed as though you paid us the regular price, because every garment is Moe Levy made.

Men's Spring & Summer Suits

This season's smartest garments, made in the most advanced styles and out of the richest fabrics, in all the newest colors, in great variety.

These prices are equal to a 50 per cent. saving to you.

$10.00 Suits, 25% off, now	$7.50	$20.00 Suits, 25% off, now	$15.00
$11.50 Suits, 25% off, now	$8.63	$22.50 Suits, 25% off, now	$16.88
$13.50 Suits, 25% off, now	$10.13	$25.00 Suits, 25% off, now	$18.75
$15.00 Suits, 25% off, now	$11.25	$30.00 Suits, 25% off, now	$22.50
$17.50 Suits, 25% off, now	$13.13	$35.00 Suits, 25% off, now	$26.25

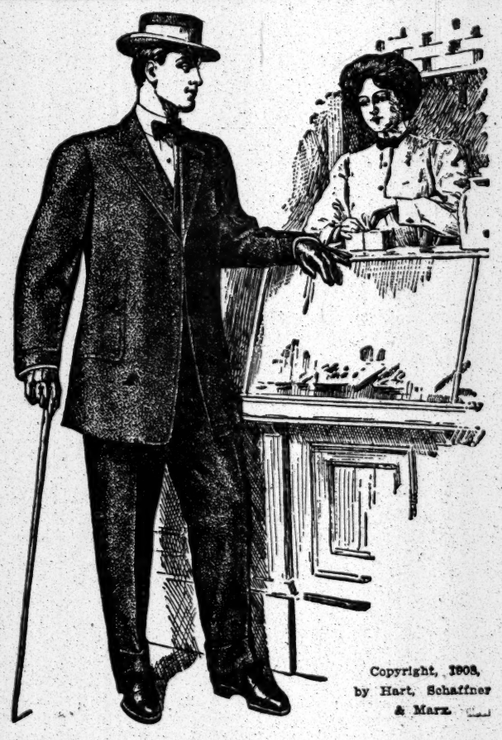
Corresponding Price Cuts in Young Men's and Boys' Clothes!

Money Saving Price Cuts in Furnishings.

Moe Levy & Co

New York Stores { 119-125 Walker St. / 1439 Broadway, near 40th St.

Brooklyn Store, 380-382 Fulton St., Cor. Smith St.



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HERE'S the very latest
In a Young Man's Suit,—
Long lapels,—
Three buttons, set close together,—
New Flap Pockets that button in an
Unusual way—a way
that just smacks of affectation
without being affected.
Made by Hart, Schaffner & Marx
from a large variety of beautiful fabrics,
Smart Checks and Stripes—Olive,
Brown and Gray.
And in every piece, not a thread but
Wool of the highest grade.
Hart, Schaffner & Marx
'Varsity Suits, $18 to $35.

Wallach Bros.

The home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

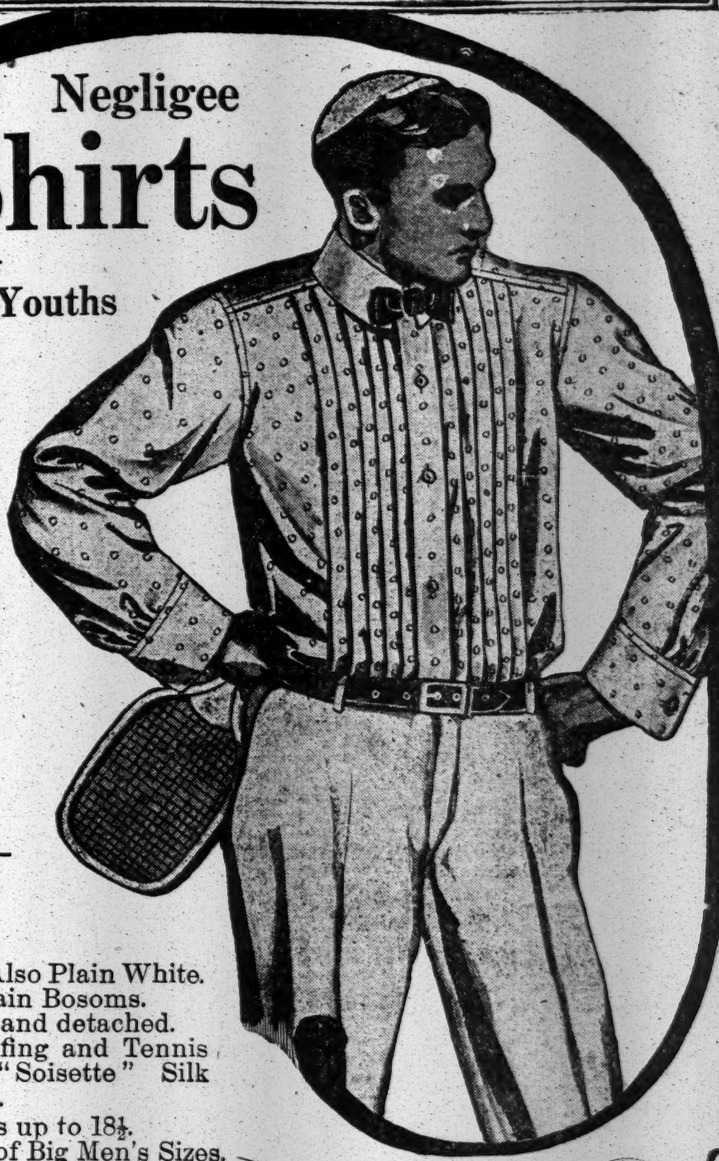
1195 Broadway, just below 29th St. Third Avenue, corner 122d St.

NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE

SIEGEL COOPER CO.

SIXTH AVE. 18TH & 19TH STS. J. B. GREENHUT, PRES. NEW YORK

Negligee
Shirts
for
Men and Youths



The most extraordinary offer of this kind you've seen in a good long time.

20,000 fine Negligee Shirts, — the entire unsold product of the three factories of Weil, Haskell & Co.

Perfect Goods—Not Seconds.

All Coat style.
150 Patterns. Also Plain White.
Plaited and Plain Bosoms.
Cuffs attached and detached.
Many soft Golfing and Tennis Shirts in "Soisette" Silk among them.
All sizes up to 18½.
Plenty of Big Men's Sizes.
All sleeve lengths in each size.

Made to sell at $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2 and $2.50. Choice at.....

79¢

(Siegel Cooper Store, Main Floor, Centre.)

LOOK FOR THE LABEL GOTHAM

The Underwear of a Gentleman

KNEE DRAWERS
COAT UNDERSHIRTS
Made of Cooling Fabrics
NAINSOOK
PONGEE
SILK
On sale at all GOOD SHOPS
Send for Style Book

GOTHAM UNDERWEAR CO.
93-95 FRANKLIN ST., NEW YORK

TRADE E. & W. MARK

Best in the World.

HAND MADE LINEN COLLARS

NORKA *A new model.*

EARL & WILSON

Kennedy 12 CORTLANDT ST.

Straw Hats

Direct from the Factory.
No Middlemen's Profits

A Dollar Saved!

Flat Yacht Shapes 1.49, 1.90, 2.40, 2.75 and 3.25.
Panamas, 3.50 to 10.00.
Mackinaws, 1.49, 1.90, 2.40.

Electric Lights

INSTALLED, INCLUDING ALL MATERIAL
$1 Per Light
Electric Supplies at Rock Bottom Prices. Write, Call, or 'Phone 3064—Audubon.
Jacobs Electric Supply Co., 545 Lenox Av., near 138th St.

DO NOT STAND

in your own light. Look at the wonderful value we offer. Suit to measure, $20. Coat and Trousers, $17. They are the finest imported woolens. We bought them at half price—they are yours at half price.

Send for samples.

ARNHEIM, B'way & 9th

EMPIRE LAST TWO WEEKS Broadway and 40th St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. WM. H. CRANE In Geo. Ade's Best Play, FATHER AND THE BOYS

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. OTIS SKINNER THE HONOR OF THE FAMILY by Paul M Potter.

SAVOY 34th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Thurs. 2:15. HENRY MILLER AS TE PLAYERS The Servant in the House

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way, 38th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day, 2:15. GEO. M. COHAN "THE YANKEE PRINCE." with Helen F., Jerry J. and Josephine Cohan

HIPPODROME
LAST MAT. TO-DAY
LAST TIME TO-NIGHT

The Wolf Evs. 8:20. Mat. To-day 2:20. LYRIC
GIRLS Evgs. 8:15. Mat. To-day 2:15. DALY'S
Sam Bernard Ev. 8:15. Mt. to-d'y. Casino
Lew Fields Ev. 8:15. Mt. t-d'y, Girl Nearly a Hero. Herald Sq. Behind the Counter.
JOHN MASON WITCHING HOUR 8TH MONTH HACKETT Mat. To-day 2:15. Evgs. 8:15. 42d, W. of B'way.
BIJOU. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-day, 2:30. LAST WEEK HENRY E. DIXEY as LEBONNARD PAPA

NEW YORK TO-NIGHT Thea., B'way & 45th, at 8:20. Last Mat. To-day, 2:20. FAREWELL GENEE NIGHT F. ZIEGFELD, Jr., presents THE SOUL KISS with GENEE Next Mon.—CARLE in "Mary's Lamb."

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St., West of Broadway. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed., 2:15. 252D TIME TO-NIGHT HENRY W. SAVAGE offers THE MERRY WIDOW (Die Lustige Wittwe) Queen of Viennese Operettas. Sat. Mat. June 13, 275-Time Souvenirs. Imported "Merry Widow" Hats for the Ladies

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GOTHAM East 125th St. Prices 25c. to 50c. MATINEE TO-DAY. SAM DEVERE'S BURLESQUERS To-night—Big Chorus Girls' Contest.

THE DEWEY E. 14th St. Ladies' Mat. To-day. Star Show Girls To-night—Big Chorus Girls' Contest.

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ASTOR 4th BIG MONTH Evs. 8:30. Matinees To-day & Wed. Wed. Mat. prices, 50c.-$1.50. "The season's best find."—Alan Dale. PAID IN FULL By EUGENE WALTER. "Scores an immense success."—Eve. Sun.

STEEPLE CHASE Coney Island's Funny Place. Most Gigantic Steel Amusement Structure in the World. WE CREATE FUN. OTHERS COPY.

SEEING NEW YORK YACHT The Original Boat. $1.00 ROUND TRIP. Tel. 4944 Gramercy. Leaves Foot West 22d St., North River, 10 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. every day and Sunday. All points of interest explained by lecturer. SEEING NEW YORK AUTOMOBILES start hourly from Flatiron Building. Seeing Chinatown and the Bowery every night and Sunday at 8:30 P. M. Ticket office and waiting room in building, ground floor, 5th Av. side.

CIRCLE THEATRE. Gus Edwards' Music Hall. Evs. 8:15. Mt. To-day, 2:15. "A Hit!" "THE MERRY-GO-ROUND" Don't Forget—"Sunday Nights In Bohemia."

AMERICAN Italian Grand Opera Company W. 42d St. Mats. Wed. & Sat. Prices 25c. to $1. Abramson's To-day Mat. at 2. FAUST. To-night. CARMEN.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, 14th St. & Irving Pl. MR. SOTHERN —IN HIS BEST PLAYS.— Last Times of LORD DUNDREARY To-day. NEXT WEEK IF I WERE KING Prices 25c. to $1.50. Mts. Wed. & to-day 2. Ev. 8

HAMMERSTEIN'S Ev. 25, 50, 75c., $1.00. DAILY MATS. 25 & 50c. EDDIE FOY, Mr. & Mrs. Sydney Drew & Co. in "Billy's Tombstone," Stuart Barnes, &c.

COLONIAL Mat. Daily, 23c. Eva Tanguay, Robert Hilliard & Co., Chas. F. Semon, Willa Holt Wakefield, etc.

ALHAMBRA Mat. Daily, 25c. CECELIA LOFTUS, Kamo's Early Birds, La Gardenia, Rooney & Bent.

MURRAY HILL THEATRE. 42d & Lex. Av. THE BEHMAN SHOW. Sunday Aft. and Evening—Moving Pictures.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15. "At last a real comic opera."—Telegram. The Gay Musician

EDEN MUSEE. WORLD in WAX. Gypsy Music. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Prominent People, Past & Present.

WEST END Last Two Times. HELEN NOLDI OPERA CO. in Rigoletto.

GRAND This w'k & nxt. Mat. To-day. CHAUNCEY OLCOTT O'NEILL OF DERBY

BLANEY'S LINCOLN SQ., B'way, 66 St. Ev. 8:15. OPCOL Mat. To-day, BOOMER THE DANCER AND THE KING.

BOSTOCK'S CONEY ISLAND. GRAND OPENING TO-DAY. AT 2. All New Trained Wild Animals. See Blondin.

The New York Times.

SATURDAY REVIEW OF BOOKS.

LITERARY SECTION OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1908. 16 PAGES.

LIKE A GARDEN OF MARVELOUS MIDSUMMER BLOOMS

By GRACE DENIO LITCHFIELD.

LIKE a garden of marvelous midsummer blooms
In a tangle of twilights and sunfloods and glooms—
A riot of raptures in scarlet and blue
With blisses of purple and gold breaking through—
A temple to passion, with mossbanks for stairs,
And colors for anthems, and perfumes for prayers,
Where all longings, all dreams, all desires that be
Exhale in the breath of each blossoming tree—
Such, O Love, is my heart's love—my heart's love for thee!

Like a mist, fallen soft as a sleep o'er the land,
A peace all-compelling, too vast to withstand,
Wherein dreams lie undreamed and all prayers rest unspoken—
An impalpable hush from man's own heart evoken,
Holding passion and sense in divinest control
By the touch of God's finger laid white on his soul—
A holiest calm, a supreme ecstacy
Where heaven begins and earth ceases to be—
Such, O Love, is my soul's love—my soul's love for thee!

—From "Narcissus," (G. P. Putnam's Sons.)

TOPICS OF THE WEEK.

IT took the jury just forty minutes to reach the conclusion that Mr. John Murray was entitled to $37,500 damages from The London Times for its criticism of the price of "Queen Victoria's Letters." Those who have followed the press accounts of the progress of the case must have been highly diverted by its conduct, in some particulars so different from that which would have been witnessed in the trial of a suit before an American court of justice. Judge, jury, counsel, plaintiff, defendant, and audience seemed to have gathered for the purpose of having a good time. Hilarity was on tap, and every other sentence spoken elicited laughter. It is not always clear to the American mind what the laughter was about. Here is the sort of thing that was going on most of the time:

> Witness believed that it was Mr. Murray who sent a letter written by Miss Gertrude Atherton, and published in The Times, in which these words appeared: "And I tell the editor of The Times in my best Californese to go to the devil." [Laughter.]
>
> A Member of the Jury: Is that a libel, my lord?
>
> His Lordship: The question "What is a libel?" is always for the jury. [Laughter.] If he did take Miss Atherton's advice, it would greatly increase the circulation of The Times—[laughter]—supposing, of course, the publication of The Times were still continued. [Loud laughter.]
>
> Mr. Lush: I hope that does not account for the editor not being in court now. [Laughter.]

At one point counsel for the defense, growing serious, asked the gentlemen to control their mirth. The joke had in fact been a very poor one, and the court accordingly gave warning:

> His Lordship: They ought not to laugh at what is not funny. [Laughter, his lordship joining in.]

A moment later we have this dialogue:

> Mr. Lush: My lord said we were not to laugh unless it was funny. [Laughter.]
>
> His Lordship: I do not provide any criterion. [Laughter.]

His lordship plainly felt it incumbent upon him to provide a good show, and, not only during the examination of witnesses but in his judicial summing up, interjected more or less amusing jokes. He informed the jury that the publication of a book is not necessarily a matter of public interest; he was prepared to hold that the publication of some books was a matter of interest to nobody except the author. He informed them he never read "the book of the day," preferring to read "the book of the day before yesterday, to save reading an enormous amount of what one soon forgets." His lordship made a sly allusion to a Biblical quadruped which spoke, but which failed to appear and give Mr. Hooper of The London Times Book Club warning when he started out to get the "Artifex" letter written. His lordship continued:

> But, gentlemen, he got no warning, and he went on. What did he do? He went some distance. He went to the Book Club, which was some way off. He went to the home of the modern Moses—Whitefriars—[laughter]—and there he sought for some one who could throw his crude figures and ideas into attractive shape.
>
> You are aware that in European countries, and particularly, I believe, in Spain, there are public letter-writers. They write any letter you tell them to write; you give them the points. They are commonly employed, I believe, to write love letters, but they are capable of writing anything. [Laughter.] And no doubt Mr. Hooper could have got practically whatever he wanted in Whitefriars. [Laughter.] As I have said, he looked there for what our ancestors used to call a Heliconian, and he found Mr. Ross. It is a dangerous neighborhood, that to which Mr. Hooper went to get business done, and I wish that in publishing a book Mr. Hooper had happened to read an old, old book, in which he would have found these lines:
>
> Near Helicon, and round the learned hill,
> Grow trees, whose blossoms with their odour kill.
>
> [Laughter.]
>
> And Mr. Ross set to work to try to weave a garland, and this is it.
>
> The garland cost The Times £7,500.

In spite of the fact that there are some people who would deny to Shakespeare the authorship of any of the plays that go under his name, there are others who not only credit him with the thirty-seven "Comedies, Tragedies, and Histories" commonly attributed to him, but add to these a somewhat indefinite list of dramatic productions which, if not fathered by Shakespeare, must remain in a condition of perpetual literary orphanage. Quite a number of Shakespearean editors—Charles Knight and W. J. Rolfe, for instance—have admitted "The Two Noble Kinsmen" to the immortal company of the authentic Shakespearean drama. It is interesting to learn that the several other candidates to this honor have now been rounded up, as it were, and will make their collective claim to the mightiest of authorships this month. They will be published by the Oxford University Press under the title of "The Shakespeare Apocrypha." The collection embraced by this title consists of fourteen plays which have been ascribed to Shakespeare, but which, for various reasons, have not been generally accepted as his. These plays, which have been edited, with introduction, notes, and bibliography, by Mr. C. F. Tucker Brooke, are "Arden of Feversham," "Lochrine," "Edward III.," "Mucedorus," "Sir John Oldcastle," "The London Prodigal," "Thomas Lord Cromwell," "The Puritan," "A Yorkshire Tragedy," "The Merry Devil of Edmonton," "Fair Em," "The Two Noble Kinsmen," "The Birth of Merlin," and "Sir Thomas More." None of these plays appeared in the first folio edition of Shakespeare's collected works, but most, if not all of them, were published during their reputed author's lifetime, with his name, variously spelled, on their respective title pages. No other plays, the editor, Mr. Brooke, thinks, "can be included, without entire absurdity, in the 'doubtfully Shakespearean' class."

The Corfu correspondent of the Berlin Lokalanzeiger understands that the German Emperor will order the removal of the statue of Heine, which was erected by the Empress Elizabeth of Austria in the grounds of the Achilleion, which formerly belonged to her, and replace it by a temple to the memory of the unfortunate Empress. The Berlin National Zeitung comments sharply on this expected action, saying that it is likely to arouse astonishment throughout the world. The Emperor, as the owner of the property, is, of course, free to make any changes at the Achilleion, but the National Zeitung points out that the actions of a monarch are never private affairs and that the Emperor must not be surprised if the tearing down of the Heine statue attracts wide attention.

A catalogue of an English book sale reveals some interesting details of the life of Henry Fielding in the shape of a receipt for a translation which the author of "Tom Jones" is not generally credited with. The receipt reads as follows:

> Recd March the 10, 1739, of Mr. John Nourse the sum of forty-five pounds in Part Payment for the translation of the History of Charles the twelfth by me Hen. Fielding.

The book appeared in 1740 under the title "The Military History of Charles XII., King of Sweden," by M. Gustavus Adlerfeld, Chamberlain to the King. The catalogue states that the receipt had been in the possession of John Dillon, collector of autographs, manuscripts, and books.

During the year 1906 there were published in this country approximately 7,139 books. Last year the number of publications reached the figure 9,620. From this number the New York State Library has made a tentative selection of 1,278 books which it is submitting to librarians throughout the country with the desire of getting opinions as to the best fifty books of the year for a village library.

The late Gerald Massey left his family most illy provided for. Some little while before his death Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman made the widow and daughters a grant of $1,000 out of the Royal Bounty Fund. Another grant of $500 was made them by the Royal Literary Fund, and an appeal for public subscription has been issued.

"THE SPANISH JADE"

Latest Book by Maurice Hewlett Is a Romance in His Best Manner—Written Con Amore and with Subtle Understanding.

THE SOUL OF SPAIN REVEALED

Passion, Cruelty, and Bravery Under the Hot Sky of a Laggard Land.

NOW returns the Maurice Hewlett of old, not the author of "The Stooping Lady," but of "The Forest Lovers" and "Richard Yea-and-Nay." He writes indeed this time of modern life, or rather of life as modern as it could be fifty years ago in Spain—Spain, the everlastingly mediaeval, the lawless, the passionate, the haggard, and the splendid, with its Ishmaelites and its poverty-stricken dons—and he writes with love and with subtle sympathy, though not unmindful of the ironies of which the scenes he portrays are full.

The story of "The Spanish Jade" (Doubleday, Page & Co., 90 cents) opens in the glare of the desert plain around Burgos, over which rides a handsome, graceless rascal, barefooted, happy as a King, singing as he goes to the murder of his sweetheart—a horse thief, smuggler, and murderer, bewitching as a seraph, an outlaw hidalgo with the morals of a hyena. The morning being still young and his intended victim easily within his reach, he stops long enough to go to mass and to lay his long knife for a moment before a crucified Christ. Another man is riding the same route as Estéban, a young Englishman, Mr. Manvers, trying to forget a love disappointment in foreign travel. Now Mr. Manvers is five or six hours ahead of Estéban, and when the outlaw overtakes the young lady whose assassination is the object of his pleasant errand, she is riding on the saddle before Mr. Manvers, who has rescued her from a crowd of ruffians. Manuela is such a heroine as only Mr. Hewlett can draw. Any attempt to sketch her here would be vain and misleading—a vivid beauty, fiercely colored, sunburned, with tawny gold hair and jade-green, far-seeing eyes, slim and little more than a child, if a Spanish woman is ever a child.

"God save your Grace," says Estéban, and goes along very pleasantly, only the señorita of the three otherwise than joysome under the fierce sky. When, the travelers having stopped for a midday rest, Mr. Manvers strolls away, the murder is done. But it is the body of Estéban and not of Manuela that the returning Englishman finds there, stabbed to death. She has left him her crucifix, as if in compensation for his kindness. On the crucifix, of course, hangs the sequence of complications, and not until the very end of the tale does the Englishman clear himself of the charge that he is the murderer.

This is perhaps enough of the story here; it is a gallant, romantic story, well worth the telling in any form. But it is precisely the sort of story that Hewlett tells the best. Havelock Ellis has just written ingeniously of "The Soul of Spain," and Arthur Symons and Major Martin Hume have discoursed illuminatingly on her traits and ways. Such formal attempts at interpretation—how far they are behind such an instinctive, spontaneous revelation as this which Mr. Hewlett gives in a tale of primitive passions in which live and move and have their veritable being a Estéban Vincaz and a Manuela, (being such as is here told;) a Luis Ramonez de Alaia, (who was entitled to wear his hat in the presence of the Queen and who lived on fivepence a day in a garret;) a Fray Juan de la Cruz, priest and simple philosopher; a Sebastian, goldsmith; a Gil Perez, servant, and a Sister Chucha of the Penitentiary! In one place Mr. Hewlett does indulge in a few paragraphs in the abstract about the Spanish character, and though these are only by way of a moment's rest in the course of the passionate story, they are worth setting down here:

> Behold the Castilian, the Valencian, the Murcian on his glebe, you find an exact relation established; the one exhales the other. The man is what his country is, tragic, hagridden, yet impassive, patient under the sun. He stands for the natural verities. You cannot change him, move nor hurt him. He can earn neither your praises nor reproach. As well might you blame the staring noon of Summer or throw a kind word to the everlasting hills. The bleak pride of the Castillano, the flint and steel of Aragon, the languor which veils Andalusian fire—traveling

the lands which gave them birth, you find them scored in large over mountain and plain and river bed, and bitten deep into the hearts of the indwellers. They are as seasonable there as the flowers of waste places, and will charm you as much. So Spanish travel is one of the restful relaxations, because nothing jars upon you. You feel that you are assisting a destiny, not breaking it. Not discovery is before you so much as realization.

But in the city Spanish blood festers, and all that seemed plausible in the open air is now monstrous, full of vice and despair. Whereas outside the man stood like a rock, and let Fate seam or bleach him bare, here within walls he rages, shows his teeth, blasphemes, or sinks into sloth. You will find him heaped against the walls like ordure, hear him howl for blood in the bullring, appraising women as if they were dainties in the alamedas, loaf, scratch, pry where none should pry, go begging with his sores, trade his own soul or his mother's. His pride becomes insolence, his tragedy hideous revolt, his impassivity swinish, his rock of sufficiency a rock of offense. God in His mercy, or the devil in his despite, made the cities of Spain.

And yet the man, so superbly at his ease in his enormous spaces, is his own conclusion when he goes to town; the permutation is logical. He is too strong a thing to break his nature; it will be aggravated but not deflected. Leave him to swarm in the plaza and seek his nobler brother. Go out by the gate, descend the winding suburb, which gives you the burned plains and far blue hills, now on one hand, now on the other, as you circle down and down, with the walls mounting as you fall; touch once more the dusty earth, traverse the deep shade of the ilex avenue; greet the ox teams, the filing mules, as they creep up the hill to the town: you are bound for their true, great Spain. And though it may be ten days since you saw it, or fifty years, you will find nothing altered. The Spaniard is still the flower of his rocks. O dura tellus Iberice!

Mr. Hewlett's style is still a little perverse, and a little deliberate in its perversity. To some extent he is the victim of his own rhetorical agility; he seeks and uses the unusual and forced phrase when a natural one would have done the service better. Too often he thinks it smart to talk in personal pronouns, thus: "I suppose him to have been five feet ten inches in his boots"; "If Sahagun puts you out of conceit with Castile, you are not likely to be put in again by Palencia." But there is no denying, no wishing to deny, that for the most part Mr. Hewlett's style is moving and splendid, full of color, full of power, full of charm.

COLLECTED ADDRESSES OF GOV. HUGHES.

The bringing together in a single volume of the "Addresses and Speeches of Charles Evans Hughes" (G. P. Putnam's Sons, $1.50) makes possible a study of the Governor's personality as revealed in his utterances and of his attitude upon many public questions. President Schurman of Cornell contributes an introduction, which recently was published as a biographical study of Mr. Hughes in The Independent. Beginning with his reply to the committee appointed to notify him of his nomination for Mayor of New York City Oct. 9, 1905, the volume groups under separate heads, according to their theme, the most important of his public correspondence and addresses down to his speech before the Republican Club of New York Jan. 31, 1908.

Vermont in Current Literature.

Judging by the names on the list of one publisher's authors, it would seem that literature as a calling is just now making a strong appeal to the Vermonter. During the last seven months Henry Holt & Co. have issued the following: "Gunhild," a Norwegian episode, by Mrs. Dorothy Canfield Fisher of Arlington, Vt.; "A Turnpike Lady," a story of Vermont in Revolutionary days, by Miss Sarah N. Cleghorn of Manchester, Vt., and "Over Against Green Peak," a book of reminiscences of country life, by Miss Zephine Humphrey of Dorset, Vt. Finally Mr. Holt himself has a country place in Burlington, Vt., but he declares that that fact has nothing to do with the preponderance of Vermonters on his list of authors.

The Way of a Would-Be Author.

One of the chapters of Sewell Ford's new book, "Side-Stepping with Shorty," just published by Mitchell Kennerley, received the somewhat unusual distinction during its serial publication of being copied into the pages of a New York magazine, where it was printed under a new title and with a new author's name attached to it. An enterprising reader out West, it seems, had written out the story and sold it to the editor as his own work. By way of atonement the editor of the magazine has, at Mr. Ford's suggestion, sent a check for $50 to a local fresh-air fund, and will expose the imposition in his next issue.

LATEST CAMBRIDGE HISTORY VOLUME

Late Seventeenth Century Treated Under Title of "Age of Louis XIV."—Russia Taken Up.

By Dr. JOSEPH JACOBS.

THIS volume* in Lord Acton's original plan was entitled "Bourbons and Stuarts," and is even still thus mentioned in the list given at the end of the volume. But at the last moment the more appropriate title had been selected, since the ambitions of Louis XIV. dominate the age to which this volume refers—roughly speaking, from 1661 to 1715. The Stuarts were, after all, only pawns in the great international game which their cousin played, even if, as in the chess game, they were occasionally of importance in the gambit.

Both under Louis XIV. and Napoleon French culture spread with marvelous rapidity throughout all Western Europe and gave its coloring and motive force to the historic pageant. These eminent individuals summed up the movements which had come into existence before their appearance on the scene: Napoleon carried the ideas of the French Revolution into Germany and Italy, while Louis XIV. was in some measure only carrying out the ideas and aspirations of the French Foreign Office as laid down by the masterly hands of Richelieu and Mazarin.

The present volume of the colossal cooperative work known as the Cambridge Modern History deals with the dominating influence of France on Western Europe during the latter part of the lifetime of the Grand Monarch. As in preceding volumes the very best authorities have been chosen upon the various divisions of the subject. Prof. Firth on the Restoration, Dr. Ward on Prussia, Mr. Hassall on Louis XIV.'s foreign policy, Dr. Tanner on the English and Dutch navies, Prof. Brown on the Scottish history, and Mr. Bain on Slavonic Europe—none could better these selections. A few names appear, mainly in connection with the cultural side of the history, which is one of the innovations introduced by Lord Acton. There is, for instance, a chapter on French literature during the period by M. Faguet, perhaps the greatest living authority on this branch, and one on the literature of the English Restoration by Mr. Harold H. Child. The Gallican Church is the subject of an elaborate essay by Viscount St. Cyres, while the progress of religious tolerance in England is treated by Prof. Gwatkin, the well-known ecclesiastical historian. The age of Louis XIV. saw the beginnings of modern science, and an elaborate chapter is devoted to this subject, written by Mr. Rouse Ball for Mathematics and Physics, and by the late Sir Michael Foster for other branches of science.

The inclusion of these extraneous topics only adds to the miscellaneous character of the volume, and makes one wonder as much as before for what particular class of readers this work is intended. The general reader, that mysterious being, would find it bewildering in its complications and in its want of co-ordination. He would be whirled from one end of Europe to another, from political history to theological science, from naval matters to ecclesiastical policy. The professional historian would require to control the statements made in the text and would scarcely be satisfied by references to elaborate bibliographies at the end. Yet notwithstanding these drawbacks the volume, which is now nearing completion, three-fourths of it being finished, forms the most valuable work of reference, for consultation rather than for continuous perusal.

The editors have evidently felt the need of some connecting link between the very varied topics which they include in this and the other volumes, and have accordingly provided something of a general view of the age in their somewhat elaborate preface. Here they emphasize the unoriginal character of Louis XIV. statesmanship. According to them he was no statesman, and certainly no General. He was without real initiative, and the intellectual achievements of the age, which, after Voltaire, most of us think of in connection with the "Siècle de Louis XIV.," though patronized, were not inspired by him. Notwithstanding this, he so identified the French State with himself that he formed a new ideal of absolute Government and also a model for all the monarchs of his time, and in some measure led the way to the philosophic monarchs of the eighteenth century.

According to Lord Acton's plan the preceding history of Russia is introduced in this volume, and Prof. Berry shows another aspect of his versatility by dealing with this in an illuminative chapter. The historian of the late Roman Empire, the editor of Gibbon, and the biographer of St. Patrick shows unwonted grasp of the early history of the Muscovite Empire. The struggle between Peter the Great and Charles XII. is dealt with by Mr. Bain, who has now made himself the chief English authority on this epoch of history.

Altogether it will be seen that this volume is of an interest equal to any of its predecessors, and contains a huge mass of miscellaneous reading on all aspects of European civilization during the period covered by the title. Making allowances for deficiencies of the plan, it is a remarkable contribution to historic science by its comprehensiveness, its almost excessive fullness of detail, and its facilities for easy references.

J. J.

*CAMBRIDGE MODERN HISTORY. Planned by the late Lord Acton; edited by A. W. Ward, G. W. Prothero, Stanley Leathes; 8vo; New York: The Macmillan Company. Twelve volumes; Volume V., "The Age of Louis XIV." $4.

JAPANESE ART AND LEGEND.

LEGEND IN JAPANESE ART: A Description of Historical Episodes, Legendary Characters, Folklore, Myths, Religious Symbolism. Illustrated in the Arts of Old Japan. By Henri L. Joly. With upward of 700 illustrations, including sixteen full-page reproductions in color. New York: John Lane Company. 1908. Price $25.

THIS handsome and interesting book will no doubt be as welcome to collectors of various forms of Japanese art as to the general reader, who will find it excellent entertainment. Closely as legend and symbolism are connected with the best work of Japanese artists, and greatly as intelligent curiosity concerning these has increased among Western students, it is exceedingly laborious work to gather together any considerable amount of accurate information on the subject. "Much has been done of late years in Japan to prevent the total loss of old traditions and to keep the details and meaning of the old customs from falling entirely into oblivion," M. Joly says in his preface, "but the present generation, in its thirst for Western knowledge, often overshoots the mark and studiously affects ignorance of the fashions of life and of the beliefs of its predecessors. The European inquirer is repeatedly baffled in his quest by evasive answers, which either conceal a real ignorance under the cloak of contempt for old ways, or are prompted by a suspicion that the inquirer credits his friends with an actual belief in exploded susperstitions." The present volume had its origin in the notebooks of the compiler, in which, as a labor of love and for private reference, he wrote down whatever information he could glean respecting objects of Japanese art illustrating folklore or historical episodes. When the idea of publishing the contents of these notebooks came up he entered upon a more thorough investigation of all possible sources of information and called in the aid of collectors and writers to correct, corroborate, and extend his own notes. The illustrations are taken from actual specimens carefully chosen from among the best.

While the definitions of customs and legends are concisely told, many of them are so complicated as to require several pages of text, and the author has in no instance sacrificed significant detail to conciseness. The important tea ceremony, for example, is treated with all the elaboration requisite for a custom of such nice detail. Among other things a list of the implements is given for the convenience of collectors. There are thirty-one in number, and during the ceremony these are admired by the guests, one by one in rotation, and their artistic value is commented upon.

A specimen of the briefer explanations of legendary objects is that given to the three mystic apes—one with its hand over its mouth, the second with its hands over its ears, and the third with its hands over its eyes—which we have seen so much in late years in shops where Japanese bric-a-brac is sold. These apes are called, respectively, Iwazaru, who speaks no evil; Kikazaru, who listens to no evil, and Mizaru, who sees no evil, and all three are attendants of Saruta Hito no Mikoto, or Koshin, the God of the Roads, to whom a day of festivity is devoted every two months, when offerings are set before the rough stone images of the three monkeys or of the god himself along the roads.

The Crawford Trilogy.

F. Marion Crawford has written the third novel of the "Margaret Donne" trilogy. The new book will be published by the Macmillans, probably before the end of the year, with the title, "The Diva's Ruby."

BOOKSELLERS ASK FOR FIXED PRICES

Association of Dealers Complains of Varying Rates for Books—Blow Aimed at Immoral Fiction.

AT THEIR eighth annual convention, held this week at the Victoria Hotel, there were enough delegates—some seventy or more—from different parts of the country to give to this meeting of the American Booksellers' Association something of a representative character. It is from this organization that the movement to bring about uniform prices in the sale of copyrighted books emanated some little time ago.

The discussion of this question of fixing the prices of new books occupied most of the attention of this week's convention, the result being embodied in a set of resolutions to the effect that "all new copyright books in the future should be sold at a fixed price based upon their salable value."

There was an interchange of views as to the effect of the recent business depression on the sale of books throughout the country, incident to the main topic of discussion. It was generally agreed that the demand for books had kept up surprisingly well—was, in fact, quite on a par with what it had been in previous years—but that the booksellers themselves had suffered through the decreasing profits possible to them on the sale of their wares on account of existing trade conditions. The chief complaint in this respect appeared to be that fiction published at a nominal price of $1.50 or more was sold by the department stores and others, to whom the sale of books was merely a side issue, at prices on which there was scarcely any profit. The remedy for this appeared to the members to be along the lines suggested by the Publishers' Association last year—the publication of books at net prices from which no departure would be allowed among individual dealers. The practical carrying out of this plan, as explained by the various members of the Booksellers' Association, would be that the publishers should issue "$1.50" novels at $1.20 and $1.18, and that the dealers would then agree to maintain this as a fixed price from which no departure would be tolerated.

In some cities it appears that some such agreement has already been reached—for instance, in Portland, Oregon, where the department stores and the book stores, after a period of disastrous cutting, have agreed to sell books at uniform prices—the $1.50 novel at $1.18, &c. This kind of cooperation is reported to be a satisfactory solution of what the booksellers consider a growing danger in their business, and it seems to be their determination to use their association to advocate its adoption in all the large cities.

Another resolution adopted by this week's booksellers' convention was aimed at a certain type of novel which the dealers consider has been growing too prominent. No particular books were specified in this indictment, but there was a unanimous understanding as to what novels were meant. This resolution set forth that, "recognizing the responsibility of the booksellers in disseminating the literature of the country, this association feels called upon at this time to use its influence to discourage the publication and sale of books of a pronounced immoral plot and tone."

BY ROBERT HERRICK.

THE MASTER OF THE INN. By Robert Herrick. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons. 50 cents net.

It is a wonder that so much optimism and brotherly love could be put into so short a story. If one stops to think why it was that the doctor retired from his practice and remodeled the old inn for a sanitarium whither men might go, and have their souls healed as well as their bodies, he soon forgets that there must have been a reason, and he does not anticipate the denouement. In the meantime he lingers over the descriptions, vibrant with color and temperament, yet subdued in tone, and is himself morally benefited by association with the doctor. A spirit of sweet wholesomeness pervades the little book, and many will wish to read it a second time.

UNPUBLISHED WORK OF RICHARD HOVEY

New Volume Made Up of Hitherto Unprinted Pieces Completes Collected Edition of the Poet.

By EDWARD A. DITHMAR.

A SMALL volume of fewer than 150 pages* completes the collected edition of the works of one of our most interesting poets, a man of vivid imagination, of deep, if not broad, sympathies, endowed with insight, sensibility, and the gift of melodious expression. Nobody who has looked over the volumes of lyrics and dramas Mr. Pitts Duffield has been publishing can doubt that Richard Hovey died too soon. He had not nearly reached the limit of his possibilities. If he could have had ten years more for work his fame would have been greatly increased. The promise of his poetry is extraordinary.

The new volume contains a selection of hitherto unpublished verses, excepting one of ten songs translated from Maeterlinck, "And if Some Day He Come Back," which appeared in the "Songs of Vagabondia," by Hovey and Carman; "Seaward," a formal and rather heavy elegy on the death of T. W. Parsons, and a few other pieces. Many of the lyrics were clearly designed for publication and had received the finishing touch from the author's hand. There are passages quite in Hovey's best vein, as in "The Gypsy Girl":

She moved with something like the grace
Of migratory birds,
The wander-longing in her face
Was like forgotten words.

There are translations from Mallarmé and Paul Verlaine, verses inspired by inanimate nature, an ode to Lanier in correct form and full of impassioned utterance; sonnets (to Arnold, Amelie Rives, Swinburne, Rossetti,) and there are, also, a seventeenth canto for "Don Juan" and a fragment of a Columbus drama which arrest the attention. It may be doubted if the first of these, a travesty in spirit if not in form, and a somewhat bitter travesty, too, would have ever seen the light if the poet had lived. But there was nothing for his executor to do but to print it. It is far out of the common, in its irony, in its facility, in its play of humor. It is, in some sort, a criticism of the Byronic spirit and the Byronic audacity, and in that respect, at least, is worth while. It also denotes the working of a mind strongly opposed, for the moment, to the social conditions confronting it.

Discontent is the keynote of much of the most renowned poetry, discontent with man's performance of his mission, discontent with his treatment of his fellow-men. In these collected pieces of Hovey the note of discontent is frequently struck, and it sometimes has, we are afraid, a banal sound, for it seems to be the discontent of envy, the dissatisfaction of one who feels that others have a larger share of comfort and pleasure than he is able to command. This is not, after all, a truly poetic mood. It is the discontent that underlies the cheap literary expression of Socialism and kindred fads of which we have more than we want nowadays. It is unworthy of so large a poet as Richard Hovey, and one generally so true, and is not often noticeable in his worthier works.

The fragment of "Discovery," the Columbus drama, represents the calm, steadfast purpose of the discoverer, in the face of the discontent and growing disbelief and disloyalty of his sailors and companions. Short as it is, beginning and ending nowhere, it has the real dramatic grip, and traits of character are vividly denoted in the nervous dialogue.

The note of sadness, if not that of despair, sounds in many of these minor poems. Perhaps this sonnet, dated 1888, expresses best the prevailing mood of the whole volume. It is entitled "A Youthful Poet to His Critics":

Methinks I hear those dull men murmuring on:
"Not half bad—really, rather melodious—
But then he sighs too much, is ominous,
All minor-keyed, the pathos overdrawn.
There's woe enough i' the world"—this with a yawn—
"Why must our songs be likewise dolorous?
No nightingales. The lark's the bird for us!"
Ah, my poor fellows, it is night. When dawn
Clarions in the East and waits an answering word,
Then shall you hear the loud resounding lark—
Yea, Israfel, passioning like an Arabian bird
Whose heart of flame bore fruit of ancient tales,
Shall thrill the very seraphim to hark.
But now—content you with the nightingales.

Mrs. Hovey has seen fit to include some of her husband's boyhood verses, but they will add nothing to his fame. The translations from modern French poetry, however, are felicitous and well worth preserving. Still the most noteworthy single thing in the new book is the "Don Juan" travesty, supposedly written by its author in Hades:

Each still pursues his vision, and in vain,
(Even after death persists the ruling passion;)
Midas must still heap useless gain on gain,
And hapless love make Romeo's cheek grow ashen;
Napoleon still leads armies—to his ruin,
And I continue still to write Don Juan.
E. A. D.

*TO THE END OF THE TRAIL. By Richard Hovey. Edited with notes by Mrs. Richard Hovey. New York: Duffield & Co. $1.25.

The Story of the Northwest Passage.

Five years ago the ship Gjoa, with Capt. Roald Amundsen in command, set out on a voyage of arctic exploration the main purpose of which was to investigate and describe the Northwest Passage. The voyage was a successful one; last year Capt. Amundsen and his doughty crew returned to this country, and now he has written a detailed account of his experiences, which will be published this Summer simultaneously in this country, England, Norway, Sweden, Finland, Russia, Germany, and Italy. The author's countryman, Björnstjerne Björnson, has read the book, and writes to Capt. Amundsen that "it is the most entertaining among the whole of the north pole literature, and it is further described as containing a unique narrative of actual adventure, together with portrayals of arctic conditions and peoples that should form a distinct contribution to the knowledge of that region. The American publishers of the book are E. P. Dutton & Co.

AN AMATEUR IN ECONOMICS.

THE MONEY GOD. By John C. Vandyke. Pp. 169. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons. $1.25.

WHOEVER in feminine fashion reads Mr. Vandyke's last chapter first is likely to end his reading there, for Mr. Vandyke frankly says that he has no remedy to suggest for the social troubles which he describes. In that case the description hardly seems worth while unless done better than by Mr. Vandyke. Not that his description is bad. On the contrary, it is good, being done with the sure and facile touch of a skilled literary workman. But it is a success of mere technique, without depth of thought or originality of treatment to raise it above similar work by others. In short, Mr. Vandyke is a late comer in a field somewhat overworked. If he had arrived first he might have had the distinction reaped by those who pioneered in the task of revealing to Americans how mercenary they are, how sordid, how discreditably absorbed in amassing wealth. Mr. Vandyke asserts, and seems to prove, that this canker has eaten even into our professional classes, for do they not choose that profession which promises greatest return in money? Sad as this is, it does not degrade our intellectuals to the baseness of our laboring and capitalist classes. They make trusts, and thus extort what the rest of us can hardly afford to pay. And between them they "develop" the country by exhausting its resources. Too many of us are gamblers, speculators, promoters, ready to sacrifice health, friends, principle for money. Those of us who succeed are purseproud and unbearable. Those who fail are discontented and grumblers. It is sad in proportion as it is true, and to what degree it is true is matter of individual opinion.

Those who sympathize with this sort of thing will find it well done in Mr. Vandyke's little book, but those who are unsympathetic need not fear that they will lose anything beyond pleasure in good literary craftsmanship by not reading it.

What Mr. Vandyke deserves most credit for is his chapter showing the folly of legislation as a remedy for faults which lie deep in human nature. When Mr. Vandyke has demonstrated the uselessness of statutes he drops the subject and leaves the reader with an impression that he has been inveigled into a cul de sac, where Mr. Vandyke leaves him to shift for himself and work out his own salvation. Mr. Vandyke has won so much credit by his writings on art and nature that it seems a pity that he should wander into the field of economics without special equipment or call to speak authoritatively.

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STARRY SCIENCE, BY G. P. SERVISS

A Book on Astronomy Not Overburdened with Dull Facts —Imagination in the Sky.

THIS* is not a scientific textbook, though it misses few astronomical facts. It has long been known to readers of popular astronomy that Garrett P. Serviss has the heart of a poet and an artist's eye. He feels and sees things some of the better-placed astronomers (scarcely one is better known in this country) frequently miss. Mr. Serviss is an old newspaper man, too. He can look for news in the heavens. He makes a good story. He marshals his facts with a fine sense of effect.

"Astronomy with the Naked Eye" comprehends all that a popular book on astronomy can comprehend. It gives us the truth about the heavens. The truth about them is simply what we now believe to be true, in our present stage of scientific development, what we learn from astronomical mathematics, and the employment of the telescope and the spectroscope.

Serviss is never dull or dry. Mathematics do not hold him down. He enlarges the potency of facts by imaginative suggestions. "If, when we travel into strange lands," he says, "the familiar stars vanished and new ones took their place, our feeling of remoteness from home would become unbearable." The idea is that "because of their infinite distance the stars are always at hand." It is a large idea, capable of expansion into a whole volume of imaginative writing. Fancy discovering on a clear night at sea that all the stars had vanished, leaving only the solar system. The effect of the knowledge, thus borne upon us, that our solar system was lost in space would be thrilling.

Such stirring imaginative touches as this abound in Mr. Serviss's book. Here is another:

The man who stands upon the pole of the earth, as somebody will do some day, will behold nothing so fantastically wonderful as the horizontal motion of the heavens, carrying the stars in circles of perpetual apparition, and swinging the sun and the moon around the whole horizon as if suspended by invisible chains from the vortex of the world.

Mr. Serviss treasures memories of the stars as he has seen them in far-off lands, especially a vision of Cassiopeia before an August dawn above Clytemnestra's tomb, which is at Mycenae. He reflects that Cassiopeia had probably found her place among the stars before Homer's songs were sung. He tells the legends of all the stars and constellations, from Auriga to Ursa Major, arranging them by the months in which they are on the meridian, and his capital charts are most helpful, if one cares to use them.

From the stars, with all the ascertained facts about them, and all the fancies associated with them, in the dim ages, he comes to the planets. These are all interesting, and Mr. Serviss tells us all the facts and superstitions touching them. Not every one knows these, and they are presented clearly and briefly. Who knows, for instance, that the planet Mercury has been shown, in recent experiments, to be of almost the same density as the metal named for it; that it probably revolves but once in a year of eighty-eight days on its axis, thus turning perpetual only one of its sides to the sun, and is probably composed entirely of metal? Who remembers that alert Schiaparelli and Lowell have discovered canals on Mercury similar to those of Mars?

About Mars Mr. Serviss marshals his facts with an eye to the present large relative importance of that planet in our earthly minds. Did you know that the canals may have been dug by powerful giants? A man weighing 200 pounds on the earth would weigh only 96 pounds on Mars. Consequently a creature weighing 200 pounds on Mars would be very tall and strong. Dismiss from your mind the idea that no living creatures could have made those much-disputed canals. Mr. Serviss deplores the tendency of men, even great men like Kepler and Galileo, to cherish fancies about the heavenly bodies. But his book would be much less interesting if he had failed to heed these fancies. After all, the poetry and romance of the skies mean to humanity in general more than the mere mathematics. It is the charm of Serviss's attractive book that it blends all that is known of the stars and planets with all that has been imagined.

*ASTRONOMY WITH THE NAKED EYE. A new Geography of the Heavens, with Descriptions and Charts of Constellations, Stars, and Planets. By Garrett P. Serviss. New York: Harper & Brothers. $1.40.

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GOOD-NATURED YARN.

THE BREAKING IN OF A YACHTSMAN'S WIFE. By Mary Heaton Vorse. Pp. 275. With illustrations by Reginald B. Birch. Boston and New York: Houghton, Mifflin & Co. $1.50.

IT will puzzle holiday makers to find a better vacation book than this. Doubtless those who go up and down the Sound in yachts will find it especially pleasing, but there is a great deal in it which will appeal to those who are fond of human nature studies, whether the scenes are laid ashore or afloat.

There is no plot to speak of, but there are two sets of engaged couples, and their love troubles are almost as amusing as the adventures of the young married folks and their bachelor friend, who take their yachting with such seriousness that others are most amused when they are most in earnest. They are not millionaire yachtsmen—as may be inferred from the name of their craft, Tar Baby. They are Corinthians, doing their own painting and navigating and entertaining. Anything funnier than the chapters regarding the difficulties and even dangers of receiving landsmen guests aboard a yacht it would be hard to put into print, but the teaching of a landlubber how to sail a boat is almost as good reading for a Summer's day. And the book gets a piquancy from the fact that the writer is a lady Captain, and a brick to boot. If there is a Captain of anything moved by sails who would not marry such a shipmate at sight he deserves to be condemned to lose her. Meg is both shrewd and witty, and keeps Stan out of trouble like a little mother, while she shares all his troubles and dangers in the wifeliest manner—that is to say, with meekness and submission even when she knows she is wiser and stronger than her lord and master.

There is not a soul among all those whose craft make New Rochelle as busy as a Soo Canal lock who will not delight in the book, and there are bits of local color from the Mediterranean and Venice enticing to an even larger audience. When Stan, the all-accomplished Yankee sailor, undertakes to "row" a gondola, and to sail alone the difficult Fifteen Thousand Virgins to St. Tropez in a mistral, there are scenes and experiences which only Meg can do full justice to. Indeed, the string of stories—for such is the character of the book—may be recommended even more decidedly to the serious than to the young and frivolous. As a tonic to depression and an antidote to gloom, it has a higher mission than even the entertainment of those for whom presumably it was written. The illustrations are amateurish, but in the spirit of the text and an addition to it.

A MILITANT PUBLICIST.

Militant still, notwithstanding his almost fourscore years, Frederic Harrison sends forth his volume of "National and Social Problems," (the Macmillan Company, $1.75,) selected mainly from essays published twenty or more years ago, with the trenchant declaration that they are just as valuable now as they were then, and that the England of to-day needs to heed their warnings even more than did the England of the eighties. And to increase their propulsive power he puts behind the grapeshot of the essays a vigorous, even belligerent, introduction, which has in it all the force and fire of a young man starting forth upon his first crusade. He can hurl as picturesque a sneering epithet as can Kipling himself, on the other side of the line, and with more dignity, and, therefore, with greater force. "A patchwork bundle of conquests" is his contemptuous description of "this parvenu empire," concerning which it is his "bitter conviction" that it "is doomed to early dissolution—is incapable of being made permanent or stable—and in the meantime is turning our political progress backward, and may possibly lead us down into cruel ruin." "To those who taunt us with 'the craven fear of being great,'" he sturdily exclaims, "we retort with the finger of scorn at the low-bred pride of being big."

The articles contained in the first section of the book, eleven in number, deal with international problems, war, and imperialism. Therein, and in his introduction, he sees many evils and threatened disasters for England, Europe, and the world, due to "the malign genius of Bismarck." The half dozen essays in the second section treat of the modern unrest and the impending revolution in the industrial order. In all that he has to say upon this problem he is still the consistent and aggressive Positivist that he has always been.

AMUSING TALE OF A BUSINESS ROGUE

Get-Rich-Quick Wallingford's Exploits in "Easy Land"—A Book of Humor and Significance.

Little dabs of money,
Large amounts of guile;
Pave the way of suckers
And make the fakers smile.

THIS little verse, paraphrasing a time-worn rhyme, may well be the epitaph of many nipped ambitions for swift wealth. Incidentally it is a fitting jingle to introduce a notice of George Randolph Chester's book, "Get Rich Quick Wallingford." (Altemus Company.) You will have to hunt long and far to find a timelier tale or a story more typical of our times and conditions of a certain kind. That eminent forerunner of Thomas W. Lawson of Boston whose name is ineffably associated with the sawdust ring and fake freaks, and who said that a sucker was born every minute, was the advance agent of the suave and persuasive gentleman who adorns Mr. Chester's narrative and who is the best specimen that we have had in years of the get-rich-quick promoter. For this is a buoyant and blithesome account of the life and deeds of one who would probably describe himself as the Past Grand Master of the Gentle Art of Separating the Gullible from Their Coin.

Wallingford is a type only too well known in the land, alongside whom the Wall Street tipster is an amateur and the come-on man of the confidence game a mere kindergartner. Wallingford has a habit of dropping into a town with scarcely a penny. In twenty-four hours he has launched a stock company; in forty-eight hours he has a bank account. At the end of a week he is living like a Prince, rolling around in his own automobile, (bought on credit,) and is a "prominent citizen" generally. In a month he has decamped with every coin in the place that has not been hermetically sealed or buried in the ground. As he once remarked as he marked a town for his own: "I can smell money, and I don't think there's a pantry shelf in this place without some spare coin tucked away in the little old cracked teapot. All you have to do is to play the right music and all that coin will dance right out."

To enumerate the achievements of Wallingford is to give a full college course, with graduate trimmings, in nerve and bunko. He forms a fake tack company, exploits a patent that belongs to some one else, manufactures sale recorders, inaugurates a farmers' commercial association, remakes a town, and finally joins the largest club in the world, the Ancient and Somewhat Dishonorable Order of the Down and Out. For particulars see the book.

But behind "Get Rich Quick Wallingford" is a larger significance than that usually conveyed in a good yarn well told. Mr. Chester has put his finger on a phase of our life that demands treatment. Despite the campaigns of education waged by the best magazines; despite the inevitable experience of every man who has gone up against the game to his sorrow, the mad desire to "get rich quick" seems never to languish. Wallingford is a type of the aider and abettor of this evil; to know him is a liberal education, and the story of his career affords a good, wholesome lesson for those who expect by some extraordinary means to get wealthy overnight by rubbing a gold brick.

Gossip About Authors.

Mary Austin, hitherto best known as a writer of short stories, now the author of a new novel, "Santa Lucia," recently made a visit to New York, which was not only her first visit, but marked the longest distance she had ever traveled. Mrs. Austin is a native of California, and until she came to New York she had never been away from her home.

Mrs. Eleanor Stuart Childs, author of "The Postscript," though by birth an American, spends most of her time in the East, her husband being a merchant in Zanzibar. "The Postscript," which was published under the name of Eleanor Stuart, is her first long novel, but she has two others in preparation.

Sara Dean, author of "Travers," is in Europe, on the Riviera, engaged on a new novel which is expected for publication this Fall.

WALKER'S HISTORY OF ENGLISH MUSIC

An Account, from the Sources, of the Evolution of Musical Art in the British Isles.

By RICHARD ALDRICH.

DR. WALKER has made an original and important contribution to musical history in this volume.* He is not one of those who, in the words of Dr. Charles Burney, have "found it more convenient to compile books at their own fireside from books which have been compiled before." There has been a great deal of this sort of thing done in the writing of musical history; this history, however, is the product of an actual study by contact with the materials that make up the subject matter. Dr. Walker writes about music rather than about composers, though of course a certain amount of biographical material was necessary to make the treatment coherent. He has made an extensive examination of the music of which he writes, often in manuscript and often practically unknown till it was submitted to his scrutiny.

He has nothing to say, therefore, about the earliest British music, which is known only from the more or less vague accounts of it in mediæval writers; that is, is not known at all. He really begins with the famous canon, "Sumer is i-cumen in" and the very few fourteenth and fifteenth century pieces that are extant. The systematization of artistic material is not found till the beginning of the fifteenth century, and then the results are of almost wholly archaeological interest, though the material now known is much more copious than the earlier historians had at their command. It has been a commonly received tradition that Henry VIII. was not only an ardent lover of music, but also a composer of ability. Dr. Walker has taken the trouble to look at his compositions, and finds that he was "an eclectic of the feebiest kind," a "royal dabbler," producing sometimes an "amateurish and dull mixture of incongruous methods," and sometimes fairly pleasing but decidedly elementary harmonization of plain tunes.

The middle of the sixteenth century first shows the beginnings of the greatness of the English school. We are given an exhaustive analysis of the work of this period from Tye, Whyte, and Tallis, through the famous madrigalian era, when Byrd, Morley, and Orlando Gibbons are the chief figures. The finest achievements of this period were in choral music, secular and religious. Instrumental music had only its tentative beginnings at this time. Dr. Walker's analysis of its quality is interesting. It started on the foundation laid by vocal music; the harmonic texture of it is the same—sober and restrained, essentially diatonic in character. There are pages and pages of the merest "passage work," obviously inspired by nothing else than the attractiveness of playing notes, no matter how artistically meaningless. "Scale playing as such had a fascination for early instrumental composers that we find it hard to realize; the mere succession of notes in fixed and persistent alphabetical order was a novelty to men whose ideas of music had been almost entirely gained from choral compositions."

Another of the legends that recent study has demolished is that the supremacy of the Puritans put an end for a time to the whole art of music. It is true that they were opposed to ecclesiastical music, destroyed organs, and suppressed choirs; but even this has been exaggerated. So far as the ordinary practice of the art was concerned, however, the vast body of Puritans never for a moment questioned its lawfulness. There is abundant evidence that secular music flourished greatly in this period; in fact, the publication of music was very large in amount.

Purcell and Handel form two great culminating points in English music, to which the historian must give much study. Of the former there is here a highly interesting analysis. But, as has often been remarked, Purcell's music leads nowhere. His and the other music of the period is an artistic cul de sac; the genius of Handel allowed it no issue. It is no consolation, adds Dr. Walker, to reflect that the work of Handel himself has turned out to be another cul de sac. Few English writers have discussed Handel's achievements and place in English history from so independent and original a point of view. The Handel tradition does not weigh upon Dr. Walker in the least, but he gives him the fullest credit, and appreciates his really great qualities. He says a word for the Italian operas as containing some of Handel's most beautiful music. He is not deaf to the masses of dullness contained in the oratorios. Handel originally took to oratorio writing as an experiment toward recapturing the favor of his aristocratic patrons who had grown tired of Italian opera. There was "not the very faintest tinge of a religious service about any of the later oratorios; they were not at all meant to be devotional, but were practically as much 'polite and elegant entertainment' as anything else given in the theatres," "The Messiah" being the only one of which the outlook is in any way sharply differentiated from that of the secular works.

The historian calls Handel "the most courageous great composer who has ever lived; he tried to base his title to immortality on a direct popular appeal," whereby he threw away the chance of influencing the subsequent course of the art. He was "content to turn out huge masses of work which, if he ever reflected for a moment, he must have known to be worthless." We can, says the historian, no longer speak of his music, even at its highest, as the supreme crown of the art. We can now see that, secure as his place is among the immortals, he is far from being one of their kings.

The following period is not a very inspired or inspiring one in English musical history. A few names stand out, as Wesley and Arne. "Tons of oratorios" in imitation of Handel were produced—"mere glazed conventionality." "When we reflect what was happening in Germany we can only take refuge in shamed silence and console ourselves with remembering what German composers were like in the sixteenth century."

Dr. Walker traces contemporary activity down as far as Elgar—he discusses nobody living who was born later than 1860, and his analysis of this music is both sympathetic and acute. He closes with an important chapter on folk-music and a summing up of the general characteristics of the historical development that he has traced in his book. R. A.

*A HISTORY OF MUSIC IN ENGLAND. By Ernest Walker. 8vo. Pp. vi.-354. Oxford: At the Clarendon Press.

THE ALPS FIFTY YEARS AFTER.

A half dozen private letters written last Autumn, one that was printed a year before in The London Times, a magazine article on Sir Leslie Stephen's Alpine writings, and two articles on Switzerland published in the sixties, make up Frederic Harrison's "My Alpine Jubilee," (imported by E. P. Dutton & Co., $1.25,) collected and published at the request of the Alpine Club of London as a sort of celebration of its jubilee. The letters written last year are especially interesting, because of the fresh youthfulness of their spirit. As far as regards their attitude and feeling toward the world they might have been written by a young man of 25 making his first visit to the Alps rather than by one who is almost an octogenarian. The letters are interesting, too, in their comparison of the Switzerland of to-day with the region as it was in the early days of Mr. Harrison's mountain climbing.

THE MILK QUESTION FOR LAYMEN.

John Spargo, in the preface to his "The Common Sense of the Milk Question," (the Macmillan Company, $1.50,) says that in one bibliography of the subject of milk there are more than 8,000 titles, and that even it is so incomplete as to cause the student much exasperation. Nevertheless, he feels that there is room and necessity for such a work as his, which puts into everyday language for ordinary readers the results of the latest and most thorough scientific study of the relation of the milk supply to human health. Mr. Spargo considers, through several chapters, the relation between food supply and infant mortality, and the various social and economic problems connected therewith; examines the problem upon all sides, discusses the theories and experiments by which solution has been sought, and in the final chapter states at length his own conclusions and outlines "a policy of reform."

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CONTEMPORANEOUS VERSE.

A Review of the More Significant Work of the Minor Poets of the Day—No Dearth of Poetic Ardor, Little Evidence of Poetic Inspiration—Primitive Verse of Adventure, with a New Shudder.

By CHRISTIAN GAUSS.

HE WHO believes that the desire for self-expression is one of the primal and unquenchable human instincts will find some corroboration for his view in considering the seventy or eighty books of verse that have come from the press in the last few months. We are repeatedly told that poetry no longer sells, yet the ardor of her worshippers seems to have suffered no abatement. Undismayed by public apathy, and undeterred by the lean years of the worldly minded, these music makers, "the world losers and world forsakers" of Arthur O'Shaughnessy, still forge their rhymes and sing into this twilight of the gods. At a time when publishers are withholding novels a whole leta brigata of versifiers soar forth, or attempt to soar, and like the locusts of Egypt cloud the sky of the bewildered critic.

It is indeed difficult to say what certain use in the world many of these books were designed to meet. In a few cases there was evidently an inner necessity, a compelling inspiration. Two or three of these poets have loved life, and have been forced to say so. Such are Erwin Clarkson Garrett ("my Bunkie, and Other Ballads," Lippincott) and Robert W. Service, ("The Spell of the Yukon," Stern & Co., Philadelphia.) They are manly, rugged, full of red blood. Of these more anon. Another poet, already well and favorably known to lovers of the Muse, Nathan Haskell Dole, ("The Pilgrims, and Other Poems,") would carry us back into our own history and dignify the simple, the homely, and the common. He arranges the contents of his beautiful volume into four movements, after the manner of the symphony, but it is doubtful whether he gains any effect thereby, for that continuity of mood so necessary to the symphony is lost in the turning of many pages, and the repetition of the same theme in poetry tends to weaken and not to strengthen the first impression. He has used every variety of metre from the vers libres of Whitman to the sonnet and sapphics, and in his last movement, "The Fruition," has tried to give us a picture of the America of to-day, with all its diversity of aim and interest. It is here that Mr. Dole has most often failed. We wonder whether any one could write a great poem on such a theme as his "Advertisements Mirror Life," which is fairly typical. At times he has, and again he seems to have lost, that magic which transmutes the things of everyday into the everlasting possession. There are separate poems, however, which deserve independent consideration. Such are his sonnet, "Virginia Also," for instance, and the "Song of the Variag Leader," which has in it something of the ring of the saga.

Of yet another kind is the book, "Under the Laurel," (Dodd, Mead & Co.,) by Frederic Crowninshield. Even if Mr. Crowninshield had not already made his mark as a painter, a glance at his work would show us that he has divided his allegiance between the brush and the pen, and it is the brush which has received his first attention. He can write:

Or when at night the tender citron moon
Doth seem to swim on a black, arctic sea
Immensely deep and still.

If one has not been in the habit of receiving his impressions of the outer world primarily through the color sense, the other associations of such a word as citron will rise up and force themselves upon the mind as decidedly distressing and unpoetic. On other occasions Mr. Crowninshield can withdraw himself altogether from the manner of poetic expression, as in such lines as these:

He had inherited the wherewithal
To gratify his moderate appetites.

He is here rivaling Wordsworth in his worst phase. If in such cases the language does not rise to the level of the theme the author will in other cases be found guilty of the contrary fault. He will overwrite, and the diction will then outrun his conception:

And untorrential streams
Rehearse their inverted flight.

It is only fair to Mr. Crowninshield to say that we have discussed his accomplishment in connection with his longer poems. In his shorter pieces, where he is more narrowly impelled by his idea, he is most nearly successful.

Somewhat similar in kind is "The Breath of the Mountains," by Beverly Doran, (Badger.) Mr. Doran has a pleasant gift of metrical expression and certain humanitarian sympathies, as shown in his "Cries of the People." His best verses, however, are on natural themes. Yet of nature he does not often have the direct vision of the poet; he sees her rather through the veil of the other arts, most frequently of painting. "The Ivory Gate," by Armistead C. Gordon, (Neale Publishing Company,) likewise shows a certain gift which, however, has not been fully cultivated. He has offered the Muse a divided service, and has scarcely been successful. Another book from the press of Mr. Badger which more nearly approaches distinction is "Winds and Wild Flowers," by Mowry Bell. Mr. Bell gives us pleasant vistas of California scenery, and certain lyrics and sonnets that engage attention. His best sonnets are those on simple themes like his dignified and manly "'Twere Easier Often." A lyric that well represents his directness and sincerity is "The Parting Wall," which we quote:

I know not, dearest, when the time may be
That I shall follow thee through the dark door,
But when it comes, O love gone on before,
Come back for me!

God is not cruel, stern though His decree;
Joys He took from us He has still in store!
He cannot mean that we should meet no more:
Come back for me!

A task is set me here. When I am free,
When the last rites are said and partings o'er,
Leave me not desolate by that trackless shore;
Come back for me!

Of the many other books by the same publisher the only other one in the present group which deserves notice is "Songs of Many Days," by Florence Evelyn Pratt. The volume is feebly reminiscent of Longfellow the sentimental, but not the romantic. There is feeling in some of the verses and a touch of charm.

The next three volumes which we take up are works of serious intention that somehow fail of their purpose. "The Poems and Translations of Frederic Rowland Marvin" (Pafraets Book Company) are thoughtful and earnest, but lack the impulse and abandon of real poetry, and the author has not technique enough to save his subjects. They are reflections on life set into irregular verse, but they fail to carry us out of the world of everyday in which they were born. Mr. Arthur Dougherty Rees has attempted a drama on "Columbus," (the Winston Company, Philadelphia.) The result is neither dramatic nor strikingly poetic, and for the present he must take his place with those who have failed in daring great things. "Friendship's Crown of Verse" (G. W. Browning, Clinton, N. Y.) is a collection of memorial pieces, largely sonnets, to Edward Eggleston, by O. C. Auringer. He has added little to the fame of his dead hero by the present eulogium, and we regret that we can be grateful to him only for his pious intention.

Two books which are decidedly successful and which will doubtless find a large public are the "Songs of the Average Man," by Sam Walter Foss, (Lothrop, Lee & Shepard Company,) and "In the Harbor of Hope," by the late Mary Elizabeth Blake. Mr. Foss has wit, humor, and a large sense for good, healthy Yankee fun. If he eschews the grand manner he still stays close to the great fundamental truths, and any one can spend a pleasant half hour in reading his telling fables or his hilarious up-country moralities. The work of Mrs. Blake is loftier in tone. She sang of childhood, Spring, and faith, and though she lacked imagination, her conceptions are bright and winning, and hers was the heartening verse of a cheerful temperament. One can readily understand what Holmes meant when he said of her, "You are one of the birds that must sing." "In the Windy April" and "The Marching of the Grass" are characteristic titles, but perhaps her best is the ballad "In Donegal," which has in it all the poignancy of folk-poetry. It is the story of an Irish mother whose five sons cross the sea. Then the last and youngest leaves. He dies in the far country, and is brought back to lie forever before the door. The introductory memoir is particularly awkward and uncritical. A book of somewhat similar character, "Songs After Work," by Louis Magee, (Putnam,) is less noteworthy. The author was a fairly young man who died recently after having played an important part in the world's industrial development. Their ephemeral character is evident, and they can unfortunately add nothing to the poetic wealth of nations. Their spirit, however, is admirable, and it will doubtless be treasured by the author's more immediate circle.

The four poets who constitute our next group are all remarkable for the excellence of their technique. They have all mastered the formal side of their art so well that what they say already possesses a certain distinction. No one really has a message, but each one has his separate field. Arthur Colton is gentle, urbane, Horatian, ("Harps Hung Up in Babylon," Holt.) Clinton Scollard delights in painting vistas and the moods of nature, ("Blank Verse Pastels," G. W. Browning.) In Elise Eleanor Gurney ("Poems," Longmans, Green & Co.) the stream of inspiration is thin but beautifully clear and limpid. Her catholicism and the exquisite finish of her verse carry us back very pleasantly to such beautiful things as the "Benedictio Domini" of the unhappy Ernest Dowson. The strongest note in this chorus, if occasionally the least refined, is certainly Arthur Stringer's ("The Woman in the Rain," Little, Brown & Co.) We still remember with what a thrill we read his "Hephaestus" some years ago. There was a largeness, an amplitude about the verse of this singer of Aphrodite. It had in it the tumult, the toss, and the long sweep of the sea.

So take her Ares, • • • as Demeter mourned
Through many-fountained Enna, I must grieve
A time forlorn, and fare alone, and learn,
Some still autumnal twilight by her sea
Pale gold with sunlight, to remember not!
For as the pine foregoes the pilgrim thrush,
I, sad of heart yet unimpassioned, yield
To you this surging bosom soft with dreams,
This body fashioned of Aegean foam
And languorous moonlight • • •
Farewell, sad face that gleamed so like a flower
Through Paphian groves to me of old—farewell!
Some fate beyond our dark-robed Three ordained
This love should wear the mortal rose, and not
Our timeless amaranth.

In spite of his evident affinities with Swinburne and Stephen Phillips, we had high hopes of this poet, but his collected verses are somewhat disappointing. He has not again matched this strain. His epithets are often meaningless and disconcerting, "volant Death," for instance, and such lines as:

Enthroned in astral taciturnities,

point to a weakness of visualizing power. They evoke no image, they lead us nowhere. He tells us:

And through our emptier days we weave
Old sorrows long gone by,
And have but paltry things to grieve
And none for which to die.

This is his characteristic attitude. There is no compulsion now, nothing to waken the captive song.

Before passing on to a consideration of certain translations, we wish to call attention to a much-neglected American poet, William J. Grayson, whose work is now for the first time being made really accessible. ("Selected Poems," Neale.) Were it not that one of his shorter pieces is preserved in Stedman's American Anthology, he would be practically unknown. Yet he holds a unique place in our poetry and should receive very honorable mention in our literary histories. No one of our poets has been imbued in equal measure with the spirit of the English classical period. Were it not for a faint suggestion of Scott and Byron in his narrative poem, "Marion," one might well imagine one's self to be listening to a contemporary of Pope and Dryden. This illusion results not from imitation but from a similarity in their attitudes toward life. Grayson died in 1863, and the tumult of that time seems to have drowned out his voice. He was one of that old type of Southern gentleman who read his classics and

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loved the measure and decorum of the eighteenth century. There is something of Goldsmith in this description of the Huguenot coming to America:

Sad the long look the parting exile gave
To France receding on the rising wave!
Her daisied meads shall smile for him no more,
Her orchards furnish no Autumnal store,
With memory's eye alone the wanderer sees
The vine-clad hills, the old familiar trees,
The castled steep, the noon day village shade,
The trim quaint garden where his childhood played;
No more he joins the labor of the fields,
Or shares the joy the merry vintage yields;
Gone are the valley homes, by sparkling streams
That long shall murmur in the exile's dreams,
And temples where his sires were wont to pray. * * *

Space forbids a detailed consideration of his book here. We can but pay him this passing tribute and lay this tardy sprig of laurel on his grave. He was not one of the grand old masters, yet lovers of American verse will remember him gratefully, and should be glad now to salute him who was about to die.

Of the four translations which we shall consider, by far the most important is the new English version of "The Tragedies of Seneca," by Frank Justus Miller, (the University of Chicago Press.) It is a model of what translation should be, faithful both in spirit and detail to its original, yet rendered into excellent English, and into verse that gives us the illusion of reading Seneca himself. Certain of the tragedies had already been translated by Miss Harris. It is only fair to say that Mr. Miller's work is in many ways the more excellent, and it will doubtless be recognized as the standard. In fact, it would be difficult to say where it could be improved upon. He has very wisely taken all of the so-called Senecan tragedies, including even the pseudo-Senecan "Octavia." In all cases but one Mr. Miller has not attempted the futile task of transplanting Latin metres, but has used the English verse form most nearly corresponding. The book opens with a very excellent little study of Seneca's influence, by Prof. Manly, and will prove a most necessary work to all students of dramatic literature unfamiliar with the original.

Another translation from the Latin appears in the Temple Greek and Latin Classics, the "Odes and Epodes of Horace," by John Marshall. The author preserves the original metre and translates line by line, but his English is therefore stilted and un-Horatian. The text is printed on the opposite page. A more successful bit of work in this line, printed in the same way, is the rendering of "Carducci's Poems," by Maud Holland. She preserves very well the spirit, if not the words, of her original, and the specimens given are sufficient to illustrate the general character of the great Italian poet's achievement. It is preceded by a sane and carefully written introduction on Carducci. Of a different kind is the very free poetic version of the letters of "Abelard and Heloise," by Ella C. Bennett. She has tried to preserve only the sentiment of the originals, and the result is a very readable book of impassioned verse, marred here and there by technical inadequacies. It is difficult to say whether Arthur Guiterman's "Betel Nuts," by the same publisher, (Paul Elder & Co.) is a translation or a free rendering of the wisdom of the East. In any case we have here much lore, the pith and core of the proverbs of the Orient. It will make little difference whether they are or are not taken from the Hindustanee, for wisdom knows no country, and humanity will recognize itself in these deft couplets and quatrains, which are compact and as full of meaning as an egg is full of meat.

Having completed our Odyssey through these many realms of the versifiers, let us return for a moment to the two men with whom we began, E. C. Garrett and Robert W. Service. They are believers in the primitive poetry of adventure, and their two books are the most significant in this rather large collection. Whether we like it or not, their work illustrates very well what bids fair to become the dominant strain in contemporary English verse. It is the note of Henley and Davidson, of Kipling and Henry Newbolt. Mr. Garrett's touch is faulty, yet he gives us a very graphic picture of life in the Philippines. He has himself been a soldier, and these are the Cavalier Tunes of a real cavalryman. They are fresh, stout, sturdy, and real. "Bugles Calling," with its rousing clarion refrain, makes the pulses beat faster, and "The Regular Cavalree" has a splendid rush that carries us right to the front of battle. Because of his effects we must forgive him many minor offenses against metrics and grammar.

Not so in the case of his brother-poet, Robert W. Service. His meters are jagged often, life a ragged sword edge, but they are so designedly, and his command of language is adequate. Whoever wishes to feel a new thrill and a new horror should read "The Spell of the Yukon." It is brutal in its masculinity, downright vicious and defiant often. The Yukon is to him the land "where the silences are spawned," "the land that listens, the land that broods," there "the valleys gulp the night" and "the peaks tusk the skies." He talks of the music in a Dawson City saloon that meant "hunger and night and the stars." It is like his verse at his best. This is not Chopin, nor is it Victor Herbert; it is perilously near the real Wagner. Mr. Service has done what Baudelaire always tried to do, he has created a new shudder. Bret Harte often seems tame beside him. This is not the highest aim of art, perhaps not even a high one, and though we should be sorry to see the school which Mr. Service represents prevail and stand forth as the typical exponent of our contemporary life, it is a significant fact that just now work in this genre seems to be meeting with the fullest success.

C. G.

HIGH THOUGHTS.

"The Essential Life" is one of those precious volumes where one may find a platitude for everything in life, expressed wheresoever possible in a delightfully alliterative manner. Thus: "The wounds of fate are not fatal," or, "Not among its pains so much as among its pleasures links the poison of life." "Specialism makes us linear, but life wants and makes us spacious." "The mind is stricken with the inertia of the actual." "The relative is a hedge that protects us against the illuminations of the absolute." "Though the wide grazing lands of life afford pasturage to the body, they are emptiness to the mind."

And more, alas! much more. It is all delicate and delightful, and should be declaimed softly to the sound of an occasionally strummed piano. A few rich chords, then a chaste sentence, then a dropping note or two, followed by thoughtful silence and inner communion. The sentences rarely exceed three lines, and are grouped in chapters under various readings such as Time, The Centrality of the Soul, Morality, (under which we read "The heart is full, not of what it has, but of what it consciously lacks,") Beauty, and Travel. These sentences and chapters have all been written by Stephen Berrien Stanton, and the book, bound in severe blue cloth and beautifully printed, is issued by Charles Scribner's Sons and can be had for a dollar.

INTRODUCING MADAM FULTON.

ROSE MACLEOD. By Alice Brown. With frontispiece by W. W. Churchill, Jr. Boston and New York: Houghton, Mifflin & Co. $1.50.

WERE "Rose Macleod" by another hand than that of Alice Brown, who has accustomed her readers to imaginings based on comprehending and sympathetic observation of real people living real lives, there would be no reluctance about describing it as a tale "well found," though but remotely related to Things as They Are, and it would be credited with charm and interest. Alice Brown did write it, however, and hence is one inclined to say, with some irritability, that, not even out of gratitude for introduction to an old lady as thoroughly delightful because as thoroughly human as the Madam Fulton of this book, can the impossibility of most of the other characters be pardoned.

Madam Fulton is certainly a triumph of portraiture—a valuable addition to anybody's circle of literary acquaintances. Probably nobody ever did precisely what she is said to have done, but there is no reason at all why there couldn't have been such a woman, and if there had been it would have been "just like her" to puzzle and trouble cultured New England by writing of its idols reminiscences which were equally plausible and false. This was a fine Alice-Brownish idea and a sufficient foundation for a small masterpiece, or even a large one, but alas! Madam Brown stands amid a company of two-dimensioned creatures that never lived anywhere except in melodrama—mere personified virtues and vices and doctrines orthodox and heterodox. They move with agility, they talk sense and nonsense quite as well as any of their kind. The trouble with them is that they never were. At any rate, they don't prove it, and in the court where fiction is tried for its life the burden of proof is always on the accused.

It is far from present intention to say, or even to hint, that "Rose Macleod" is not a notable book. It is, and well worth reading, but it ought to have been better.

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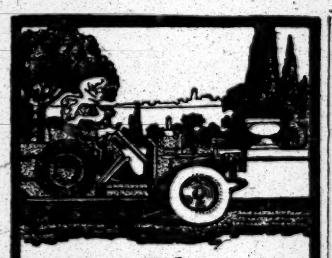

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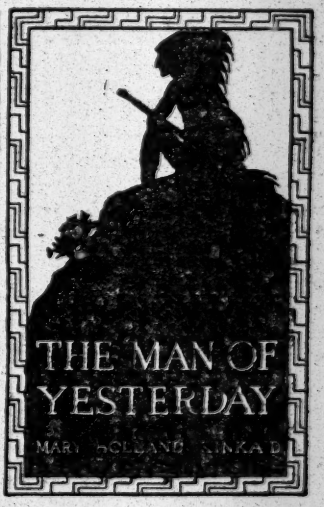

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NEW YORK, MAY 23, 1908.

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SCANDALOUS FICTION.

THE American Booksellers' Association, assembled in its annual convention in this city during this week, adopted a resolution, which, recognizing the responsibility of book dealers toward readers and society, declared that "this association feels called upon at this time to use its influence to discourage the publication and sale of books of a profound immoral plot or tone."

We take it that this resolution was proposed and passed in sincerity. We are disposed to be of the opinion that the members of the book trade would individually rather sell decent books than indecent ones, and that the action taken by the association really represents an attitude which will do much to discourage the future publication of books of the type complained of. It is not to be expected that sellers of books will generally decline to hand over the counter to a customer a book the character of which is not above reproach, but it is no small comfort to be able to believe that the face of the trade is set against the promotion of the sale of erotic literature. And so much we may believe.

English writers just now are allowing themselves to be excited over the possibility of the establishment of a censorship of fiction. The National Review, for instance, is giving considerable space to a discussion of the danger—for a danger it is if it is a possibility. Dr. William Barry and Mr. Basil Tozer are especially exercised. Mr. Tozer declares that it is no more improbable today that a censorship of fiction should be set up to-morrow than it was the other day improbable that a stage censor should be exercising authority today. Both writers lament the possibility, but lay the blame for it upon the authors and publishers of the prurient novels whose recent appearance has angered both England and America by the boldness with which they have outraged decency. "Let a few score more of the fleshly narratives be launched upon the book market, and sold in their tens of thousands, and, without excitement, or any sort of preliminary demonstration, we shall find ourselves saddled with a censor of fiction, who, rest assured, will quickly shut down not merely the fiction that is admittedly filthy, but in addition a vast amount of excellent work that most certainly ought to be published. Then, and only then—when, of course, it will be too late to enter a protest that will mend matters—our British novelists will rise up in arms and metaphorically rend those among their colleagues who will have been directly to blame for the introduction of this unjust muzzling order."

There could be in this country no serious proposal of the erection of a censorship over any kind of writing. So far we trust to the common sense of the people, or, in extremity, to the police power possessed without special enactment by the official guardians of the peace. It required no censorship to deal with publications at Paterson and Yonkers commonly held to be contrary to public welfare. It is true that in the absence of a censorship decency may be seriously affronted before action can be taken. But in a land where public sentiment is in the main of so high a character and so certain to correct the evils which an injurious book or stage performance may inflict, it is probably better to suffer those evils than to create such a situation as would attend a censorship. It requires little imagination to understand how stale and flat the fear of a censor would render a literature already sufficiently bloodless. Indeed so far as present tendencies show the only novels that require examination on the score of moral dubiety are those written in England, chiefly by Englishwomen. There is indeed current one atrocious American book, but its offense is not one against what is technically termed morality but rather a much less interesting though no less inexcusable brutality. American popular novelists apparently lack either the inclination or the skill to turn out salable lubricity, and it is refreshing to have American booksellers declare their unwillingness to deal in it.

SONNET BY AUBREY DE VERE.

An interesting copy of the first edition of John Keats's Endymion was sold at Anderson's auction rooms on Friday. It was the copy owned by Aubrey de Vere, the poet, with his autograph on the title page, and on the flyleaf the following sonnet to John Keats in Aubrey de Vere's autograph:

Peace! peace! or mourn the living. Ye but hold
A shadow to your bosom; he hath quaffed
Glory and Death in one immortal draught.
Surely, among the undying men of old,
Numbered art thou great Heart: in heaven enrolled
Among the eternal glories that rain forth
Love, light, and calm upon this lonely earth.
O latest splendor of the starry fold
Below, thou livest a consecrated Name!
Above, with naked feet unscorched, and hair
Unsinged, thou walkest through that fierce white fire
That mantles like a robe of blazing air
Homer and Shakespeare and the burning choir,
Rejoicing in the fulness of thy fame.

The cataloguer is of the opinion that the sonnet has not before been published.

LITERARY LONDON'S CURRENT GOSSIP

"G. K. C.'s" Fecundity; His Plans—Pointed Caricatures by Max Beerbohm — Hewlett's "The Spanish Jade."

LONDON, May 15.—It is no wonder that Gilbert K. Chesterton has attained the fame of having his initials everywhere recognizable, even among the men in the street. It is a distinction he shares with the great R. L. S. I do not think that the initials W. S. would mean anything particular to the ordinary person, but this cannot be taken as proof that Mr. Chesterton, whose G. K. C. is a household word, is greater than Shakespeare.

It does, nevertheless, indicate that Mr. Chesterton has decidedly made a place for himself in the public esteem, and this, as has been said, is no wonder. For not only does Mr. Chesterton produce a mass of work equal, at a rough estimate, to that produced by any three other men of letters, (exclusive of Andrew Lang,) but he also produces work which is uniformly entertaining alike to literary and unliterary readers.

Last Summer, as readers of THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW OF BOOKS may recollect, I was able to announce some of Mr. Chesterton's literary plans. He has now told me of an entirely fresh set of plans of considerable interest.

In the first place, "Orthodoxy," which has already been mentioned, is coming out soon. It will be published by Mr. John Lane, and will be a sort of companion volume to "Heretics," Mr. Chesterton's wise and amusing collection of essays, which appeared a couple of years ago. In "Orthodoxy" Mr. Chesterton tells me that that he is going to state his own positive theory of life instead of merely attacking other people's, as he did in the earlier book.

Two other forthcoming G. K. C. books are a collection of his Illustrated London News articles, which will appear with Messrs. Methuen, and a book dealing with general social current subjects, which will probably be issued by Messrs. Cassell. This later book will treat of such matters as female suffrage, and will form a criticism of English society in the beginning of the twentieth century. The title of the book is not fixed yet, but Mr. Chesterton thinks of giving it some such name as "What Is Wrong?"

The most interesting of all Mr. Chesterton's plans, however, seems to me to be his project to write (for Messrs. Methuen) a book about Shakespeare's fools or clowns. Many people might write very readable criticism on society in the twentieth century, but I fancy Mr. Chesterton alone could write with real sympathy of so unusual a subject as this one.

If a certain part of G. K. C.'s fame has come to him because he has written so much, some of Mr. Max Beerbohm's fame seems to have come to him because he has written so little. The number of printed volumes credited to Mr. Beerbohm is distressingly and disappointingly small. The latest of this little company was a book of Mr. Beerbohm's caricatures and a further collection of new caricatures is now on exhibition at a London picture gallery.

Mr. Beerbohm's caricatures are not such as have a point which, so to speak, hits you in the face. You must be well informed in all the small matters of the day—social, political, literary, and dramatic—before you can understand them all, for Mr. Beerbohm's personalities are subtle.

Of the caricatures now on show the literary ones naturally entertained me most. There was one, for example, which showed Mr. Barrie seated in the midst of a large family party, grown people, and children, and nursemaids. The legend written beneath this reads: "Mr. J. M. Barrie in a nursery telling a story about a little boy who wished—oh, how he did wish!—to be a mother, and how the fairies sent the stork to him with a baby; and how he mothered it, and his mother grandmothered it; with many other matters of a kind to make adults cry and, crying, smile through their tears."

Sure enough all the adults are deeply moved as they listen to the Mr. Barrie of the caricature, but the poor children whose nursery he has invaded and to whom he is supposedly addressing himself are all the pictures of miserable boredom. This is a little cruel, to be sure, but any one who has tried to read some of Barrie's books to children—ordinary unimaginative children—will appreciate its truth.

Another of the drawings shows Mr. Arthur Christopher Benson with an ardent expression in his eye. Mr. Benson is clutching fervently by the wrist a female who has the appearance of being an anaemic and vacant-minded charwoman, and is dressed in classic costume and holds a green umbrella in her hand. The inscription under this drawing is: "Mr. Arthur Christopher Benson vowing eternal fidelity to the Obvious."

Despite Mr. Maurice Hewlett's own rather odd behavior in decrying publicly his own story because it did not seem to him long enough to be worth the price his publisher insisted on charging for it, "The Spanish Jade," issued yesterday, has been conspicuously the book of the week. The critics seem to regard the little story as not quite up to Mr. Hewlett's standard. It will be extremely interesting to see what Mr. Hewlett makes of the new venture, which he is trying—that is, the writing of a modern novel.

GALBRAITH.

ALL ABOUT HORACE.

HORACE: QUINTUS HORATIUS FLACCUS. "Crescam laude recens." The Roman Poet Presented to Modern Readers. Edited by Charles Loomis Dana and John Cotton Dana. (500 numbered copies.) Woodstock, Vt.: The Elm Tree Press.

DR. DANA and his brother, Mr. J. C. Dana, the Newark librarian, have performed a valuable service not only for students of Horace, to whom this new view of the Roman poet will be most welcome, but for all of us, whether we are students or not, and especially for book collectors. A fine specimen of bookmaking this is, one of which the Vermont printers may well be proud; the plates, including all the extant portraits of Horace, and some of his friends, maps of Horace's world, and explanatory pictures, are admirable.

The text is novel. The plan of the editors is all their own. Dr. Dana contributes a modest but sympathetic and informing introduction, and also an essay on the "Life and Invalidism" of the poet, in which he concludes that Horace, who died suddenly at the age of 57, "had an arterial sclerosis and a bad heart, and died either of a cardio-renal trouble or from some form of cerebral apoplexy." The translations are as largely from the epistles and satires as from the odes. There is much less of the "Boy, I detest this Persian pomp," than might have been looked for in a book of this kind; only two versions, in fact, of Ode I., 38, Coleridge's and Thackeray's. Only about half the odes are given. Nearly all the better-known translators are represented, from Conington to Eugene and Roswell Field, and there are some fresh translations.

The aim of the book is to reveal Horace as man and poet; wherefore the times in which he lived are pictured, his manner of life, his friends. Of the ladies he extols Dr. Dana believes they were nearly all myths. Horace was not a romantic lover. Indeed, romantic love does not figure in literature until the time of Petrarch. The book contains studies of "Horace's education, habits, and views of life as told in his satires and epistles," most of the translations being Sir Theodore Martin's, in verse; "Horace's so-called mistresses," adopting the theory expressed in verse by George M. Whicher, "Alas, they are nothing but names"; "Horace's friends," "the geography of Horace," with maps; the admonitions of Horace, in prose, and selected translations of his poems in groups.

It is a noteworthy, if modest, token of American scholarship, a noble and inspiring work accomplished in the scant leisure of two very busy men.

STORIES OF THE NAVY.

There is entertainment for an idle hour in the little book, with its pretty cover, by Mary E. Hitchcock, entitled "Tales Out of School, About Naval Officers (and Others.)" (Gotham Press, New York). Mrs. Hitchcock adds to her signature "by a woman who has lived on a man-of-war," and her stories all show that they come from the inside of the life with which they deal. They are brightly told accounts of amusing little incidents, bits of repartee, things that happened to one or another officer, situations that were embarrassing at the time but are good stories afterward. Sometimes the author gives the name of the officer concerned in the story, or of the ship on which the incident occurred, but oftener a blank takes their place. The stories wander all over the world, east and west and along the home coasts, wherever the ships of the navy have been, and wherever the officers of the navy have lived ashore.

WHIMSICAL BOOK BY A. B. WALKLEY

London Times's Dramatic Critic Discourses with Perverse Humor of the Stage, Ancient and Modern.

ARTHUR BINGHAM WALKLEY is a many-sided and versatile man, a competent civil servant, a methodical journalist, a student, a self-respecting, conventional Briton, a veritable Parisian (when he is in Paris;) but, most of all, he is a humorist. If in trying to measure him you fail to reckon with his humorous side, you are lost. He must have his joke. For instance, he is in one of his droll moods when he pretends to think Americans dance the Washington Post and nothing else. He learned, when he visited this country, that The Washington Post is a lively newspaper, and he knows perfectly well that Sousa's famous Grand Army post march is as highly esteemed in London as it is in New York. Any theatre band can arouse a Cockney audience to enthusiasm by performing it with the proper percussive effect.

Mr. Walkley's humor, which we make bold to call his most delightful attribute, shines on many pages of his newest book of collected pieces, "Drama and Life,"* and is the book's saving grace. For without its charm the collected studies and appreciations of the renowned dramatic critic of The London Times would be pretty dry reading for all but a few of the hopelessly stage-struck who devour all that is written about the theatre. Surely dramatists and actors alike must remain cold to Mr. Walkley's utterances touching the dramatic stage. All they ask of any writer is praise. To write of the author of the latest theatrical morbidity that he is the leader of his calling, of the woman or man to whose lot it falls to lend a human personality, and, if possible, some small share of histrionism, to the expression of the morbidity that the genius of Siddons, or of Kean, has been revivified, is to be an honest chronicler as Griffith was. To write in terms of moderation of play and actor is to be regarded by the persons most interested as a thing of naught. To condemn them as false to life and art is to be either a bribetaker or blackmailer, or both.

Mr. Walkley's dramatic criticism is all of no account to the people who do the work of the stage. He says somewhere in this book that dramatic criticism is read not by folks who go to the theatre, but by others who sit at home with their feet on the fender. He takes note only of the kind of criticism he and a few other English gentlemen are now writing, criticism which means next to nothing to the average theatre-goer, a rank Philistine, who expects the critic to express definite views of the play and the acting.

But, bearing in mind Mr. Walkley's humor, which he frequently conceals in long passages of argument and exposition, as he permits his soul to wander among the equivalents for master works he can find on the contemporary French and English stage, one may derive huge enjoyment from his books. For instance, he has much to say in the beginning of the present volume of the vast difference between the ancient and modern stage, between the platform and the framed picture, between the old rhetorical drama and the supposedly more accurate imitation of life in the drama of this hour. Much of this difference is imaginary. But some of Mr. Walkley's statements are admirably clear and indisputable, as this, for instance:

An Elizabethan actor was not like his modern successor, a figure set in perspective in a framed picture whose conversation with his fellows is overheard by the audience. He stood forth among the crowd, hardly separated from them, and addressed them as an orator would address them. The Elizabethan drama, then, was of necessity a rhetorical drama.

Certainly the Elizabethan drama was of necessity a rhetorical drama, and, without stopping to argue that the best modern drama is rhetorical, too, and poetic, not "realistic," we may be permitted to remark that when Hamlet rebuked his erring mother he talked to her, not to the audience, and accompanied his speech with appropriate action and gesture. The best actor of to-day can do no more. Mr. Walkley brings his antique stage as far forward as the forties of the last century. Not only "The School for Scandal," but "London Assurance," Bulwer's plays and Knowles's belong to the old, dead drama. Victor Hugo, as a dramatist, is not the first of the romanticists, but the last of the classicists. This is the kind of startling statement in which Mr. Walkley fairly revels. Its point is that everybody else has called Hugo the first of the romantic dramatists. But the speech of Carlo Quinto at the tomb of Charlemagne, addressed to space, or the audience, proves that he wrote rhetorical drama. How about the speech of Clarice in W. S. Gilbert's "Comedy and Tragedy"—"I am an actor"—does that prove that the author of "Pinafore" and "Pygmalion and Galatea" is a rhetorical dramatist? What of the long, detached, philosophical speeches of Thouvenin in "Denise," of the physician who despised the vibrion in "L'Etrangère"—is Dumas fils a rhetorical dramatist?

Mr. Walkley goes further when he speaks of the "old drama of rhetoric and the modern drama of illusion." In the old days people went to the theatre for illusion, and obtained it. The acted story was real to them, in spite of the rhetoric. They laughed and cried over the joys and woes of the fictitious personages. Does the illusion hold to-day? No. The endless advertisement of the actor, and the excess of "realism" has destroyed it. The "realism" of the contemporary stage is fictitious, of course; you cannot exactly imitate life in the mimic scene, and all acting is symbolism or nothing.

Here we begin to feel quite angry with Mr. Walkley until the joke dawns on our stupid brain. The argument we have been briefly reviewing began with a clear statement of the impossibility of separating the modern from the ancient. "Many things that pass for ancient are of all things the most modern." Aristotle and Euripides are intensely modern. Clearly Mr. Walkley's abiding sense of humor saves him here and everywhere.

Similarly, from many passages in this whimsical book, one would say that Mr. Walkley pays too little attention to the value of histrionism in his appraisement of the drama. A play is not a play until it is acted. The personality and the art of the actor, combined, count for more than the dramatist's work. The playwright who does not suit the actors works for the trunk in the garret. Walkley says that, "as a rule, the lives of the players may be said to belong to the least important branch of entomology." Actors frequently bore him, so he calls them bugs. He is forever seeking literary novelties and plays of ideas. But the crying need is for plays of theatrical intelligence, character, and situation. He gloats over the evil fancies, so delicately put, of Hervieu, Brieux, Prévost, Donnay, and Capus, sprinkling his appreciations of them with Greek sentences set in Greek type. More of Mr. Walkley's humor, of course, for the joy of shocking the British Philistine with a charming account (a "favorable notice") of a conversational play in which the mature heroine has one divorced husband, one husband in commission, one lover, and one grown-up daughter he cannot resist. And the pleasure of quoting Greek to folks to whom it is, as it was to old Casca, "all Greek," is one he will not forego. It is also Mr. Walkley's "pleasure to forget" the pseudo-poetical plays of W. G. Wills, but he also seems to forget for the moment Irving's beautiful acting as King Charles and Dr. Primrose, Miss Terry's Olivia and Henrietta Maria, Mr. Terriss's and Mr. Tyars's Cromwell, which gave those plays life.

But on other pages we find Mr. Walkley as keen as the most old-fashioned of us in his appreciation of histrionism; comprehending, analyzing, setting down discreetly and sympathetically his impressions of the work of actors. So he goes on from page to page, from chapter to chapter, humorously leading us astray and setting us right again, contradicting tradition and himself. The contradiction of himself is inevitable. Dramatic criticism is a record of changing impressions. There is no theory of dramatic art. Mr. Walkley and Mr. William Archer, his fellow-worker in the vineyard, have not established one; neither has Lindau, Lemaître, or Sarcey; William Winter, Huneker, or John Corbin. Mr. Walkley's book is worth reading, you may be sure of that. It comprises a collection of his writings since 1902. Shakespeare, Euripides, the modern Frenchmen and the old fellows, Irving, Pinero, Barrie, the irrepressible Shaw, Duse, Bernhardt, and Réjane are among its subjects.

*DRAMA AND LIFE. By A. B. Walkley. New York: Brentano's.

LAST CAMPAIGNS OF NAPOLEON I.

Fall of the Greatest of Strategists Described in New Volume of "Art of War" Series.

GEN. DODGE, having in the two preceding volumes of his colossal work on Napoleon's campaigns described the rise of that great General, gives in the last two volumes,* which have just appeared, an equally interesting account of his fall. Gen. Dodge treats his subject, the art of war, in a series of elaborate biographies of which those of Alexander, Hannibal, Caesar, and Gustavus Adolphus have already appeared; there remain only the volumes on Frederick the Great to complete the series.

This method of treatment has to some extent conditioned the character of the volumes before us, but they are quite independent, and could be read with pleasure and instruction without resort to the earlier volumes of the series. Indeed, the author saves the trouble of comparison by the elaborate discussion of Napoleon's relative value in the history of war, and sums up the character of the six captains whom he designs to illustrate by his volumes in the following manner: Alexander was the first teacher of systematic war, Hannibal the father of strategy, Gustavus Adolphus the father of modern war, Frederick the Great the battle tactician, and Napoleon the perfect strategist.

Dealing with the great Emperor from the last standpoint, Gen. Dodge has to take into account much of the political situation which obtained during the various stages of Napoleon's career as a soldier. This, it need not be said, does not detract from the interest of the volumes, which are full of relevant anecdotes at the appropriate crises.

Military opinion is practically agreed as to the position of Napoleon in the art of war, and even with regard to the details of most of his battles. It is indeed curious to find a writer like the late Judge O'Connor Morris coming to the same conclusions about the weakness of Wellington's strategies at Waterloo as are given by Houssaye in his French book upon the same subject. With such practical unanimity it was not within the compass of Gen. Dodge to give anything like a novel or original turn to his description of the great battles, but this makes his work all the sounder and more trustworthy, and for the many who are interested in Napoleon his work will be authoritative and standard for many a long day.

These last two volumes deal with the battles from the Peninsula campaign of 1807 down to Waterloo. They include, therefore, the four great campaigns in which Napoleon or his Generals failed to make good—the Peninsula, the Russian, the Leipsic, and the Waterloo campaigns. In many respects Napoleon was never greater than when fighting against odds in a losing campaign, but Gen. Dodge has again and again to point out the change that had come over the Emperor as contrasted with the energy of the Consul, and, like most Napoleonists, attributes it to a subtle change both in physique and character. During the Waterloo campaign the lapses into unconsciousness were so frequent as to alarm the staff. Altogether, these volumes confirm the very high reputation of Gen. Dodge as a military historian. It is to be regretted that the illustrations and maps, though notably frequent, are scarcely worthy of the general merits of the book.

*NAPOLEON. A history of the art of war from the beginning of the Peninsula War to the end of the Russian campaign, with a detailed account of the Napoleonic wars. With 165 charts, maps, plans of battles and tactical manoeuvres, portraits, cuts of uniforms, arms and weapons. By Theodore Ayrault Dodge. Four volumes. Vols. III. and IV. 8vo. Boston: Houghton, Mifflin & Co. $4.

Reading History in Egypt.

Mr. Garrett C. Pier is an Egyptologist, at present connected with the Metropolitan Museum of Art, who has thrown together into popular form some of those studies which as a rule are considered too abstruse for the comfort of the general reader. The result is a book which will be published next month (Putnam's) with the title, "Inscriptions of the Nile Monuments." The author's purpose in the work is to furnish a series of translations of the many hieroglyphic inscriptions with which the traveler is confronted in Egypt, and thus to give to the tourist a practical book of reference, as well as a record of what he sees, or should see, on his travels.

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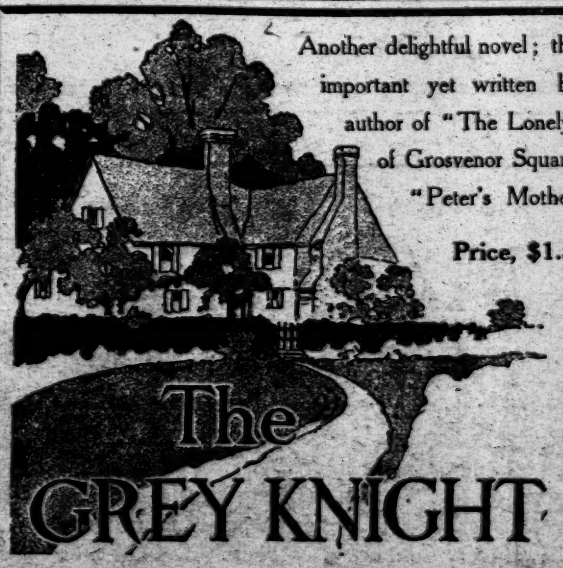

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SOCIALISM TO-DAY IN GREAT BRITAIN

Mr. Arnold-Forster Examines Beliefs of Doctrine's Active Propagandists and Replies to Them.

MR. ARNOLD-FORSTER, like many another, has been irritated by the elusiveness of "Socialism," of which there are as many brands as there are Socialists, with no one of the multitude responsible for any other. With such confusion of tongues and doctrines it is difficult either for Socialism to "arrive," or for its critics to make headway against it. To Mr. Arnold-Forster it seemed that the philosophers and economists like Marx are negligible in practical discussion, however right or wrong they may be conceivably in their theoretical contentions. Also the Utopians and dreamers like Mr. Wells are negligible, however admirable their word pictures of an earthly millennium, always just beyond reach. Therefore it occurred to Mr. Arnold-Forster that the only way to find out what Socialism really means to men of affairs is to examine the doctrines and political platforms of the propagandists of Socialism. They are the people who have concrete ideas, and are making converts. They are the Socialists who count, and they stand for as much almost in one country as in another. Their organization is international, and what they would do in England they would do in the United States, with exceptions of merely local details, without difference in principle. The scheme of the book,* therefore, is to depict the Socialist cult as it is depicted by its militant disciples, to ask them if they recognize the likeness, and to ask those inclined toward Socialism if this is what they indorse when they languidly assent, in preference to taking the trouble to understand, and approve or oppose intelligently. It may be added that the Socialists recognized their portrait without admiring it, and found fault with the artist. There was a spicy exchange of letters, without, however, developing anything contradictory to Mr. Arnold-Forster's assertions or his proof.

Necessarily the book consists largely of citations, with reference to their origin. Upon them is strung an argument to the contrary. Mr. Arnold-Forster's original contributions are not disparaged when it is said that the main usefulness of his book lies rather in the selections and arrangements of his authorities than in the original additions, for nobody has done just this thing, and it is a thing which much needed doing. For example, when one is reading Mr. Wells's visions of peace and comfort under his dispensation, it is hard to resist his invitations, or to dissent in theory and principle. The necessary antidote is supplied by the fact that the road to this elysium lies through carnage. For example, the "Social Democratic Federation" is a militant Socialist organization whose members belong mostly to the working class. To this end (the furtherance of Socialism and the interests of the working class) the S. D. F. "proclaims and preaches the class war." This is its own declaration. And in a pamphlet circulated by this body, which teaches the doctrine of hate as the basis of a new code of ethics to be mastered by school children, it avows, "we preach discontent, and we mean, if we can, to stir up actual conflict. Gunpowder swept away feudalism, now stronger explosives are arrayed against capitalism." And yet another official publication declares, "We preach the gospel of hatred, because in the circumstances it seems the only righteous thing we can preach. To talk about the gospel of love is simply solemn rubbish." And still another writer—space forbids full citations: "Let the Socialists in Parliament * * * introduce any clear general attack upon private enterprise, * * * and then we shall see war." Agreement with the prediction is something different from adoption of the prophet.

This may suffice regarding the attitude of Socialists toward public institutions. Their attitude toward private property is no less thorough. The S. D. F. platform declares: "The class war may at first be directed against the abuses of the system, and not against the system itself; but, sooner or later, the workers must come to recognize that nothing short of the expropriation of the capitalist class * * * can put an end to their abject economic condition. Instruct your delegates to proclaim that private property in railways, shipping, factories, mines, and land must cease to be." The method is specified. Taxation is to be abolished, and to be followed by "the gradual transference of all public burdens on to unearned incomes, with a view to their ultimate extinction." That is to say, if a man after a life of toil has amassed anything, and it is at interest in a savings bank, or invested in a rented property, this income, not being wages, is to be taxed to extinction. "The repudiation of the National debt" is one entry in the programme. A minimum wage is to be fixed by statute, and child labor is to be forbidden—but there is no provision for the relief of those whose cost of living will be enhanced without any addition to already scanty incomes. It seems to be thought that all these good things can be had without anybody paying the bill, like bread with a meat portion at a restaurant.

Mr. Arnold-Forster then proceeds to quote further from the propagandists of Socialism regarding actual experiences in the application of their proposals. Authors vouched for by the Socialist societies which circulate their writing claim the Anabaptist movement as the prototype of the Socialism of to-day. John of Leyden, who elected himself the representative of the people, declared himself King, bought costly personal regalia from public funds, appointed twelve Dukes, and married fifteen wives. He did other things, but these will suffice to show the singular sort of democrat this earliest Socialist was. In one respect the similarity between the old and new Socialism will be admitted—in five years there were thirteen varieties of the new doctrine. The Commune of 1793 is the second example of Socialism in action chosen by these official scribes. Their most striking likeness to the present-day Socialists is the beauty of their professed sentiments and their irresponsible promises of what their doctrines will do for universal happiness. Needless to say, they neither practiced their professions nor performed their promises. These prophets of sweetness and light were well represented by Marat, "the first great vindicator of the rights of the proletariat." What the Socialists of to-day—and some others—merely propose, these innovators actually did. They enacted prices, and inflicted legal penalties upon those whose market operations made bread dear—with the result that the laws made prices dearer than the acts of the forestallers. Capital was destroyed, but the proletariat was not enriched. Expropriation was not merely a beatific vision—"two-thirds of the houses in Paris became national property." And yet neither the proletarians nor the capitalists were made happy by the new régime. There is a spirit abroad which would produce Marats to-day.

The third example officially described may almost be remembered. "The Commune of Paris is the one event which Socialists throughout the world have agreed with single accord to celebrate." The elections which were to certify the will of the people were held under the protection of soldiers, who kept opponents away. The candidates were elected according to lists prepared before the elections. The press was suppressed. The Bank of France was robbed. Priestly hostages were executed. Murder and arson were ordinary crimes. This is the Socialist account of what Socialism produced, and as the record of a "victory of organized Socialist aspiration which every Socialist should agree to celebrate."

These are hard sayings, and the British Socialists individually strove to repudiate the publications which bore the official imprint without protest until Mr. Arnold-Forster circulated them in quarters other than those for which they were intended. There is a promising field among us for some American writer to impale our native and imported Socialists upon a pen point, and reveal the contrast between the beauty of their language and the elevation of their sentiments, with the inevitable result, as proved by experience, of attempting to execute their projects. This needs doing, for many are captivated by verbiage of such extraordinary correctness as is habitually used. Especially well calculated to deceive and mislead is the idea that anything is right which is authorized by statute. Ancient prejudices against robbery are to be soothed by passing a law for robbery. All good citizens obey the laws. Only the bad resist the law. Therefore a law is to be passed taking from A for the benefit of B. Thus morality and legality are arrayed on the side of the highwayman, and the victim becomes the lawbreaker and wrongdoer. Investments are to be taxed to extinction. This is not honesty, and it is not taxation. It is theft. It can be done, as it has been done. Recuperation followed because the system came to an end, but if ever Socialism were to be established again its existence would be worse than the original robbery, for Socialism is the end of individualism, and therefore of hope and initiative.

*ENGLISH SOCIALISM OF TO-DAY. Its Teachings and Its Aims Examined. By the Right Hon. H. O. Arnold-Forster, M. P. Pp. 226. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $1.25.

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PRACTICAL INFORMATION ABOUT CHINA.

There have been many books about China and the Chinese, but Hosea Ballou Morse, in "The Trade and Administration of the Chinese Empire," (Longmans, Green & Co., $2.50,) is the first to put into succinct form a fairly complete account of those practical matters concerning which the man of affairs, whether of business or of State, most wishes information. Thirty-three years' residence in China, with close study of her government and trade system, give to Mr. Ballou the right to speak with some authority. His aim has been to record the present state of the Chinese Empire, while its condition is still, with minor differences, the China of the past, and thus to give to the student of days to come an accurate account of the foundation on which the China of the future will be erected. For he believes that the revolution has already begun, under the name of reform, and that the China of to-day, soon or late, is bound to be transformed.

The two opening chapters, written by the Rev. F. L. Hawks Potts, President of St. John's College, at Shanghai, present a condensed but readable sketch of the history of China from the earliest times to the present. Mr. Ballou then in a dozen chapters elucidates the system of government, which he defines in a nutshell as "an autocracy superposed on a democracy"; the system of taxation and the methods of providing for the expenses of administration; the currency and its history and the chaos of weights and measures; the origin and the manner of working of the privilege of extraterritoriality; foreign and internal trade; the provinces and the treaty ports; the history, importance, and present status of the opium traffic; the inspectorate of customs, and the history and workings of the Post Office. Numerous maps, diagrams, and illustrations add to the interest of the text. The book lacks an analytical table of contents, which would have greatly enhanced its value for just those readers for whom it is particularly designed.

THE MAKING OF VIRGINIA.

Thomas Nelson Page does loving and eloquent service for his native State in his account of "The Old Dominion, Her Making and Her Manners," (Charles Scribner's Sons, $1.50.) In a foundation chapter on "The Beginning of America" he sets the world scene which ushered the new land upon the attention of mankind. Then a long chapter tells with all necessary detail the story of how Jamestown was founded and became a flourishing colony. An attractive picture of colonial life precedes a study of the Revolutionary movement. Thomas Jefferson's determined labor in the founding of the University of Virginia is celebrated with ardent appreciation. Two chapters on "Reconstruction and Virginia Since the War" are full of color, as are also the closing chapters on "An Old Neighborhood in Virginia" and "An Old Virginia Sunday." Mr. Page constantly relates his narrative to larger events and keeps a moving background of world history in so far as it has connection with his subject. And if sometimes in his account of affairs in the Old Dominion he sees with a magnifying eye, the fault can be pardoned as only the manifestation of a loyal son's loving pride in his native State.

The Dowden Shakespeare.

Volumes XXIII. and XXIV. have just appeared in The Dowden Shakespeare, published in this country by the Bobbs-Merrill Company, Indianapolis. They are "The Comedy of Errors," edited by Henry Cuningham, and "King Richard the Third," edited by A. Hamilton Thompson. The introductory essays are sound and scholarly pieces of work, dealing largely with general questions of text, date, and sources; the notes are printed at the bottom of the page, and not only give all the variorum readings but are rich in illuminating quotations from the whole range of Elizabethan literature; and topography and format are exceptionally pleasing. "W. W.'s" translations of Plautus's Menaechmi (1595) is printed as an appendix to "The Comedy of Errors." Mr. Cuningham, in opposition to Mr. Sidney Lee, advocates the theory, originally put forth by Malone, that part of Shakespeare's youth was spent in an attorney's office, and cites many passages in proof.

COMMUNICATIONS TO THE EDITOR

Correspondents Express Opinions on Divers Subjects, in Criticism and Compliment—Views of Readers.

New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

YOU publish an interesting review by Mr. Cary of Mrs. Grant's "Quaker and Courtier, the Life and Work of William Penn." The reviewer naturally confines his attention to the life and work of Penn, which he treats very appreciatively. He does not, however, point out the serious errors into which Mrs. Grant falls, and of which some notice should be taken lest readers of the book should receive wrong impressions of facts. Mrs. Grant's most inexcusable blunders are in relation to the Friends, but even in her account of Penn and his friends she makes many careless statements.

In speaking of Penn as a child she says: "He had also fallen under the influence of a man named Thomas Loe, a Quaker, and, young as he was, he had already begun to think of uniting himself some day with the sect," (p. 12.) It was not until he was an undergraduate at Oxford that Penn first met Loe. Sir William Penn died 1676, not 1670, (p. 70.) Mary Penington is called "Maria Pennington," (pp. 77, 83, 155, 189, and in index.) "She gave up London, and retired to Chalfont with her little girl, and there she met and married Isaac Pennington," (p. 79.) It was not at Chalfont, but at London that the marriage took place. Mrs. Grant quotes a letter of Hannah Penn which she "believes to be the only one in existence," (p. 215.) This is an error: the writer has seen at least one other, and is informed by a good authority that a considerable number are known. On page 223 "Hannah Margerita Penn" is stated to be "eight years old" in 1710-11; she died in 1707-08.

But it is in regard to the Friends that Mrs. Grant makes her worst blunders, to call them by no harsher term. She says: "Some claim a similarity between their opinions and those of the ancient Druids," (p. 47.) "They (the Friends) admitted two ceremonies—water baptism and the Lord's Supper," (p. 48.) It is well known that the Friends disuse all outward ordinances; they believe that baptism and the Supper, especially, are to be partaken of only in a spiritual sense. This belief is, and has been from the very first, a fundamental doctrine of the Friends. "Meetings for discipline were called quarterly, but ended by becoming monthly," (p. 50.) The fact is that these meetings have always been entirely distinct, and both exist to-day. "A yearly meeting was held in London in 1675, for the purpose of assistance in cases of suffering for conscience sake, and this practice continued to be observed till 1797," (p. 52.) The obvious inference from this statement is that yearly meetings were discontinued in 1797, whereas they are still held annually, and have been without break, certainly since 1671, and probably since 1656.

"The Quakers seem to have been very numerous in all parts of Europe," (p. 106.) This is information which has never before reached the Friends. But enough!

Altogether, though very appreciative of Penn, the book is too full of errors, to say nothing of omissions, to be of any historic value. ALLEN C. THOMAS.

Haverford, Penn., May 19.

Romance of a Slave Girl.

New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

In an article published in your issue of April 19 occurs the following item, relating to a recent book sale:

There are other literary curiosities in the same sale. One of these is "Poems on Comic, Serious, and Moral Subjects," by Philip Wheatley, negro servant to Mr. John Wheatley of Boston, New England; small 8vo., second edition, published in London in 1773. Copies of this book have sold for as high as $50.

I rise to remark, as a matter of justice to an unhappy woman now long dead, that there never has been any "Philip" Wheatley known to any sort of literary fame in this country—nor in any other that I ever heard of. Away back in times before the Revolutionary War—in about 1761, there was stolen from Africa a little negro girl, six or seven years old; she was brought to America and sold as a slave in Boston to a wealthy—and doubtless pious—man named John Wheatley. Notwithstanding that she was only an ignorant, utterly unfaught negro, she was so amiable, so modest, so sensitive, and so sensible that she won the cordial love of the Wheatley family, and was not only not treated as a slave, nor made to do any work, but was petted and favored as many daughters are not.

She showed a remarkable talent for writing verse, and was considered to be possessed of remarkable gifts and ability; she was supplied with teachers and books, made acquainted with literary persons, showered with attention from all sides, and received in the best society of Boston. She learned with great readiness, read widely, mastered Latin, and began a translation of Ovid. When she was only nineteen years old Mr. Wheatley procured the publication, in London, of a volume of her poems; it ran through several edi-

tions there, and was then republished in this country, reaching several editions here, it is said. Phillis was even treated to a voyage to England at this time on account of her delicate health.

In 1775, for some inexplicable reason, Mr. Wheatley freed her; whether at her desire, does not appear; but it was a sorrowful freedom for poor Phillis, who, two years later, married a conceited and a self-important negro who failed as a grocer, and tried to be a lawyer. He was vain, selfish, and indolent, and though objecting to work himself, he put poor Phillis into hard household drudgery, for which she was unfitted, both by her delicate constitution and her previously sheltered and easy life. Like many another lazy and selfish husband, he demanded of her more than she could perform, reproached, rebuked, and abused her because she failed to do the work he required, and worried and distressed her into her grave before she was twenty-six years old.

Why the Wheatleys, who were wealthy, and had brought her up so tenderly, did not interfere for her in her need does not appear; and why some of the "literary persons" and members of the "best society" in Boston, who had only five years before been proud of her acquaintance, were equally forgetful of her in her distress, is not explained in any record of her that I can find. Only the fact remains that nobody seemed to come to her assistance and defense against her brutal husband; that she died young, of hard work, want, and a broken heart. And now it is cruel to rob her of her poor pious laurels as one of the pioneer poets of the country and give them to an utterly mythical "Philip," whom nobody ever heard of before. Even a woman who writes verses has some rights which we are bound to respect—after she has been dead more than a century and a quarter! H. E. STARBLEAK.

New York, May 20.

Martin Luther's "Selected" Letters.

New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

Anent Martin Luther's letters, why should any compiler of a volume of them choose them with "judgment and sympathy"? which in practice means, naturally, the suppression of the very ones on which the best estimate of his personality could be based, and which, of course, would be embarrassing reading for all his admirers. Cromwell required the artist who painted him, as all know, to show the wart which adorned him; Purcell, writing a biography of Cardinal Manning, showed him as an astute manager of events; and biographers, in general these days think as Froude thought in composing Carlyle's life, that the old custom of making an unearthly hero of his subject was one that had better be abandoned—which he promptly proceeded to do.

Luther has claims enough on his niche in the Temple of Fame, and the chief claim is that, like the youth who fired the Ephesian dome, he could do more destruction than construction, since few, if any, now pretend to follow his theological creed; but to issue at this late day a series of his letters chosen with "sympathy and judgment" is a mistake. A choice of 500 letters out of five times as many that might, could, and should have been chosen, makes it seem as if the 2,000 omitted were unfit to print, as probably they were. Yet the sale of a book so very much less full, even as a biography, than it might be, is but small compared with the interest that would be aroused by one with a reasonable proportion of its "warts." Presidents and other great men should write no letters they would be ashamed of—but practical men need them all, "warts" included, to form full judgment. ROBERT P. GREEN.

New York, May 21.

Praises "Mr. Crewe's Career."

New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

One who read your review of "Mr. Crewe's Career" wants to tell you that, in his opinion, your reviewer made a very grave mistake. For a week he kept me from buying the book—kept me from a great pleasure which has been mine during the present week. For it is a strong book, and a beautiful love story, and Mr. Churchill has never done anything better—THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW to the contrary notwithstanding.

As I recall your article, it found fault with Mr. Churchill because he had utilized, with more or less exactness, many of the incidents that had come under his own personal observation during an exciting political campaign. Why should he be criticised for that? Did not Charles Reade utilize his own experiences? Have not many great writers done the same? I am not sufficiently familiar with Mr. Churchill's New Hampshire campaign to put my finger on certain scenes and say "These really happened" or "These are made up." It satisfies me to know that Mr. Churchill has written a story that kept me entertained from the first page to the last, and that he has woven into a book whose chief motif is politics a love story which rises above the politics and gives the tired reader of problem novels a very great delight. Surely Austen and Victoria couldn't have been concerned in Mr. Churchill's campaign—and Austen and Victoria are what one enjoys the most.

One Page 403, just after these two delightful young persons have found themselves, the author refers to the satiated theatre-goer who sits in an orchestra chair and who leaves before the end of the play, and he compares this self-satisfied person with the occupant of the gallery who "lingers and applauds long after the fifth curtain, and then goes reluctantly home—to dream. And he who scorns the gallery is no artist, for there lives the soul of art."

Thank heaven, Mr. Editor, I can sign myself "A GALLERY GOD.

New York, May 20.

FOREIGN PLAYS FOR PESSIMISTS

Not Much of the Joy of Life Shown in These Two Dramas from Russia and Sweden.

ALTHOUGH "The Storm"* is regarded as one of the strongest acting dramas on the Russian stage, English speaking audiences would hardly be inclined to receive it with much favor. The powerful effect created in Russia by its exposition of domestic tyranny would probably be a source of amusement to a people whose ideals of family life are as far removed from that which the play exhibits as one pole is from another.

The work is already familiar to English students of the drama in a translation by Mrs. Constance Garnett, but the present translation by N. Erichsen, offered in a popular and reasonable form, will serve an excellent purpose for those who are not yet acquainted with the work of this important Russian dramatist. The characters are drawn from Russian middle life and provide what are presumably excellent examples of certain well-marked national types.

The scene of "The Storm" is laid in a small provincial town somewhere on the upper Volga. Madame Kabanova, whose nearest counterpart in our own experience is the sharp-tongued mother-in-law of popular fiction and farce, is a family tyrant, abusing to the limit the patience of her sweet-tempered daughter-in-law and absolutely ruling the gelatinously back-boned creature who calls himself her son. This splendid specimen of a man does not dare rebel, no matter how unreasonable the mother's demands are upon him or his wife, but, unlike the latter, he is in a position to withdraw from the household and take short journeys when the abuse becomes unbearable. Katerna, the wife, is of finer sensibilities than the family into which she is married, though no less conscientious in what she conceives to be her duties to the parent-in-law.

She has met on the promenade a young man, Boris, son of a merchant friend of Madame Kabanova, and has been greatly attracted to him. In her husband's absence on a journey, and more or less encouraged in the deception by her sister-in-law, a young person of some independence and rather lax moral sense, she meets Boris by appointment. Subsequently she is conscience-stricken. Boris, another weakling, takes his leave of her with regrets as soon as he is ordered away by his uncle, and she is left alone to face her husband and the sharp-tongued mother-in-law.

It now appears that Katerna has always had an uncontrollable fear of thunder, and during a terrific storm she is moved to confession. As may be imagined, she receives no sympathy, and finally overcome with shame and remorse she drowns herself. It is, as we have said, a play that would make practically no appeal to any English speaking audience, but the development of character and action, if it may really be called that in the sense in which the word is used on our stage, will prove interesting to the reader. And the book should find a place in the library of every student of the drama.

Stronger food is Strindberg's "The Father,"† a domestic tragedy in an entirely different sense; and one who reads it will have little cause to wonder why this Swedish author's work has been so long a time without production on the English stage. That it would exercise a powerful effect cannot be doubted, but it is unpleasant beyond expression. Extraordinary as is its theme, the handling of the story is no less extraordinary, and the complicated threads of the plot are woven into a dénouement with amazing cunning. Like the Ostrovsky play issued in the same series, this work of Strindberg's has before now been translated for English readers, but it has been hard to get. The present translation by N. Erichsen appears to preserve the general character of the original.

"The Father" reveals an amazing combat between mother and father for the control of their daughter's destiny, the mother ultimately gaining her point at the expense of her husband's reason. When it appears that he is to have the upper hand, she drops a fatal seed of doubt as to who the child's father actually is. Presumably she has always been a faithful wife, but the poison of suggestion has been implanted in the husband's mind and he is eventually driven mad by the thought. As a study in misogyny and abysmal pessimism "The Father" probably has few equals in any language.

*THE STORM. A drama in five acts, by Ostrovsky. Translated into English by N. Erichsen. One volume. Pp. 120. 8vo. Cloth. Boston: John W. Luce & Co.

†THE FATHER. A tragedy in one act by August Strindberg. Translated into English by N. Erichsen. One volume. Pp. 90. 8vo. Cloth. Boston: John W. Luce & Co.

HARPERS BOOKS

The Barrier

By Rex Beach

It means something to the man or woman who has not read it, that THE BARRIER to-day is the best selling novel in America. It means a narrower life—narrower by the pure joy and stimulus of this big, hearty story. The critics continue to say that THE BARRIER is even better than "The Spoilers."

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This story of a fight for love takes you away completely from the everyday grind. You get into the turbulent lumber woods—immediately in the first few pages you are there breathing the tonic of pine—not only to hear a story, but participate in things that actually happen. The pictures in colors add to the book's attractiveness.

R. J.'s Mother and Some Other People

By Margaret Delant

This new volume has the true touch of this great author. Her stories always hold the big things of life, the deep and simple elements which awake an answering heart beat in the common experience of us all. "R. J.'s Mother" is typical of this quality which no other writer possesses. The pictures are notably good.

The Golden Rose

By Amelie Rives

Beauty of sentiment, beauty of scene, of character and literary style make this a most unusual novel. The story is unfolded at a delightful country estate in mid-summer, among shadowy lawns and odorous gardens, filled with tender memories. The author of "The Quick or the Dead" returns to the scenes of her first triumphs in this novel.

The Servant in the House is a great book of a great play.

Astronomy With the Naked Eye, by Serviss, is just the book for this out-of-door weather. Entirely simple and non-technical.

The Handbook of the Trees, by R. B. Hough, tells all about trees of this country.

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BRIEF REVIEWS OF LATELY PUBLISHED BOOKS

ARABIAN WANDERINGS.

WANDERINGS IN ARABIA. By Charles M. Doughty. An abridgment of "Travels in Arabian Deserts," arranged with introduction by Edward Garnett. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons. Price $4.50.

THE original from which this abridgment is made was published a score of years ago and has long been familiar to students of Arabian matters as a standard authority. The present abridgment, by Mr. Garnett, who has evidently done his work with minute care, is intended as a popularization. Much of the scientific matter has been dispensed with, while the main attention has been devoted to preserving the picturesque qualities of the more complete original.

Imagine an Englishman of quiet and half-humorous temperament, but possessed of indomitable courage and persistence, traveling without European companions across the Arabian deserts, often jeopardizing his life and yet never losing his equanimity. Then add to this the fact that this particular Englishman chose to travel through the very heart of Mohammed's own country as a professed Christian, never denying his religion and never compromising with an evasion. With this as a groundwork something of the character of the narrative may be imagined.

Mr. Doughty traveled as a man of peace, yet he had a pistol as well as books, and the drugs which so often helped him to win friendship. When it came to a question of daring, however, there was no "dare" which he would not take, no threat to which he had not a manly, and even aggressive, answer. It is true he had the advantages of speaking the language, of knowing the customs generally, and of being an Englishman, never swerving in the belief that any violence done him would be amply revenged by his nation.

Mr. Doughty's purpose was to study the people and examine the ancient ruins and monuments of the land. Everything that he set out to do he did. He lived as a Bedouin among the Bedouins, more of a nomad than any of the nomads themselves. He shared the slender rations of that least productive of lands, he made long journeys by camel, he enjoyed the hospitality of chiefs and met the fanatical Governors of towns. He went through the entire gamut of experiences with untrustworthy guides.

The narrative is convincing. The somewhat unwieldy character of the very antiquated language that Doughty chose to employ, the very scholarly affectation of his style emphasizes the personality of the author and makes doubly picturesque the picturesque narrative and descriptions. In many cases the language is almost that of the New Testament. Exactly how such a style has gained such an effect it is difficult to say—except that it has done it. He has wonderfully reproduced his visual impressions. More than that, he has endowed the various chieftains, the tribesmen, the servants—and, one might almost add, even the camels—with positively distinctive traits. The work is an achievement in the realm of pure literature apart from its interest as an account of remarkable journeys.

ROMANCE OF AN IRISH MAIDSERVANT.

The Irish maidservant has not generally been considered a character with many romantic or poetic possibilities, and the author who could choose her as the heroine and central pivot of a novel of 390 pages deserves credit for originality at least. As a matter of fact, Mrs. Hermann Bosch, the author of "Bridget," (B. W. Dodge & Co.,) deserves credit for a great many things; for her readable and easy English, for her undoubted power of holding the attention, for her graphic touches of real life—sordid or tragic though they often are—for the inimitable creation of Bridget herself, gold-haired and blue-eyed, warm-hearted, wholesome-bodied, and honest-souled; for a number of other qualities sufficiently out of the ordinary to be particularly noted.

The story has a human element difficult to describe. Stripped to the utter nudities of narrative, it is the tale of an Irish girl who comes hopefully to America with a dream of some day making £3 a month. She lives in a variety of places—first as "girl of all work" in the tenement of a second-rate saloon keeper, and finally as parlor maid in the household of a millionaire, where she falls in love with the footman, and (it is to be assumed) eventually marries him. Incidentally, she becomes temporarily addicted to drink, wears her mistress's clothes to balls, and does a number of singularly ordinary and unappetizing things. And yet the book remains wholesome and entertaining.

STUDY OF YOUNG DELINQUENTS.

One of the most important contributions that have yet been made to the scientific study of crime among children is furnished in "The Young Malefactor," by Thomas Travis, Ph. D., (Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., $1.50.) The Hon Ben B. Lindsey, Judge of the Denver Juvenile Court, writes an introduction of warm praise for Mr. Travis's work, in the course of which he also recounts some of his own experiences and states conclusions to which he has come. As a preparation for the writing of the volume Dr. Travis spent six years in the study of the theoretical and practical sides of the question in this country and Europe. He investigated the physical, mental, and moral conditions and home environments of thousands of delinquent children in courts and institutions, with special reference to whether or not they were physically abnormal. He is convinced as a result that at least 90 per cent., and perhaps as many as 98 per cent., of first offenders are normal. The chief cause of delinquency he thinks is to be found in the home.

BY FATHER BENSON.

LORD of the World," by Robert Hugh Benson, (Dodd, Mead & Co., $1.50,) is in many ways a remarkable book and not the least so in being written by a Roman Catholic, who yet prophesies the disappearance from this world of the Catholic religion. In its last agony, to be sure, is involved the destruction of the world itself—everything swept into chaos. But the idea inherent in the story is that God, so far at least as He is incarnate in Catholicism, will not prevail among the children of men. The story is laid some hundred years in the future. Socialism has become the basis of human relationship, and with Socialism has come an utterly materialistic conception of life. The usual wonders of aerial travel and scientific advance are alluded to as long-established facts—the book produces very strongly the effect of being written by a man of the times it predicates—but its emphasis lies in the spiritual and mental conditions.

Like many who conform to a definite system of theology Father Benson conceives it impossible that God can work in the world save according to prescribed methods. That the long training of the centuries is after all futile, and that the race is developing in a manner antagonistic to the Creator, a manner which must naturally prove fatal to man, at least, and, one is at liberty to suppose, to God also. If good is accomplished in some way not harmonious with the priest's conception of the way good should be accomplished then it is no other than evil, and must bring about the final triumph of evil. To such as think of each step made by man in his own and the world's development as an indication of the immanent and nonworking power of the Creator it may appear curiously childish and reactionary. But interesting it must be to all to whom the deepest convictions of a man's heart are of moment. And in the artistic balance and taste of Father Benson's literary power every reader will find delight.

GOOD SHORT STORIES.

THE INTOXICATED GHOST, AND OTHER STORIES. By Arlo Bates. 12mo. Pp. 304. Boston: Houghton, Mifflin & Co. $1.50.

Here we have conclusive evidence that the art of story-telling is not on the wane. There are nine tales in this group, and each is distinguished by a quality peculiar to itself, although psychological phenomena lend the motif to nearly all of them. In the first it is humor, the kind we should expect if Washington Irving should come back to life and write more "Tales of a Traveler." The privilege of learning how a ghost acts while in a state of inebriety can hardly be overestimated. The second story, "A Problem in Portraiture," inevitably suggests the subtle casuistry so prominent in the work of Nathaniel Hawthorne. It is a problem in the best sense, a study in man's potentialities as influenced by conditions, and points a moral. Hypnotism plays a leading part in "Miss Gaylord and Jenny" with convincing effect. The author's taste is as noteworthy as his versatility, and it is displayed in the choice of "In the Virginia Room" as the last story. It is full of love and pathos, and its dramatic ending is a fitting climax to the book.

NEW McCUTCHEON BOOK.

THE HUSBANDS OF EDITH. By George Barr McCutcheon. Author of "Graustark," "Nedra," "Jane Cable," &c. With illustrations by Harrison Fisher and decorations by Theodore B. Hapgood. 12mo. Pp. 127. New York: Dodd, Mead & Co. $1.25.

Mr. George Barr McCutcheon may well be called the leading literary confectioner of the day. His wares are quite indispensable to Summer vacations, ocean and railway travel, and in all other exigencies where the sweet tooth asserts itself. Moreover, a new production can usually be depended upon to fulfill the expectations called forth by that which has gone before. In "The Husbands of Edith" the heroines,—there are two this time—are just as adorable, the hero just as well groomed, and the dialogue just as witty as of yore. It might be added that the conclusions as to the outcome are just as foregone. Harrison Fisher, who has depicted scenes in former McCutcheon romances, contributes a number of pretty pictures to the book.

THE LETTERS OF CORTES.

THE five long letters, or "relations," sent by Fernando Cortes to the Emperor Charles V., in which he gave a circumstantial account of the conquest of Mexico, from the standpoint of the conqueror, and of the people he had overcome, are now made available for the first time to English readers. The translation, from the original sixteenth century Spanish, has been done by Francis Augustus McNutt, formerly Secretary of the American Legation at Madrid, and since for some years a resident of Rome, where he is in the service of the Vatican.

The letters of Cortes have been accessible to students in several Spanish editions, and they have also been translated and published in French and German. That original documents of such great interest and importance to students of American history should not have had presentation in English until this late day is rather a reproach to American scholarship and historical research.

Mr. McNutt has done his work of translation in the way most acceptable to both the special student and the general reader, for his aim has been to preserve the matter and the style of Cortes's narrations with as near an approach to literal accuracy as possible. Copious notes accompany the text, completing and explaining the narrative of Cortes. A biography of Cortes, together with his will—a lengthy document revealing his character as well as contemporary customs in many unconscious touches—and a bibliographical chapter, fill nearly half of the first volume. Appendices to both volumes contain historical and biographical matter concerning important Mexican figures in the drama of the conquest of Mexico, and the civilizaton, origin, and religion of the ancient race. The plain, terse, and soldierlike tale which Cortes sent to his sovereign of his perilous adventures and triumphant progress, as ungarnished in the translation as in the original, will be welcomed by all students of Spanish-American history. Several maps and plans of Mexico and its capital city, together with portraits of Cortes and Charles V., furnish the illustrations. The work is published in two volumes in a limited edition at $10 per set by G. P. Putnam's Sons.

UPS AND DOWNS.

THE SUPREME GIFT. By Grace Denio Litchfield, author of "In the Crucible," "The Letter D," &c. Frontispiece by Alice Barber Stephens. 12mo. Pp. 300. Boston: Little, Brown & Co. $1.50.

The failure of a prominent Washington banker and its relation to the fortunes or misfortunes of his daughter make the groundwork of this novel. Up to the time of her father's loss Joan Kelden, whose name is pronounced "Jone," has been ignorant of poverty, except from theory, but her sympathies are broad, and include those less fortunate than herself. "The poor are wonderfully self-respecting," she says. "I do love them." And this is a commendable sentiment for Joan to feel. When the financial crash comes her chief concern is for the wage earners who have intrusted their savings to her father. She tries to sell her diamond necklace in order to reimburse some of the creditors, but finds that her father has already sold it and substituted a paste imitation. Then when matters are at a crisis there is an automobile accident in which her uncle and aunt are killed, making her the supposed heiress to $2,000,000. Her grief is stilled for the moment by joy at the thought of being able to pay her father's debts. She advertises her intention of doing this, but learns soon after that the fortune really belongs to another. The story is a rather prolonged series of ups and downs. If the emotional values had been more carefully considered the result would have been a novel of some intensity and strength.

BEAUTY FOR ALL.

BEAUTY AND HEALTH. By Cora Brown Potter. San Francisco and New York: Paul Elder & Co. $1.75 net.

Mrs. James Brown Potter has written a volume of goodly size entitled "Beauty and Health," in which the opening sentence, "To be beautiful is possible to all, because each individual has something which he alone possesses—a specific speck of perfection, which belongs supremely to himself—a God-given gift of Mother Nature," comes laden with comfort to many of us, who, distracted from that one speck in our possession, have perhaps despaired of attaining beauty.

But, though Mrs. Potter may be a trifle oversanguine as to human possibilities, she has nevertheless given to the world of woman a very sensible and thorough study of the methods in vogue all over the world for the promotion of good looks and good health. A great many persons utterly lack the hygienic sense, and the simple rules and recipes incorporated in this volume should prove excellent for inciting such a sense. Fresh air, proper bathing, exercise, and sleep are given their proper weight, and special preparations, customs, and contrivances, whether from the Eastern Zenana, the paper houses of Japan or the boudoir of the French actress, have been, Mrs. Potter tells us, culled by her whenever and wherever she came across them. There is also a historical, even a philosophical, preface to each chapter, and a discussion of the functions and structure of the various portions of the body.

Portraits of Mrs. Potter in various characters and costumes ought to act as a spur to her less fortunate sisters.

MODERN PAINTING.

FIFTY YEARS OF MODERN PAINTING, COROT TO SARGENT. By J. E. Phythian. With eight illustrations in color and thirty-two in half-tone. Pp. 384. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co.

THE admitted difficulty of classifying the changes and developments in art by any strictly defined period of time is rendered less hampering in the case of J. E. Phythian's "Fifty Years of Modern Painting" by the elasticity of his method of applying his half-century measure. He has much to say of Constable, who in 1821 had reached the age of despair in regard to art in England, and he carries his record down to the artists just arrived and arriving in this present year of the twentieth century. This history of the art of the latter half of the nineteenth century is, however, a careful, temperate, and, on the whole, impartial statement of what has been accomplished and attempted in the field of art and will be a useful and safe guide to the student of pictures. It is at times characteristically British and insular in tone and a little amusing when it records with obvious satisfaction the fact that in the persons of Corot and Monet "French landscape painting, through two of its most original exponents, came under English influence." But Mr. Phythian is entirely fair to the work of French painters, even when their methods and aims clash most noisily with English tradition, and he quotes with disapproval the famous dictum of Burne-Jones that "nothing short of perfect finish ought to be allowed by artists."

In his comparison of Jean François Millet with the Belgian painter Meunier the author seems to miss the cardinal point of difference in the spirit of the two artists. Millet avowedly painted peasant life as he saw and felt it—the natural, inevitable life of toil for the sons of Adam. He disclaimed all attempt to arouse sympathy with the toilers he depicts; they were to him simply the people of his world engaged in healthful work. Meunier, on the other hand, forever impressed on the people of his creation the marks of their bitter and excessive labor.

There is perhaps too much taking for granted preliminary information on the part of the general reader, to whom the book is addressed, but when all deductions are made it remains an excellent little volume both for reference and for reading. It is interesting, clear, and definite, and the threads of mutual influence in the phases of art discussed are often skillfully disentangled.

MEXICAN INDIANS.

IN INDIAN MEXICO. A Narrative of Travel and Labor. By Frederick Starr. Chicago: Forbes & Co. Price $5.

This book of travel, which is also more or less strictly a scientific work in its descriptions of the various types and tribes of Indians to be found in Southern Mexico, is a volume of more than 400 pages, illustrated with 160 excellent photographs by the author. The region so thoroughly investigated by Prof. Starr is practically unknown to the literature of travel, though many books have been written descriptive of other parts of the country. The only Indian investigations hitherto made in Mexico have been in reference to the more northerly tribes.

According to Prof. Starr, who seems to have traveled everywhere and observed everything, Southern Mexico is essentially an Indian country, and there are large portions in which the "mestizo" is the exception. The purpose of the author's trip was threefold—to measure the heads of 100 men and twenty-five women in each Indian locality, taking fourteen measurements of each; to take pictures, portraits showing Indian costumes, customs, occupations, types, dwellings, landscapes, &c., and to make plaster casts of five individuals in each of the different Indian tribes.

The book itself is a straightforward narrative, telling just how these ethnological objects were attained. Though the narrator had some difficult journeys to make and learned various lessons—such as that of buying and selling mules—the volume cannot be said to contain much in the way of real adventure. The Indians, though now and then menacing, were more childlike and superstitious than terrifying, and the travelers had letters from Government authorities to aid them when confronted with recalcitrant subjects. However, the work is a revelation in its descriptions of human life, showing the contrasting degrees of intelligence and barbarity in various Indian towns.

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George Cary Eggleston says of OVER AGAINST GREEN PEAK: "Verily it is a delicious bit of work and that last chapter is a genuine poem. Best of all is the charming sincerity of the book. I shall observe Miss Humphrey's further work with confidently expectant interest. She has it in her to do the very best things." *$1.25 net, by mail, $1.35.*

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NEWS OF BOSTON'S BOOK ACTIVITIES

Novels by Ina Garvey, Mrs. Laura Richards, Mrs. Helen Eggleston Haskell, and John O. Martin.

BOSTON, May 22.—If formal English syntax were still one of the studies of American youth, the makers of school manuals of grammar would find it necessary to make a new class of collective nouns, consisting, like the first of Harvard freshman classes, "of one," and that one would be the new style first actually used at 4 Park Street last Wednesday—"Houghton, Mifflin Company." It is plural, like the British Government as it is printed in the English papers, but it does not take an article, and in this it is unique. But consider the poor proofreader's struggles with pronouns and verbs after he has stricken out that article!

If a new language make a new man, what fraction of a man does a new dialect make, especially a new artificial dialect? One can hardly escape the thought as one finds the tongue in which Miss Ina Garvey has chosen to write the greater part of "A Comedy of Mammon" becoming gradually intelligible as one reads, its absurb solecisms are as little noticed as the "something fierce," "a cinch," and "Oh! it's fah-een," of the American girl. The supposed writer of this substitute for language is a peer's daughter, belonging to the young "smart set," the set which uses "Victorian" as a substitute for antediluvian, and speaks American slang of the civil war days under the impression that it is, as it says, carefully using Mr. Kipling's very oldest phrase, making its elders "sit up." The author skillfully manages this girl, and also the school mistress and the well-taught heiress, who help her tell the story, and it is an amusing trifle. It constantly seems preparing for desperate wickedness, but it nowhere proceeds beyond dining or lunching in public with the husband of another woman. Lastly, it contains some hints for various eccentric methods of entertainment, and these are always in demand among Americans of the class corresponding to that represented in England by its heroines, and consequently its publishers, Messrs. Dana Estes & Co., expect that it will be successful.

In July they expect to issue Mrs. Laura A. Richardson's "The Wooing of Calvin Parks," a novel of greater length than its author has yet written. Her mother, Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, being strongly entreated by her devoted daughters, has consented to appear publicly in the new part of a musician, and Messrs. Schirmer & Co. are bringing out "An Album of Fourteen Songs" from her hand. Settings of poems by other authors, and of Mrs. Howe's own words, make up the book, and as some of the words have never before appeared in print the volume has both literary and musical interest.

Messrs. H. M. Caldwell & Co. have prepared a pretty table book for the high school girl, a young person who now takes herself at least as seriously as her elder sister at college, and Mr. L. J. Bridgman has made the prettiest of pictures and ingenious designs for its decoration. It has spaces for autographs and photographs; a sketch of the school and a list of the teachers with comments; accounts of sports and societies, enemies of scholarship not yet slain by the teachers, and an elaborate account of graduation day. This firm has also prepared almost fifty books, nearly all classics, as the "Commencement Gift Series," giving them duogravure frontispieces, binding them prettily and originally, inclosing them in boxes matching the cover, and setting the price not too high, even for those teachers whose school boards "trust that they will encourage their pupils in every possible way"—out of their own pockets.

Little, Brown & Co. have received the manuscript of "A Make Believe Boy," a new book by Miss Julia Dalrymple, the author of "Little Me, Too."

Messrs. L. C. Page & Co. have added a new volume to the Roses of St. Elizabeth Series in the shape of "O-Heart-San," by Mrs. Helen Eggleston Haskell. The heroine, the little daughter of a Tokio wood carver, is so beautiful that her name is known everywhere in Tokio. The Empress hears of her and becomes her patroness. She is present at certain Court festivities, at which she meets a small American and becomes intimate with her, exchanging notes and observations on clothes, manners, and customs. As Japan, after some thirty-five years of a steady flow of stories, still profoundly interests adults, there is no doubt that children, to whom all subjects are new, will read of O-Heart-San with pleasure.

The next book to be brought out by the C. M. Clark Publishing Company will be Mr. John O. Martin's "The Jayhawker." Miss Harriet C. Morse's "A Cowboy Cavalier," published this week, is the story of a New York girl who, after some experience of life on her uncle's cattle ranch, vowed that never, never would she marry a cowboy and live in such a place. The result of such a vow is easily foreseen, but before it comes there is much racing and chasing in pursuit of cowboys turned highwaymen. The author has drawn a manly hero, and although as yet she lacks the skill to give her story unity and force, the book has promise.

The Ball Publishing Company has prepared a numbered limited edition of 100 copies of "Views and Reviews," their volume of papers by Mr. Henry James.

STEPHENSON BROWNE.

LITERARY NEWS OF PHILADELPHIA

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.—"Good Citizenship" is the appropriate title chosen for a new volume of hitherto unpublished addresses by ex-President Cleveland which the Henry Altemus Company now has in preparation. The book will probably be ready about the beginning of June, and contains matter thoroughly representative of Mr. Cleveland's best manner.

Five books of general interest have been issued by the J. B. Lippincott Company during the present week: "The Princess Dohra," John Reed Scott's new novel, in which the characters in his previous successful work, "The Colonel of the Red Hussars," are carried to new adventures; "The Small Country Place," by Prof. Samuel T. Maynard, a practical and helpful illustrated work for the man who owns a small piece of land and wants to know how to handle it to the best advantage; "Why Worry," by Dr. George Lincoln Walton, a Boston neurologist, who deals with the subject in a non-scientific and practical way; "Righthandedness and Lefthandedness," by Dr. George M. Gould, a collection of papers in which the bearings of the topic are brought to bear upon such questions as the rule of the road, posture in writing, &c., and "The Life and Works of Christopher Dock," the famous "Schoolmaster of the Skippack," by Prof. Martin G. Brumbaugh. Ex-Gov. Pennypacker has written an introduction for Doctor Brumbaugh's book, which deals with the great influence Dock exercised upon the developments of education in this country.

The Lippincotts have also issued this week three scientific books: "Leather Trades Chemistry," by S. R. Tretman; "Telegraphic Systems," by Arthur Crotch, and "Mechanical Engineering for Beginners," by R. S. McLaren.

"The Blue Lagoon," H. De Vere Stacpoole's book, which the English critics have compared with "Paul and Virginia," to the disadvantage of Saint Pierre's classic, is to be brought out in this country during the coming week by the Lippincotts.

Prof. George McLean Harper of Princeton, who has been spending the Winter abroad at work upon a volume on Sainte-Beuve for the French Men of Letters Series, writes that he has obtained at Lausanne, Switzerland, much valuable material bearing upon the life and work of the great French critic. Sainte-Beuve spent a very fruitful period of his life in Lausanne, and Prof. Harper believes that he has unearthed here material that has never been used in any work on Sainte-Beuve, in French or any other language.

THE LONG ISLAND SET.

In "Handicapped," a novel by Emery Pottle, published by the John Lane Company, the author portrays with obvious optimism the manners, viewpoints, and emotions of the fashionable Long Island set. Mr. Pottle differs radically from most of the novelists who write of that elusive organization, "society," inasmuch as he gives its members credit for sincerity and character. As a result "Handicapped" is an eloquent little romance, vibrant with plenty of wholesome activity, and with a pathetic love story. Cecilia Wrenn, the heroine, is a typical girl of the Southampton set, whose chief diversion is horses. She falls in love with Donovan O'Hara, a groom and "crack" rider. Complications follow; Cecilia fights against "class prejudice" and O'Hara earnestly battles for the girl. The denouement is surprising. The last chapters of Mr. Pottle's book are particularly strong.

"THE CHEERFUL SMUGGLERS."

Follows briefly the burden of "The Cheerful Smugglers," (the Century Company, $1,) by the author of the celebrated "Pigs Is Pigs." In order to provide for the education of their one-year-old son "Bobberts," Mr. and Mrs. Fenelby insititute a tax on all articles brought into the house. Mr. Fenelby's cigars, the candy he brings to his wife every Saturday night, wearing apparel, and even gas—all these and more are subject to duty. Necessities are taxed 10 per cent. and luxuries 30 per cent. of their cost. The plan works nicely until the housemaid and visiting guests are asked to submit to the tariff. They are unreservedly for free trade. Smuggling begins, and amusing complications arise. As the title of the book indicates, it is all very cheerful, but, though it may be splitting hairs, it is difficult not to question the Fenelbys' taste in allowing their guests and maid to contribute to "Bobberts's" education.

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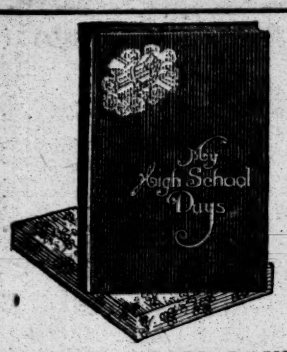

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THE REMINISCENCES OF ALBERT PELL. Edited by Thomas Mackay. 8vo. New York: Imported by E. P. Dutton & Co. $5.

A SISTER OF MARIE ANTOINETTE: The Life Story of Marie Caroline, Queen of Naples. By Mrs. Bearne. 8vo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $3.

MUSICAL REMINISCENCES AND IMPRESSIONS. By John Francis Barnett. 8vo. New York: B. W. Dodge & Co.

REMINISCENCES OF SENATOR WILLIAM M. STEWART OF NEVADA. Edited by George Rothwell Brown. 8vo. New York: The Neale Publishing Company. $3.

THE WORKS OF JAMES BUCHANAN: Comprising His Speeches, State Papers, and Private Correspondence. Collected and edited by John Bassett Moore. 8vo. Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott & Co. Volume I., 1813-1830.

THE STRUGGLE FOR AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE. By Sydney George Fisher. 8vo. Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott & Co. Two volumes.

CONCERNING LAFCADIO HEARN. By George M. Gould. 8vo. Philadelphia: George W. Jacobs & Co. $1.50.

SOUTH AMERICA ON THE EVE OF EMANCIPATION: The Southern Spanish Colonies in the Last Half Century of Their Independence. By Bernard Moses. 12mo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. $1.50.

THE NEW YORK OF YESTERDAY: A Descriptive Narrative of Old Bloomingdale. By Hopper Striker Mott. 8vo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. $10.

THE LIFE AND LETTERS OF HERBERT SPENCER. By David Duncan. 8vo. New York: D. Appleton & Co. Two volumes.

DEFENSE OF THE MECKLENBURG DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE. By James H. Moore. 8vo. Raleigh: Edwards & Broughton Printing Company. $1.50.

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A FAMILY CHRONICLE. Derived from Notes and Letters Selected by Barbarina, the Hon. Lady Grey. Edited by Gertrude Lyster. 8vo. New York: Imported by E. P. Dutton & Co. $5.

THE HISTORICAL CHARACTER OF ST. JOHN'S GOSPEL. By J. Armitage Robinson. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. Pamphlet.

THE UNICORN FROM THE STARS, &c. By W. B. Yeats. 12mo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $1.50.

THE SPIRIT OF MONTAIGNE. Edited by Grace Norton. 12mo. Boston: Houghton, Mifflin & Co. $1.50.

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THE OTTOMAN EMPIRE OF THE TWENTIETH CENTURY. By Vahan Cardashian. 12mo. Albany: J. B. Lyon Company. $1.

FILMS OF BLUE. By John Ingram Bryan. 12mo. Tokyo: Kyo Bun Kwan.

Religion.

THE DIVINE RIGHT OF MISSIONS. By Henry C. Mable. 12mo. Philadelphia: Griffith & Rowland Press. 50 cents.

THE IDEAL MINISTRY. By Herrick Johnson. 8vo. New York: Fleming H. Revell & Co. $1.75.

PAUL, THE MYSTIC. A Study in Apostolic Experience. By James M. Campbell. 12mo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. $1.50.

THE PHILOSOPHY OF THE SPIRIT. A Study of the Spiritual Nature of Man and the Presence of God, with a Supplementary Essay on the Logic of Hegel. By Horatio W. Dresser. 8vo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons.

LEVELS OF LIVING. Essays on Everyday Ideals. By Henry F. Cope. 12mo. New York: Fleming H. Revell & Co. $1.

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QUERIES.

TO secure attention in this department every communication must be signed with the full name and address of the inquirer, which will not be published unless the inquirer so desires. Trivial questions will not be heeded. Queries will be answered in the order of their receipt, and, as the number received weekly is very large and the pressure upon our columns is always very great, inquirers must be prepared to await their turn.

D. GIBBONS.—Can you kindly tell me where I can get a copy of the "Colloquies of Corderius," from which the school boys of two centuries ago learned Latin, after what is now ignorantly styled "the modern method"?

The "Scholastic Colloquies" ("Colloquia Scholastica") of Mathurin Corderius, the preceptor of Calvin, was published in 1564, and was for a long time an extensively used work. A copy of it may be found at a second-hand bookstore or at an auction sale.

The following works about Latin might be consulted: Roby's "Grammar of the Latin Language," "The Latin Language," by W. M. Lindsay; "The 'Cum' Constructions," by W. G. Hale; "The Roman Pronunciation of Latin," by F. E. Lord; "Elementary Latin Dictionary," by C. T. Lewis, and "Thesaurus Linguae Latinae," published by Treubner of Leipsic.

A. E. M.—Can you kindly tell me the value of the following books: "The History of England, Translated from the French of M. Rapin de Thoyras, by N. Tindal, M. A." Two volumes, many fine engravings, bookplate, &c., full leather binding. Printed in London, 1732. Size 10 by 16 inches.

Also, "A New History of England, from the Earliest Accounts of Britain to the Ratification of the Peace of Versailles, 1763. Humbly inscribed to the Queen, by Thomas Mortimer, Esq. Printed in London, 1764." Three volumes, full leather, many fine engravings and maps. Size 9½ by 14 inches.

Paul de Rapin, Sieur de Thoyras, served under William of Orange in England in 1688. In 1724 he published in French his "History of England from the Roman Conquest to the Death of Charles I." This edition was of eight volumes. The translation of it into English was the work of the Rev. Nicholas Tindal. It consisted of fifteen volumes octavo. The first volume appeared in 1725 and the last in 1731. A second edition, in two volumes, folio, was brought out in 1732-3. It is a copy of this second edition which our correspondent has. Tindal wrote a continuation of Rapin's work, bringing the history down to the accession of George II., in 1727. Another folio edition, with a continuation to the end of George II.'s reign, by Smollett, was published, 1785-9, in five volumes. In the Lundy sale a copy of the 1732 edition, with portraits by Vertue and Houbraken, fetched $6.

Thomas Mortimer's History of England is not a valuable book. He was a voluminous writer, chiefly on economic subjects. His largest work was "The British Plutarch," six volumes, 1762, which contains lives of eminent inhabitants of Great Britain from the time of Henry VIII. to George II. The history was first issued in 1764-6. The dedication is to Queen Charlotte. As our correspondent's copy is a first edition and the condition is good, it is worth about $5.

V. S. F.—Will you tell me where I can find the book "Symons on Italy"?

If you mean "Cities of Italy," by Arthur Symons, you will find it at the publisher's, E. P. Dutton & Co., 31 West Twenty-third Street. The price is $2.

G. D.—Please tell me the author of the well-known proverb, "Tout comprendre, c'est tout pardonner"?

The author of the proverb quoted was Alfred de Musset.

Answers from Readers.

J. E. R.—Gerald Griffin did write the lines of "Eileen Aroon," beginning: "When like the early rose." The Irish title, however, is not "Eibhlin a run," but "Eibhlin a Ruin," which means "Dear Ellen," or "Eileen, My Treasure." Griffin's poem, as given in most works, has six stanzas, but we have at hand a copy with seven stanzas, the sixth of which is the one usually omitted. Thomas Furlong, another well-known Irish poet, wrote a few songs, an "Eileen Aroon" among them, for Hardiman's "Book of Irish Minstrelsy" in 1825. This "Eileen Aroon" begins:

"I'll love thee evermore."

Hardiman in his work calls it "the old 'Eileen Aroon.'"

The words of "Robin Adair" were written not in honor of George III., but of Robert Adair, the Irish surgeon, by his sweetheart, Lady Caroline Keppel, as stated already by you in the Queries columns.

The present Sir Frederick E. Shafto Adair is of the same family as the hero of "Robin Adair." William Adair of Ballymena, Ireland, married in 1674 Camilla, the daughter and heir of Robert Shafto of Benwell, in Northumberland. She was of the same family as the Whitworth Shaftos, who descend from Mark Shafto, Recorder of Newcastle in 1618.

Bobby Shafto is one of Mother Goose's melodies. He was not "canny," but "pretty," for thus runs the melody:

"Bobby Shafto's gone to sea,
With silver buckles on his knee,
When he comes back he'll marry me—
Pretty Bobby Shafto.

"Bobby Shafto's fat and fair,
Combing down his yellow hair,
He's my love for evermore—
Pretty Bobby Shafto."

There is another form of this rhyme, in which Wooley Foster, not Bobby Shafto, appears. It seems that there was a real Robert Shafto at Whitworth, in Durham County, England, in the latter part of the eighteenth century. He was popularly known as "Bonny Bobby Shafto." He was young and handsome and he had yellow hair. He belonged to the same family as did William Adair's wife. He was a Member of Parliament. A Miss Bellayse, "heiress of Brancepeth," is said "to have died for love of him." He married a Miss Annie Duncombe in 1794, and died in 1797.

The Robert Adair of "Robin Adair" fame seems to have been descended from Patrick Adair, Presbyterian minister, who was of the family of Adair of Galloway, originally the family of Fitzgeralds of Adare, Ireland. Patrick Adair died in 1694. He married twice. His first wife was his cousin, Jean, daughter of Sir Robert Adair of Ballymena. The present Baronet Adair is apparently descended from this Sir Robert and not from Patrick Adair.

G. B. L.—Replying to the inquiry of "R. H. E." and other readers of THE NEW YORK TIMES I take pleasure in sending a copy of the poem entitled "Sleep Enough." I heard this recited some years ago, and have only just succeeded in getting hold of a copy of it, which was dictated from memory by Mr. George Bentham. I have seen several requests for this poem in various places, and think it quite likely that it would be of sufficient interest to warrant your publishing it.

SLEEP ENOUGH.

(An old farmer's idea of everlasting bliss in the world to come.)

Oh, I hate this gittin' up, gittin' up, gittin' up—
Oh, I hate this gittin' up wus'n dirt!
I would like to lie in bed till the evenin' sun was red,
And if folks would think me dead 'twouldn't hurt.

I've been a-gittin' up, gittin' up, gittin up.
I've been a-gittin' up forty years.
Since I used to live at hum, and my father used to come,
With his finger and his thumb on my ear.

I've been a-gittin' up, as I'm bound, as I'm bound,
For I reckernise the fact as I'm bound,
Gittin' up before the fowls, with my eyes like booter owls,
When the voice of duty yowls, "Hustle round!"

And I've hustled round an' sparred, an' hustled round! an' hustled round!
And I've scratched and fit, and tore, and hustled round,
Till I'd like to take a berth in the cemetery earth,
And just sleep for all I'm worth under ground.

I will lead a righteous life! righteous life! righteous life!
I will lead a righteous life if I bust!
An' when Gabriel sounds his trump, startin' sinners on the jump,
I'll wait the final dump full of trust.

I will go to Angel Gabe, Angel Gabe, Angel Gabe,
I will go to Angel Gabe an' I'll say,
"Don't you go for to salute! I'm a common kind o' coot!
Just a ornery galoot, plain as hay!

"You don't need to make no show! make no show! make no show!
You don't need to put on style, not for me!
I don't want no harp nor crown, nor no shinin' golden gown,
For my taste is all low down, like I be.

"You just put me anywheres! anywheres! anywheres!
So 'tis somewheres I kin sleep, sleep to stay!
Any shakedown you kin fix, where 'tis allus half-past six,
Where it gits to that an' sticks all the day.

"An' jest send a nigger kid, nigger kid, nigger kid—
(If there's colored angels here, as I s'pose)—
Send him twicet a day to shake at my shoulder till I wake,
And bid me make a break for my clothes.

"Then I'll sort o' groan and yawn, groan and yawn, groan and yawn,
And I'll roll upon my back half a turn!
Then remember pretty soon, reckernise the octeroon,
And just tell that angel coon, 'You be durn!'

"Then I'll hear him crawl away, crawl away, crawl away!
An' he'll tell me as he goes, 'Don't you stir!'
Then I'll snuggle down just so,
Where 'tis sleepy warm below,
An' a-murmerin' as I go, 'Thank you, Sir.'"

J. W. S.—The line asked for is the last of first verse of the hymn "Kedron," which is given below. The other verses I cannot recall, but would be pleased to get them:

"Thou soft gliding Kedron,
By thy silver stream
The Saviour would linger
In moonlight's pale beam,
And by thy still waters
At midnight would stray
And lose in thy murmurs
The tolls of the day."

J. S. T.—The verses asked for by H. G. Brown in your issue of May 9 are as follows:

THE BURDEN OF THE HOUR.

God broke our years to hours and days that
Hour by hour
And day by day,
Just going on a little way,
We might be able all along
To keep quite strong.
Should all the weight of life
Be laid across our shoulders, and the future, rife
With woe and struggle, meet us face to face
At just one place,
We could not go;
Our feet would stop; and so
God lays a little on us every day.
And never, I believe, on all the way,
Will burdens bear so deep
Or pathways lie so steep
But we can go, if, by God's power,
We only bear the burden by the hour.
—GEORGE KLINGLE.

A. T. E.—The painter of the picture, "Anno Domini," inquired about by J. C. T., was Edwin Long, R. A., and reproductions have been on sale at the picture shops in Bond Street, London, where they can be procured.

Appeals to Readers.

R. H. W.—Can any of your readers tell me who wrote the following lines: "He has achieved success who has lived well, laughed often and loved much; who has gained the respect of intelligent men and the love of little children; who has filled his niche and accomplished his task; who has left the world better than he found it, whether by improved poppy, a perfect poem, or a rescued soul; who has never lacked appreciation of earth's beauty or failed to express it; who has looked for the best in others, and has given the best he had; whose life was an inspiration, his memory a benediction"?

M. T. W.—Can any of your readers tell me who is the author of the following quotation, and whether I have given it correctly:

"For of the soul the body form doth take,
For soul is form and doth the body make"?

E. G.—Would any of your readers tell me where to find a poem called "The Song of the Drum"? One line of it is:

"They drubbed me when they made the charge."

BUSINESS.—Can any of your readers inform me where De Cordova's recitations can be obtained?

A. F.—Will some one of your readers tell me who is the author of the following stanzas? I do not know whether they are a complete poem or only a part of one. I should like to know where I can obtain them:

"But now we part—it may be
That years will wing their flight
Ere thou again will cheer my heart
Or rise upon my sight.

"Then fare you well—for other days
In years of after life
On fancy's wings I'll turn to thee,
And bless the land of Erin."

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ANNOUNCEMENTS OF NEW YORK BOOKS

Increase in the Output of Fiction Marks Advance of the Season—Books for Suburbanites.

THE following books are published this week by Charles Scribner's Sons: A new volume in the International Critical Commentary entitled "Ecclesiastes," by Prof. George A. Barton, Ph. D., of Bryn Mawr College; in the Historical Series for Bible Students, edited by Profs. Kent and Sanders of Yale University, "A History of the Ancient Egyptians," by James Henry Breasted, Ph. D., Professor of Egyptology and Oriental History in the University of Chicago; "The Girl and the Game," a collection of stories and essays having to do with college life, by Jesse Lynch Williams, and "Nature Study," an illustrated guide to the practical teacher and a text book in methods of nature for normal and training schools by Frederick L. Holtz, A. M., head of Department of Nature Study, Brooklyn Training School for Teachers. Charles Belmont Davis's "The Stage Door," announced for publication next week, is now out.

This week the Fleming H. Revell Company publishes the late Dr. Jacob Chamberlain's "The Kingdom in India," a book in which this well-known missionary describes the present situation of the Church in India. Two other books issued this week having a somewhat similar interest and purpose with that of Dr. Chamberlain's work are "In the Valley of the Nile," in which is made a study of the religious conditions in Egypt from the earliest days of Christian history until now, calculated to serve as a missionary reference book as well as a handbook for tourists, by Charles R. Watson, and "The Call of Korea," an illustrated volume discussing the geography, secular and religious life of Korea, by Horace G. Underwood.

Early next month the Century Company will publish "Diana of Dobson's," a story giving glimpses of life among the girls in a London shop, by Cicely Hamilton, and Edward C. Booth's "The Post Girl." In July a new book by Adeline Knapp, author of "The Boy and the Baron," will be published with the title "The Well in the Desert." The scenes of this novel are laid in Arizona, principally in the desert, where the writer experienced a hermit's life for many months. Still later will be issued in the form of a novel David Belasco's and David Warfield's last dramatic venture, "The Grand Army Man," by Harvey J. O'Higgins.

A novelization of Eugene Walter's play, "Paid in Full," by John W. Harding, will be published this month by the G. W. Dillingham Company. Another novel will also be issued, called "The Profligate," by Arthur Hornblow, author of "The End of the Game," "The Lion and the Mouse," &c.

About the first of next month the Oxford University Press, American branch, will publish an edition of Terence, by Prof. Sidney G. Ashmore of Union College. This book will mark the first occasion on which the six extant comedies of Terence have been edited with English notes in a single volume since the time when Parry and Wagner gave their collective editions to the world in 1857 and 1869 respectively. It will also be the first collective edition of this author published in this country.

Sir Charles Santley, the veteran English baritone and teacher of singing, has written a book on "The Art of Singing and Vocal Declamation" which the Macmillan Company will publish next month. The first edition of "Mr. Crewe's Career," said by the publishers to be probably the largest first edition of a novel ever prepared, is entirely exhausted, and a second large edition is now in press which, according to the publishers, is already more than half sold in advance. The fourth edition of Frank Danby's "The Heart of a Child" is already exhausted, and the fifth edition, now on the press, is to be published on the 30th. New editions are also announced of Marion Crawford's "Fair Margaret," to which "The Primadonna" is a sequel, and Fielding Hall's "The Soul of a People."

A novel by Emery Pottle, entitled "Handicapped," will be published next week by the John Lane Company. The scenes of the story are laid in New York City and Long Island. During the first week of next month a new novel will be published by Miss M. P. Willcocks, author of "The Wingless Victory." The author, who is an Englishwoman, has made a special study of North Devon, the wild Hartland Coast and moors, where the scenes of the story, which gives expression in its modern form to the inner judgment of Paris, are laid.

This week the Baker & Taylor Company publishes Clayton Hamilton's "Materials and Methods of Fiction," with an introduction by Brander Matthews. Early next month will be published Charles H. Caffin's "A Child's Guide to Pictures."

A postponement of the publication of the three following books was made by G. P. Putnam's Sons until this week: "Paul the Mystic: a Study in Apostolic Experience," by the Rev. Dr. James M. Campbell; "South America on the Eve of Emancipation," by Prof. Bernard Moses, and Horatio W. Dresser's "The Philosophy of the Spirit." Another book published this week is "The New York of Yesterday," by Hopper Striker Mott, member of the New York Historical Society, &c., in which is given a descriptive narrative of old Bloomingdale, its topographical features, &c., in a large volume abundantly furnished with illustrations.

Next Thursday Doubleday, Page & Co. will publish "Jack Spurlock—Prodigal," the romance of an American who, brought up in luxury and fresh from college, doesn't know what to do with himself, by George Horace Lorimer, author of "Old Gorgon Graham," &c.

The three following books are published this week by Brentano's: "Drama and Life," a collection of essays by the dramatic critic of The London Times, by A. B. Walkley; "Nelson's Lady Hamilton," containing fifty-one full-page portraits by Romney, Reynolds, Lawrence, and others, by E. H. Moorehouse, and "Famous French Salons," in which are described nine of the most representative French Salons of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth centuries, by Frank Hamel.

Next month E. P. Dutton & Co. will publish a book by Julia Cartwright (Mrs. Ady) entitled "Baldasarre Castiglione, the Perfect Courtier: His Life and Letters." The writer of this forthcoming volume has given in the past a number of studies of the Renaissance in her lives of "Beatrice" and "Isabelle d'Este." Castiglione, the subject of her new book, is best known as the author of "Il Cortegiano," and was himself regarded as an excellent type of the "Perfect Courtier" which he describes. Between the years 1505 and 1525 he served as Italian Ambassador to England and Spain, and his life as told in the two volumes of Mrs. Cartwright's work reflects much of the contemporary history of the Europe of his day.

"Photography for Young People," by Tudor Jenks, which was to have been published this Spring by the Frederick A. Stokes Company, has been postponed until the Fall. At the same time arrangements have been made to add to the series of "Wonder Books of Science" two volumes, one on "Magnetism" and the other on "Light," by Edwin J. Houston, Ph. D., author of "The Wonder Book of the Atmosphere."

A new volume in the Country Home Library is published this week by the McClure Company, entitled "The Vegetable Garden," by Ida D. Bennett, author of "The Flower Garden." The book is a popular treatment of the subject indicated in its title, and is furnished besides with complete tables compiled by the editors of Suburban Life, giving a summary of information concerning planting and the succession of crops. The work also contains a large number of illustrations.

An addition to the Grafton Historical Series will be published this month by the Grafton Press under the title "Historic Graves of Maryland and the District of Columbia," by Helen W. Ridgely of Baltimore. The book, which is well furnished with illustrations, is the result, as stated in a foreword, of "an investigation set on foot by the Maryland Society of the Colonial Dames of America with a view to quicken an interest in the preservation of our ancient monuments and places of burial."

Next month R. F. Fenno & Co. will publish a novel called "Vigorous Daunt: Billionaire," by Ambrose Pratt, author of "Franks: Duellist," "The Counterstroke," &c.

Funk & Wagnalls will publish this month a new Encyclopaedia of Social Reform, edited by William D. P. Bliss, containing the latest information and statistics in the social, political, and industrial life of to-day.

A new novel by Anna McClure Sholl is issued this week by the Outing Publishing Company with the title, "The Greater Love." Another novel to be published this month is by Elma A. Travis, author of "The Pang-Yanger," entitled "The Cobbler."

This week D. Appleton & Co. publish "Young Lord Stranleigh," a novel by Robert Barr, which has been running serially in The Saturday Evening Post. The hero of the story is a sort of twentieth century edition of Lord Dundreary, who develops an unsuspected capacity for handling some of the more difficult problems of modern finance.

AN EDITOR'S DAILY COMMENTS.

"People and Problems" (Henry Holt & Co.) is a collection of his public addresses and editorial articles made by Fabian Franklin, for thirteen years editor of The Baltimore News, and previous to that Professor of Mathematics in Johns Hopkins University. The editorial articles are selected from his work in the columns of The News, and are all upon subjects that were of more than passing consequence in the political, social, or economic history of the country. They are still good reading, and will not soon lose a certain permanent value of informed, level-headed, temperate, and scholarly comment upon matters of moment in the National life. Looking through the volume one is impressed anew with the amount of sound thinking and clever writing which is spread every morning of the year before the newspaper readers of the United States. For, excellent though it is, Dr. Franklin's book is not much above the average of the editorial pages of a score of American daily papers. It is a good thing, as a sort of monument to journalism, that the work of one of its ablest exponents should thus be put into permanent form.

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